





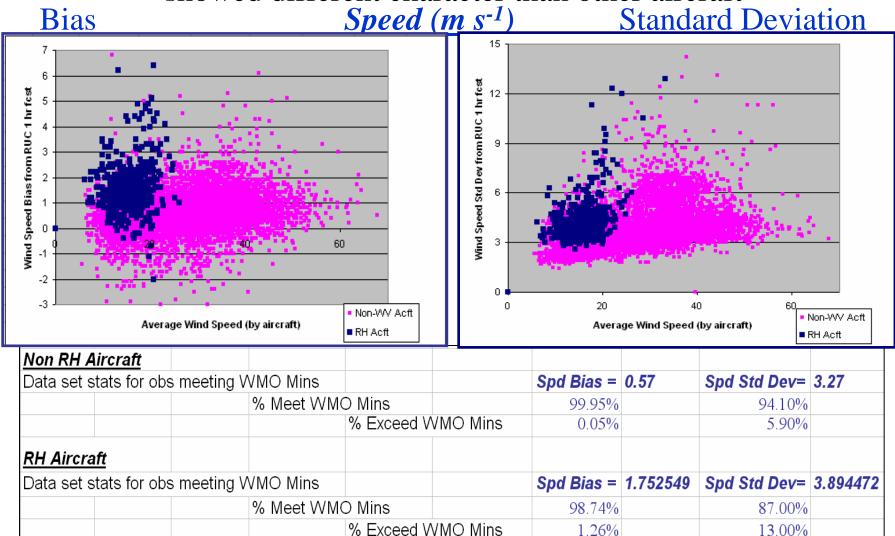
Analysis of TAMDAR Wind Observations from TAVE-II

Ralph A. Petersen, Sarah T. Bedka + NWS-GRB

Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies
University of Wisconsin, Madison

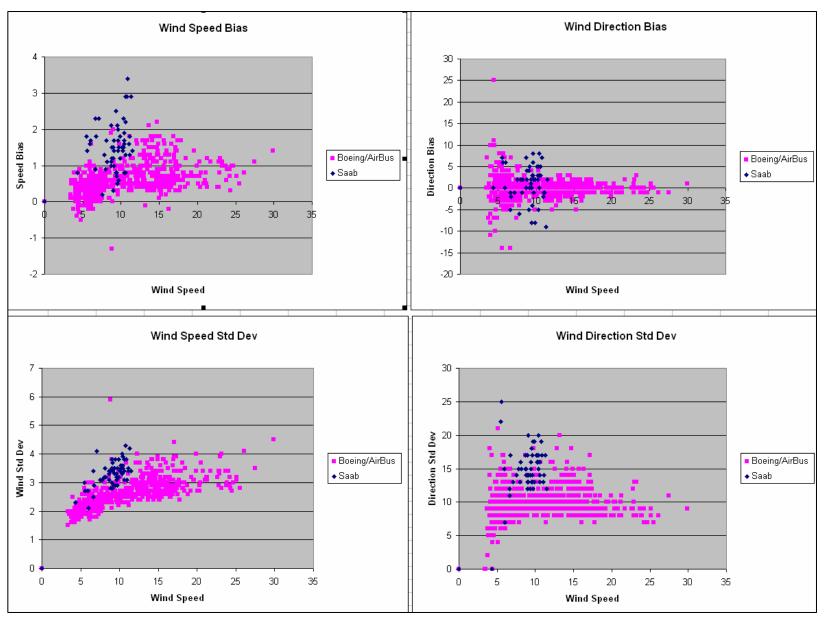
From last workshop

Comparison of TAMDAR and non-TAMDAR with RUC 1 hr forecast showed different character than other aircraft



WMO Wind Requirements for Regional NWP (RMS) - 1 m s⁻¹, Minimum Acceptable 5 m s⁻¹

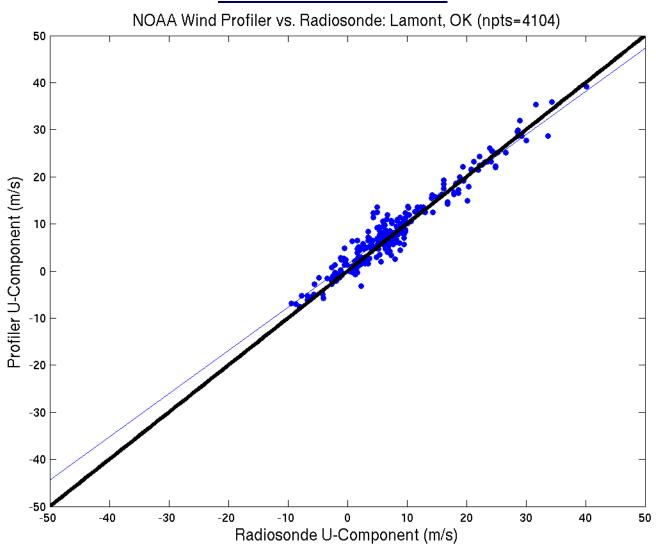
Differing Characteristics in Wind Speed and Direction fits to RUC between Small and Large Aircraft Continue into Recent FSL Weekly Statistics



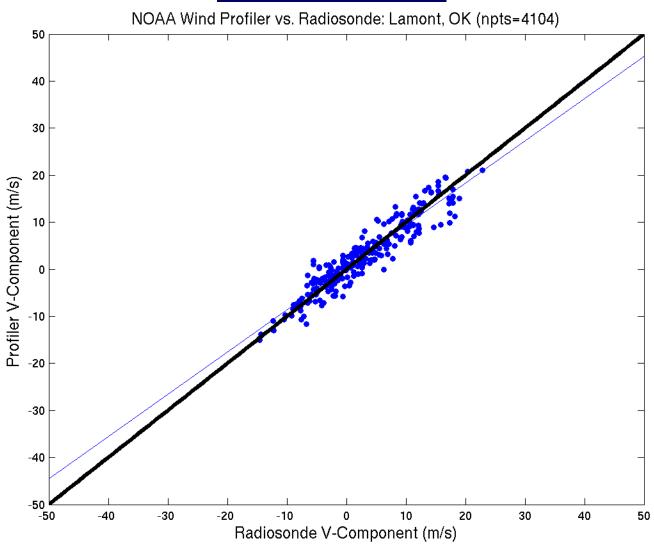
- Assessing the Radiosonde "Standard" against Wind Profiler data
- Assessment of Wind Speed Statistics from TAVE-II
- Comparison with NWS-GRB TAMDAR-Radiosonde "Matches of opportunity"
- Impact of Wind Direction Differences
- Combined impact of Wind Speed and Direction differences
 - Calculate Vector Differences

- Assessing the Radiosonde "Standard" against Wind Profiler data – Task is Beginning
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Comparison of Time and Space Co-Located Rawinsonde and Wind Profiler U Wind Components from ARM-CART Site

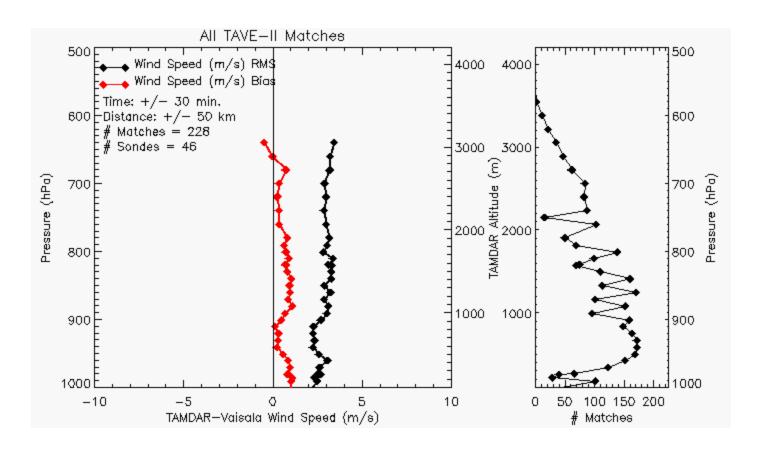


Comparison of Time and Space Co-Located Rawinsonde and Wind Profiler V Wind Components from ARM-CART Site

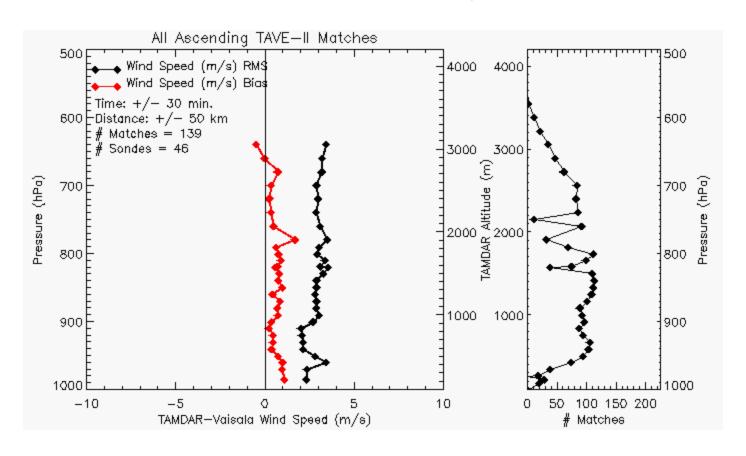


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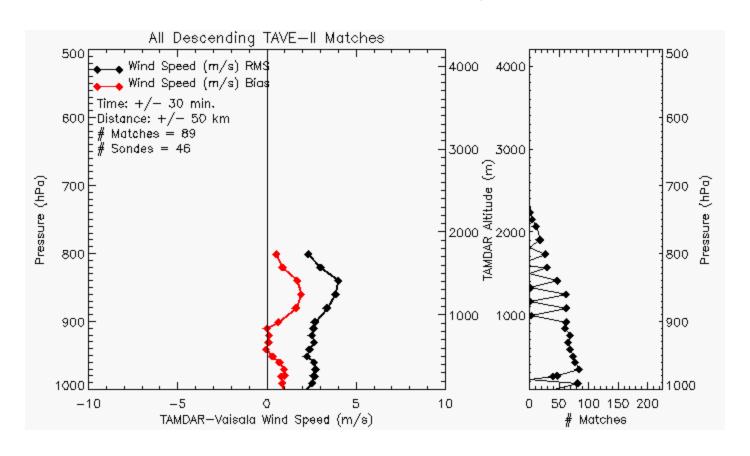
Comparison of TAMDAR and Rawinsonde Wind Speed during TAVE-II - All Matches -



Comparison of TAMDAR and Rawinsonde Wind Speed during TAVE-II - Ascent Matches only -

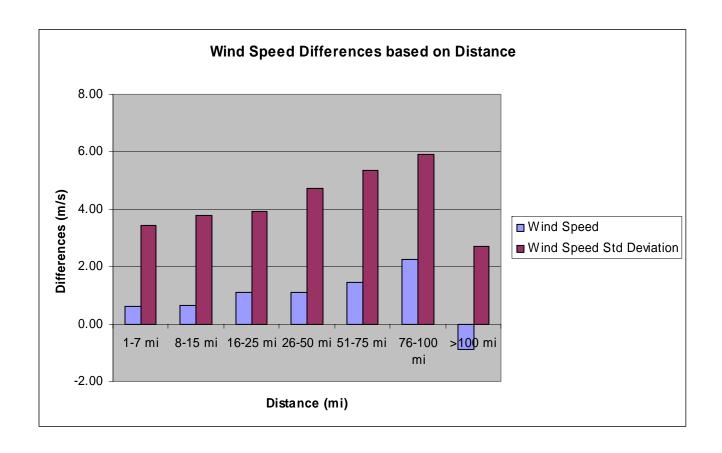


Comparison of TAMDAR and Rawinsonde Wind Speed during TAVE-II - Descent Matches only -



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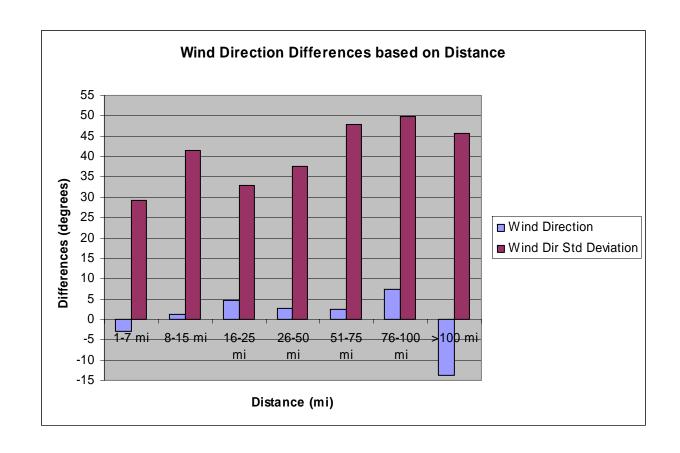
Independent Comparison of TAMDAR and Rawinsonde Wind Speed from "data sets of opportunity" made by NWS-GRB - sorted by distance between data sources -



Shows similar Speed Differences (3-4 m/s) in "closest" 25 miles and "+/- 1 hr"

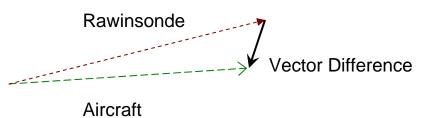
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Independent Comparison of TAMDAR and Rawinsonde Wind Direction from "data sets of opportunity" made by NWS-GRB - sorted by distance between data sources -

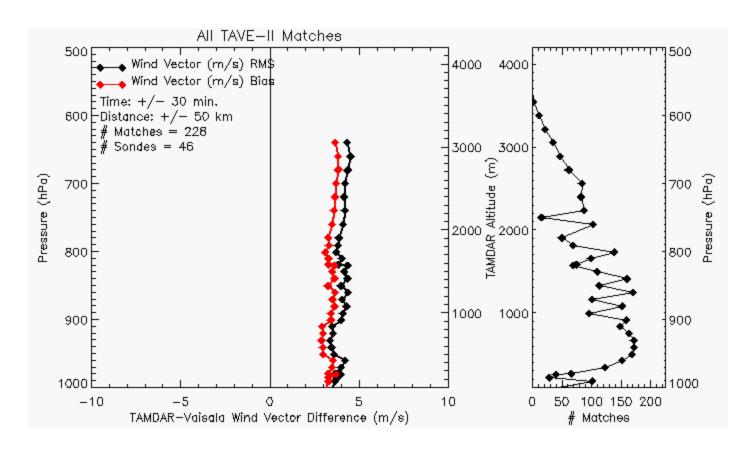


Direction Differences Standard Deviation consistently 30° or more

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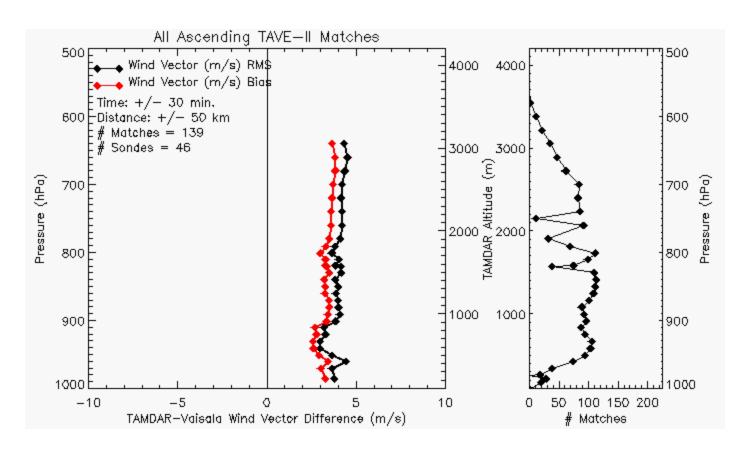


Vector Difference Comparisons of TAMDAR and Rawinsonde Wind data during TAVE-II - All Matches -



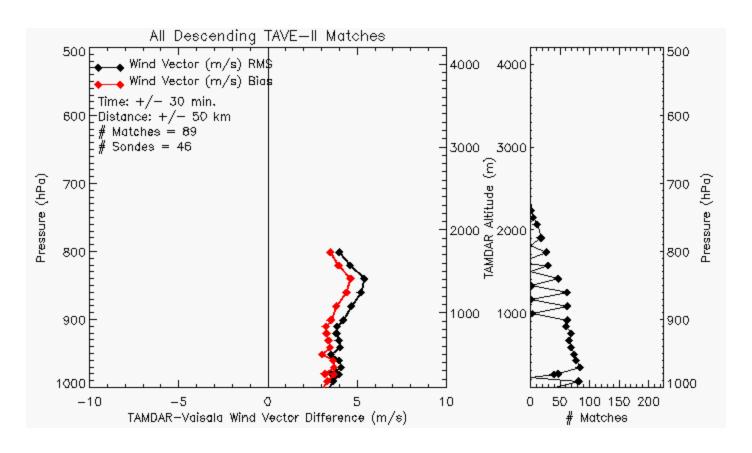
Little level-to-level variability

Vector Difference Comparisons of TAMDAR and Rawinsonde Wind data during TAVE-II
- Ascent Matches only -



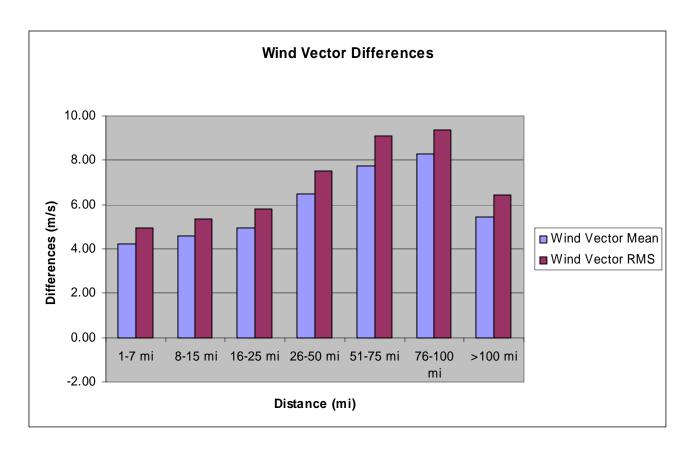
Better fits from 950-900 hPa, with little level-to-level variability above

Vector Difference Comparisons of TAMDAR and Rawinsonde Wind data during TAVE-II
- Descent Matches only -

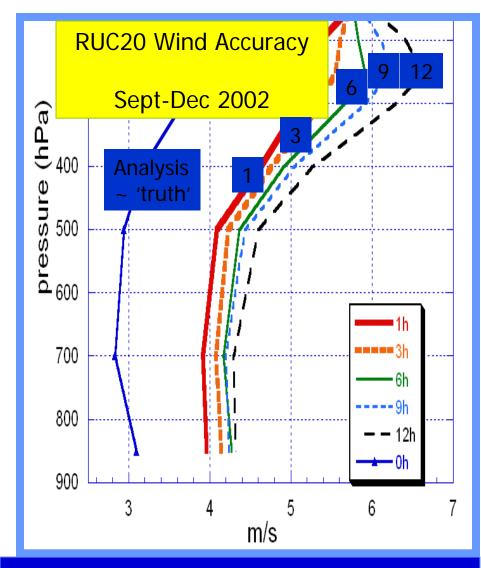


Worse fits at all levels, greatest errors between 800-900 hPa

Independent Comparison of TAMDAR and Rawinsonde Wind Speed from "data sets of opportunity" made by NWS-GRB - sorted by distance between data sources -



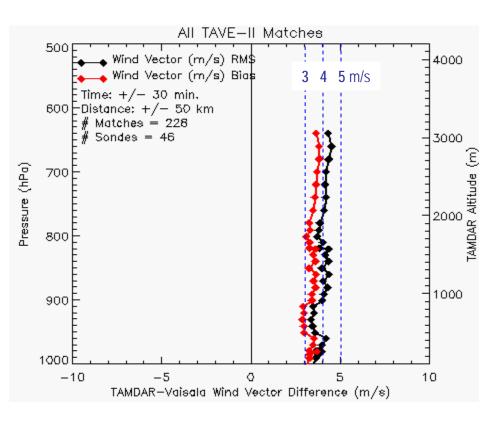
Combining of Speed and Direction data produces RMS Vector Differences of 5-6 m/s in "closest" 25 miles and "+/- 1 hr"



Verification against rawinsonde data over RUC domain RMS vector difference (forecast vs. obs)

RUC is able to use recent obs (ACARS and Wind Profiler) to improve forecast skill down to 1-h projection for winds

TAMDAR-Rawinsonde Wind Observation Differences similar to RUC analysis guess error

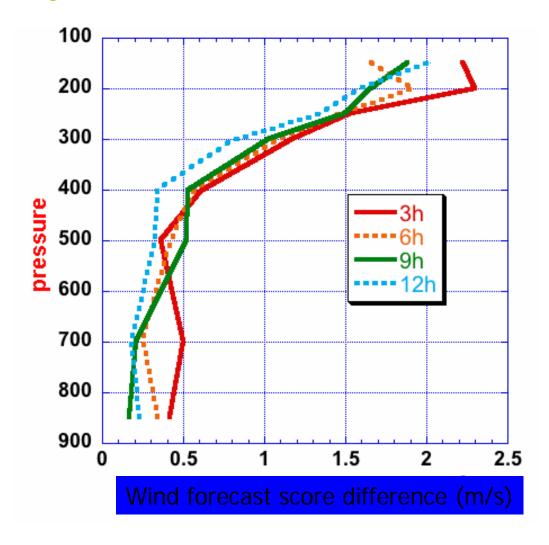


Should expect little analysis impact

Strong competition for providing high-quality asynoptic wind data

For Reference: Profiler Winds fit RUC forecasts better than Rawinsonde Winds

<u>Wind forecast score difference - Rawinsonde verification minus profiler verification</u> (m s⁻¹) Using *same* set of RUC wind forecasts -- Midwest domain - winter (4-16 Feb 2001) OSE.



- ✓ Positive values imply raob wind obs errors > profiler obs errors
- ✓ Raob errors increase with height because of balloon drift and decreasing elevation angle
- ✓ Upper-level wind forecast errors are considerably exaggerated using raob data for verification

Conclusions regarding CIMSS' efforts to Assess Wind Errors in TAMDAR data

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 - Vector Errors
- Conclusions
 - Differences in both
 Wind Speed and Direction
 - Use RMS Vector Difference
 - Similar results at all levels
 - Worse in Descent
 - Exceeds WMO requirements
 - Similar magnitude to RUC analysis guess and fcst error
 - Expect small analysis impact
 - Any ideas why?

WMO Wind Requirements for Regional NWP (RMS) - 1 m s⁻¹, Minimum Acceptable 5 m s⁻¹

