

Welcome to Oak Ridge National Laboratory

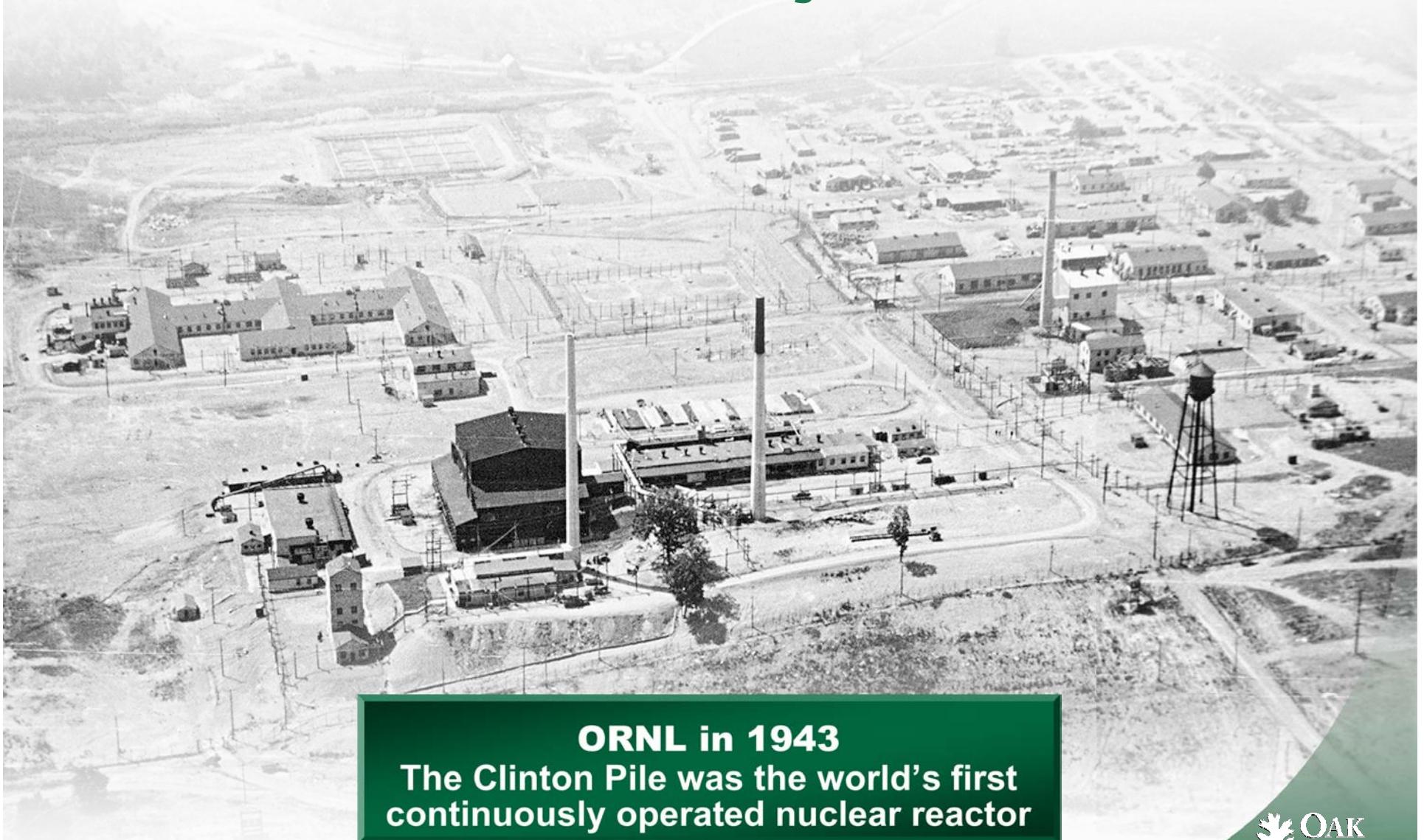
Presented to
Fusion Power Associates

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Deputy for Science and Technology

December 4, 2007
Oak Ridge, Tennessee



Oak Ridge National Laboratory evolved from the Manhattan Project



ORNL in 1943
The Clinton Pile was the world's first
continuously operated nuclear reactor

Today, ORNL is DOE's largest science and energy laboratory



- \$1.1B budget
- 4,200 employees
- 3,000 research guests annually
- \$300 million invested in modernization
- World's most powerful open scientific computing facility
- Nation's largest concentration of open source materials research
- Nation's most diverse energy portfolio
- Bringing the \$1.4B Spallation Neutron Source into operation
- Managing the billion-dollar U.S. ITER project

UT-Battelle has managed ORNL since April 2000



The University of Tennessee
Knoxville, Tennessee



Battelle
Columbus, Ohio



Duke
UNIVERSITY



Florida State
UNIVERSITY



Georgia
Tech



ORAU



VANDERBILT



UNIVERSITY
VIRGINIA



Virginia
Tech

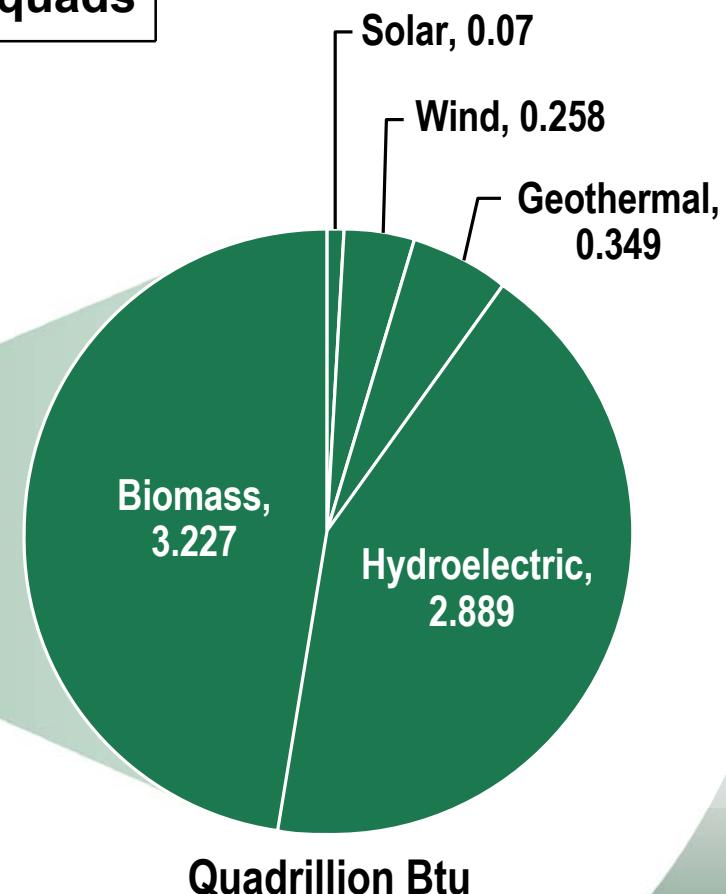
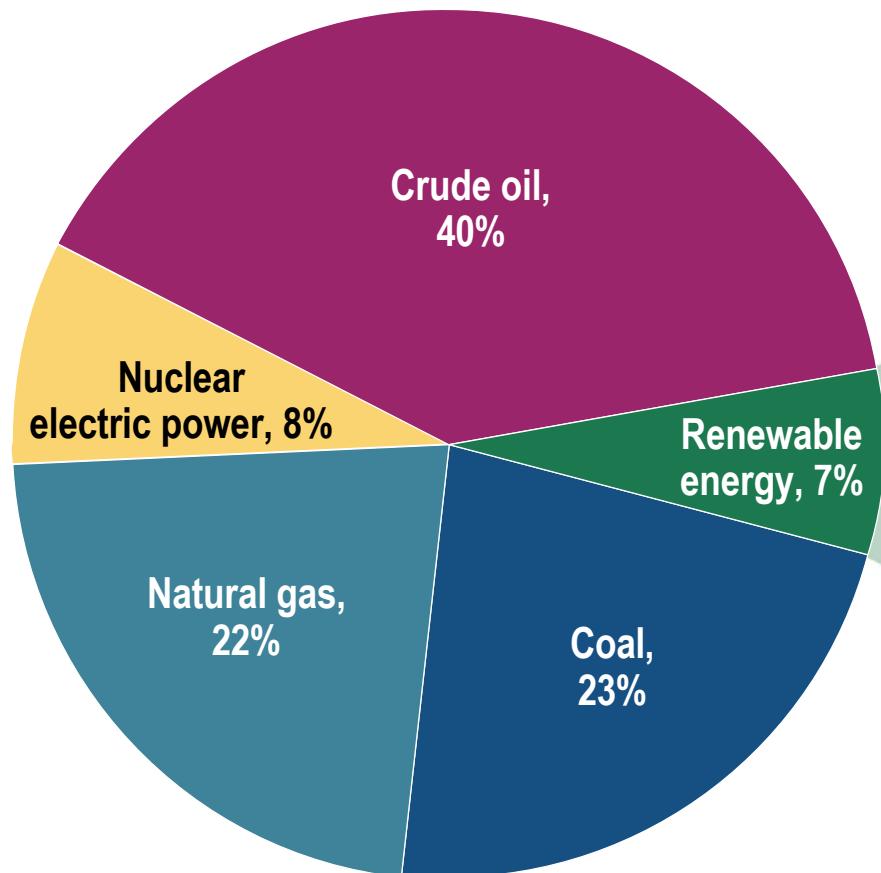


Energy has moved to the top of the international policy agenda

- Public and policy dialogue are increasingly focused on energy, broadly defined
 - Energy generation, distribution, and consumption
 - Environmental impacts of energy use
 - National security implications
 - Economic consequences
- Addressing these issues provides an enduring mission for the DOE national laboratories
 - A “very big and difficult problem” (Weinberg)
 - Similar to the national security mission that resulted in the birth of the DOE complex
 - Critically dependent on the best science and technology

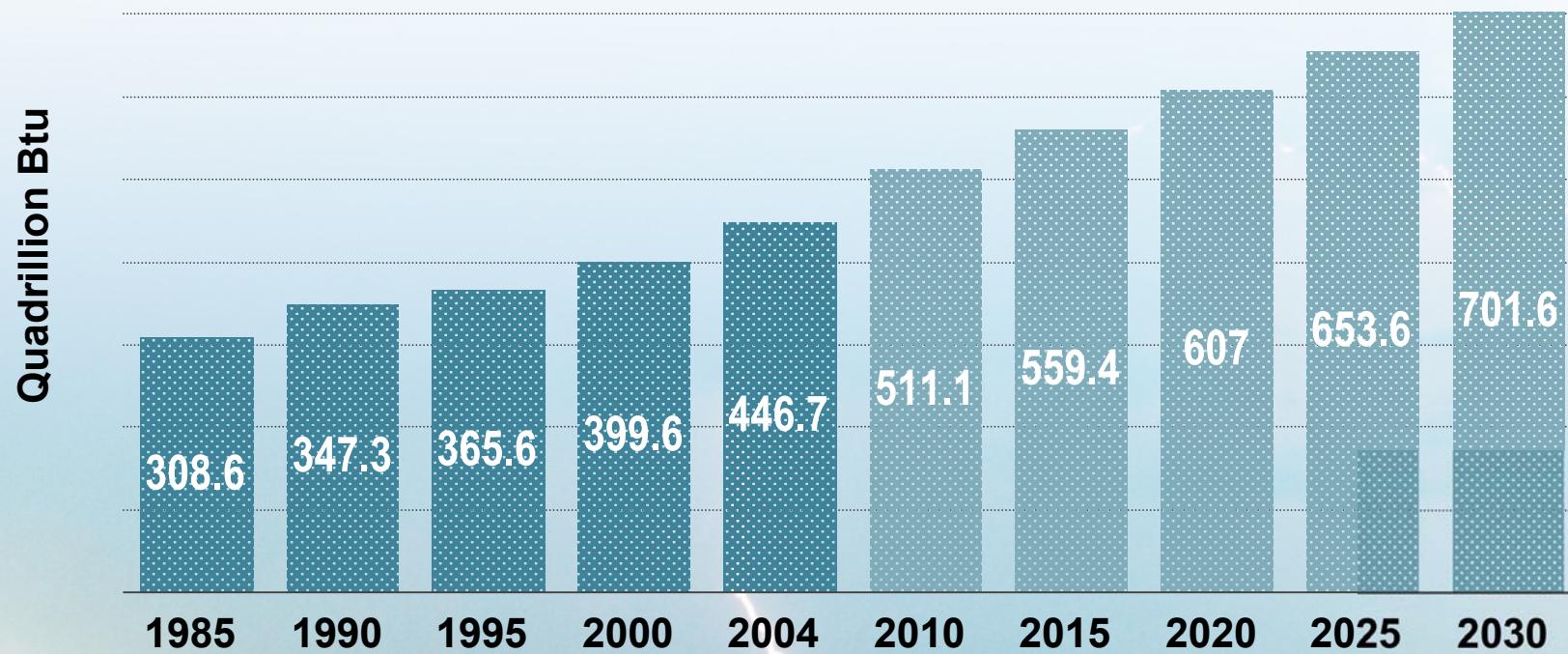
Fossil fuels are the source of most of the nation's energy

Total U.S. energy consumption, 2006:	~100 quads
Nonfossil sources:	~15 quads



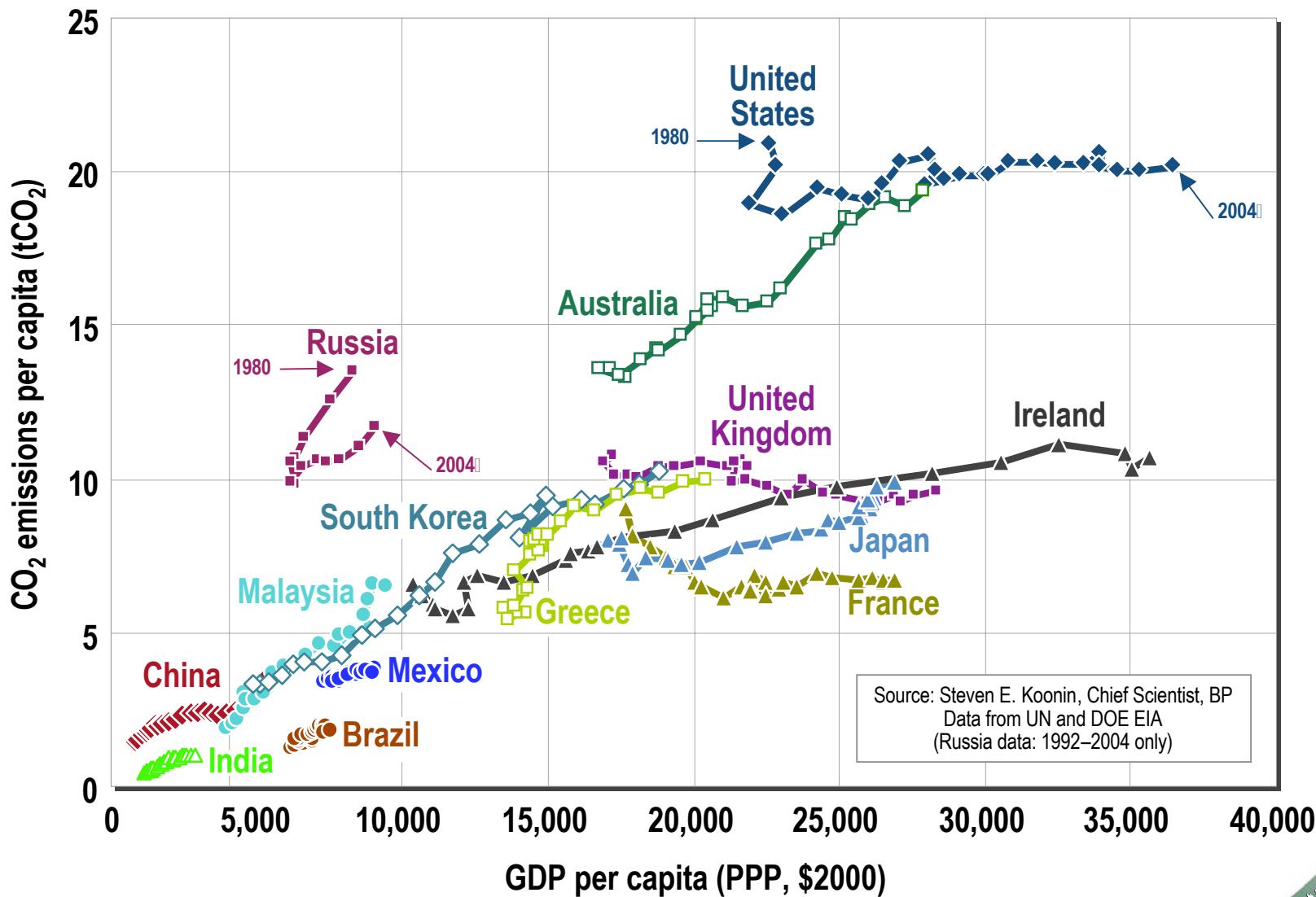
Source: Annual Energy Review 2006,
Energy Information Administration

World energy consumption is projected to increase by 57% from 2004 to 2030

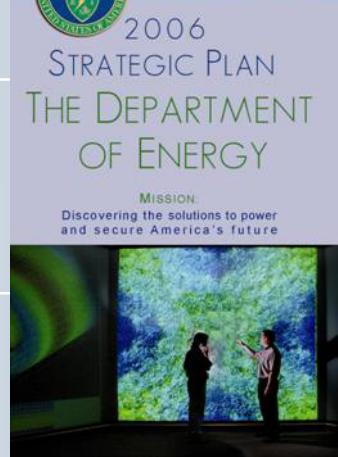


Source: International Energy Outlook 2007, DOE/EIA-0484(2007),
Energy Information Administration, May 2007

CO₂ emissions and GDP per capita (1980–2004)



How can we meet the energy challenge?

Energy diversity	<p>Increase our energy options and reduce dependence on oil</p>	
Environmental impacts of energy	<p>Improve environmental quality by reducing greenhouse gas emissions and environmental impacts to land, water, and air from energy production and use</p>	
Energy infrastructure	<p>Create a more flexible, more reliable, and higher capacity U.S. energy infrastructure</p>	
Energy productivity	<p>Cost-effectively improve the energy efficiency of the U.S. economy</p>	

**We need transformational discoveries
and truly disruptive technologies**

ORNL is uniquely positioned to deliver science and technology for energy

We have an extraordinary set of assets

- Outstanding tools for materials R&D
- World's most powerful system for open scientific computing
- New Bioenergy Science Center
- The nation's broadest portfolio of energy programs
- Unique resources for nuclear technology
- Robust national security programs

Our challenge:
Use these assets to deliver results that are significant on both the national and the international scale



Studying materials with the world's best resources for neutron scattering

The \$1.4 billion Spallation Neutron Source is the world's most powerful pulsed neutron source

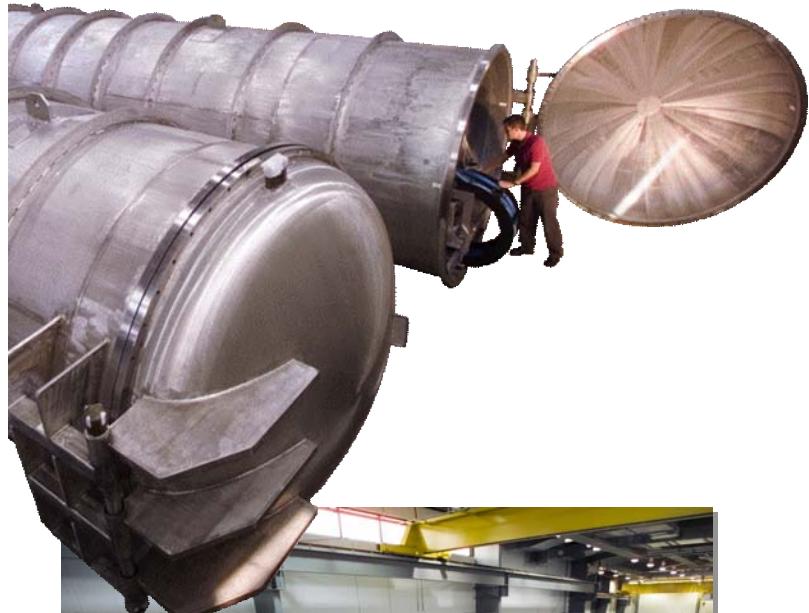
The High Flux Isotope Reactor offers complementary capabilities including the world's brightest cold source

Thousands of researchers will come to Tennessee each year to use these facilities

The UT-ORNL Joint Institute for Neutron Sciences provides a user gateway for SNS and HFIR



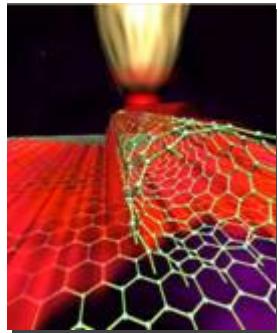
High Flux Isotope Reactor



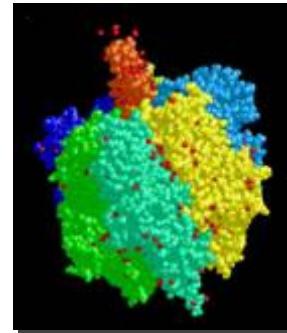
- One of two high-flux reactors for neutron scattering worldwide
- Unique in the western world for transplutonium element production
- National resource for isotope production, materials irradiation, and neutron activation analysis
- Recently refurbished (new cold source, reflector, cooling tower, beam tubes, guide hall and instruments, etc.)
- Complementary to SNS

Leadership Computing

- Currently operating at 119 teraflops (250 TF later this year, 1000 TF in 2008)
- Focus on computationally intensive projects of large scale and high scientific impact
- Teamed with UT to win a second petaflop computer funded by NSF



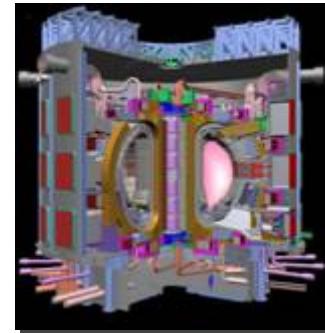
Design of innovative nanomaterials



Understanding of molecular systems



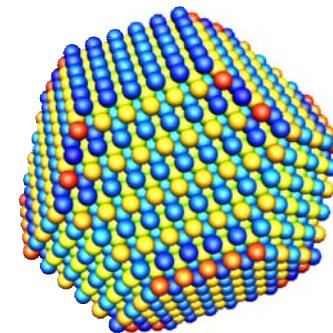
Climate simulations to support policy decisions



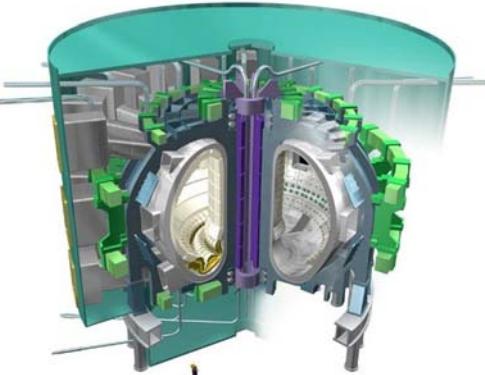
Predictive simulations of fusion devices

World-class tools for nanoscale R&D

- Recently completed the \$65M Center for Nanophase Materials Research
- Leverages unique neutron scattering and leadership computing capabilities at ORNL
- Unique facilities for:
 - Nanofabrication
 - Nanoscale characterization
 - Materials synthesis
- Broadly accessible to universities and industry



Addressing the energy challenges of today . . . and tomorrow

Generation	Distribution	Consumption
Fossil Fission Renewables Fusion 	Transmission technology Hydrogen Distributed energy resources 	Buildings Industry Transportation 

International fusion experiment

Superconducting cable

Net-zero-energy houses

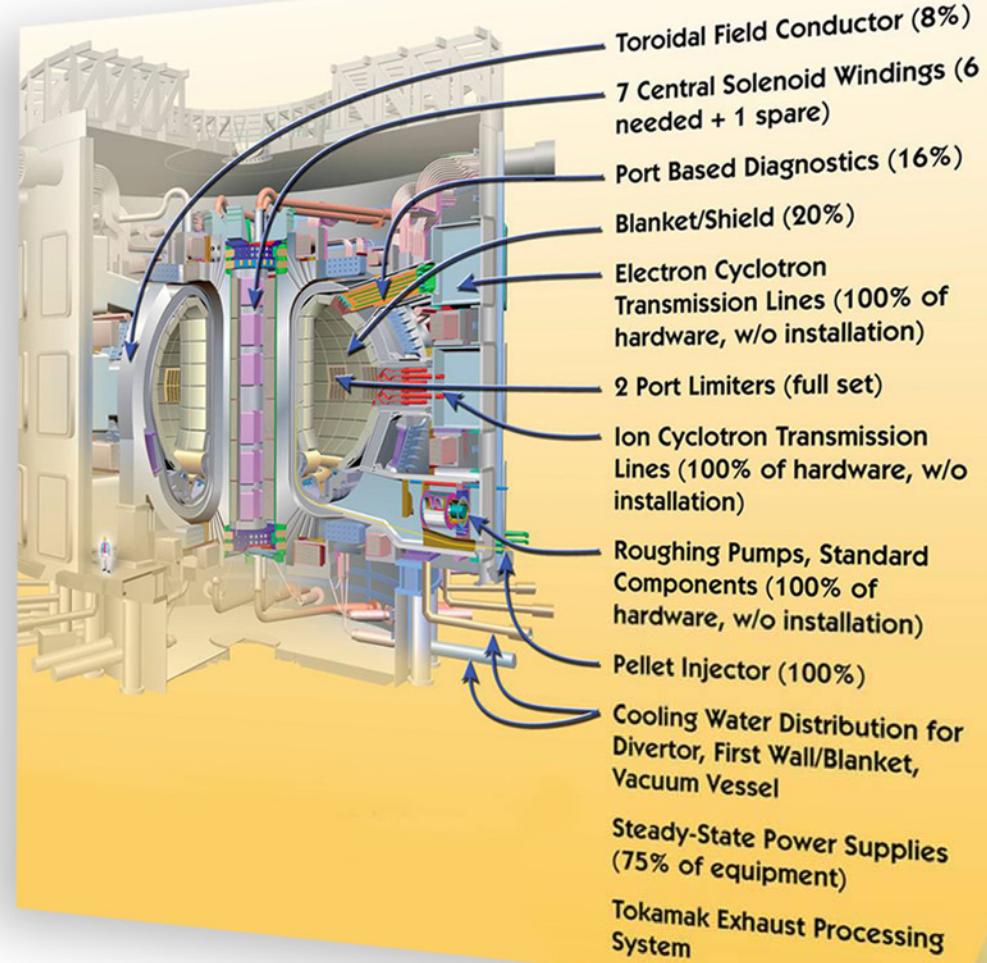
Transforming the new biology into bioenergy

- Developing bio-based solutions for energy, the environment, and carbon sequestration
- Recently won a \$125M DOE grant for cellulosic ethanol research
 - One of three Bioenergy Science Centers nationwide
- A \$73M investment in bioenergy by the state of Tennessee brings ORNL, UT, and industry together
 - Includes bioenergy research, a 5M gal/yr pilot plant, and agricultural incentives for switchgrass



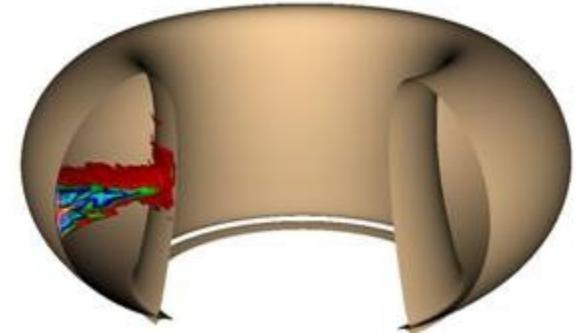
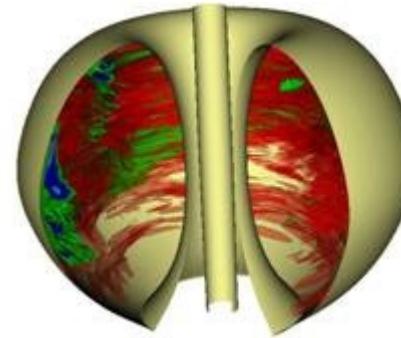
ORNL hosts the U.S. ITER Project Office

- **U.S. Domestic Agency** is the first to be established
- **U.S. ITER budget growing:**
 - FY07: \$60M
 - FY08: \$160M (President's request)
 - FY09: \$214.5M (proposed)
- **ITER-led design review** is completed
- **Current U.S. ITER Project activities:**
 - R&D, prototyping, and design in all areas of U.S. responsibility
 - Follow-up on international design review
 - Providing the ITER Organization with staff and project management support

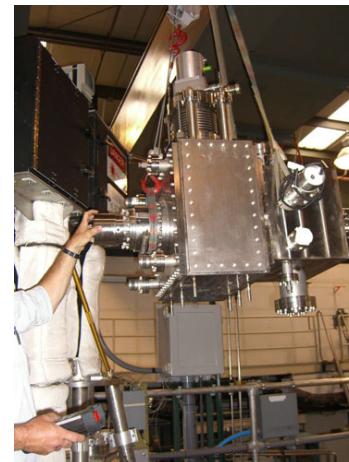


ORNL also makes key contributions to the national program in fusion science and technology

- Materials development
- Plasma theory and modeling
- Fueling and RF technologies
- Atomic physics
- Advanced concepts
 - Spherical torus
 - Compact stellarator



SciDAC simulations of RF heating efficiencies in NSTX and ITER



Pellet pacing system for mitigating disruption forces and ELMS



High-power ELM-resistant RF antenna

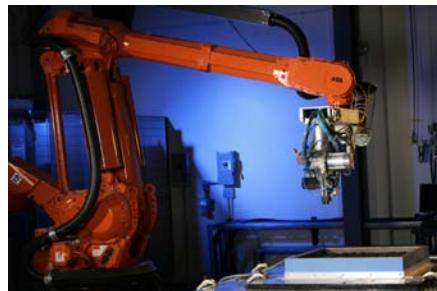
ORNL is uniquely positioned to support advanced nuclear fuel cycle research

- Coupled End-to-End (CETE) Demonstration delivers advanced nuclear fuel cycle S&T
- TVA/ORNL/IBM Advanced Fuel Cycle Demonstration concept
- Participation in NRC “4-Lab Consortium” supports NRC’s new reactor licensing activities
- USEC CRADA to develop centrifuge technology
- Nuclear research facility infrastructure (REDC, HFIR, etc.): \$3B+ national asset



ORNL has a large and growing energy efficiency, renewable energy, and electricity delivery portfolio

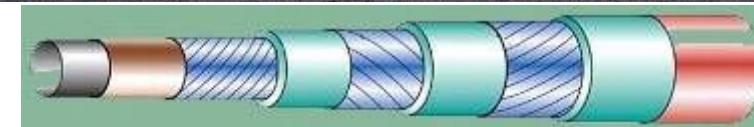
- Over \$100M in FY 2007
- Largest national lab effort in transportation and industrial technologies (EERE) and superconductivity (OE)
- Significant growth in fuel cells, biomass, and grid visualization/modeling
- Major national facilities including the High Temperature Materials Lab, National Transportation Research Center, and Buildings Technology Center



Light-weight carbon fiber materials from lignin



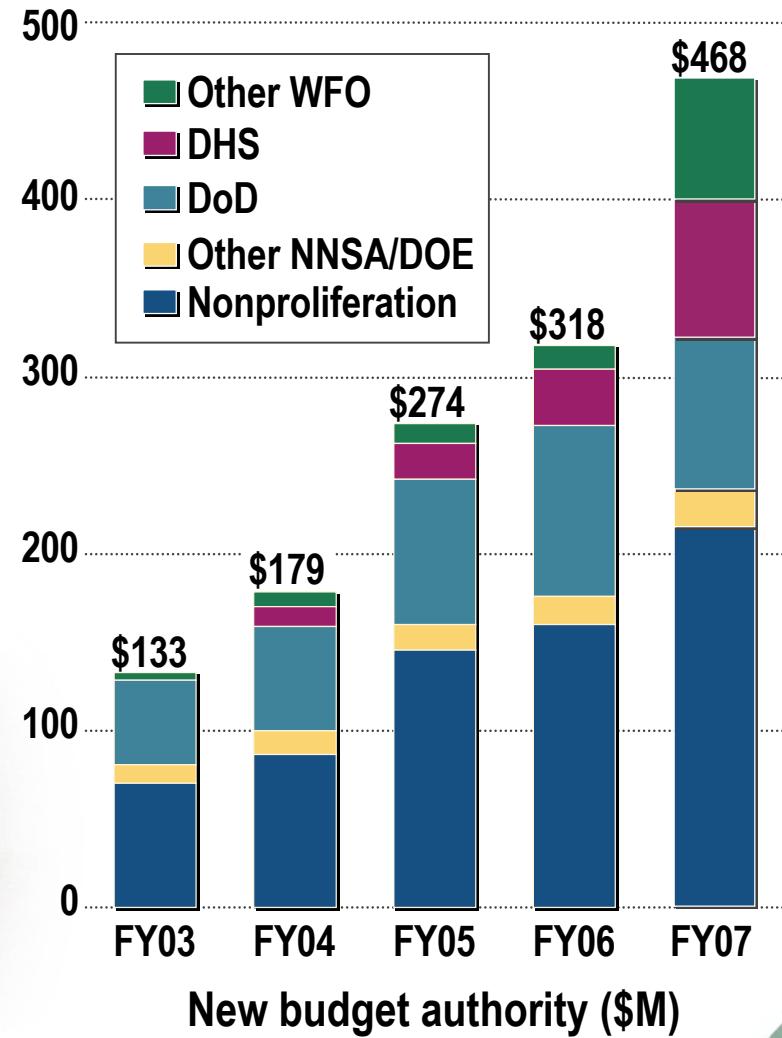
“Zero-energy” homes



Tri-axial superconducting cable installed at AEP Bixby

National security S&T has become a major business line at ORNL

- We are a leading lab for nuclear nonproliferation
- We have a growing role with the Department of Homeland Security
- National security S&T builds upon and complements our DOE missions



We are committed to strong university partnerships



Major projects

- Bioenergy Science Center
- NSF Track 2 computer
- 4 SNS instruments led by university consortia

Collaborative research

- More than 200 universities

Joint hiring

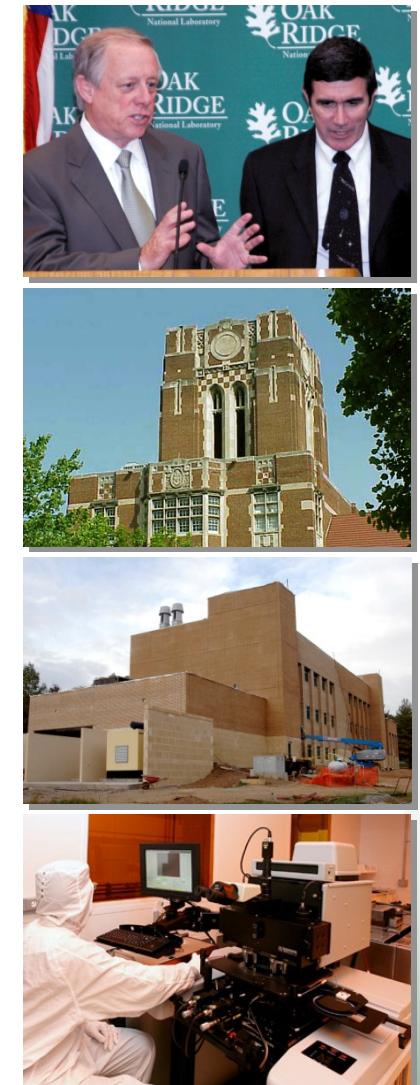
- 58 joint faculty with 8 universities

Joint institutes

- Heavy ion research
- Neutron sciences
- Biological sciences
- Computational sciences
- Materials sciences

User facilities

- Thousands of university users



We use our R&D assets to create economic growth

Technology portfolios

Entrepreneurial support

Partnerships with industry and universities

New tools for commercialization

Local and regional economic development

- Technology transfer royalties of \$18 million
 - Reinvested in innovation
- 115 active technology licenses
- 74 new companies since April 2000
- Strategic partnerships
 - UT, TVA, Southern Growth Policies Board, Tech 2020, Tennessee Valley Corridor, ETEC, Battelle Ventures, Innovation Valley Partners, and many others
 - S&T Park at ORNL
 - Working with over 600 industries annually



We are transforming the laboratory

East Campus



Chestnut Ridge Campus



Science and Technology Park



West Campus



Oak Ridge National Laboratory:

Science and technology for the 21st century

