Lower Colorado River Multi-Species Conservation Program

Balancing Resource Use and Conservation

Post Development Bat Monitoring

Transitioning to Long Term Monitoring Protocols 2011



2011 Focus:

- Demo Acoustic Driving Surveys
- Establish & Refine Permanent Monitoring Stations
- Baseline Surveys Laguna
 Division Conservation Area



Conducted May, July & September 1 Night per Habitat Creation Area

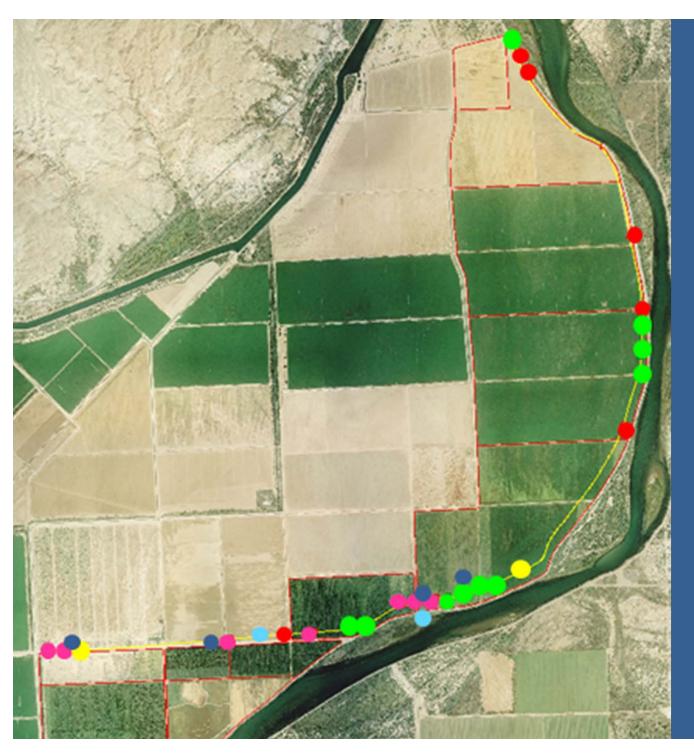


Ahakhav Preserve Driving Survey July 26, 2011

Laxa

Myoc

Pahe



PVER Driving Survey July 26, 2011

- Pahe
- 24-30kHz
- 45-55 kHz
- Myve
- Laxa
- Myoc

Pro's:

Relatively Inexpensive Shows "Hot Spots"

Cons:

Very small sample effort Year-to-year comparisons not robust High variability in weather, road/driving conditions

Recommendation for Driving Surveys

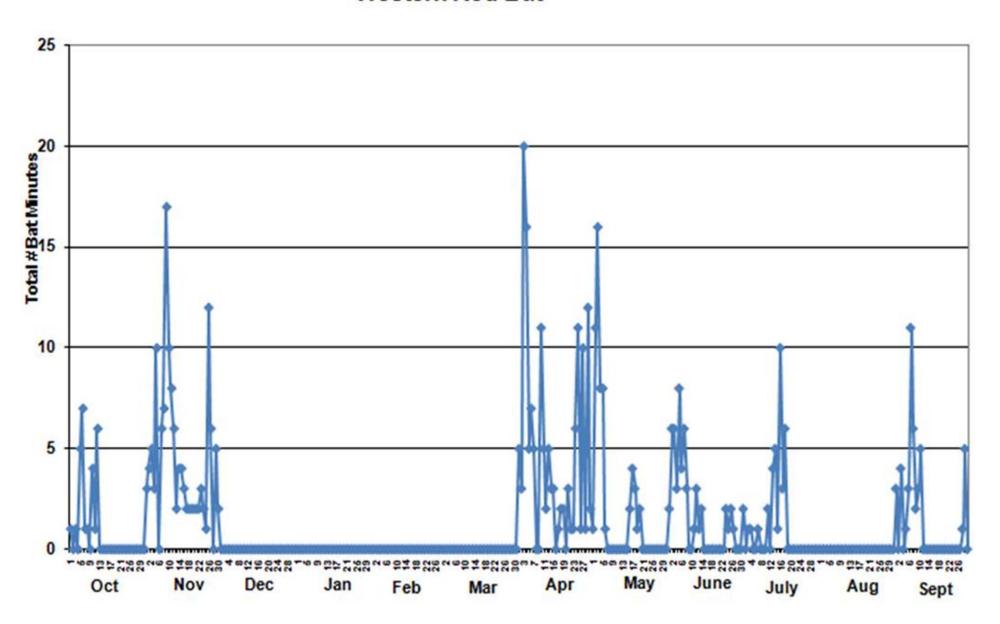
Not suitable for statistically robust longterm monitoring

Use for special applications – demonstrations, site specific information

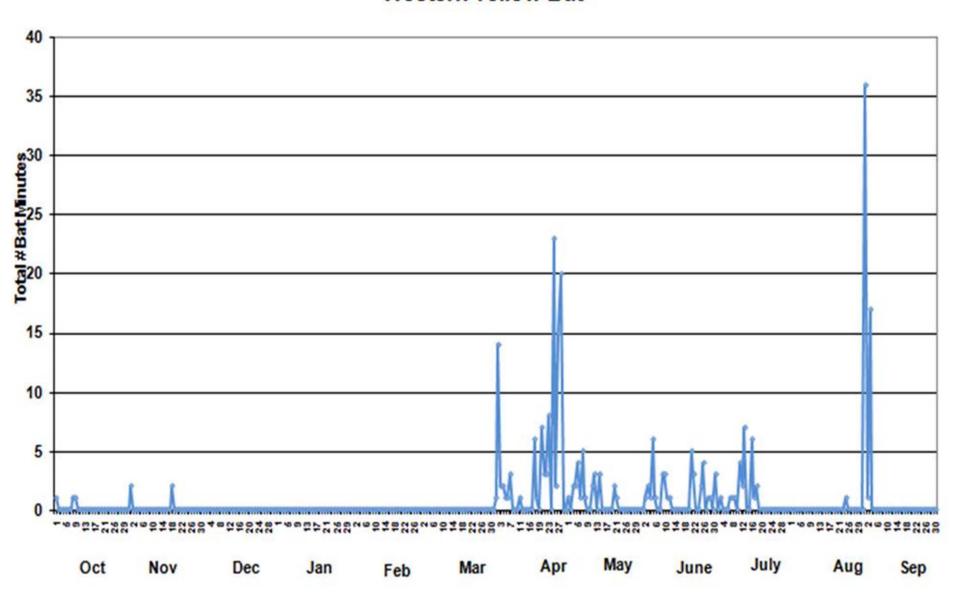
Permanent Monitoring Stations



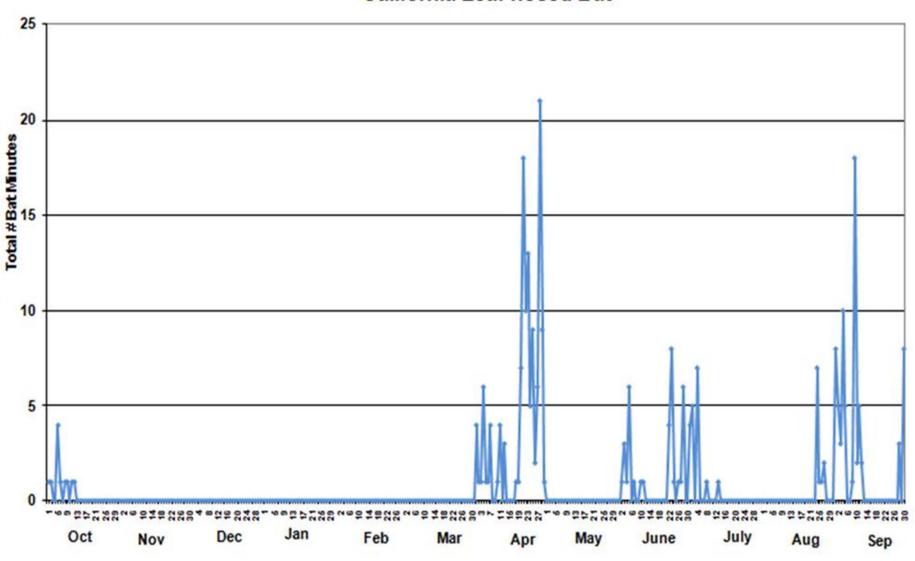
CVCA Long Term Bat Monitoring Station 2011 Western Red Bat

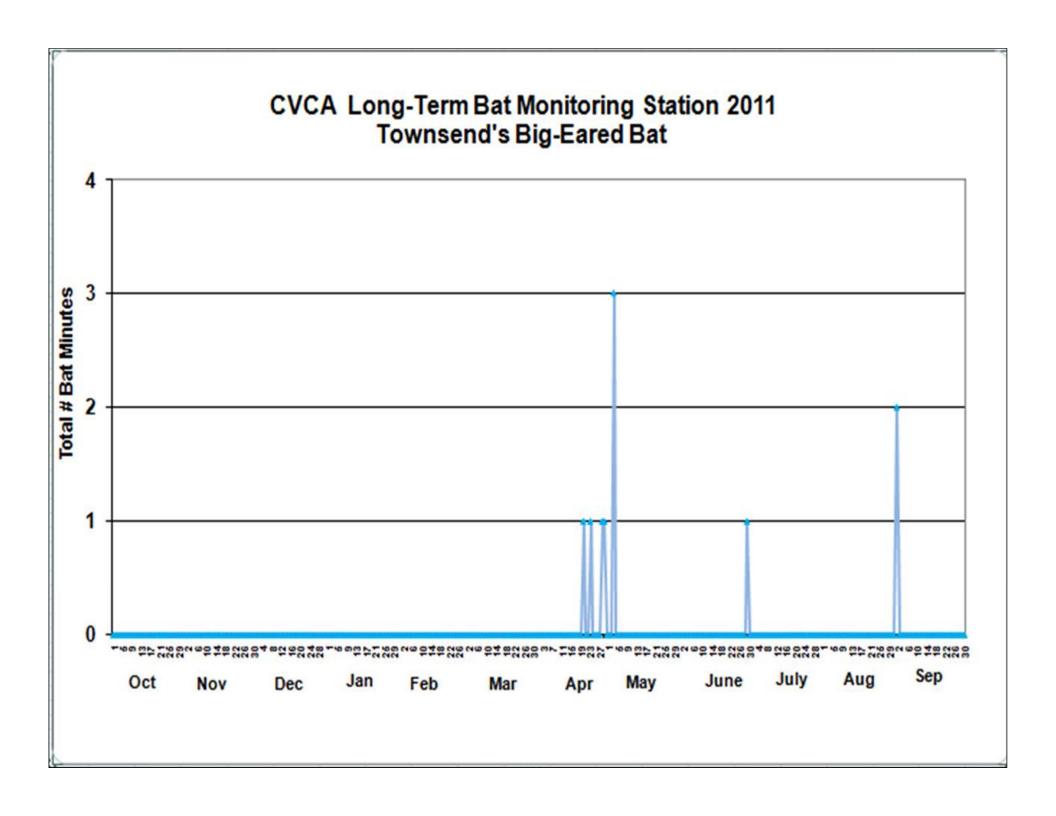


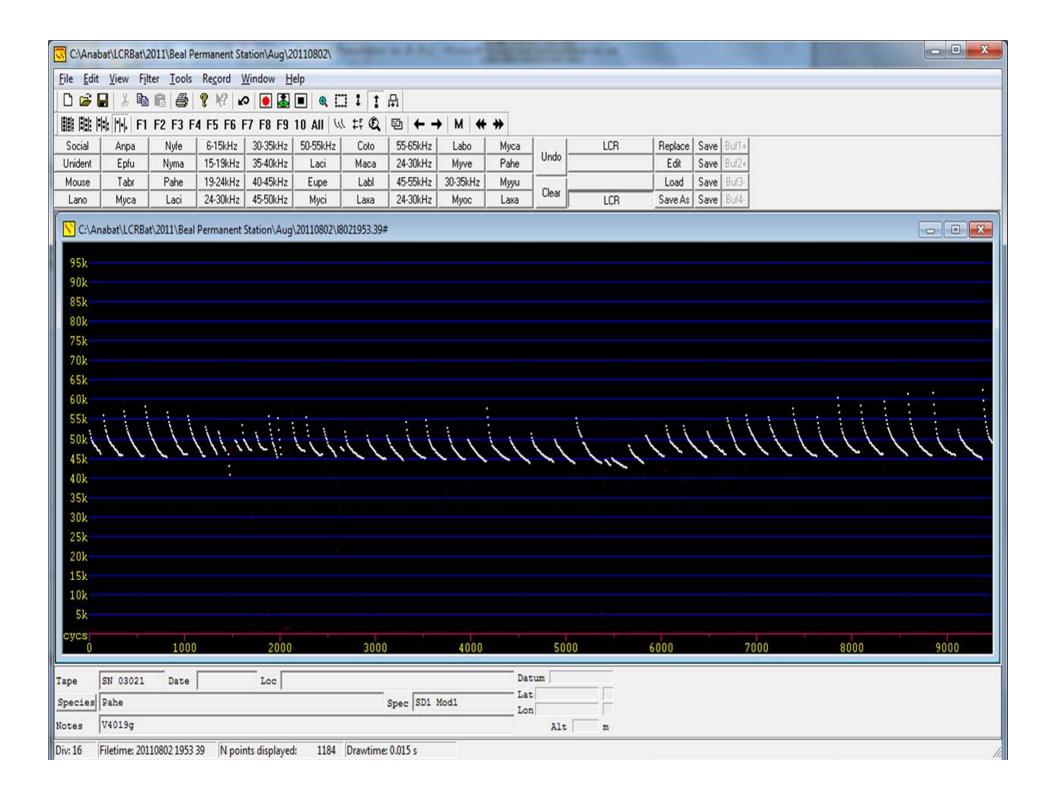
CVCA Long Term Bat Monitoring Station 2011 Western Yellow Bat

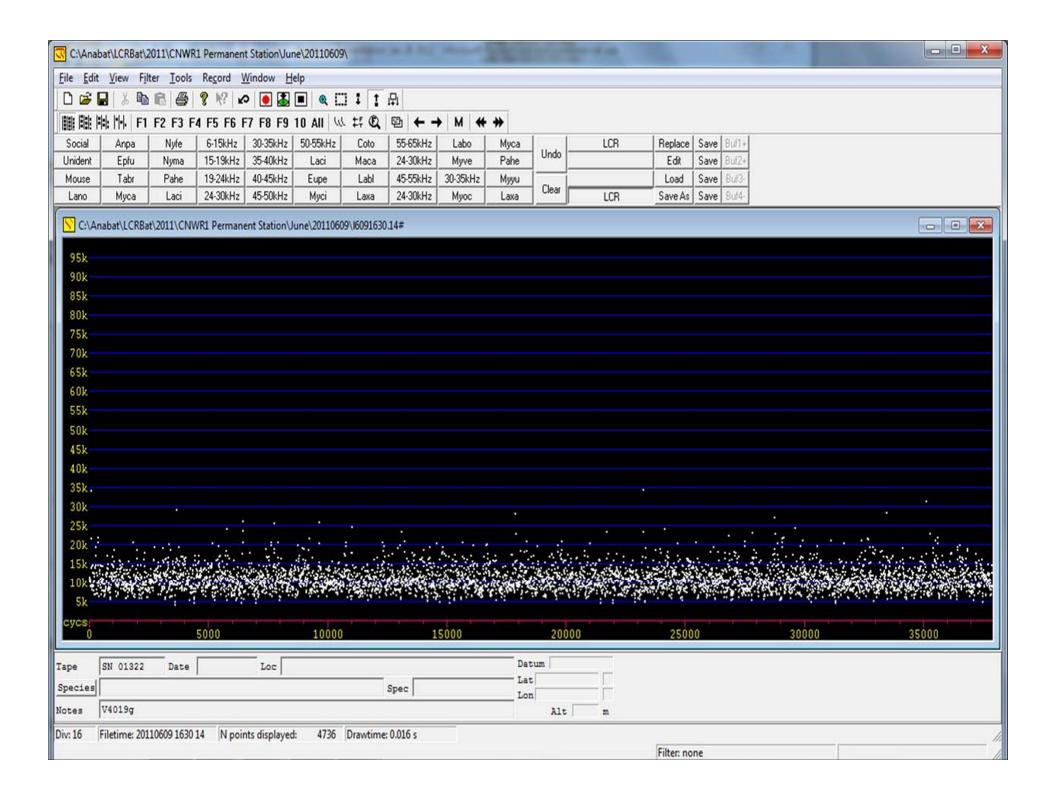


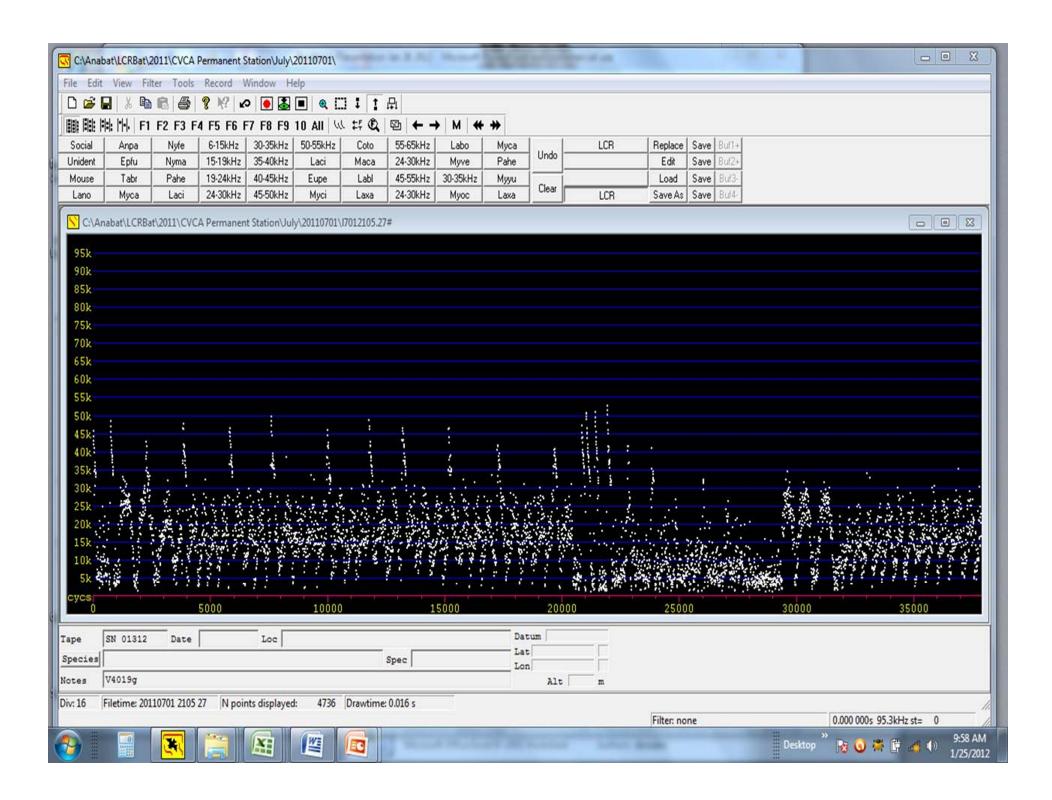
CVCA Long-Term Bat Monitoring Station 2011 California Leaf-nosed Bat

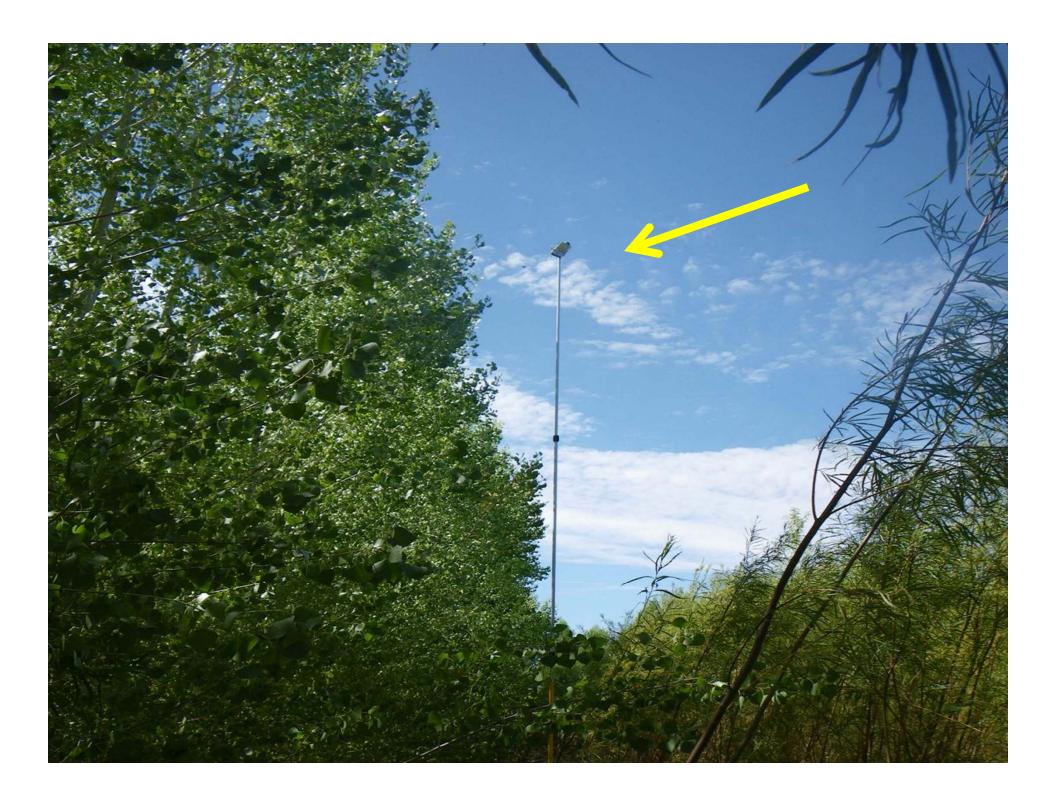
















Laguna Division Conservation Area – Pre Development Acoustic Bat Surveys



6 sites selected

Surveyed January May September

8 to 20 nights simultaneously

	Aug-Sep	May	Jan
PAHE	4431	1613	3
TABR	1834	6135	1137
45-55kHZ	1778	2528	14
24-30kHz	459		95
30-35kHz	203	337	27
NYFE	56	138	1
EUPE	36	20	
19-24kHz	23	2	1
40-45kHz	14		
MACA	12	4	4
LABL	12	2	
MYOC	11		
LAXA	10	2	
LACI	5	2	2
ANPA	5		
СОТО	2		
MYVE	1		
EPFU	1		5
TOTALS	8894	10785	1424

CORE OF THE LONG TERM MONITORING PROGRAM

- LONG TERM BAT MONITORING STATIONS ALONG WITH MIST NETTING
- STATISTICALLY ROBUST
- LARGE SAMPLE SIZES

SHORT-TERM SAMPLING

DETECTORS DEPLOYED IN NEWLY ESTABLISHED PHASES SINGLE NIGHT

DRIVING SURVEYS