VIRGINIA:

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PRIVILEGES & ELECTIONS

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REDISTRICTING

.

PUBLIC HEARING

:

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ROANOKE HIGHER EDUCATION CENTER

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4	Delegate Rob Bell Delegate Todd Gilbert Delegate Lagar Butners	
5	Delegate Lacey Putney	
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8	SPEAKERS: PAGE:	
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hearing. Over the last year the committees

24

have conducted public hearings across the state to hear from the public about the redistricting process that we are now about.

2.

In addition, eight public hearings on redistricting are scheduled across the Commonwealth before the General Assembly convenes next week on April 4. During these hearings, those of us on subcommittees and committee will be in listening mode. We welcome public comment which has been and continues to be received and will be considered.

These hearings are an opportunity for those of us in the General Assembly to hear from the public and to receive your input.

We are under significant time constraints, because elections take place this year, where most states have them in 2012. The redistricting timetable is short.

It has only been one month since we have received correct census numbers. There have been dramatic population shifts in Virginia. These shifts require changes in district lines. Some districts were grossly

overpopulated. Others were significantly underpopulated.

Plans have been presented to legislative services. These plans will be considered and they may be changed. Your comments tonight may be very helpful in seeing that the correct changes are made.

We would ask that when you make your remarks if you would limit them. We give special stars for brevity. We would ask you if you could possibly limit your remarks to no more than three minutes.

Any other members of the panel wish to add anything to that? Our first presenter is Dana Oliver. Dana? And Dana will be followed by Sarah Bohn. I hope I have said that correctly. I apologize. If Sara could come on up to the front.

And Dana, thank you. Good to see you. Thank you for being here tonight.

MS. OLIVER: On behalf of the Montgomery County Registrar, he asked me to bring this before you-all. He has a precinct that is only three people in the Blacksburg

	Pag
1	area that is in a 12th House District, and
2	the remainder is in his 7th House District.
3	So may I step to bring you a copy of this?
4	SENATOR REYNOLDS: Surely. Thank you.
5	I am going to put a circle around it. Is
6	that this area here?
7	MS. OLIVER: Yes.
8	SENATOR REYNOLDS: Dana, thank you.
9	Next we will hear from Sara and followed by
10	John Snidow.
11	MS. BOHN: Good evening, gentlemen. My
12	name is Sara Bohn. I am with the Chamber of
13	Montgomery County, and the packet that's
14	being handed out summarizes our position of
15	how we feel we would be a community of
16	interest in all cases.
17	If you turn to Page 7, you will see
18	that Montgomery County would comprise
19	approximately the right size for a delegate
20	district.
21	Right now, if you turn to the next
22	page, you will see how the proposed
23	redistricting divides up the county. We
24	would go from two delegates to three

delegates. It would split Blacksburg and
Christiansburg.

We feel that Blacksburg and
Christiansburg are a key community of
interest, especially because of Virginia Tech
and its impact in our community. We would
love you to consider keeping those two towns
together, as well as the immediate
surrounding district. And that is what Page
7 illustrates, if you would be so kind to
consider that.

Turning to Page -- bear with me -- 11, you will see our proposed Senatorial district includes the New River Valley. The New River Valley is an important economic engine for Southwest Virginia. It includes Montgomery County as the heart.

But if we include part of Roanoke

County and the New River Valley, we will

comprise about the right population count for

a Senatorial district, so we ask you to take

into consideration the businesses that are

represented on each of these pages on the

left-hand side that are in support of this

proposal, as well as the math on the right-hand side that supports -- that this redistricting could happen with your consideration.

The next page is what is proposed.

What is proposed is that -- at least the

Senatorial proposal on the table does include

Blacksburg and Christiansburg. We are very

happy about that. We would hope that the

Riner area could be included, also, and that

is what shows up on my Page -- on our Page

11.

Lastly, on Page 13. We feel that the Blacksburg, Montgomery County, New River
Valley, Roanoke Valley, and Lynchburg, are a community of interest of similar commercial, educational, and recreational interests. And we propose that these areas be a congressional district, and the pink highlighted areas be another congressional district since they are rural, of rural interest — of coal, textile, and lump timber interest — and the Congressman who would represent that would have a similar interest

1 to represent.

The information on the last page basically supports all of that documentation, and we ask that you consider that as you move forward with your decision making.

Thank you very much.

SENATOR REYNOLDS: Thank you. John Snidow followed by Kay Chitwood.

MR. SNIDOW: Good evening. I am John Snidow from Hardy. I confess right off the bat I don't have the paperwork I really need to understand what's happening.

I talked to Bill Stanley this
afternoon. Senator Stanley informed me that
it looked like the 5th Congressional District
was going to run from the North Carolina
border, as it presently does, all the way
to -- nearly to Warrenton. And my comment on
that is that it's so long and so difficult to
service, I can't imagine any politician or
any candidate able to truly service that.
From the traffic pattern in the airport at
Warrenton, in a little airplane, you can see
West Virginia, D.C., and Maryland, and so I

think it would under serve an awful lot of people by doing that.

I was also told that there was at least one precinct -- and that may have been in the state senate -- somewhere in Franklin County, I believe, that would only have 12 voters in it, and I hope we can avoid that.

I understand redistricting and all of the attendant problems, but I hope we can do better. Thank you.

SENATOR REYNOLDS: Thank you. Kay
Chitwood. I notice that we have been joined
by Senator Stanley who was just mentioned.
Good to have you with us tonight, Bill.
Thank you.

MS. CHITWOOD: Good evening, gentlemen.

I am Kay from Franklin County, and I have
some concerns with the town proposal for the
Senate that looks like it's going to be
splitting eight of our precincts, some that
only have like 17 people in some of those
districts. And I don't have a copy for you,
but I can leave you a copy of what I have
here, and then Mr. Austin said I could send

1 you anything else that we needed to do that
2 with.

The other thing would be the Jones proposal for the House where there is -- it looks like they followed the current precinct lines, and our precinct lines for that area, because Franklin County grew 18-point-something percent, we have had to change some of those. So I would just like for you-all to see if there is some way we could follow more of the precinct lines than cutting into all of those different communities in the precinct.

14 SENATOR REYNOLDS: Ron Adkins. Thank
15 you.

MS. CHITWOOD: Do you want me to leave this with you?

SENATOR REYNOLDS: Yeah, if you could give that to...

MR. ADKINS: I am Ron Adkins. I'm sorry I can't get over there, but I am Ron Adkins. I live at 3057 Timberlane Avenue in Roanoke County, and I am the secretary of the Roanoke County Electoral Board.

I want to -- what little bit I have seen, gentlemen, quite frankly, I think we have totally got one Senatorial seat taken away from us and it's hid up north. I mean, the audacity of and -- I hate to say it -- stupidity of what I am seeing here by whoever is drawing these boundary lines, after listening to the Governor and the House and the Senate say we are going to do this to have people in an integrity area to -- where all things should be together.

Well, I haven't seen anything. This is my third hearing I have been to. My third hearing that I have spoke to the committee, and, quite frankly, I don't think whoever is doing this -- and I am looking at some of you people that are doing it right now -- in the House don't give a hoot about the citizens of Virginia about keeping it in a compact area that has relationship to one location or another to the cities and the counties within each boundary.

Plus, Roanoke County appears to be the whipping boy of drawing lines in Southwestern

Virginia. Quite frankly, gentlemen, it's going to cost Roanoke County right now probably anywhere from 35,000 to 50,000 just to do the mailings to take care of notifying our citizens of where they are going to have to go to to vote at different locations.

Plus, whoever drew these lines we are looking at, at least two split precincts. I am talking about split precincts. Now, it don't take a rocket scientist to figure out if you folks are telling us you could do this on a computer that you would even have the intelligence to split a precinct. And not only in this area, it's all over the state. With the computerization that we have available today, we shouldn't have one split precinct.

This is something I think you people need to understand, and I appreciate you letting me speak. Thank you.

SENATOR REYNOLDS: Thank you,

Mr. Adkins. David Helms is next. I hope I

pronounced that right. It may be Holmes. I

apologize if I messed up on it.

MR. HELMER: Thank you, sir. My name
is David Helmer. I am from Roanoke County,
and I work as an election official in Glenvar
for the Roanoke County, but I actually live
in Hollins Magisterial District, which I have
for over 40 years.

So I want to focus my quick attention upon Roanoke County, which I am familiar with, and particularly the Hollins

Magisterial District, which is the north and the east part of Roanoke County.

The Senate plan for Mr. Watkins versus the Senate Plan for Mr. -- from Senator Howell, I think the principal that should be used for anyplace, not just Roanoke County, is having the communities to be together, pretty close -- don't try to break up the common logical economic communities.

The current plan under the Senator

Watkins breaks the Hollins district into

three districts, three senators, dumb, stupid

and illogical, best I can describe. It

doesn't make any sense to take it out and

break it up into three different parts.

1 That's what it does.

The Howell proposal does a much better job of abiding to that principal. Thank you.

SENATOR REYNOLDS: Thank you. Next presenter and Marcy Hernich, I think. Am I close? I apologize.

MS. HERNICH: Yes, that's good. Hi,
I'm Marcy Hernich. I am from Montgomery
County. I just have a couple of points that
I want to make.

The first was it didn't seem like with some of the lines that were drawn, especially on the Howell Senate Plan that any of the counties were consulted about what they considered communities of interest, because some of the lines that were drawn don't really seem to reflect what we felt were communities of interest in the county.

I will just mention that with regards to the particular senate plan, I know

Montgomery County has come out with their proposed redistricting plans, and we spent a lot of time trying to get rid of and actually eliminated all of the precincts that were

split between having people in town and county to avoid a lot of the problems on election day.

With the Howell plan that's proposed, eight precincts in Montgomery County will be split. I mean, that's over 36 percent of our precincts. That represents, I feel, a huge problem for us.

Another thing I will mention is that with the changes in the Howell plan versus the current Senate districts, it seemed like the movement of the district is actually the opposite of how the county justified -- basically redistricted and defined the communities of interest. And so I thought that the Watkins plan was better in that it splits fewer precincts in Montgomery County and more closely follows what the county identifies as its communities of interest.

My last point is with regards to the House of Delegates Redistricting Plan, and just one point would be that if you look at the 8th House of Delegate District as proposed, there seems to be one precinct that

just sticks out and doesn't seem to really take place very well, and that would be the C4 precinct. It seemed like the C4 precinct would be a better fit in line with the rest of the House of Delegates 7 District rather than the House of Delegates 8.

That's it. Thank you.

SENATOR REYNOLDS: Thank you. Next is Steve Mabry. Steve, I apologize if I said that wrong.

MR. MABRY: You said it just perfect.

My name is Steve Mabry, and I am from the

City of Roanoke.

A couple of weeks ago we had a chance to meet with the nonpartisan panel that was set up to present some alternatives and to explain the concept of redistricting to us over at Virginia Western. A lot of the faces that are here tonight were present then. It was also a pretty multi-partisan audience at that meeting.

And one of the things that was made abundantly clear from all sides of the political spectrum was that we were pretty

unanimous in supporting developing the redistricting to reflect the communities of interest. Economic interest, geographic interest, and the like.

One of the speakers at that meeting cautioned us to be sure that we didn't get into a sausage-making situation here, and I would say that, obviously, some of those concerns were not heard.

In looking at the Senate -- the Senate redistricting, I would submit that when you see all of the jagged lines that are running back and forth like you see in the Howell plan there is a lot of sausage being made there, and I think giving praise where recognition is due, I think the Howell plan is a absolute magnificent example of sausage making and would cite a couple of indications to that effect.

Looking at -- pick the 22nd Senate

District. It's not my district, but it

happens to be one that is close to us here.

The old 22nd as reflected now in the Howell

plan stretches from West Virginia to

Lynchburg, from Southwest Roanoke County to

Wytheville on to Carroll County, from Radford

to Kentucky. Now, this is all the community

of interest that was formally the 22nd

District.

Also cite a good look at the 15th and the 20th Senate Districts as reflected in the Howell plan. It's just unbelievable the amount of effort that was gone to to gerrymander, I will say the word, the populations and the districts that are there.

Again, I would like to encourage you-all to take the message back to the General Assembly that we spoke very loudly endorsing developing the redistricting plan to reflect communities of interest, and I would say that what is here, as evident in the Howell plan, does not reflect those concerns.

So I would ask your understanding and your action to bring that in line with those concerns from our citizens. Thank you.

SENATOR REYNOLDS: Thank you. The next name is Jim Crosby, I think. I may be --

1 MR. CROSBY: I'm going to pass.

SENATOR REYNOLDS: The next is Judy

Stokes. If there is anyone else who wishes

to speak, please identify yourself to our

clerk here, Nathan, coming up here this way.

Yes, ma'am.

MS. STOKES: Thank you, Senators and Delegates. I appreciate the opportunity to have you-all listen to us and to hear our concerns and our comments. I know you have got a tough job to do. It's hard enough doing it at a local level. I can't imagine at a state level.

In Roanoke County, the House plan splits one of our precincts and puts 1,911 people in part of it and 417 people in another part of it. 417 people is not enough to set up another precinct, and it's hard when you have got a split precinct for the people coming into vote not to be confused. We have to have two sets of officers of elections, we have to have two sets of machines, we have to have two sets of electronic poll books, so it causes a lot of

1 confusion.

Senator Howell's plan splits our north side precinct, again, 1,605 in the 19th

Senate District and 436 in the 21st. Here again, we have got less than 500 people, so it's not enough to set up a whole another precinct, so would ask you if you could please take a look at that. Thank you.

SENATOR REYNOLDS: Thank you. Next, Brenda Hale.

MS. HALE: Thank you. I am glad I didn't use my three minutes to get up here.

Good evening to everyone. I am President of the Roanoke Branch NAACP.

The Roanoke Valley is unique. One of the most precious commodities that we have in the Roanoke Valley is our children. A textbook example of legislators working together was the mission of sending Roanoke City children and Roanoke County children and Salem children all together to school in August. They worked tirelessly together to do this.

And what I want you to glean from that

	Fage
1	is the togetherness of the legislators
2	working together, because we believe if they
3	can do it one time they can do it again.
4	We are asking you to bear in mind not
5	to fracture the legislators and we are asking
6	you not to fracture the minority vote. And
7	we believe that if we can keep this together,
8	the lines congruent with the needs of the
9	citizens being served equitably and fairly,
10	then everyone wins. I thank you.
11	SENATOR REYNOLDS: Thank you. Judge
12	Pattisall. I think you have
13	JUDGE PATTISALL: May I stand over
14	here?
15	SENATOR REYNOLDS: Yes, sir.
16	JUDGE PATTISALL: I hate having my back
17	to people when I speak. I have looked at the
18	population figures.
19	SENATOR REYNOLDS: Would you identify
20	yourself for the record, please?
21	JUDGE PATTISALL: I am Richard
22	Pattisall. I'm a citizen of the Roanoke
23	County.
24	I have looked at the population

figures. I have looked at the traditional redistricting principals as laid down by the U.S. Supreme Court, and those principals of seven factors. Compactness, continuity, preservation of political subdivisions, preservations of communities of interest, preservations of the core of prior districts, and compliance with the Voting Rights Act.

In looking at this, I have not had the benefit of a computer, nor have I had census tracks, nor past political votes in districts and so forth and so on. I am coming at this strictly from a legal point of view of what is required to do the redistricting.

There are 55 House districts that have enough population to have a Delegate from that 80,010 people that live there. Within the borders of a county or city, there are 55 qualified districts. At the present there are only about 24, somewhere along there.

In the Senate there are 16 counties or cities that have enough population to have a Senator from within its own boundaries. Now, you have talked about not splitting

precincts, not splitting Magisterial
districts, not splitting counties, not
splitting cities.

I submit to you that the law requires that as many of these compact contiguous districts that serve a community of interest that preserve political subdivisions that do away with the unnecessary splitting and dividing of Magisterial districts, precincts, and the like, should be the goal, not the exception.

I have here a list of the Senate districts. Fairfax County with 1,104,000 and few odds is entitled to five Senatorial districts within the boundaries of Fairfax County. Not Fairfax County, part of that, part of Arlington, part of Alexandria, part of Loudoun County, part of Prince William, but five within Fairfax County.

Loudoun one, Arlington one, Prince
William two, Richmond one, Henrico one,
Chesterfield one, Virginia Beach two,
Chesapeake one, and Norfolk one.

In the House districts, Fairfax County

has the population for 13 districts of 80,010

people within the district. Compact,

contiguous, preservation of political

subdivision, preservation of community

interest, all of the requirements are met.

Arlington County has two, Loudoun

County three, Prince William five, Alexandria
one, Stafford County one, Spotsylvania County
one, Hanover County one, Richmond two,

Henrico County three, Chesterfield County
three, Newport News two, Hampton one, Norfolk
three, Portsmouth one, Virginia Beach five,

Chesapeake two, Suffolk one, Albemarle County
one, Roanoke County -- Roanoke County one,

City of Roanoke one, Montgomery County one
district on its own.

80,010 people deserve to be represented by one of their own. Thank you.

SENATOR REYNOLDS: Next Brown Burton followed by Charles Jordan.

MR. BURTON: Would you bring up the Howell plan for the whole state, please.

I'm Brown Burton from Roanoke County.

I appreciate you taking your time to listen

to your constituents and hear what we have to say.

I haven't looked at anything other than the Howell plan for the Senate, so my comments are directed to that.

The Constitution of the Commonwealth of Virginia says, Article 2 Section 6, Every electoral district shall be composed of contiguous and compact territory.

I don't think you have reached that within more than half the districts in this plan. I think what we have here is representatives picking their voters, not voters picking their representatives.

When I opened this up this morning, I looked at it. I said this looks like somebody on drugs did this with an Etch A Sketch. This is a shame, what we have done here, but I know people will say, Well, it's difficult to do when you have to take this into consideration and you have to take that into consideration.

And just looking around on the internet -- you know, there was a contest

among the college students. It was the

Virginia College and University of

Legislative Redistricting Competition. I

encourage you to go in there and look at that

and see how they divided it up. There is not

all these snaky lines and there's not all

these districts.

There is districts on here that are less than a quarter of a mile wide in a lot of places. We need to do something better than that, and we need to look at what options are available to us. I would appreciate you-all going back to Richmond and reconsidering this thing and looking at it and looking at what these college students did and see how they came up with it and see if we can come up with something a little better than what we have got there behind you.

Thank you very much.

SENATOR REYNOLDS: Charles Jordan.

Kristin Peckman.

MS. PECKMAN: I am Kristin Peckman from Roanoke County. I am with the Virginia

1 League of Conservation Voters.

Our concern is that we can come as a nonpartisan group and speak to our legislators representing communities of interest.

We have had a competition among the colleges and law schools which has gone into great detail to come up with good plans, and I was kind of blindsided tonight to find that we have a couple of Senate district plans already in the works and a couple of -- and one House district, which I haven't had a chance to look at in detail, although I do -- did notice that the Howell plan has got a lot of appendages on the map which don't appear very useful.

But looking at the competitions, which
I have looked at in some detail, for the
State Senate, the second place in the
competition division which was William and
Mary Law School did have only 68 counties
split up, which is a low number compared to
most of the others, and it had 14 competitive
districts. Competitive districts are the

most important, because then there can actually be a discussion of the issues and not simply one candidate running against nobody else.

I notice that you haven't discussed the Congressional districts at all, but I would like to recommend both of the first place teams, William and Mary Law School and the UVa team won in the governor/commission division because they have kept Roanoke County pretty much in the same district.

Also, going back to the Senate districts, another reason why I like William and Mary Law School's plan is that most of Roanoke County is with Roanoke City. The fact that we have a city in the middle of a county makes no sense, and they should be combined in the same Congressional district, or in this case the same Senate district.

So just to sum up, having the districts compact and congruent and creating as many competitive districts as possible should be your -- among your key requirements. Thank you.

SENATOR REYNOLDS: Thank you. RoxAnne

Christley? I hope I have said that right.

3 MS. CHRISTLEY: They have said what I want to say.

SENATOR REYNOLDS: Other names? Next is -- I'm sorry, I can't read it. Huber,
County of Pulaski. Is it Pete Huber? I beg your pardon. It took me a second to figure it out, Mr. Huber. I apologize.

MR. HUBER: As long as it's got more than four letters, I am happy. My name is Pete Huber, County Administer. My specific job is not to be political, so this is really a process suggestion, and that would be if you give -- my understanding is the deadline for the localities is the end of this month, 29th of April, to have our local redistricting plans submitted.

If you need to speed that process up some, willing to do that, if you could just use the precincts that are picked by the locality as the basis for what's done by the state it would eliminate all the split precinct issues, I believe, and that would

certainly help us out from an administrative standpoint.

There is a concern of cost and such with split precincts, and this would be one way you could certainly help the partnership between local and state governments to consider that. Thank you.

SENATOR REYNOLDS: Thank you. Next -- I'm sorry -- Aaron, and it looks like
Houchens, and I apologize.

MR. HOUCHENS: My name is Aaron

Houchens. I'm originally from Franklin

County, now living in Roanoke. I don't know

where I will end up in this district.

Probably in someone's new.

I have a strong concern when we are splitting so many precincts. We have to worry about the local impact it's going to have on our registrars and the cost to them. For example, when we look at the 20th District, I think we are going to split 25 precincts -- 25 precincts -- and it's clear that it's going to have an impact on not only our communities of interest, but also on our

Page 33 registrars, and it's going to have an impact 1 2 on how people function in these communities. We need to take that into consideration 3 4 before we start drawing lines and cherry 5 picking voters into the districts that fit our political preferences. Thank you. 6 Thank you. Is there 7 SENATOR REYNOLDS: anyone else who wishes to speak that hasn't 8 9 had a chance? 10 Anyone here on the panel have anything 11 to say? If not, declare the meeting ended. 12 Thank you very much for your 13 participation. 14 (8:04 p.m.)15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

1	CERTIFICATE	
2	COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA	
3	CITY OF ROANOKE	
4	I, Mary J. Butenschoen, RPR, Notary Public in	
5	and for the Commonwealth of Virginia, at Large, do	
6	hereby certify that the proceedings were by me reduced	
7	to machine shorthand, afterwards transcribed by me by	
8	means of computer, and that to the best of my ability	
9	the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the	
10	proceedings as aforesaid.	
11	I further certify that these proceedings were	
12	taken at the time and place specified in the foregoing	
13	caption.	
14	I further certify that I am not a relative,	
15	counsel or attorney for either party, or otherwise	
16	interested in the outcome of this action.	
17	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand	
18	at Roanoke, Virginia, on the 13th day of April, 2011.	
19		
20		
21	MARY J. BUTENSCHOEN, RPR NOTARY PUBLIC	
22		
23	My Commission expires May 31, 2012 Number 228402	
24		

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