Evaluation of a Secondary Filtration Technology for Nonnative Fish Exclusion at the Imperial Ponds, INWR, Arizona







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Background

- Lower Colorado River Multi-Species Conservation Program (LCR MSCP)
- 360 acres of backwater habitat dedicated to native fish along the LCR
- Backwaters can be connected or disconnect from the main river channel
- Advantage of disconnected backwaters is they can be managed as "predator free" habitats from nonnative fishes
- · Challenges with disconnected backwater is maintaining adequate inflow to maintain water quality
- Reclamation has been exploring different surface water filtration technologies that can be used for developing disconnected backwater habitat

Imperial National Wildlife Refuge



INWR - Entrainment Evaluation (2009)

- Modified water delivery system to include 12-port sampling manifold
- 4-month period (April July)
- Eggs and larvae of nonnative fishes were present in 97% of the samples collected across all 4 months





Secondary exclusion technology?

Criteria:

- \cdot Capable of providing filtration down to 100 microns
- · Capable of filtering high flows (1,000's gpm)
- · Can be adapted to existing water management system
- · Operation and maintenance
- · Robust to harsh environmental conditions
- · Commercially available

Gravity Sand Filters

- Long been used for water filtration for both organic and inorganic particles
- Available in all sizes and used in a variety of applications
- Media ranges in all size and is dictated by the desired level of filtration
- Can removed suspended solids down to 2 microns in size
- Limited information on effectiveness of removing fish eggs and larvae













- · Sampling occurred during late April 2011
- Eight 1-hour sampling trials
- · Samples were collected at:
 - Primary manifold wedge wire screen only
 - · Secondary manifold sand filter discharge
 - · Sand filter backwash
 - · Inlet canal ichthyoplankton tows
- · All samples were processed separately



Results



Summary

 Results indicate that sand filter is a potentially viable technology for meeting a goal of 100% exclusion

 Other considerations regarding functionality over a longer temporal scale and benefit to the program should be considered and weighed against other options before implementation

Final Report

http://www.lcrmscp.gov



Balancing Resource Use and Conservation

FINAL REPORT

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Filtration & Backwash Mode

Filtration Mode

Backwash Mode



System Layout

