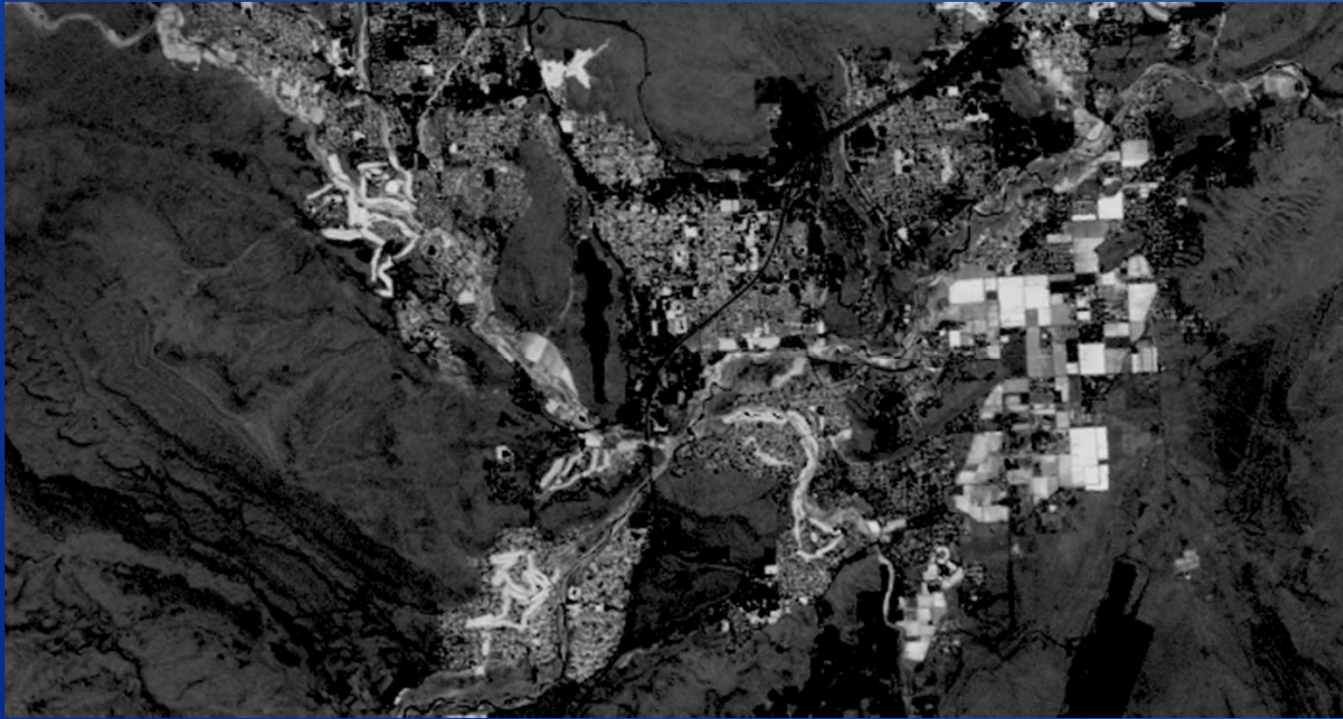


# Landsat 5 and NDVI - Background



Town of St George

RECLAMATION

# Landsat 5

NASA launched in 1984



Thematic Mapper (TM) instruments includes Seven spectral bands, including a thermal band:

- Band 1 Visible (0.45 – 0.52  $\mu\text{m}$ ) 30 m
- Band 2 Visible (0.52 – 0.60  $\mu\text{m}$ ) 30 m
- **Band 3 Visible (0.63 – 0.69  $\mu\text{m}$ ) 30 m**
- **Band 4 Near-Infrared (0.76 – 0.90  $\mu\text{m}$ ) 30 m**
- Band 5 Near-Infrared (1.55 – 1.75  $\mu\text{m}$ ) 30 m
- Band 6 Thermal (10.40 – 12.50  $\mu\text{m}$ ) 120 m
- Band 7 Mid-Infrared (2.08 – 2.35  $\mu\text{m}$ ) 30 m
- Ground Sampling Interval (pixel size): 30 m reflective, 120 m thermal

RECLAMATION

# NDVI

Normalized Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI)

Band 3 Visible Red (0.63 – 0.69  $\mu\text{m}$ ) 30 m

Band 4 Near-Infrared (0.76 – 0.90  $\mu\text{m}$ ) 30 m

$$\text{NDVI} = (\text{NIR } 4 - \text{VIS } 3) / (\text{NIR } 4 + \text{VIS } 3)$$

NDVI varies between -1.0 and +1.0

RECLAMATION

# NDVI

- The pigment in plant leaves, chlorophyll, strongly absorbs visible light (from 0.4 to 0.7  $\mu\text{m}$ ) for use in photosynthesis.
- The cell structure of the leaves strongly reflects near-infrared light (from 0.7 to 1.1  $\mu\text{m}$ ).



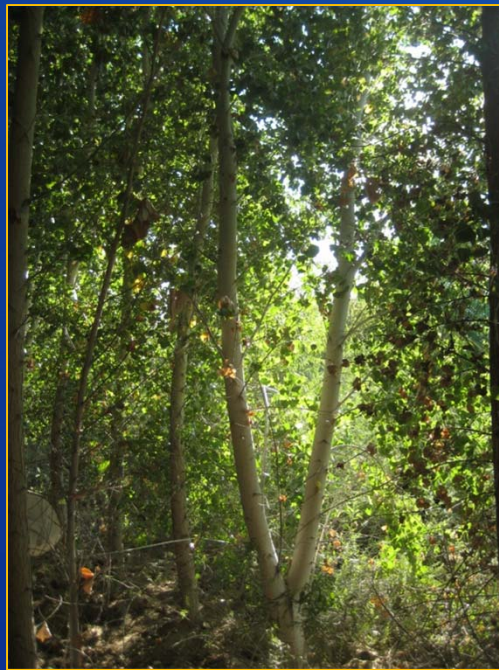
RECLAMATION

# NDVI

- **A dense vegetation canopy (0.3 to 0.8)**
- **Soils (0.1 to 0.2) Reflects near-infrared spectral somewhat larger than the red spectral**
- **Clear Water (very low positive or even slightly negative) low reflectance in both spectral bands**

# NDVI – Summary

NDVI - measurement of  
Photosynthetic or Greenness



RECLAMATION

# GIS Process

## 1) Downloaded the Landsat 5 data from USGS

- Landsat 5 tracks over every 16 days
- St George on the edge of a path of the satellite
- Problem
  - Cloud Cover
  - Satellite Technical Problems

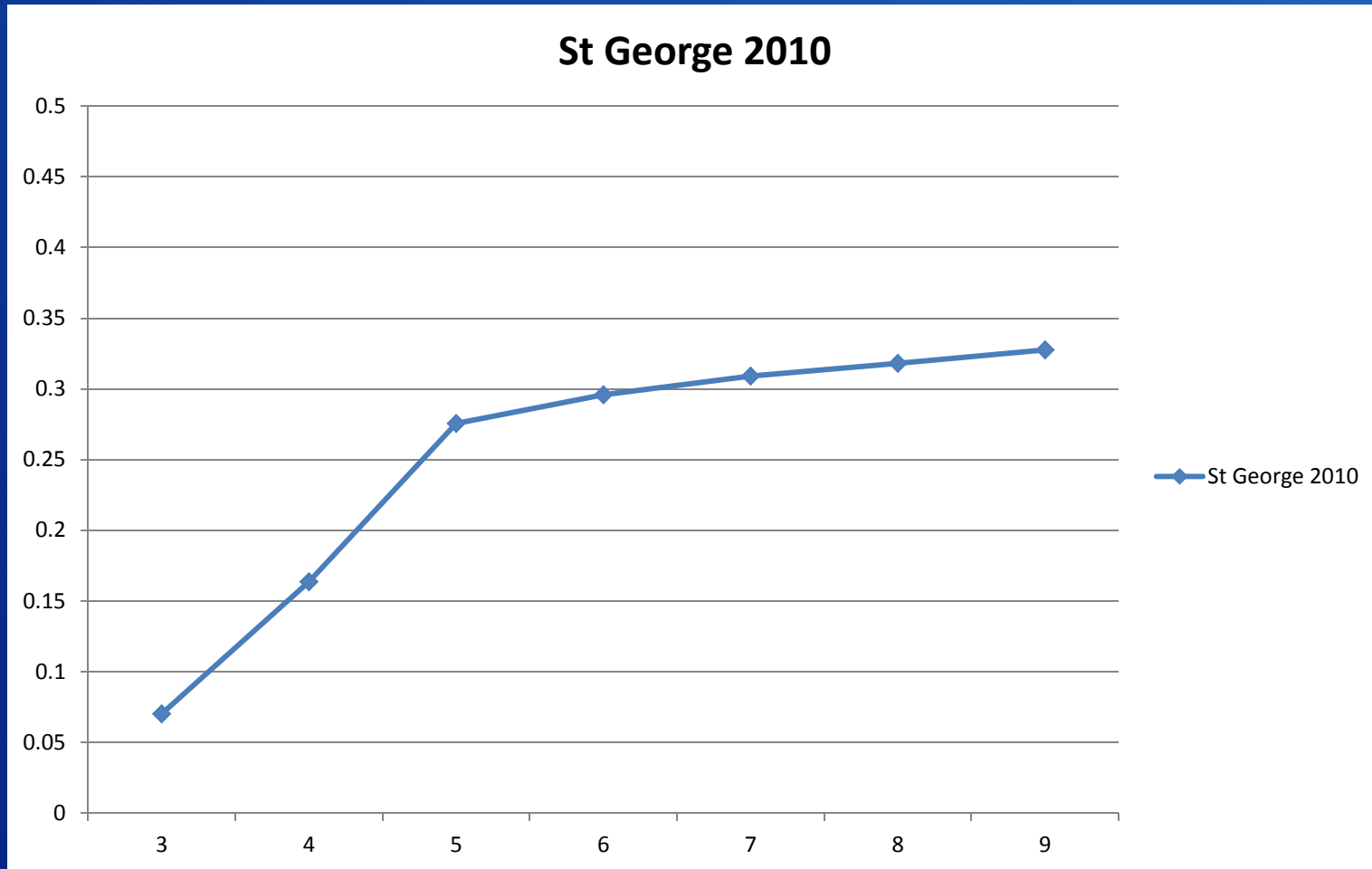
## 2) Process the Landsat data into NDVI

- ArcGIS

## 3) Calculate the NDVI at Survey Locations

- Bilinear interpolation

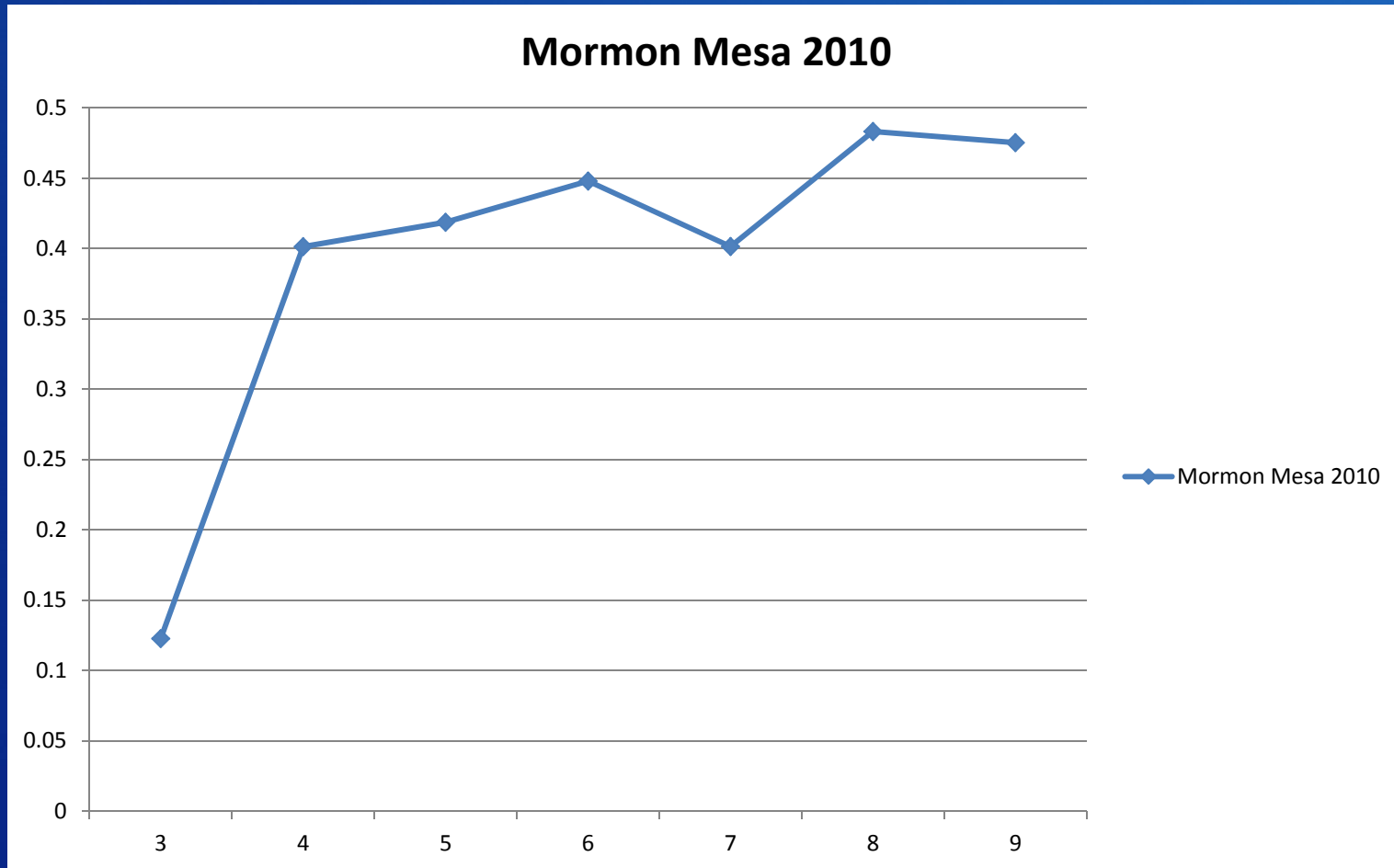
# St George – Average NDVI 2010



RECLAMATION

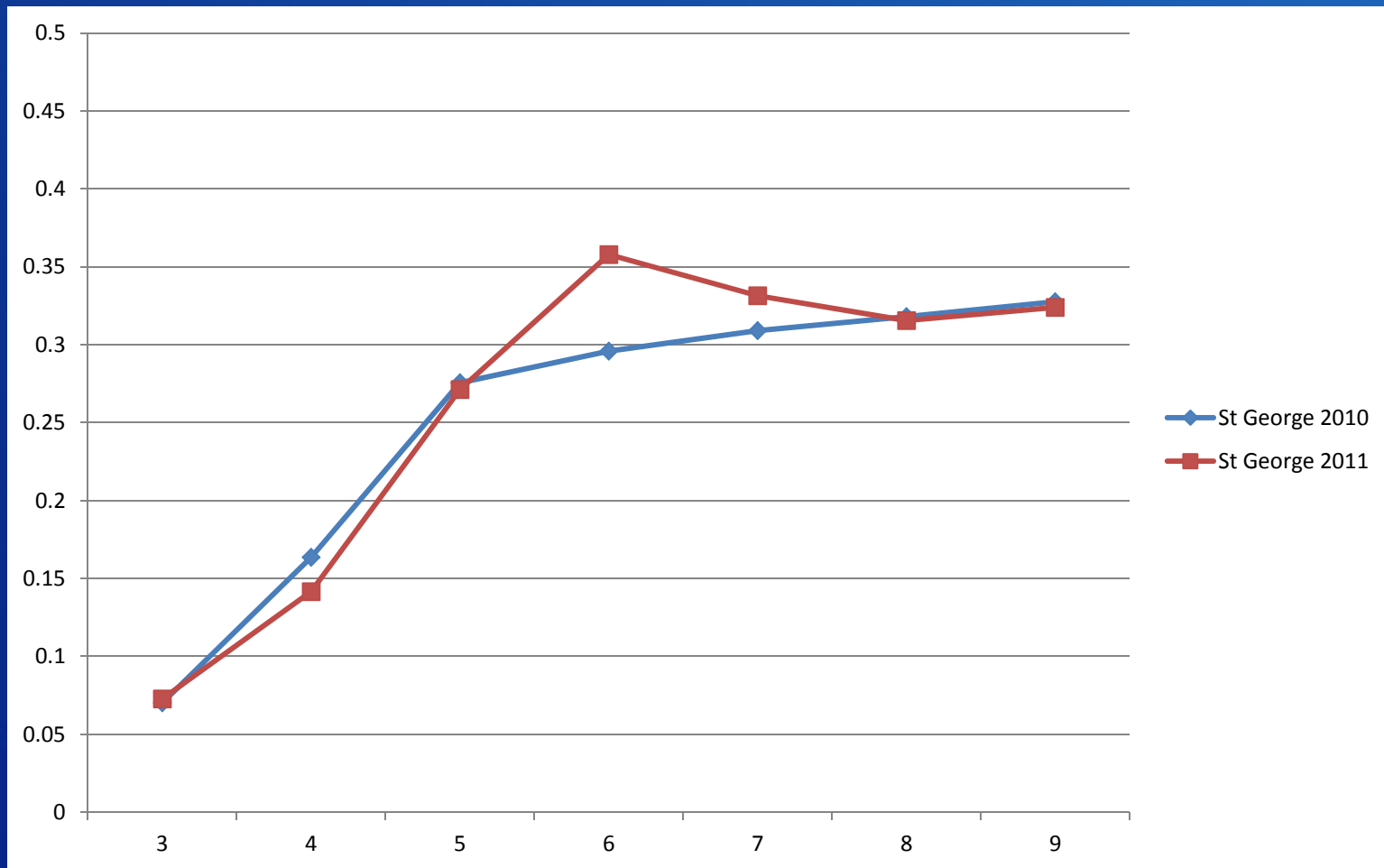


# Mormon Mesa – Average NDVI 2010



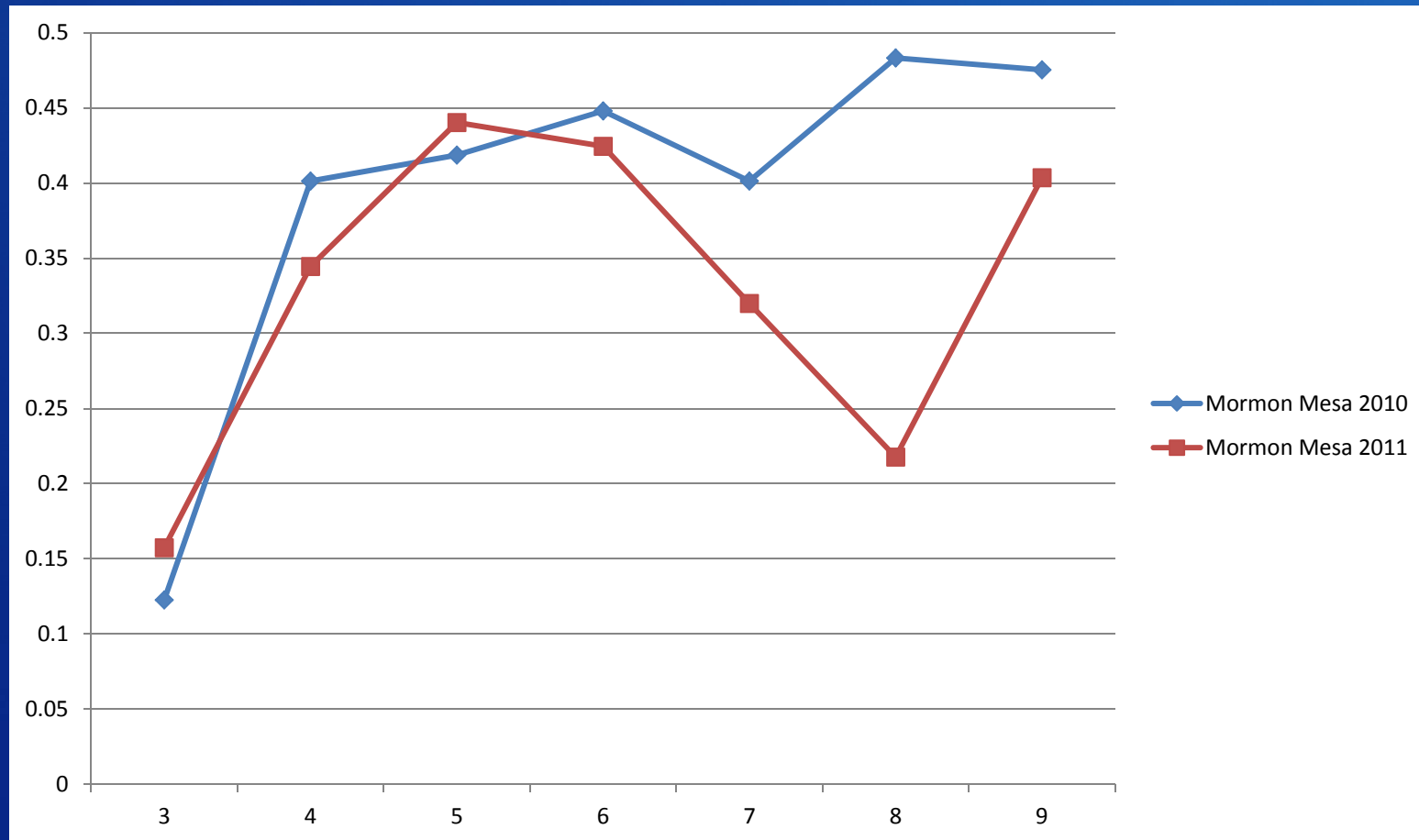
RECLAMATION

# St George – Avg NDVI for 2010 / 2011



RECLAMATION

# Mormon Mesa – Avg NDVI 2010 / 2011 (with Beetles)



RECLAMATION

# GIS Question

Using NDVI values from Landsat 5 data (30 m) can one detect tamarisk leaf beetles defoliation along the Virgin River 2004 - 2010

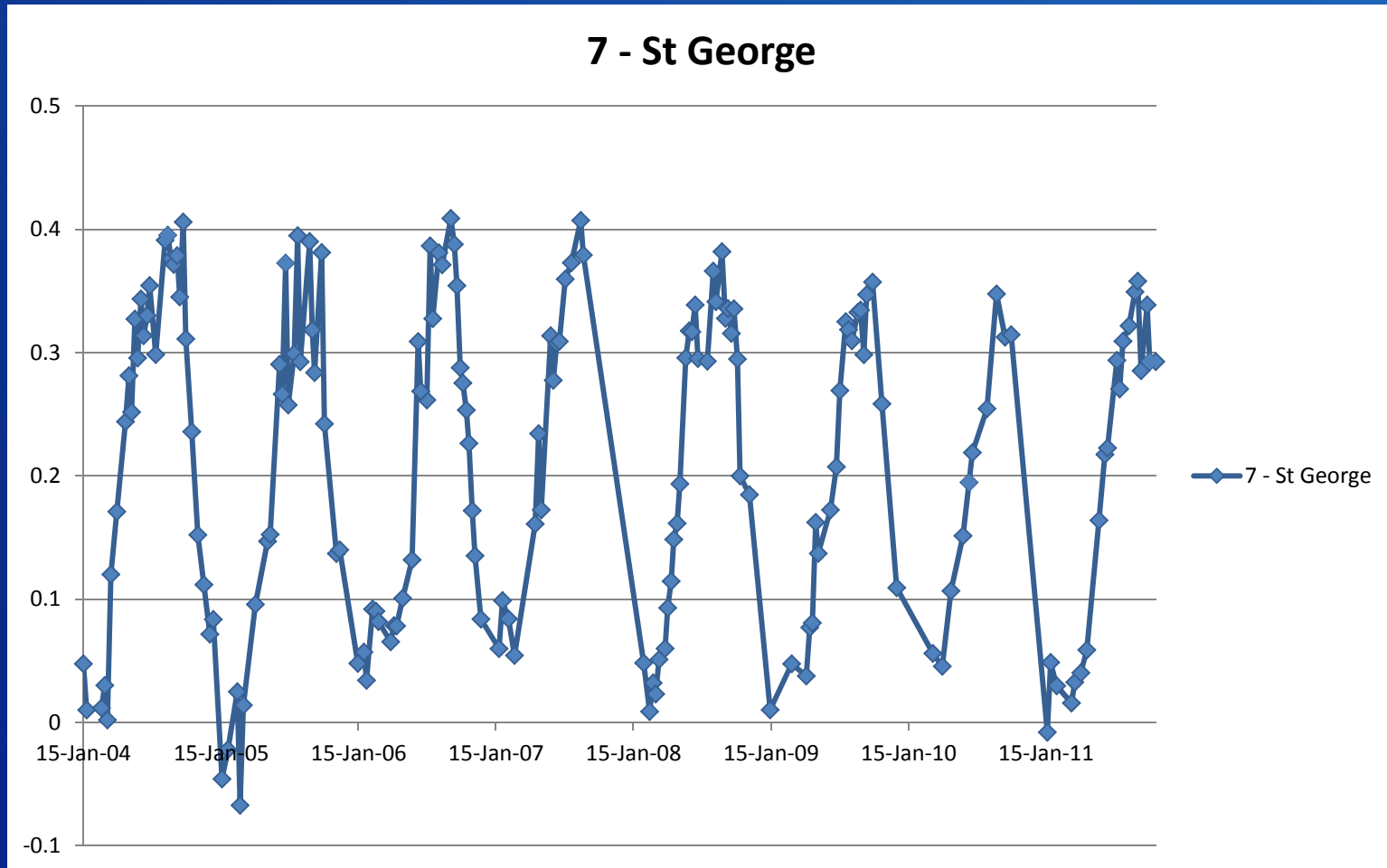
## Survey Locations along the Virgin River

- Near the town of St George
- Near Mormon Mesa



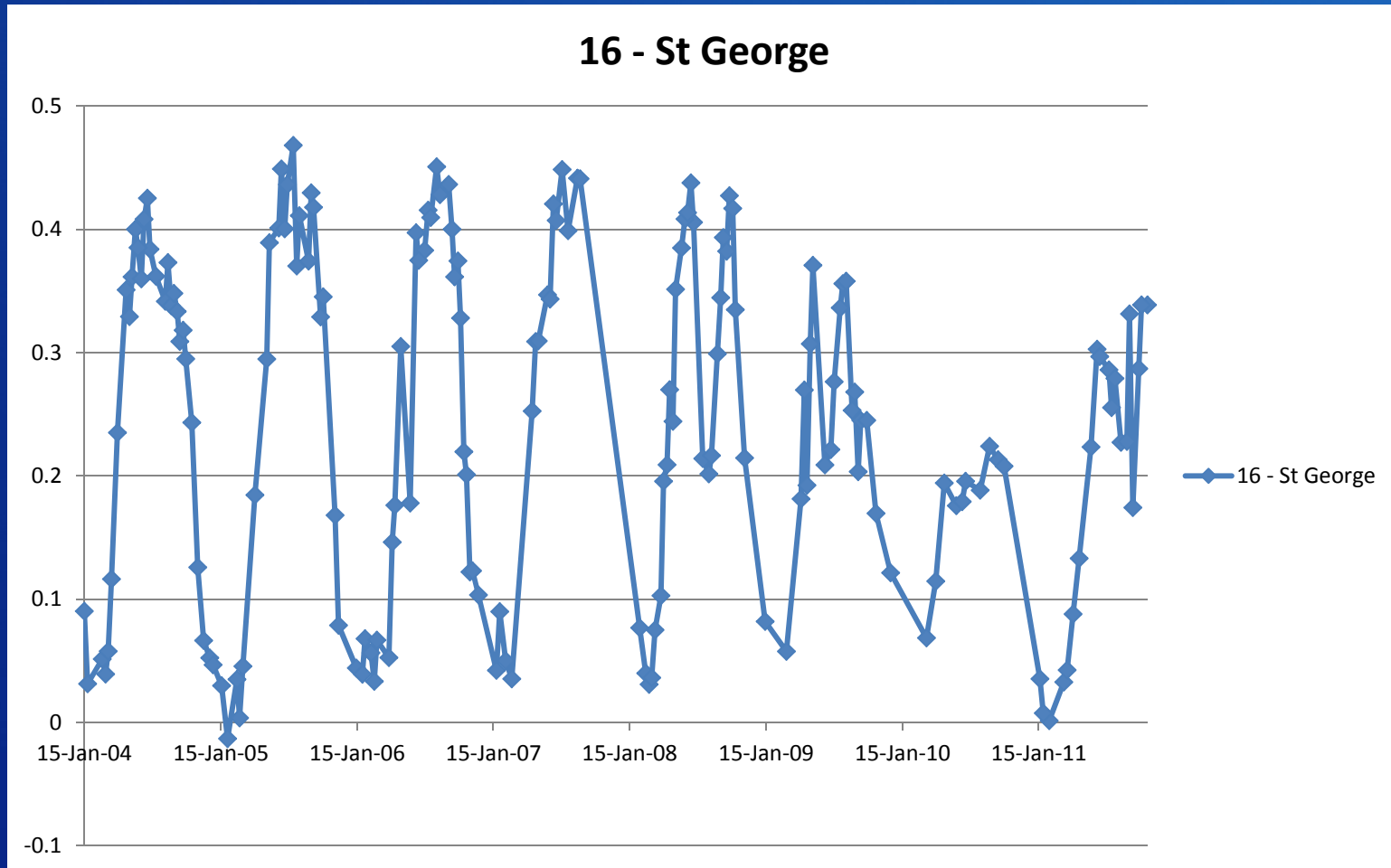
RECLAMATION

# St George Point 7 – NDVI



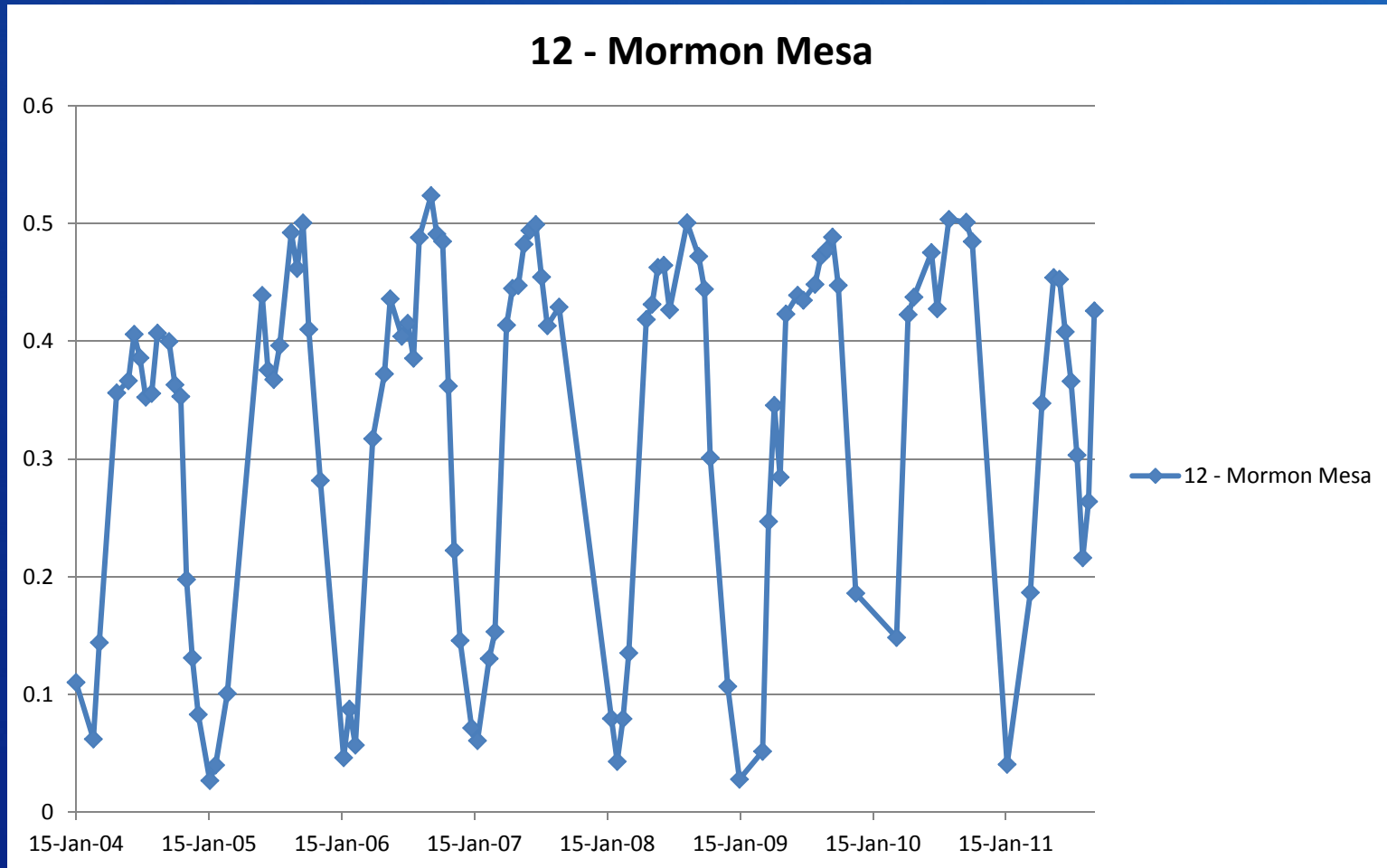
RECLAMATION

# St George Point 16 – NDVI



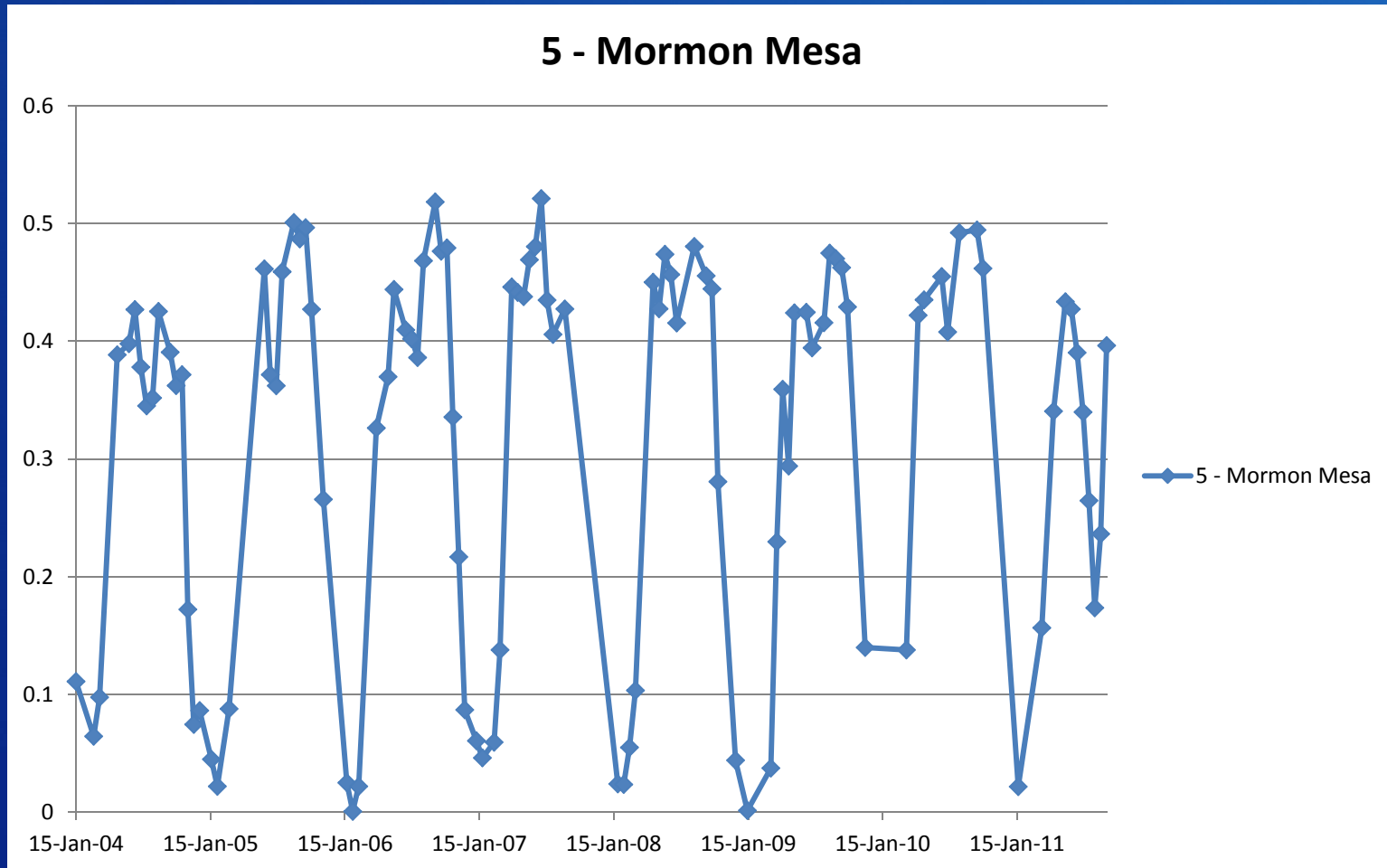
RECLAMATION

# Mormon Mesa Point 12 – NDVI



RECLAMATION

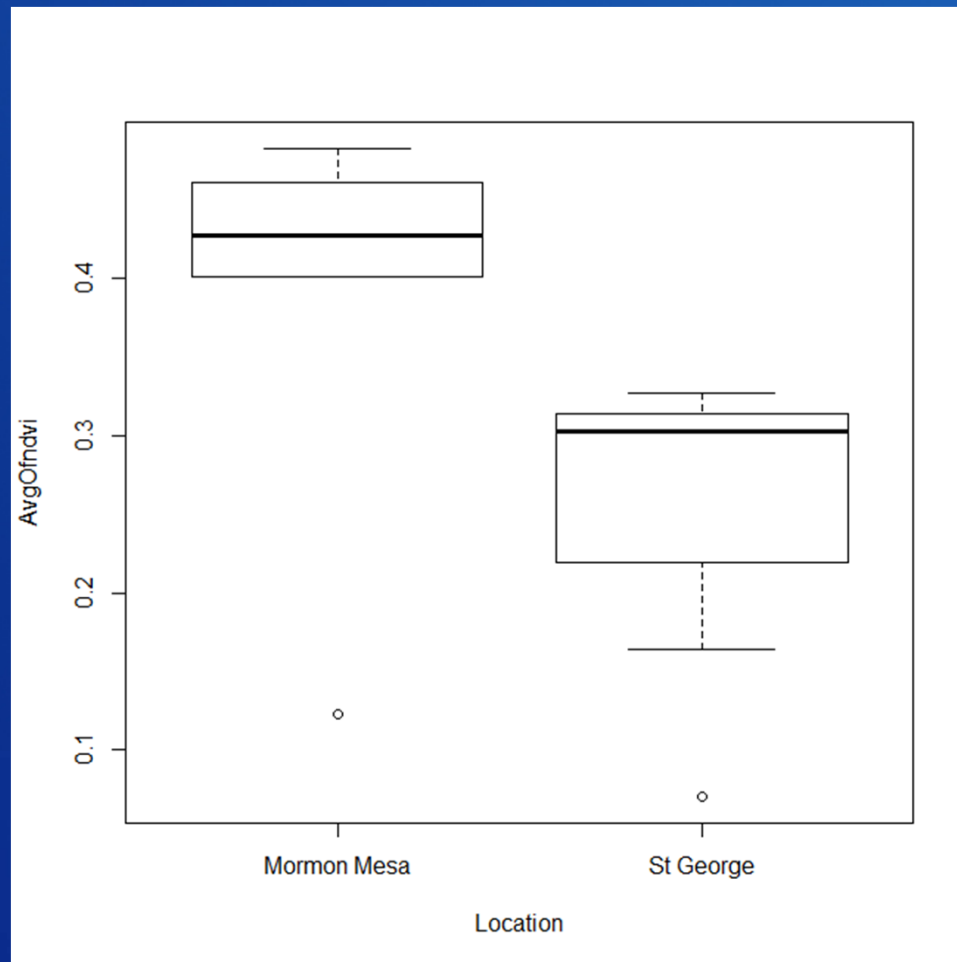
# Mormon Mesa Point 5 – NDVI



RECLAMATION

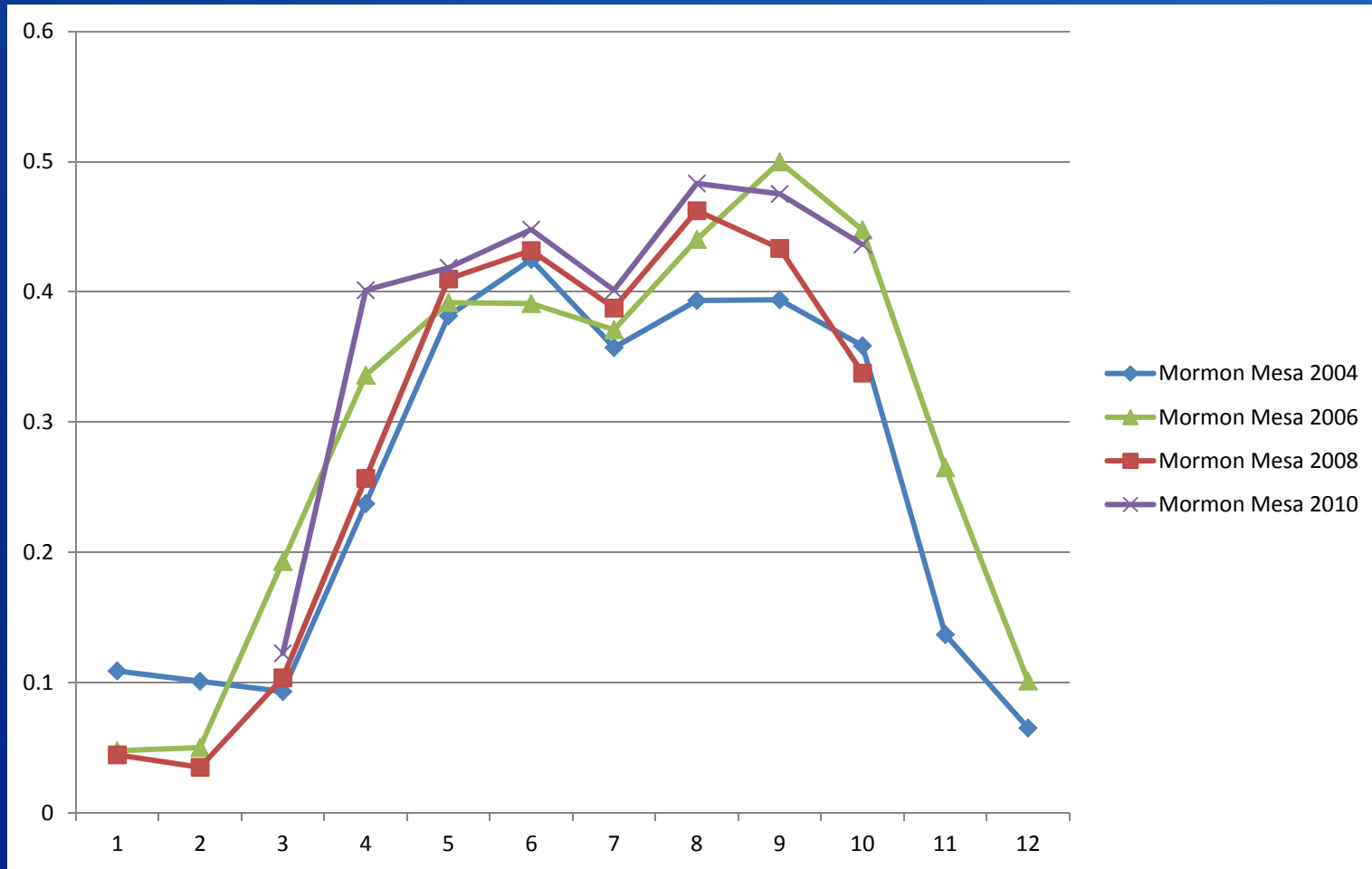


# Compare Sites



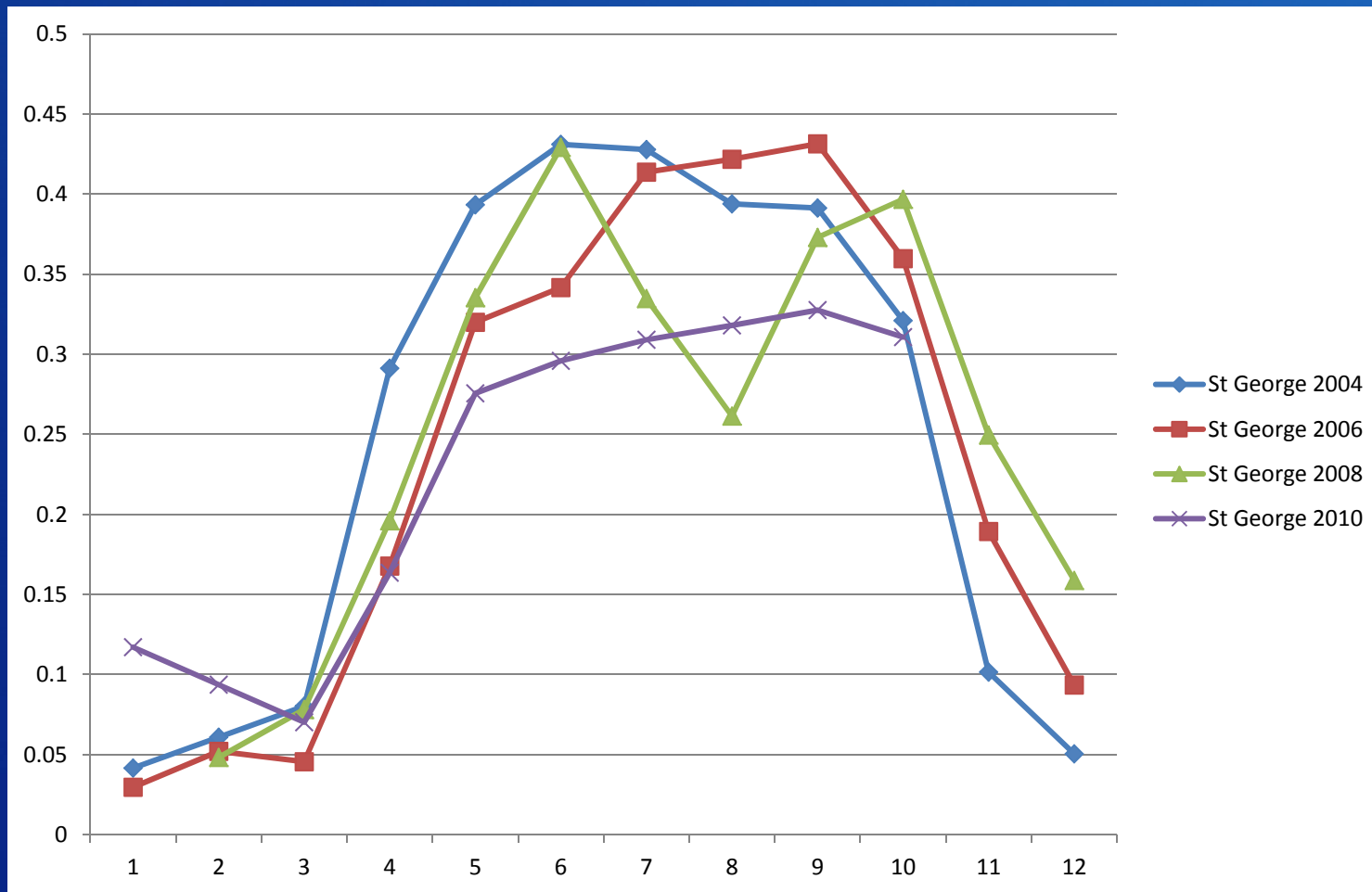
RECLAMATION

# Mormon Mesa



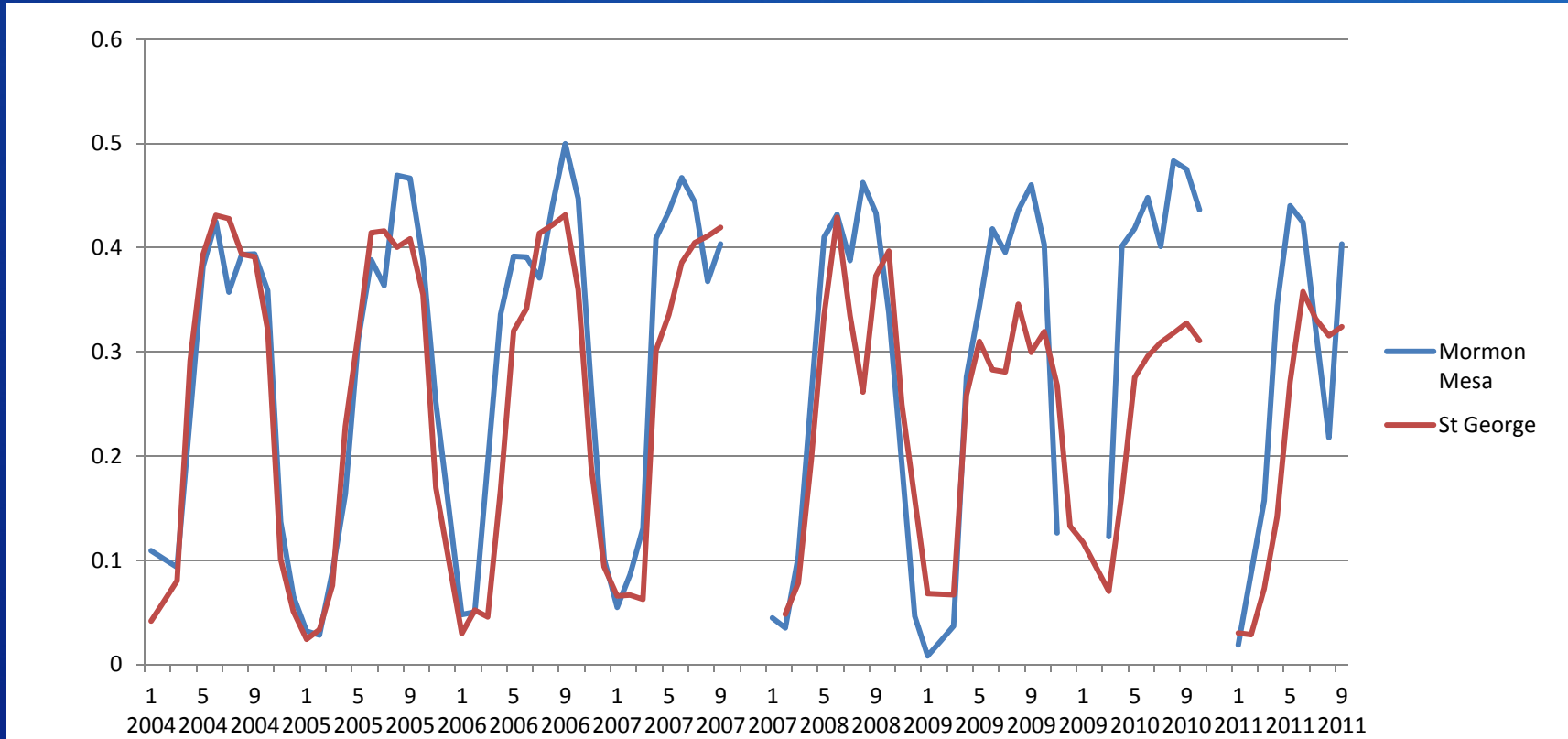
RECLAMATION

# St George



RECLAMATION

# NDVI 2004 - 2010



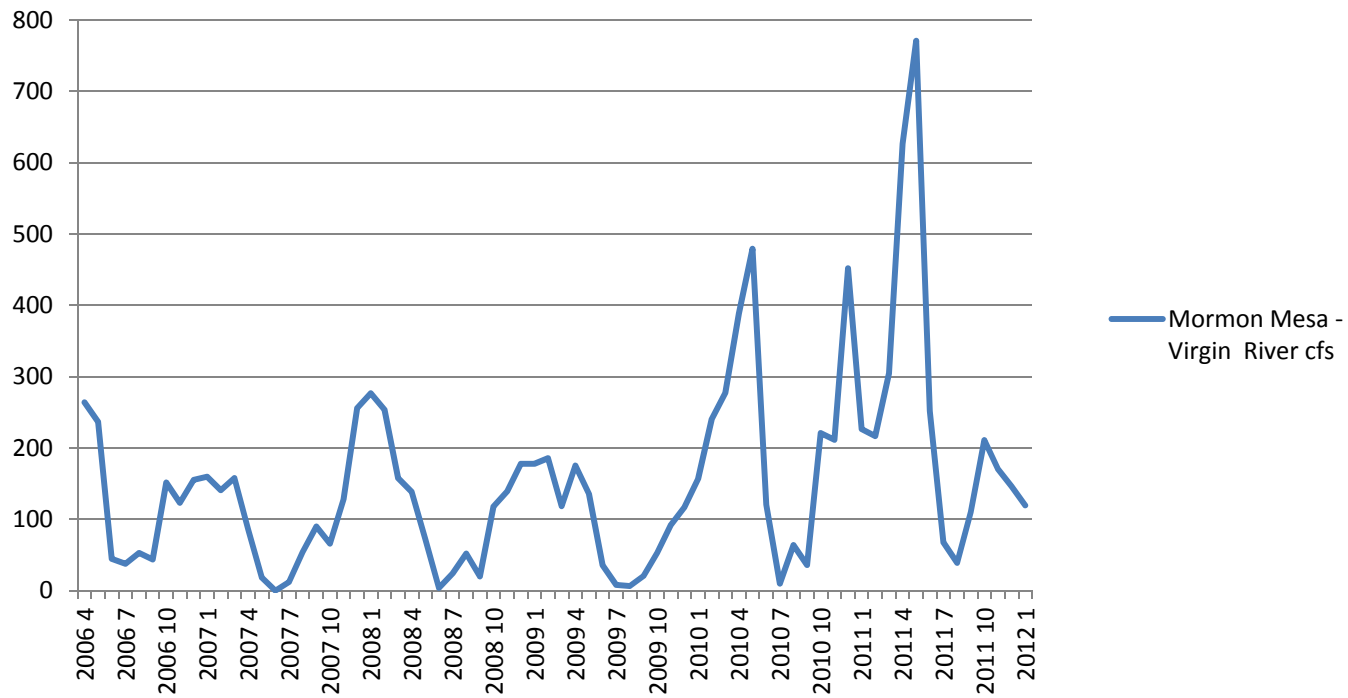
RECLAMATION

# Variability in System

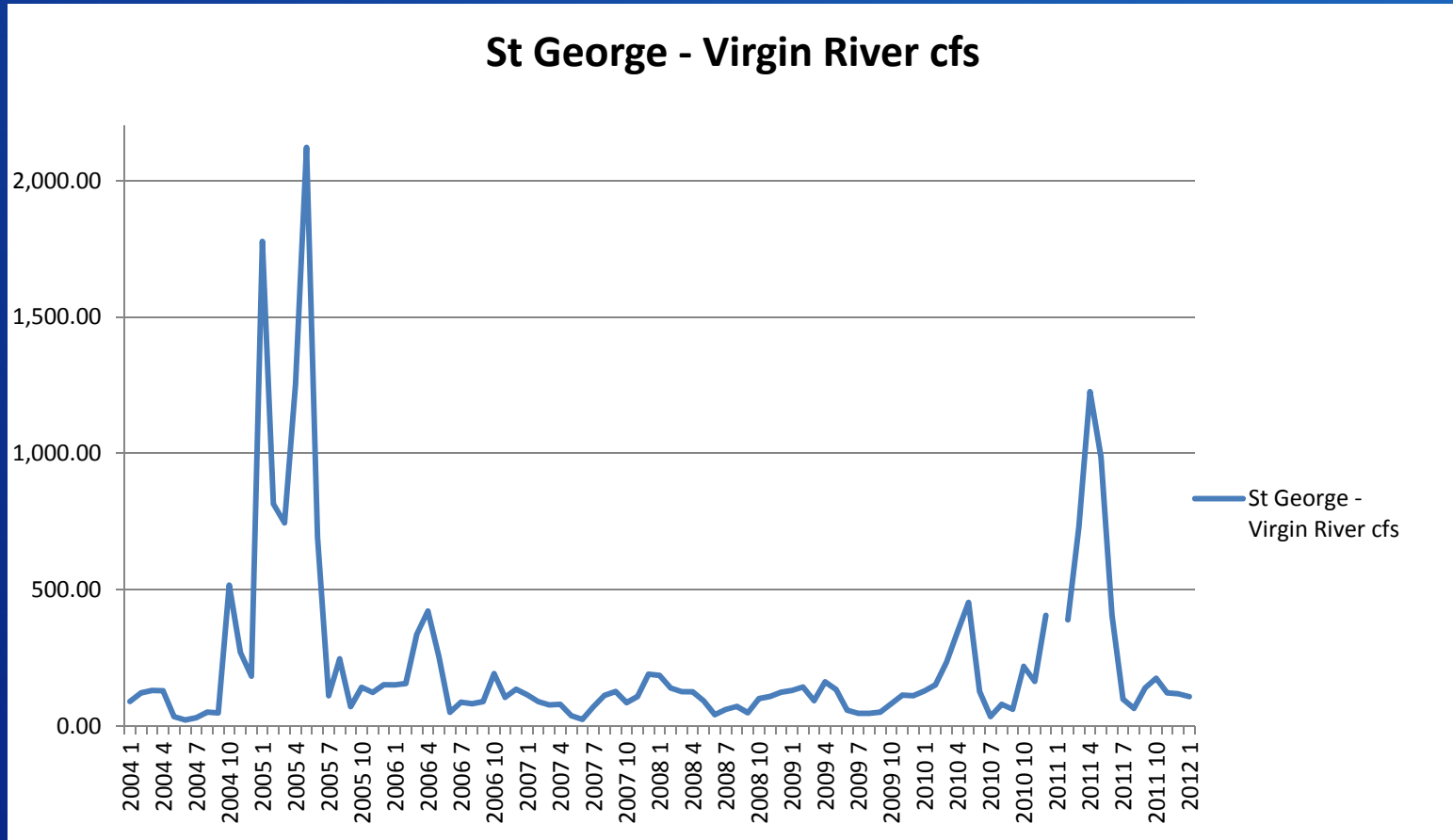
- Winter Rains
- Variability in Vegetation
- Virgin River Flow
- Summer Heat

# Virgin River cfs

## Mormon Mesa - Virgin River cfs



# Virgin River cfs



RECLAMATION

# Problems

On November 18, 2011 USGS suspended Landsat 5 imaging activities in order to explore options for restoring satellite-to-ground image transmissions. It remains to be seen if there is any hope of salvaging the rapidly degrading electronic component of the transmitter.