



HPC Data Center Power and Energy Monitoring at LRZ

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2nd Workshop on HPC Power Management: Knowledge Discovery, Baltimore, USA



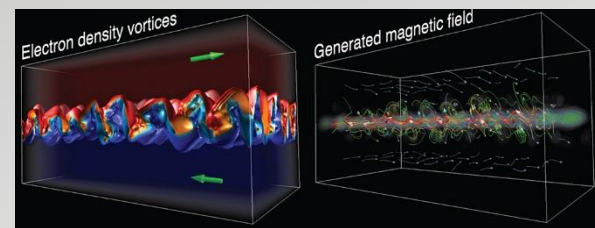
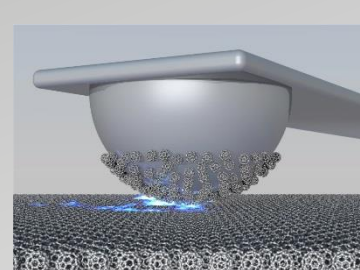
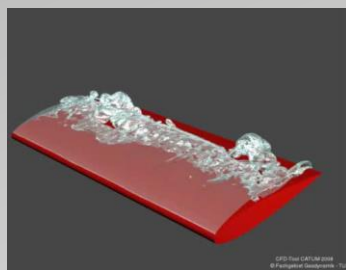
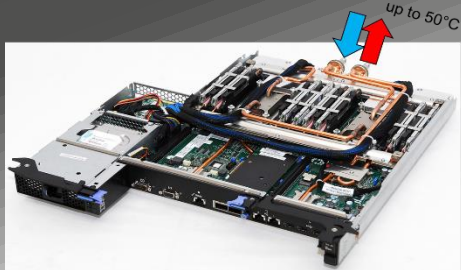
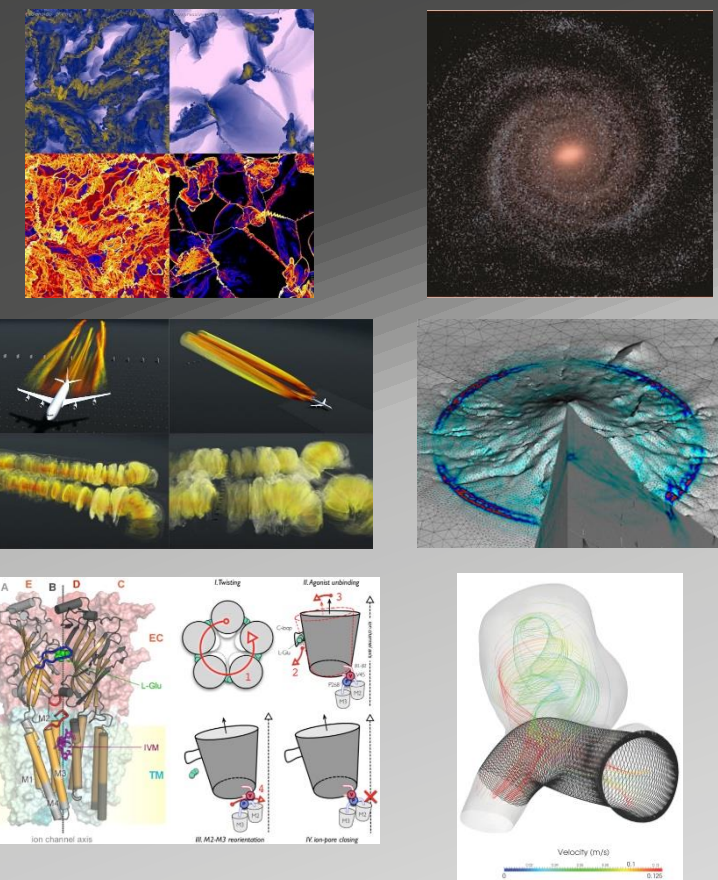
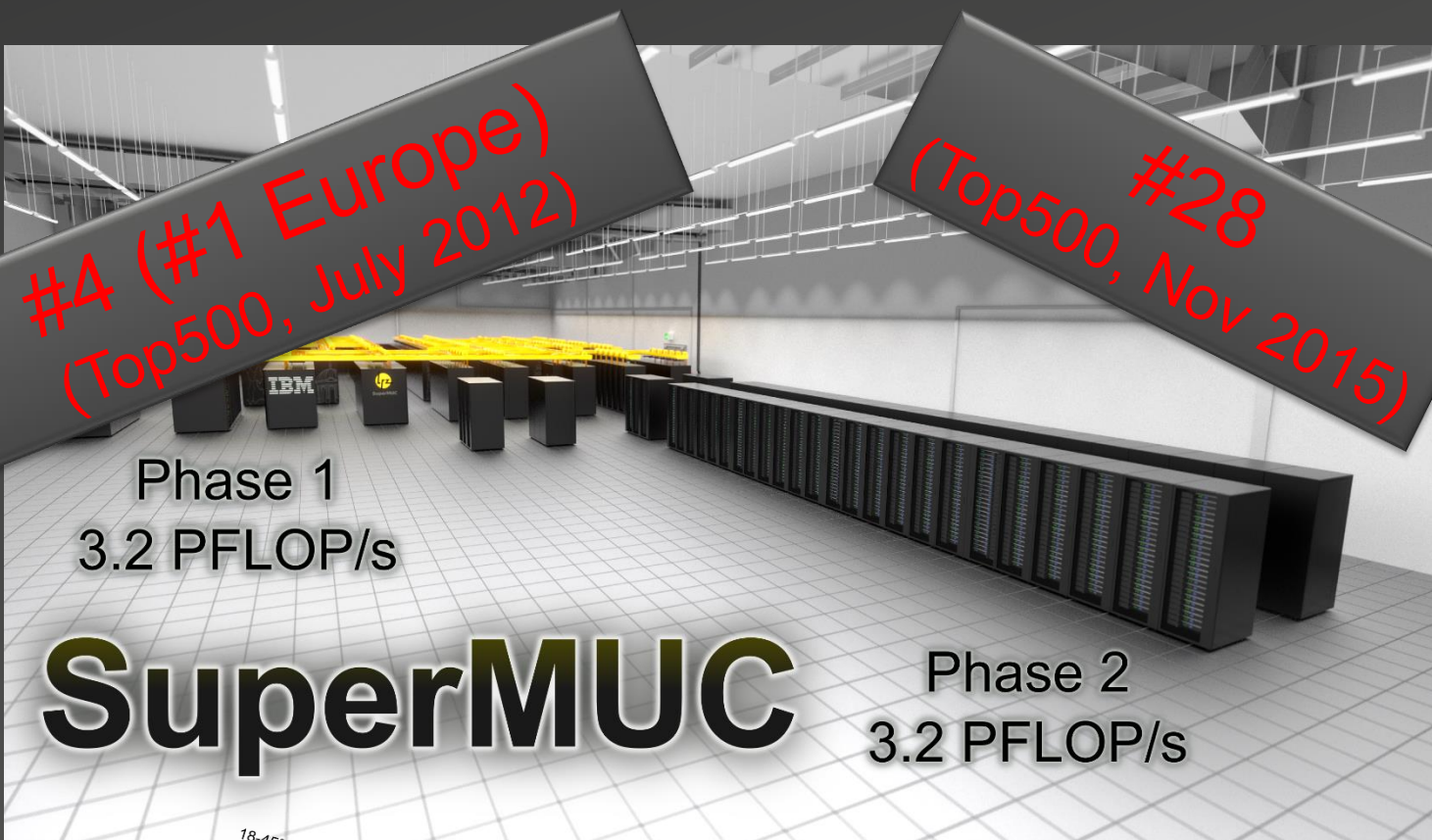
Leibniz-Rechenzentrum
der Bayerischen Akademie der Wissenschaften



Some more Facts

- **3160.5 m² (34 019 ft²)** IT Equipment Floor Space (6 rooms on 3 floors)
- **6393.5 m² (68 819 ft²)** Infrastructure Floor Space
- **2 x 10 MW** 20kV Power Supply
- **Powered Entirely by Renewable Energy**
- **> 5M € (> 6M US\$)** Annual Power Bill

The Leibniz Supercomputing Centre

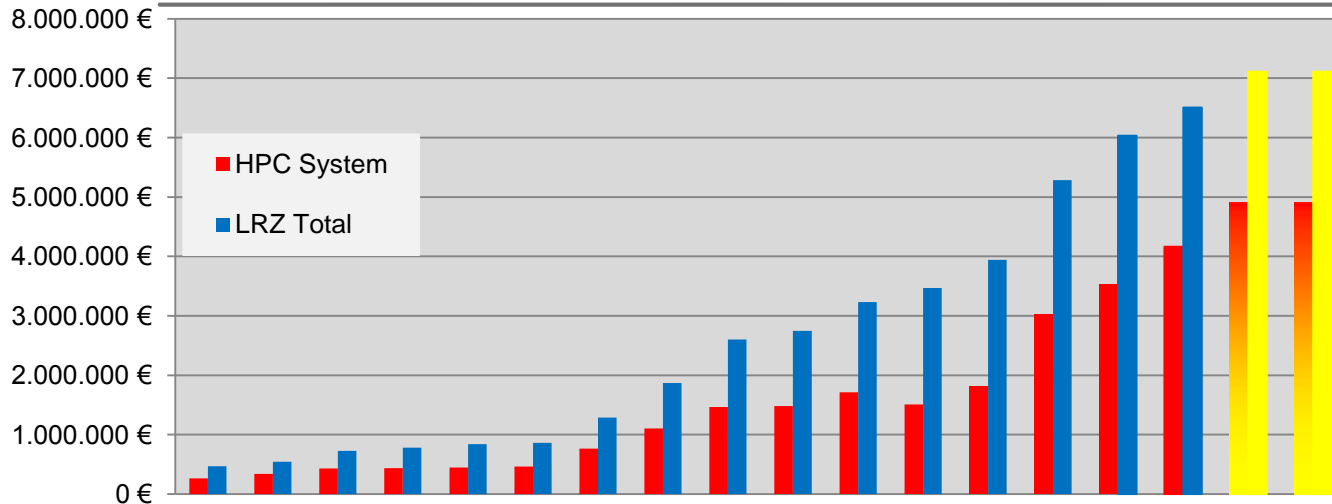




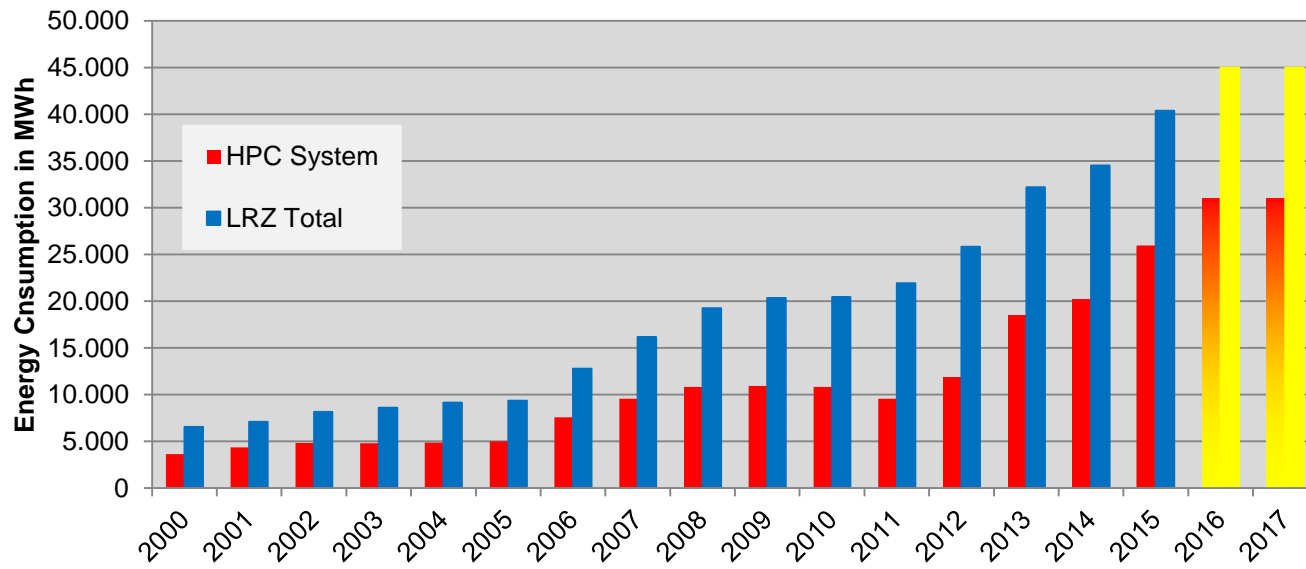
Motivation: Improve the Energy Efficiency of LRZ



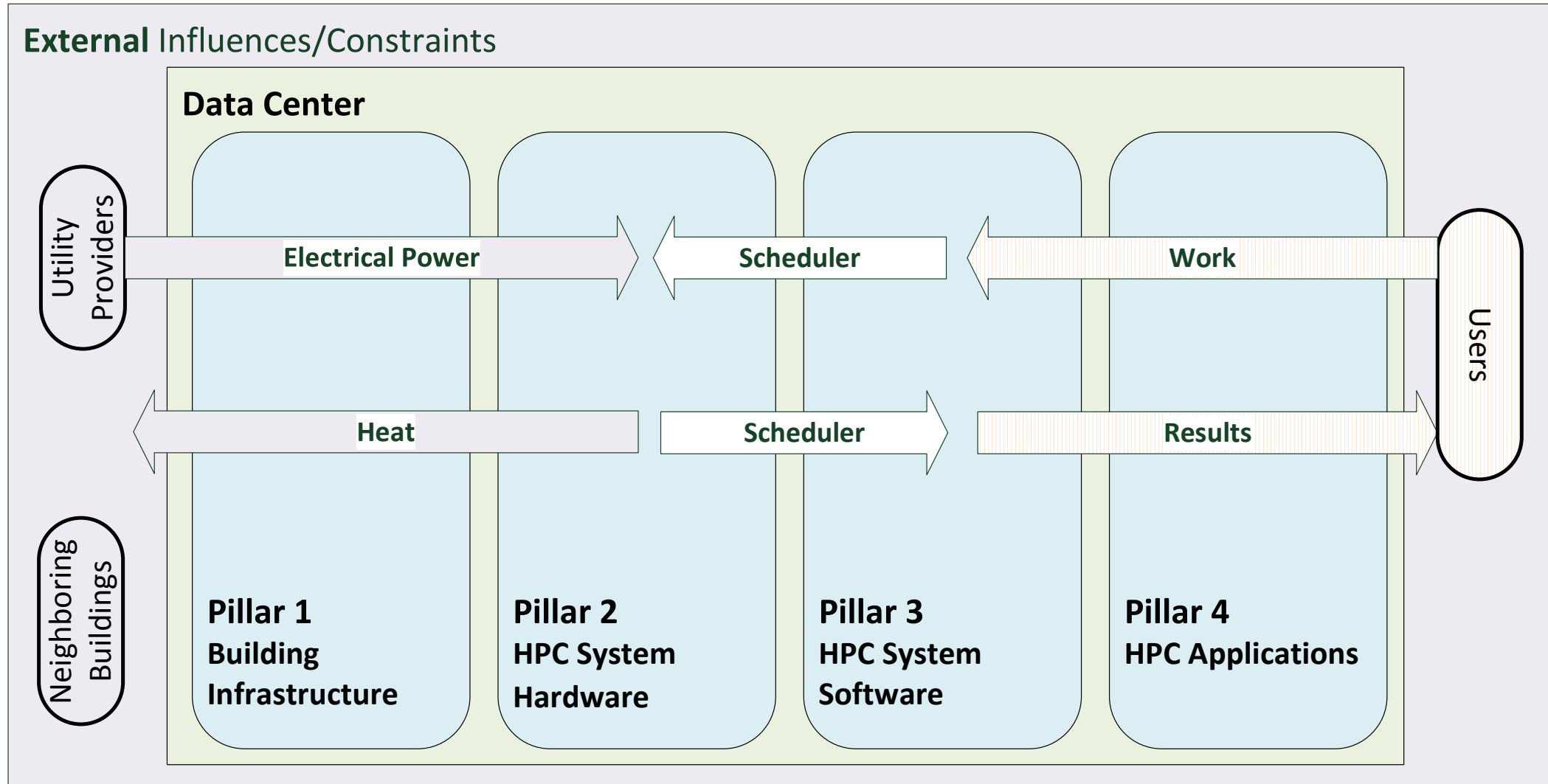
LRZ Trend of Energy Costs and Energy Consumption from 2000 till 2015 with prediction for 2016 and 2017



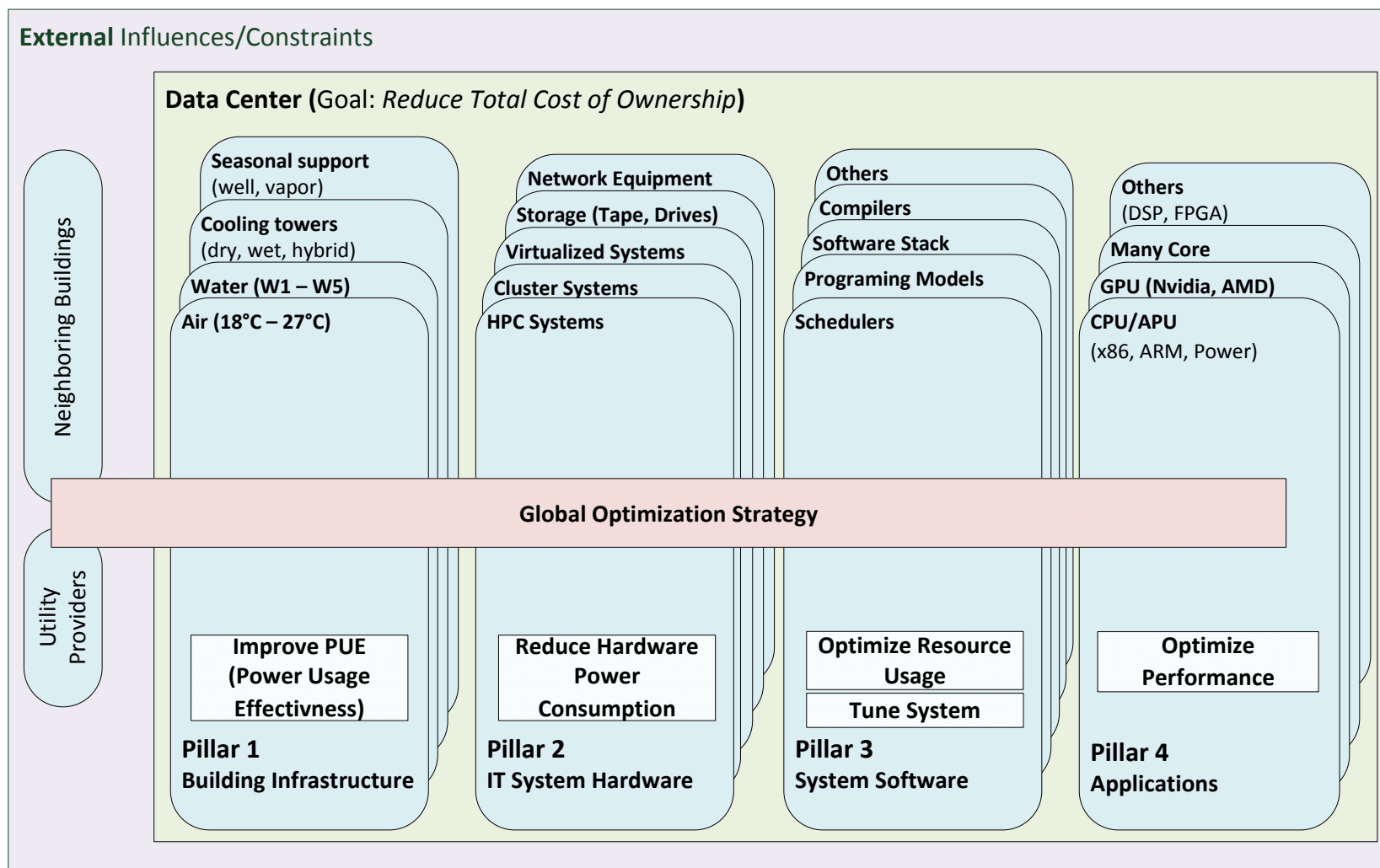
Costs for 1kWh: 2000 – 0.07€
2015 – 0.161€



The 4 Pillar Framework – HPC Data Center Work/Energy Flow



Where does Our Energy go?



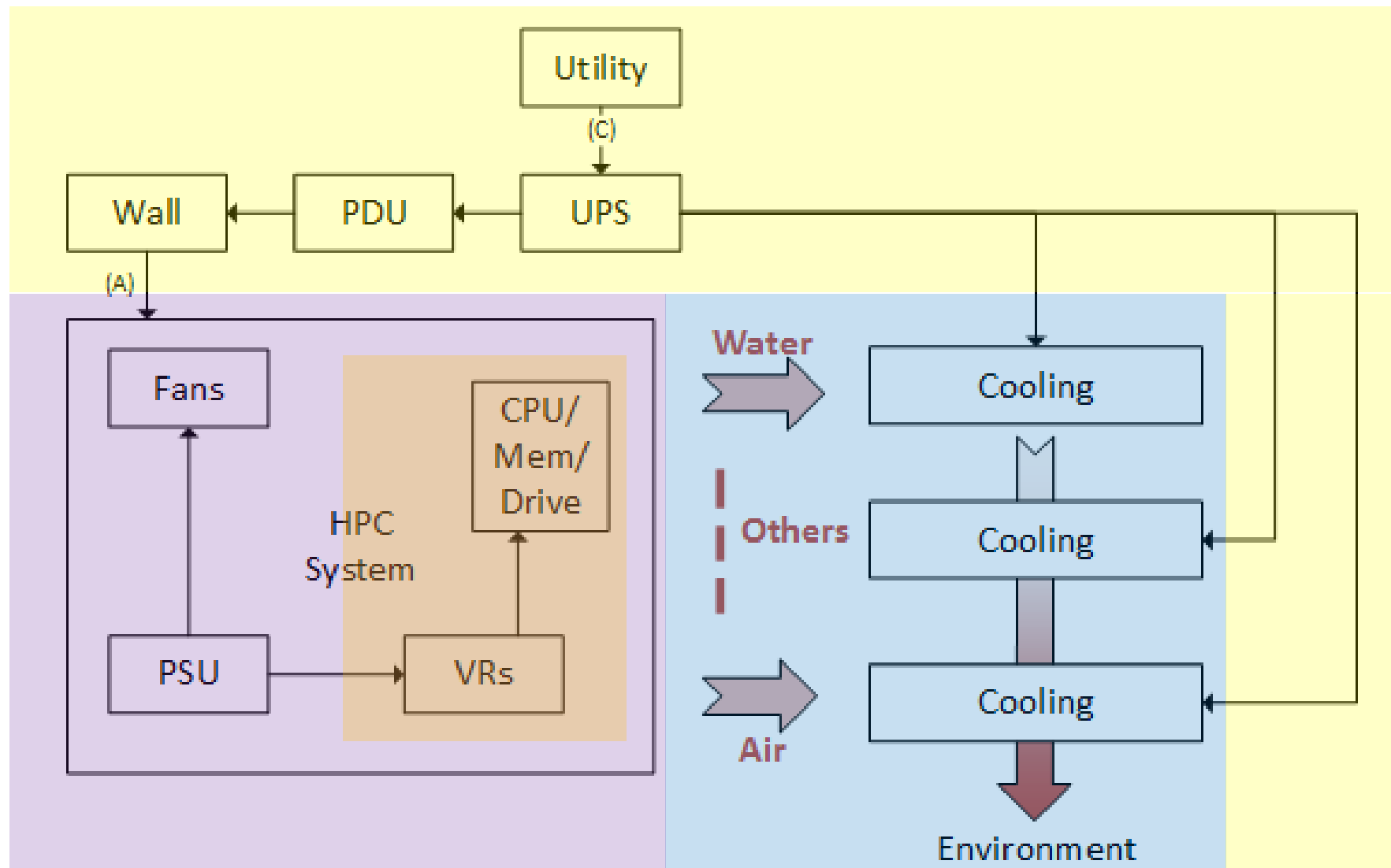
- Need to understand each pillar
- Optimize and measure (KPIs) for each
- Need global approach for optimal results
 - includes utility provider
 - define operating points
 - keep infrastructure efficiency constant over the whole operating range
 - measure and assess

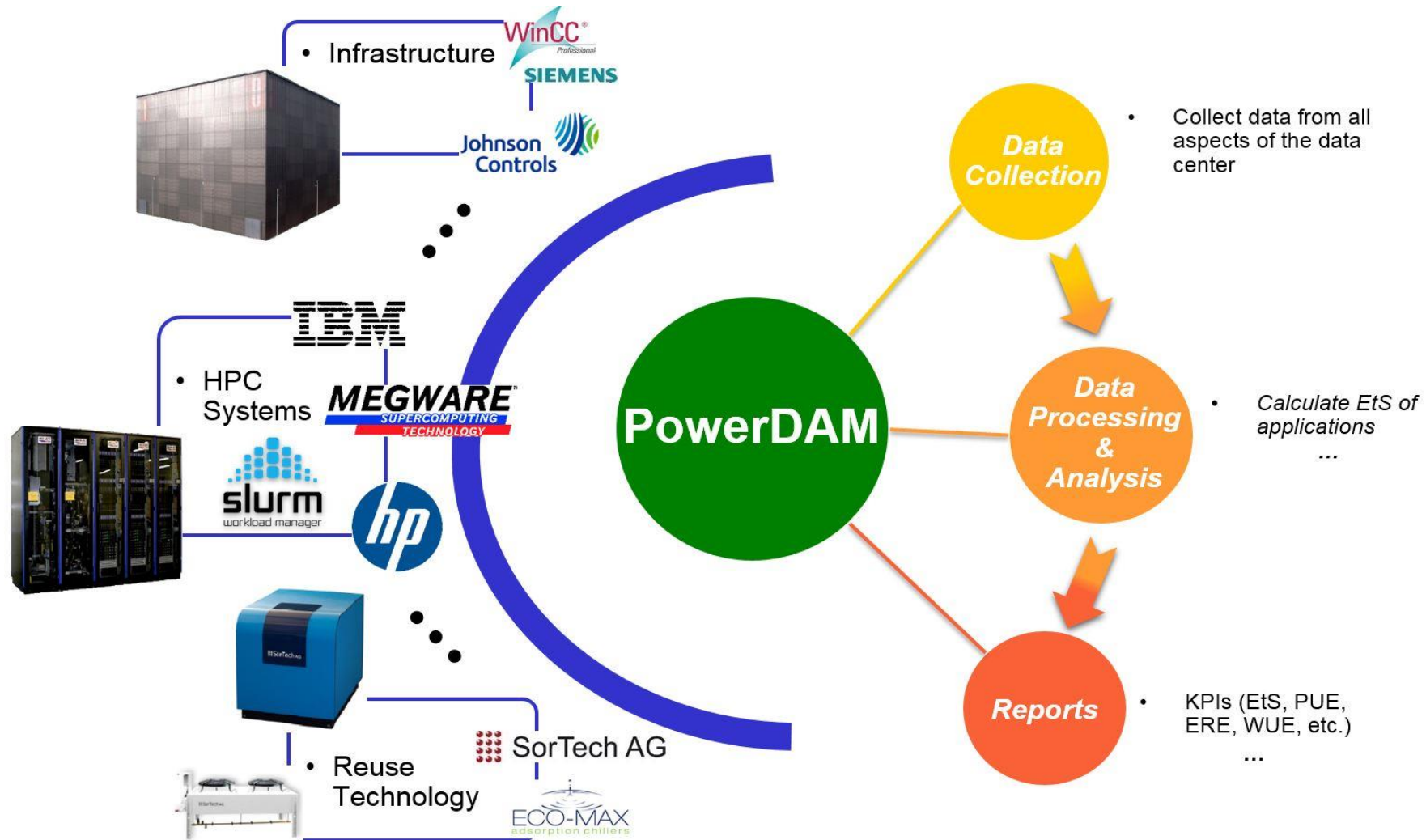
Open Access 4 Pillar Framework Paper: <http://www.springerlink.com/openurl.asp?genre=article&id=doi:10.1007/s00450-013-0244-6>



Data Collection







Hayk Shoukourian, Torsten Wilde, Axel Auweter, Arndt Bode: "Monitoring Power Data: A first step towards a unified energy efficiency evaluation toolset for HPC data centers" published in *Environmental Modelling & Software (Thematic issue on Modelling and evaluating the sustainability of smart solutions)*, Volume 56, June 2014, Pages 13–26; DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.envsoft.2013.11.011>

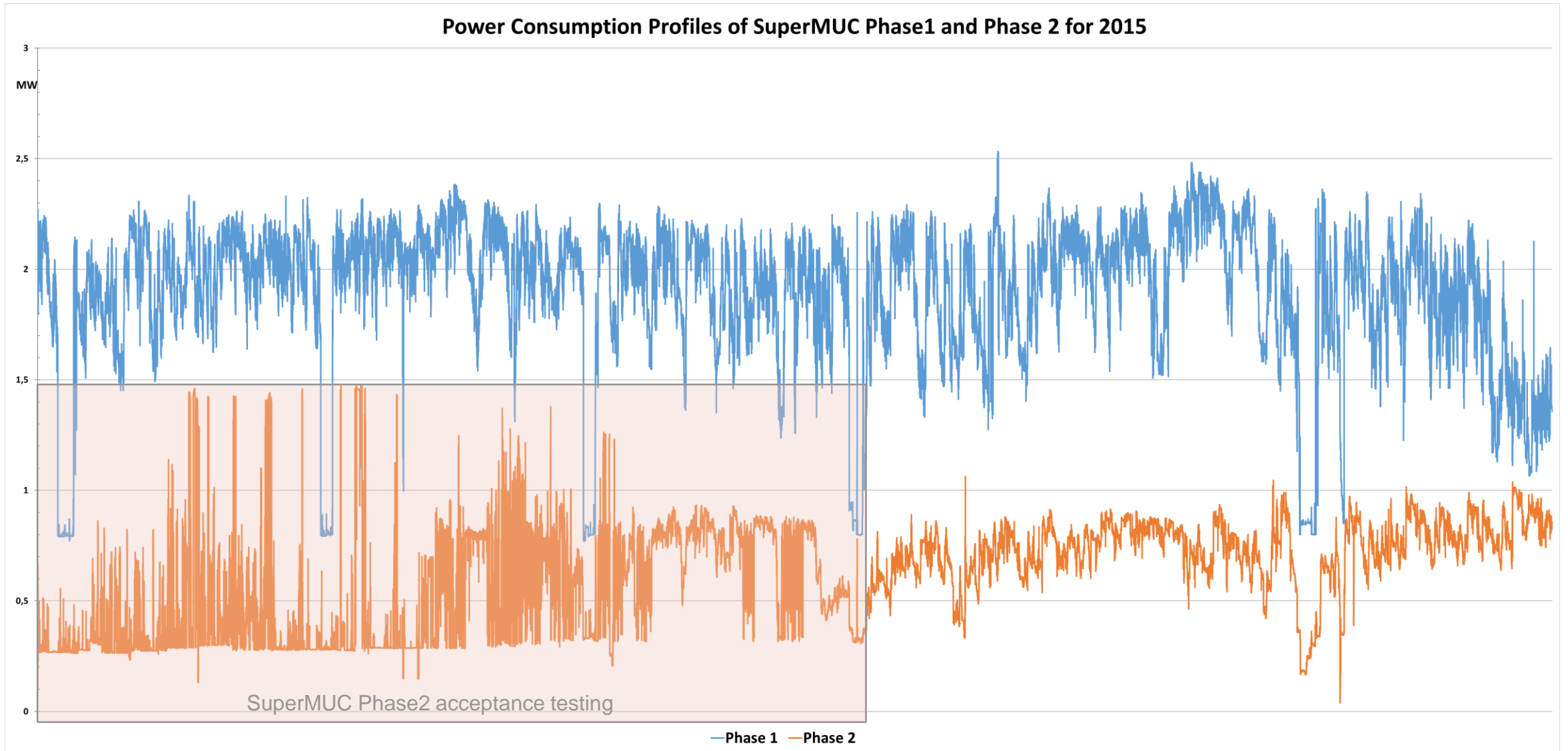


SuperMUC under a Power Bound



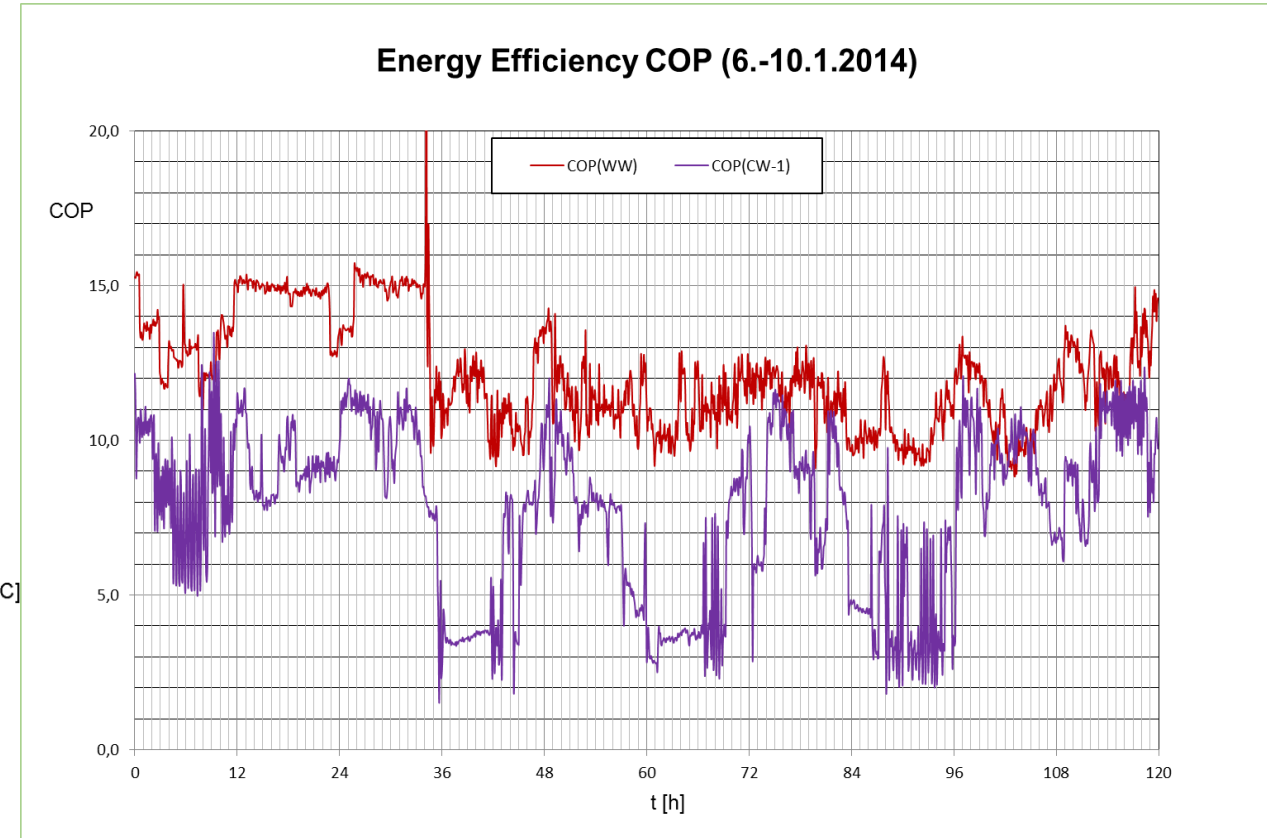
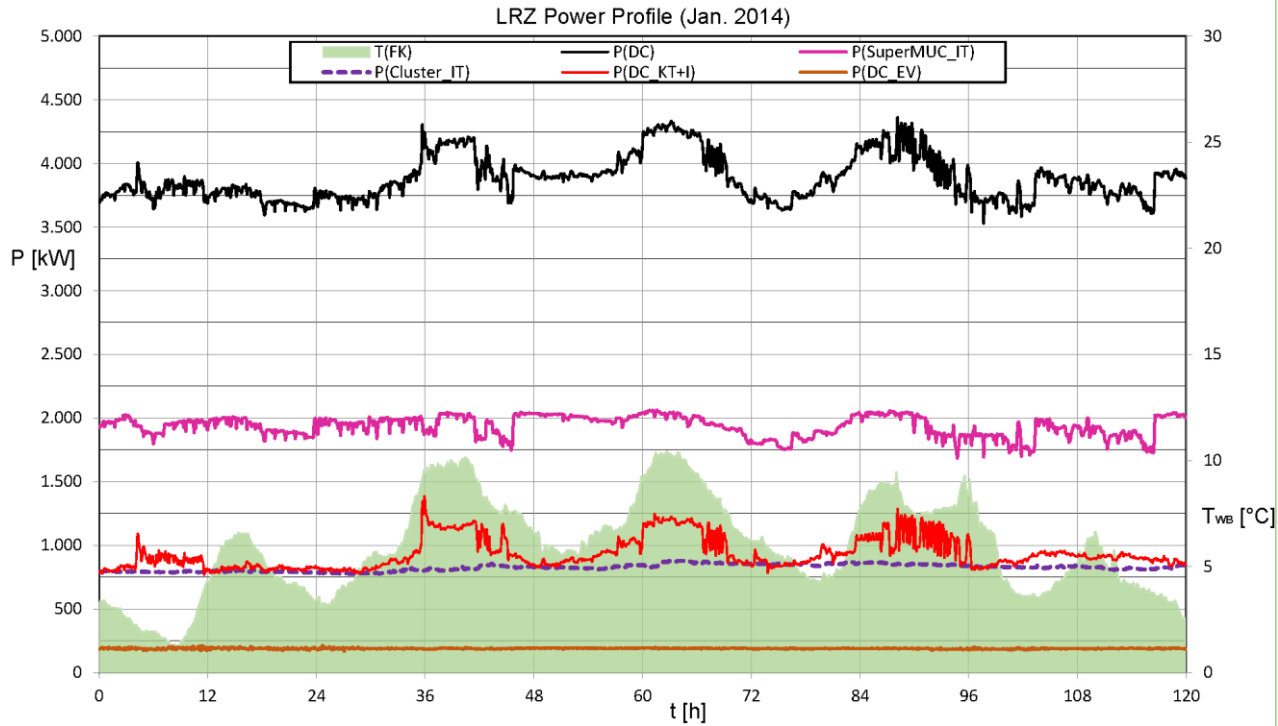
- Yearly payment consists of two parts:
 - Connection fee – Charged by the owner of the physical power lines, fixed charges per kWh
 - Can save 50% of it (\approx 250 k€)
 - Energy Costs – Charged by the power provider, price of used energy, depends on final (yearly) energy consumption (kWh)
- Biggest cost factor is Energy Consumption
 - LRZ Main Goal: **Improve Energy Efficiency**
 - Energy Aware Scheduling
 - LRZ Secondary Goal: Limit Power Peaks to 10% of Data Center Average Power Consumption in billing cycle (15min at LRZ)
 - Analyze past occurrences, avoid in the future (currently manually)

SuperMUC Phase1 and Phase2 Power Profile for 2015 (Turbo Off)



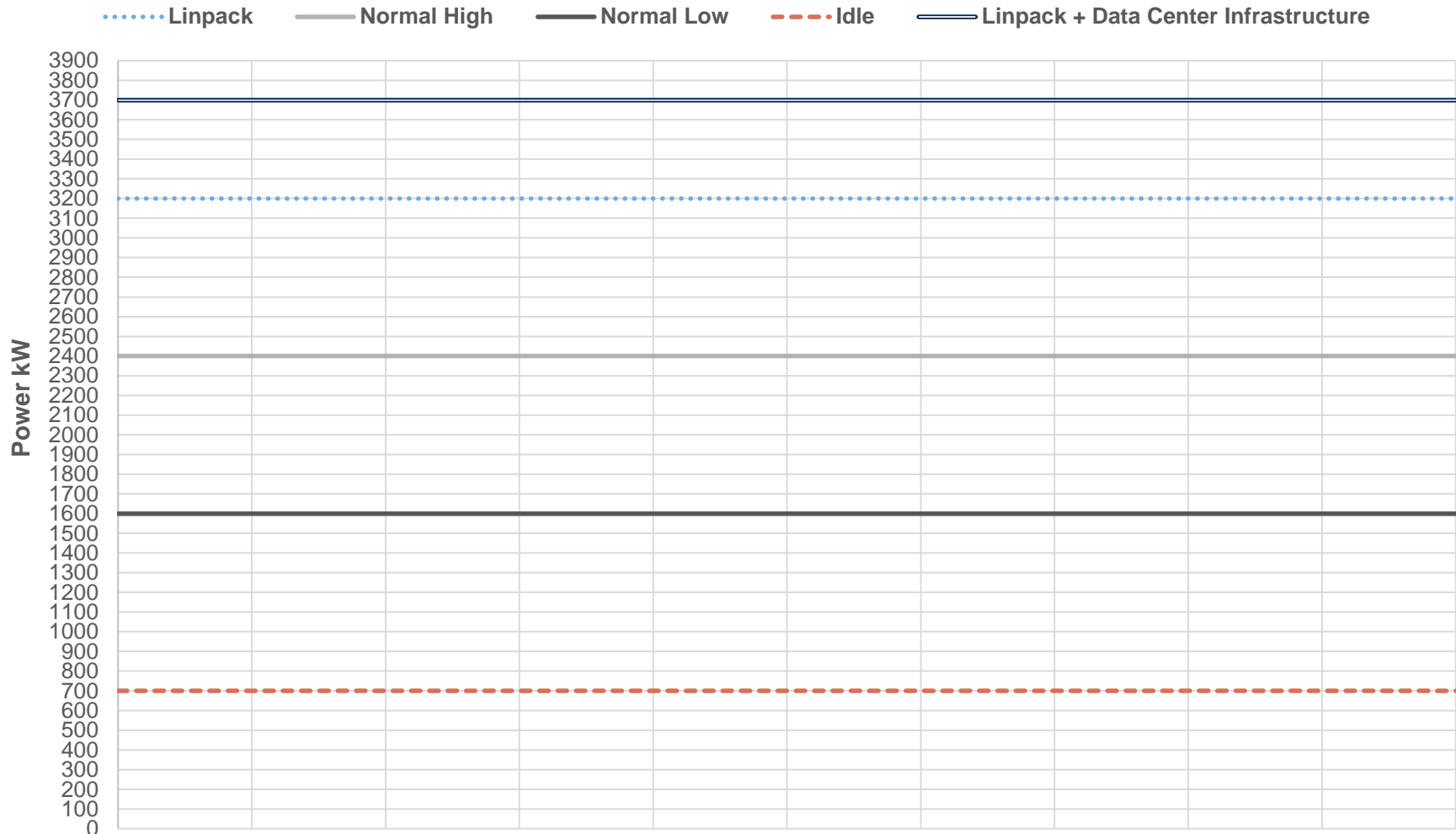
IT is not the only Power Driver in a Data Center

Outside Conditions and LRZ Cooling Efficiency



$$COP = \frac{Q}{P}$$

SuperMUC Phase1 High Level Power Variability Example



- Where is the Power Bound?
- What is the Power Bound?
- Why do I have a Power Bound?

- *Provision DC for Linpack*
 - Can install additional system for 800kW
 - Over-provisioning
- *Right size DC (provision for normal high)*
 - Simple power bound sufficient
 - Add portable power and cooling for Linpack



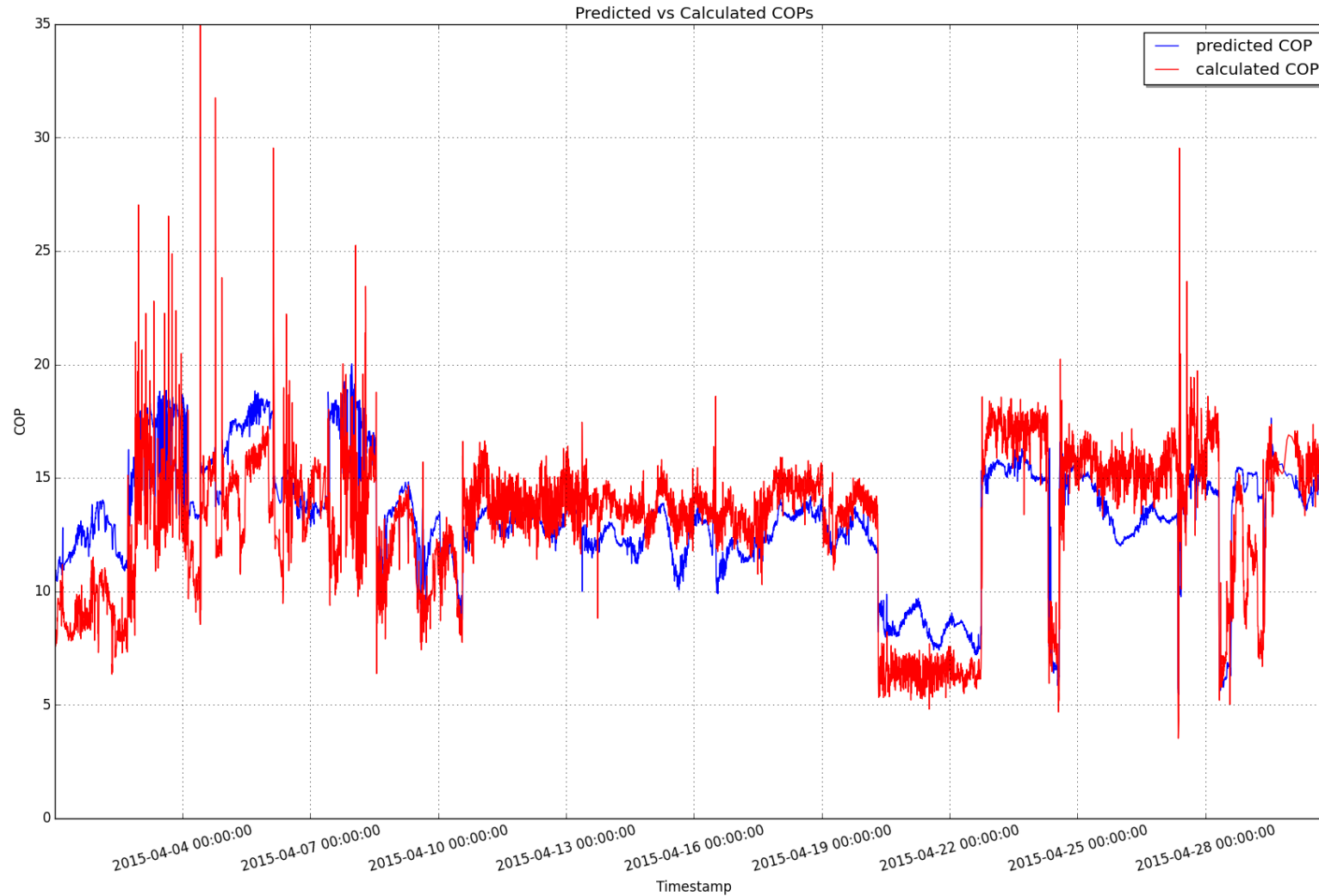
Analysis Example

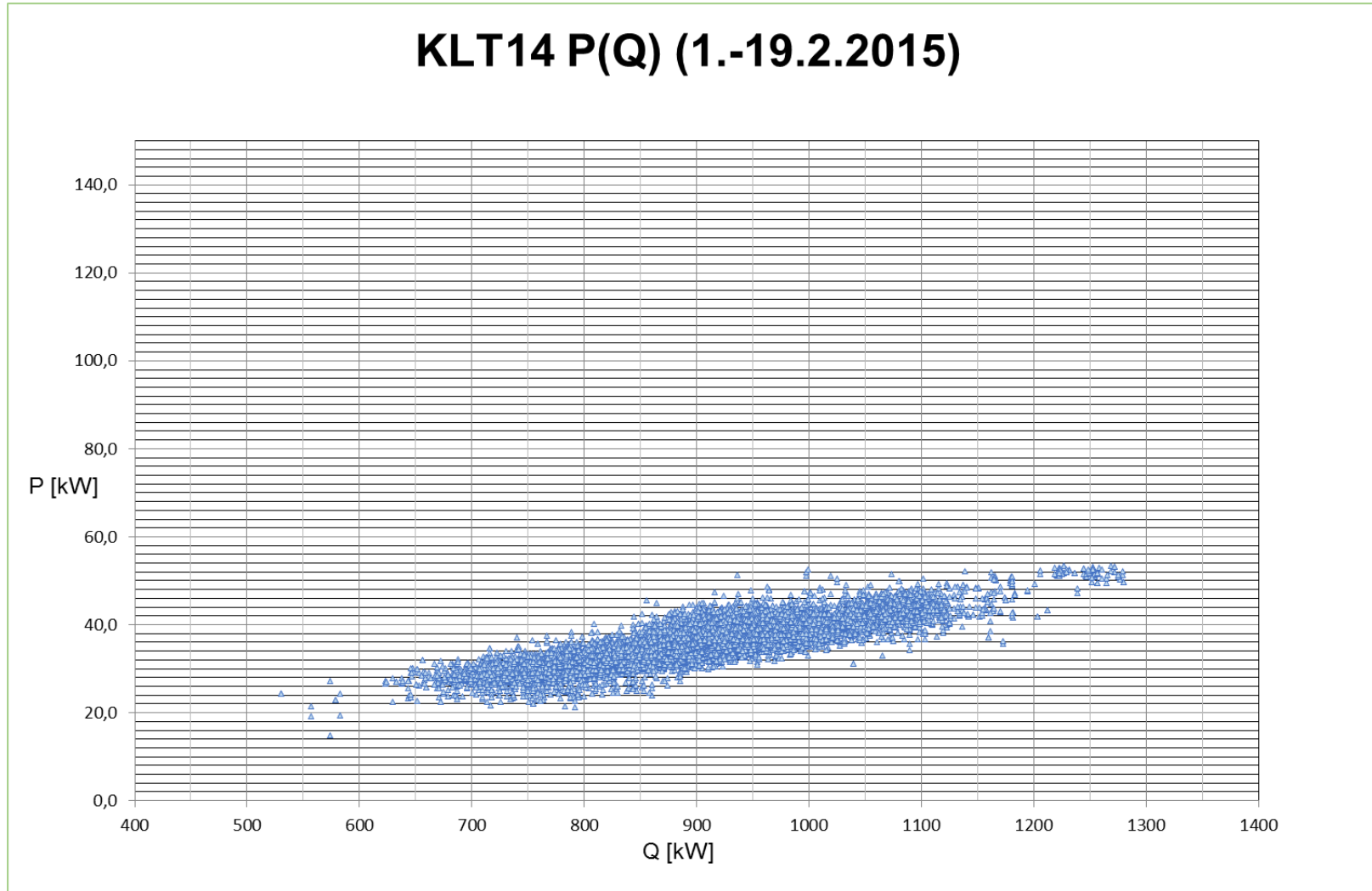


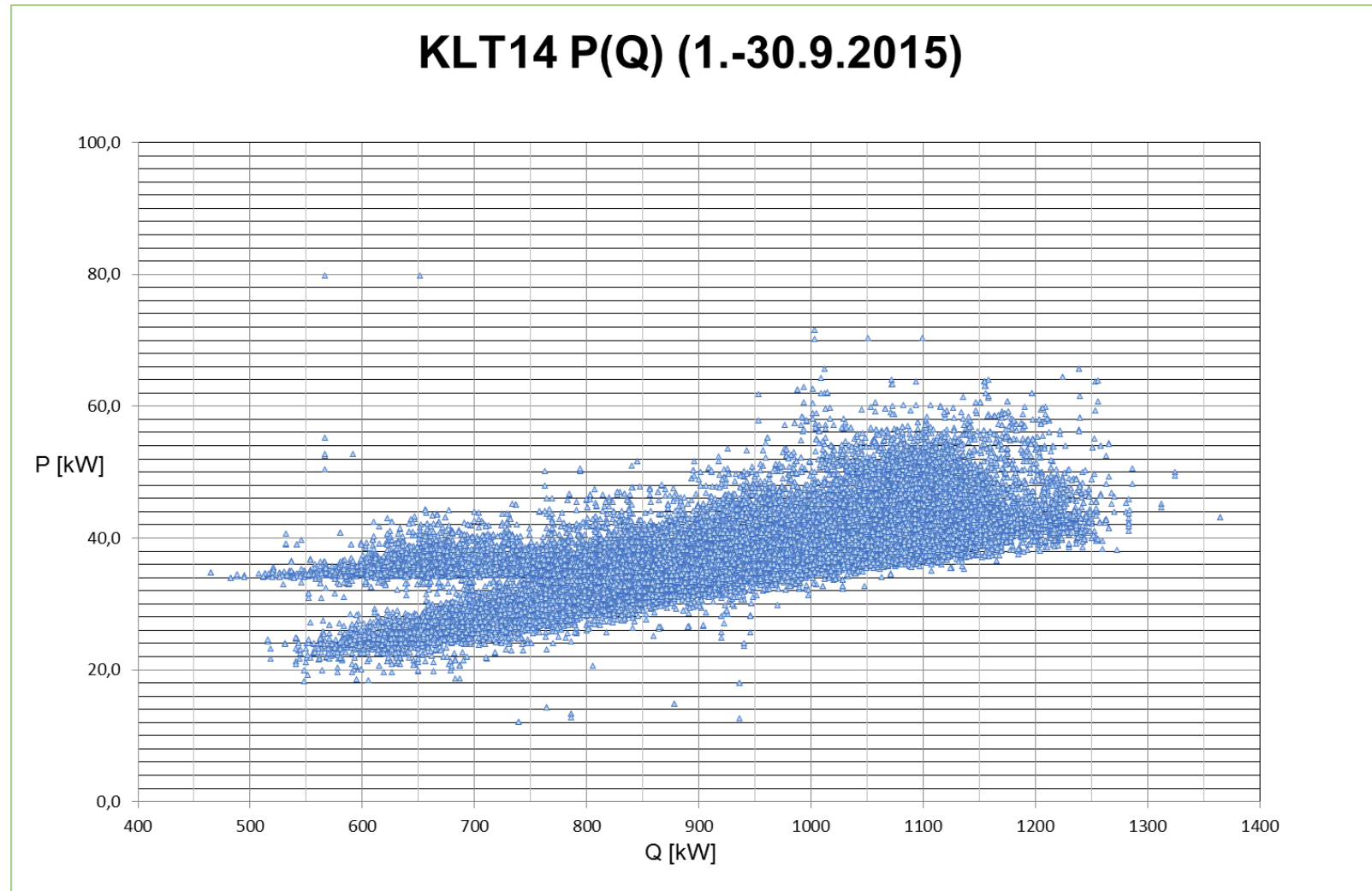
- Data collected by building automation system can be inaccurate for system analysis
 - Changes of $\pm X$ are ignored (not recorded) since value is used for control decision
 - Sensor readout frequency limited by connectivity. Same value is recorded for in-between timestamps.
- Gaps in data not considered critical
- Data quality and accuracy is not guaranteed

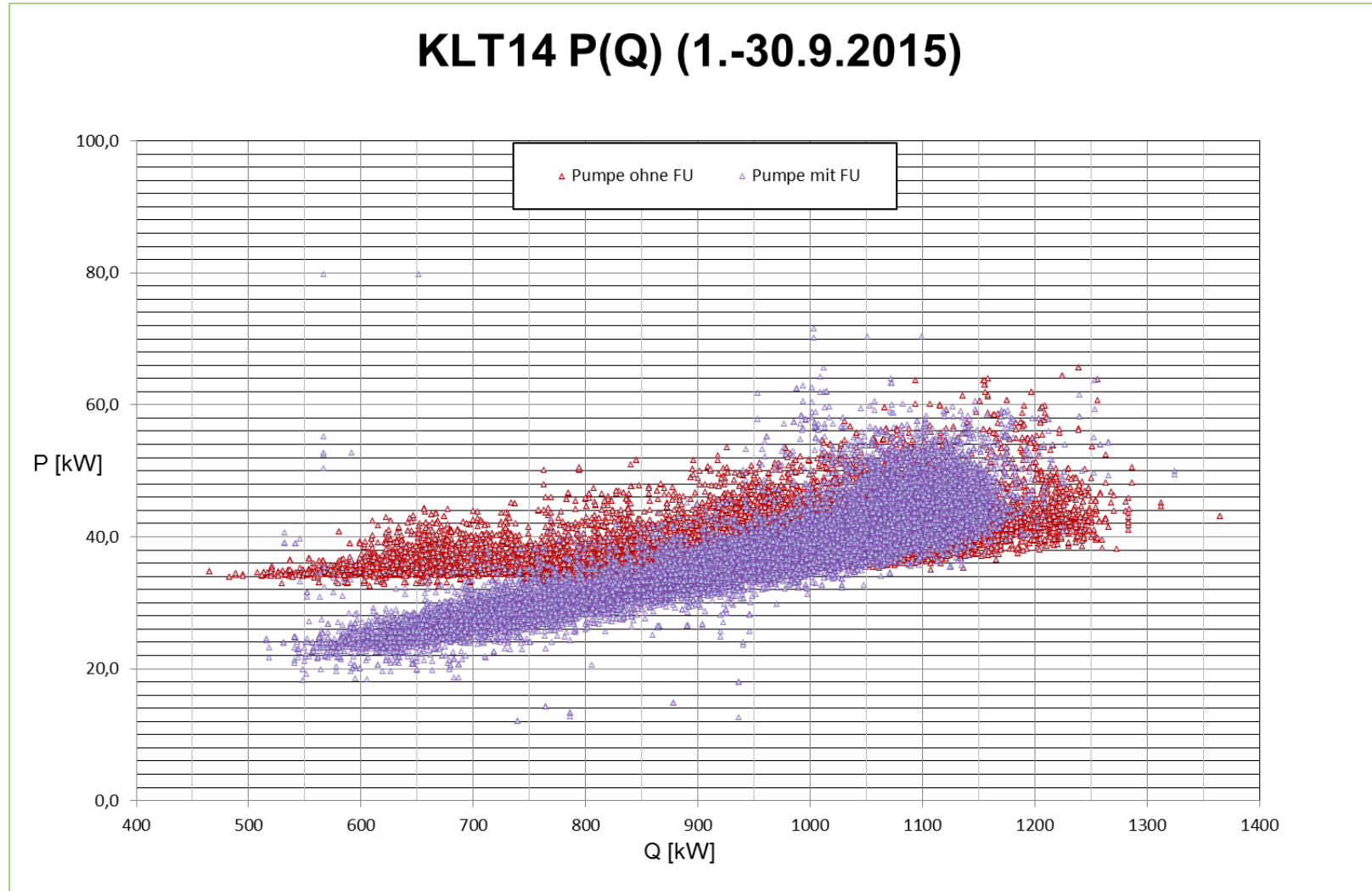
- Currently thinking about data verification and validation options

Machine Learning - COP Prediction (March 2015 learned, April predicted)



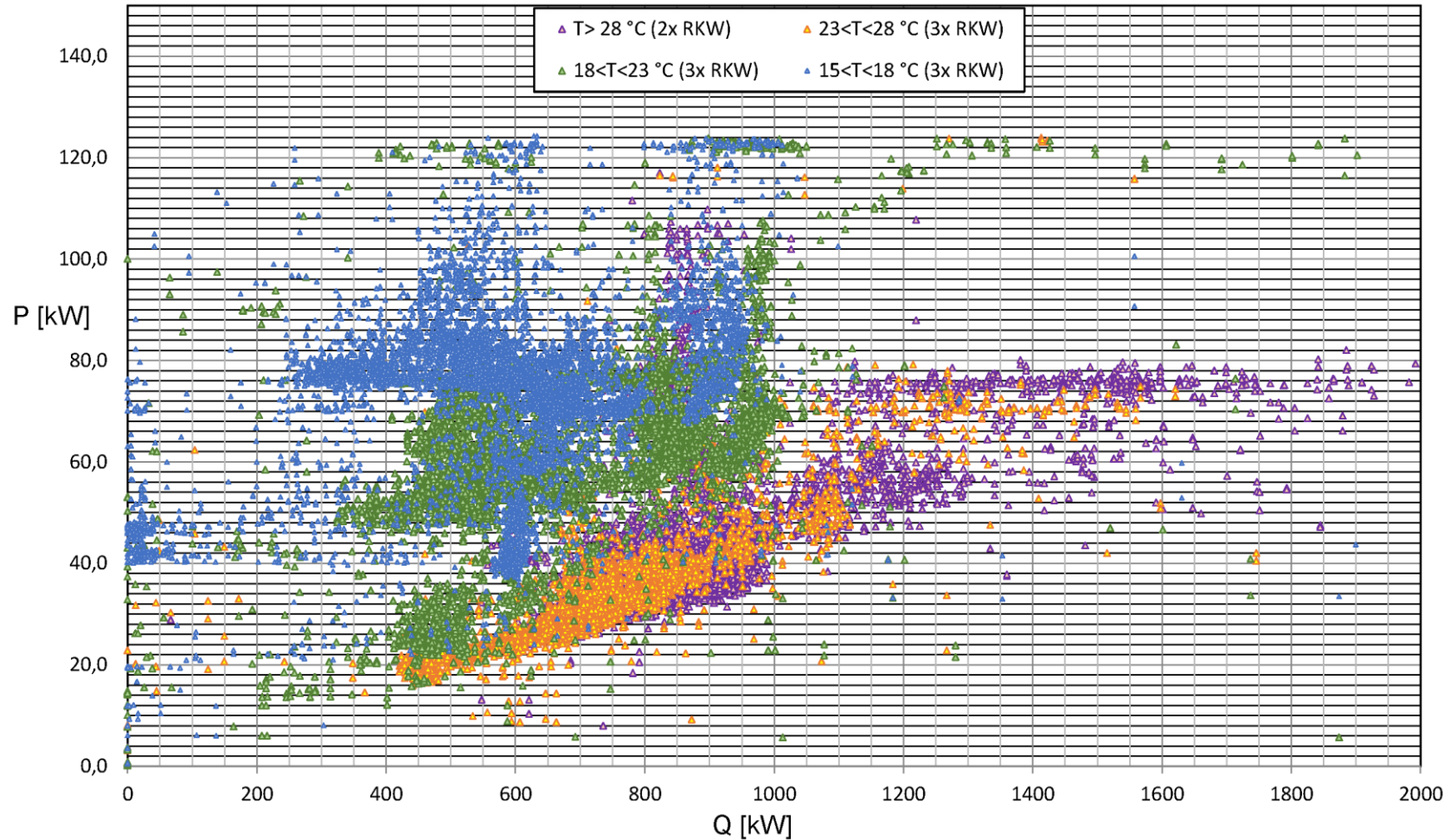






Cold generation vs. Power Consumption (Chillerless Cooling Circuit KLT14)

KLT14 P(Q) (15.3.-15.4.2015)



- Data Analytics Support
- Documented Access To All Data Center Monitoring and Management Systems
- Hooks into Data Center Management Systems

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SIM  PEK

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