# **CHANGE REQUEST COVER SHEET**

#### Change Request Number: 12-84

**Date Received:** 6/1/2012

**Title:** Small Business Policy

Name: Tim Eckert

**Phone:** (202) 267-7527

Policy OR Guidance: Policy

Section/Text Location Affected: 3.2.2.2

**Summary of Change:** Addition of language clarifying when acquisitions between \$10,000 and \$100,000 are reserved exclusively for SEDB 8(a) firms

Reason for Change: Consistency with AMS 3.6.1.3.4

**Development, Review, and/or Concurrence:** Small Business Office, Acquisition Policy, Procurement Legal, and Contracting Organizations at HQ, Centers and Service Areas.

Target Audience: Contracting Workforce and Program Offices

Potential Links within FAST for the Change: None

Briefing Planned: No

ASAG Responsibilities: None

Potential Links within FAST for the Change: None

Links for New/Modified Forms (or) Documents (LINK 1) null

Links for New/Modified Forms (or) Documents (LINK 2) null

Links for New/Modified Forms (or) Documents (LINK 3) null

## SECTIONS EDITED:

Acquisition Management Policy: Section 3.2.2.2 : Policy [Old Content][New Content] [RedLine Content]

#### SECTIONS EDITED:

## Section 3.2.2.2 : Policy

**Old Content:** <u>Acquisition Management Policy</u>: **Section 3.2.2.2 : Policy** 

The FAA procures products and services from sources offering the best value to satisfy FAA's mission needs. Considering complexity, dollar value, and availability of products and services in the marketplace, FAA has flexibility to use any method of procurement deemed appropriate to satisfy FAA's mission.

The FAA provides reasonable access to competition for vendors interested in doing business with FAA. Competition among two or more sources is the preferred method of procurement. When competition is not feasible, procurements may be on a single source basis if there is a documented rational for the decision; documentation for this decision is not required for procurements with a total estimated value of less than \$10,000.

Procurements with a total estimated value exceeding \$10,000 but not over \$100,000 are reserved exclusively for competition among socially and economically disadvantaged business [SEDB/(8(a))] vendors, pursuant to AMS policy 3.6.1.3.4.. If the CO, with review by the cognizant small and disadvantaged business utilization specialist, determines that an SEDB/(8(a)) set-aside is not in FAA's best interest due to quality, price, or delivery, then the decision must be documented.

The CO must issue a public announcement informing industry of FAA's procurement strategy before, or concurrent with, releasing an initial SIR.

Each SIR must contain specific evaluation criteria that FAA will use to evaluate offeror's submittals. When using complex and noncommercial source selection methods, FAA must include past performance as an evaluation factor. If appropriate, FAA may use process capability of suppliers as an evaluation factor according to established criteria. Cost or price considerations must be an evaluation factor in all final selection decisions. Any request for offer (RFO) must include a requirement for a formal cost or price proposal. The source evaluation team must document the findings of the evaluation. The source selection official (SSO) must base all selection or screening decisions on evaluation criteria established in each SIR. The CO must conduct debriefings with all offerors that request them.

Responsible contractors only may receive awards. To be determined responsible, a prospective contractor:

• Has or can obtain adequate financial resources to perform a contract;

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- Has the ability to meet any required or proposed delivery schedules;
- Has a satisfactory performance history;
- Has a satisfactory record of integrity and proper business ethics;
- Has appropriate accounting and operational controls that may include, but are not limited to: production control, property control systems, quality assurance programs, and appropriate safety programs; and
- Is qualified and eligible to receive an award under applicable laws or regulations.

The CO's signing of the contract constitutes a determination that the prospective contractor is responsible with respect to that contract. When an offer is rejected because the prospective contractor is non-responsible, the CO must make a determination of non-responsibility. The CO has broad discretion in making this determination.

# **New Content:** <u>Acquisition Management Policy</u>: Section 3.2.2.2 : Policy

The FAA procures products and services from sources offering the best value to satisfy FAA's mission needs. Considering complexity, dollar value, and availability of products and services in the marketplace, FAA has flexibility to use any method of procurement deemed appropriate to satisfy FAA's mission.

The FAA provides reasonable access to competition for vendors interested in doing business with FAA. Competition among two or more sources is the preferred method of procurement. When competition is not feasible, procurements may be on a single source basis if there is a documented rational for the decision; documentation for this decision is not required for procurements with a total estimated value of less than \$10,000.

Except for those acquisitions set aside for very small business concerns, or those acquisitions being purchased using the agency purchase card, or those acquisitions subject to AMS 3.8.4.2, acquisitions with a total estimated value exceeding \$10,000 but not over \$100,000 are reserved exclusively for competition among socially and economically disadvantaged business [SEDB/(8(a))] vendors, pursuant to AMS policy 3.6.1.3.4.. If the CO, with review by the cognizant small and disadvantaged business utilization specialist, determines that an SEDB/(8(a)) set-aside is not in FAA's best interest due to quality, price, or delivery, then the decision must be documented.

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FAST Archive 07/2012 CR 12-84 p. 3 base all selection or screening decisions on evaluation criteria established in each SIR. The CO must conduct debriefings with all offerors that request them.

Responsible contractors only may receive awards. To be determined responsible, a prospective contractor:

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# **Red Line Content:** <u>Acquisition Management Policy</u>: **Section 3.2.2.2 : Policy**

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FAST Archive 07/2012 CR 12-84 p. 4 Each SIR must contain specific evaluation criteria that FAA will use to evaluate offeror's submittals. When using complex and noncommercial source selection methods, FAA must include past performance as an evaluation factor. If appropriate, FAA may use process capability of suppliers as an evaluation factor according to established criteria. Cost or price considerations must be an evaluation factor in all final selection decisions. Any request for offer (RFO) must include a requirement for a formal cost or price proposal. The source evaluation team must document the findings of the evaluation. The source selection official (SSO) must base all selection or screening decisions on evaluation criteria established in each SIR. The CO must conduct debriefings with all offerors that request them.

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