Effective Date: January 07, 2015 Revision E

GSFC JPSS CMO January 9, 2015 Released

Joint Polar Satellite System (JPSS) Ground Project Code 474 474-00071

# Joint Polar Satellite System (JPSS) Operational Algorithm Description (OAD) Description Gross treels Infrared

# Document for Cross-track Infrared Sounder (CrIS) Sensor Data Record (SDR) Software

For Public Release

The information provided herein does not contain technical data as defined in the International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) 22 CFC 120.10. This document has been approved For Public Release to the NOAA Comprehensive Large Array-data Stewardship System (CLASS).



Goddard Space Flight Center Greenbelt, Maryland

National Aeronautics and Space Administration OAD-CrIS-SDR 474-00071 Effective Date: January 07, 2015

Revision E

# Joint Polar Satellite System (JPSS) Operational Algorithm Description (OAD) Document for Cross-track Infrared Sounder (CrIS) Sensor Data Record (SDR) Software JPSS Electronic Signature Page

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Goddard Space Flight Center Greenbelt, Maryland

OAD-CrIS-SDR

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# **Preface**

This document is under JPSS Ground Algorithm ERB configuration control. Once this document is approved, JPSS approved changes are handled in accordance with Class I and Class II change control requirements as described in the JPSS Configuration Management Procedures, and changes to this document shall be made by complete revision.

Any questions should be addressed to:

JPSS Configuration Management Office NASA/GSFC Code 474 Greenbelt, MD 20771

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# **Change History Log**

Revision	Effective Date	Description of Changes	
		(Reference the CCR & CCB/ERB Approve Date)	
Original	06/03/2011	This version incorporates 474-CCR-11-0087: (This version	
		baselines D39132, Rev B dated 07/07/2010. This is the	
		version that was approved for NPP launch. Per NPOESS	
		CDFCB - External, Volume V - Metadata, doc number	
		D34862-05, this has been approved for Public Release into	
		CLASS.) to create JPSS version, Rev This was approved	
		by the JPSS Ground Algorithm ERB on June 3, 2011.	
Revision A	01/18/2012	<b>474-CCR-11-0246:</b> This version baselines 474-00071,	
		Joint Polar Satellite System (JPSS) Operational Algorithm	
		Description (OAD) Document for Cross-track Infrared	
		Sounder (CrIS) Sensor Data Record (SDR) Software, for the	
		Mx 6 IDPS release. This CCR was approved by the JPSS	
		Algorithm ERB on January 18, 2012.	
Revision B	10/09/2012	<b>474-CCR-12-0627:</b> This version authorizes 474-0007	
		Joint Polar Satellite System (JPSS) Operational Algorithm  Description (OAD) Document for Cross-track Infrare	
		Description (OAD) Document for Cross-track Infrared	
		Sounder (CrIS) Sensor Data Record (SDR) Software, for the	
		Mx 6.1 - 6.3 IDPS releases. Includes ECR-ALG-0035	
		which contains Raytheon PCR029809; ADR 4389: PRO:	
		OAD: Update the CrIS SDR OAD - for the ADR 4389:	
		CrIS SDR: ESZPDMagnitude data type field	
		inconsistencies, updated Table 9. Raytheon PCR031565,	
		OAD: Implement 474-CCR-12-0483 CrIS DR 4478, 4680,	
- · · · · ·	0.7/1.1/2.012	4808 Code Change updated Table 38.	
Revision C	05/14/2013	<b>474-CCR-13-0948:</b> This version authorizes 474-00071,	
		JPSS OAD Document for CrIS SDR Software, for the Mx	
		7.0 IDPS release. Includes ECR-ALG-0037 which	
		contains Raytheon PCR033136; OAD updates associated	
		with PCR032693 (CrIS SDR OAD), in section 2.1.2 and	
		Tables 19, 33 & 34. Also includes PCR033560; DR7007 -	
		PRO - OAD - CrIS SDR - Update description of Invalid	
		RDR Data QF (QF4 bit 2), in Table 38. Includes Raytheon	
		PCR032720; 474-CCR-13-0916/ECR-ALG-0037: Update	
		applicable OAD filenames/template/Rev/etc. for Mx7	
		Release.	
Revision D	01/29/2014	<b>474-CCR-14-1517:</b> This version authorizes 474-00071,	
		JPSS OAD Document for CrIS SDR Software, for the Mx	
		8.1 IDPS release. Includes Raytheon PCR035209; DR7201	
		- PRO OAD - CrIS SDR: Update SDR Quality QF (QF3	
		bits 1-2) definition to account for Short ganules (474-CCR-	
		13-1128), in Table 37. Also includes PCR035482; PRO:	
		OAD: 474-CCR-13-1127: DRs: 7204, 7239, 7247: Update	

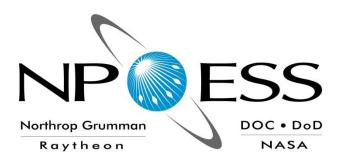
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		to CrIS SDR ATBD DRs 7204, 7239, 7247, in Figure 3.
Revision E	01/07/2015	<b>474-CCR-14-2212:</b> This version authorizes 474-00071,
		JPSS OAD Document for CrIS SDR Software, for the Mx
		8.8 IDPS release. Includes Raytheon PCR041470; PRO:
		OAD: 474-CCR-14-1941: CrIS Instrument Configuration
		Files for Full Spectrum RDR (DR 7738), in Figure 1.

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# NATIONAL POLAR-ORBITING OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL SATELLITE SYSTEM (NPOESS)

# OPERATIONAL ALGORITHM DESCRIPTION DOCUMENT FOR CROSS-TRACK INFRARED SOUNDER (CrIS) SENSOR DATA RECORD (SDR)

SDRL No. S141
SYSTEM SPECIFICATION SS22-0096

RAYTHEON COMPANY
INTELLIGENCE AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS (IIS)
NPOESS PROGRAM
OMAHA, NEBRASKA

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IAW DFAR 252.227-7036, Raytheon hereby declares that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the technical data delivered under Subcontract No. 7600002744 is complete, accurate, and complies with all requirements of the Subcontract.

TITLE: NATIONAL POLAR-ORBITING OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL SATELLITE SYSTEM (NPOESS) OPERATIONAL ALGORITHM DESCRIPTION DOCUMENT FOR CROSS-TRACK INFRARED SOUNDER (CrIS) SENSOR DATA RECORD (SDR)

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Mission Assurance and Enterpris		

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Northrop Grumman Space & Mission Systems Corp. **Space Technology** One Space Park Redondo Beach, CA 90278





**Engineering & Manufacturing Development (EMD) Phase Acquisitions & Operations Contract** 

**CAGE NO. 11982** 

# Operational Algorithm Description CrIS SDR

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Document Date: Nov 05, 2011

Revision: C5

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#### Under

#### Contract No. F04701-02-C-0502

This document has been identified per the NPOESS Common Data Format Control Book – External Volume 5 Metadata, D34862-05, Appendix B as a document to be provided to the NOAA Comprehensive Large Array-data Stewardship System (CLASS) via the delivery of NPOESS Document Release Packages to CLASS.

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#### **Revision/Change Record**

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Revision	Document Date	Revision/Change Description	Pages Affected
	6-17-04	Initial version.	N/A
A1	6-30-04	Modifications to include references to Bomem documentation monitored and tunable parameters, additional detail of source code classes, specific dependence on commercial libraries.	2, 7-10, 12- 14, 18-23
A2	6-30-04	Sec. 2.1.1.1 updated to reflect ATBD included:  1. CrIS Specific Calibration Equation 2. Geolocation 3. FFT	4-6
		Sec. 2.2.1 Table 4 updated to reflect configuration file.	9-11 11-12
		Sec. 2.2.2 Outputs discussing apodization and EDR inputs.	14-17
		Sec. 2.2.2 Table 8 updated with units.  Sec. 5.1 Tables 12 and 13 updated to reflect paths in VTP.	33-37
A3	6-30-04	Invalid Data SDR QF is set if any of the other error flags (except Excess Thermal Drift SDR Quality Flag) are set.	29
A4	6-30-04	Table 13 updated to reflect list of delivered data.	36-37
Α	10-26-04	Sec 4.4 Added two new SDR quality flags: SAA and Lunar Inception. Sec 2.2.2 Added guideline for converting SDR outputs into EDR inputs.	30-31
		Sec 2.1.1.1 Corrected an error in the implemented calibration equation: F int = 1, was F int = F int $-1 = 1$ .	12-13
			6

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**Revision/Change Record** 

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Document Revision Date				
		Revision/Change Description	Pages Affected	
В1	6-18-06	21Nov05 – Reflects Raytheon-Omaha's Science To Operational Code Conversion edits, but <b>does not include</b> making 19Oct05 CrIS SDR Tech Memo changes about Fringe Count Error (FCE) Handling or any Quality Flag follow-on updates, although Omaha added a "Value" column to Table 4.4-2, SDR Quality Flags.	All	
		01Mar06 – Removed NPOESS-Omaha's electronic signatures from title/signature page, changed copyright to 2006 on coversheet, put current dates on upper right header. Title/Signature page, and Revision Change/History page. Replaced initial Sci2Ops Code Completion 120-page Unit Test dated 10/28/05 with the follow-on 10-page Unit Test dated 02/28/06 to address Fringe Count Errors, then updated Table of Content/List of Figures/List of Tables/TBD page numbers.		
		21Mar06 – Changed Section 2.4, Graceful Degradation to Section 2.7 and inserted Sections 2.4, 2.4.1, 2.4.2, 2.4.3, 2.5, and 2.6 discussing the "Sliding Window" concept.		
		04Apr06 – Deleted a couple of "Algorithm Control Parameters" from Table 2.2-5. Deleted a couple of words from the table under Section 2.2.2, Outputs.		
		12Apr06 – Worked off the 30Mar06 follow-on CCPR comments to include the following changes. Replaced Figure 2.2-1, IPO Model Interface to INF & DMS, with the latest version. Removed Section 2.1.2, Prototype Code. Removed page 6 paragraph discussing Fringe Count Errors. Deleted Section 2.1.1.1 words discussing "Sensor 8 Second Scan Epoch Timing" to include Figure 2.1-1 about this subject. Replaced Tables 2.2-2, 2.2-3, and 2.2-4.		
		17Apr06 – Inserted current Unit Test dated 13Apr06 and removed obsolete one. Added 21Mar06, 04Apr06, and 12Apr06 comments to the Revision/change Record page to log document edits. Made spacing/format edits. Updated TBD/TBR page. Updated List of Figures to include Figures 2.4-1 and 2.6-1. Updated List of Tables' page numbers. Added Raytheon-Omaha electronic signatures in preparation for official delivery of document to prime.		
		18Apr06 – Did minor spacing/format edits. Put two character spaces between sentences. Changed a few text paragraphs from 12 pt or 10 pt to be consistent so they were all Arial 11 pt throughout the document.		
B2	6-27-07	Updated quality flags per Tech Memo NP-EMD-2007.510.0027.Rev.A . Updated logo, header, dates, etc.	All	
В3	7-10-07	Delivered to NGST.		
B4	12-17-07	ECR A-103, EDR-PR 1.8 CP 3, and CDFCB-X compliance updates – Added new output structure definitions for CrIS-SDR and CrIS-SDR-GEO.	All	

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B5 2-28-08		ISTN_CRIS_SDR_UNIX_NGST_1.1 science drop and TM MS_Tech_ Memo_CrIS_SDR_QF_Updates_RevB , NP-EMD- 2007.510.0027.Rev.B, implementation. Format updates for CDFCB-X compliance.	2, 11, 13, 15, 24-25, 31-33, 36	
		Table 7 – added 6 new configurable parameters		
		2. Table 9 – format updates		
		3. Tables 25 through 29 – quality flag updates		
		<ol> <li>Paragraph 1.3.2 – added the above-mentioned TM to the NPOESS Reference Documents table; changed reference to CDFCB Vol I to ref. Vol III, instead</li> </ol>		
		Responses to comments provided in 070710 SDRL S141 D39132_B3_CrIS_SDR_OAD_review		
		<ol> <li>Figure 4 – updated Figure with explanations</li> </ol>		
		<ol><li>Paragraph 2.1.2.9 – provided clarification on the meaning of "hard-coded the sliding window size"</li></ol>		
		<ol> <li>Paragraph 2.1.2.9.2 – provided explanations for the variables W and S in the two equations</li> </ol>		
		<ol> <li>Paragraph 2.1.2.9.1 - Updated the paragraph to use the phrase "degraded quality" instead of "invalid".</li> </ol>		
B6	4-11-08	Added Cris SDR Exit Angles IP to Table 8 per ECR R871. Implemented Tech Memos NP-EMD.2005.510.0118 and NP-EMD.2005.510.0130. Reformatted in accordance to new template. Addressed Peer Review comments. Delivered to NGST.	All	
В7	4-17-08	Updated description of the CrIS SDR Exit Angles IP in Table 8. Updated paragraph 2.1.2.2.1 (ScienceDataProcessor Attributes) with an explanation between the ATBD and operational software's Planck Radiation Constants.	13, 19	
В8	3-03-09 NP-EMD.2008.510.0055 Rev A, PCR019301: Updates after Sensor Characterization Phase I:		2,3,8,22	
		<ol> <li>Add CrIS SDR ATBD (D43773) Rev A in Table 1 Document References.</li> <li>Add CrIS SDR operational software in Table 2 Source Code References.</li> </ol>		
		<ul> <li>3. Change ICT Emissivity Constant to ICT Emissivity in Table 6 Tunable Parameters Provided via the Four Minute Engineering Telemetry RDR.</li> <li>4. Add a function generateUSN in Table 18 Spectra Operations.</li> </ul>		
B9	3-06-09	Prepared for SDRL Delivery (for Sensor Characterization)	All	
B10	3-10-09	Redelivered to NGAS with Template corrections	1-37	
B11	12-01-09	Updated for RFA No.551 and updated subcontract number	Title pg & Table 9	

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B12	12-17-09	Added six new classes (CalibrationSpectra, CCSDSFormat, CorrectionMatrix, EngineeringCalibrationRecord, Interferogram and TemeratureHistory) and updated six original classes (ScienceDataProcessor, SpectraManager, Spectra,	19-37
		TelemetryProcessor, VideData and ScienceCalibrationRecord ) Delete CrlS Specific Calibration Equation in Section 2.1.2.13 Add the following tunable parameters in Table 6:	43
		linearityCorrectionA2Parameters lwLinearityCorrectionParameter_a2 mwLinearityCorrectionParameter_a2 swLinearityCorrectionParameter_a2 linearityCorrectionVinstParameters lwLinearityCorrectionParameter_Vinst mwLinearityCorrectionParameter_Vinst swLinearityCorrectionParameter_Vinst linearityCorrectionModEffParameters lwLinearityCorrectionParameter_ModEff mwLinearityCorrectionParameter_ModEff swLinearityCorrectionParameter_ModEff swLinearityCorrectionParameter_ModEff lwFirAccumulatorStartBit mwFirAccumulatorStartBit swFirAccumulatorStartBit	

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		D33132	1
Revision	Document Date	Revision/Change Description	Pages Affected
REVISION	Date	IwFirFilterScale swFirFilterScale swFirFilterScale lwPassBandStar mwPassBandStart swPassBandStop mwPassBandStop mwPassBandStop firFilterResponse Longwave Real Imag Midwave Real Imag Shortwave Real Imag GainMappingLW GainMappingSW  Add the following tunable parameters in Table 7: ShiftFactorArray AppShiftFactorFlag performLWLinearityCorrectionControl performSWLinearityCorrectionControl lwLinearityCorrectionControlParam	Affected
B13	2-23-10	Incorporated CCPR comments and prepared for SDRL delivery	All
B14 B15	3-24-10 5-20-2010	Implemented TM 2009.510.0046  Updated Table 3 with Two Line Element (TLE) listed as a required algorithm input and Table 8 with CrIS Correction Matrix internal auxiliary item listed as an optional output of the algorithm.	7,18
В	7-07-10	Prepared for TIM/ARB/ACCB	All
C1	9-14-10	Updated for PCR018349	Table 3. pg 13/14
C2	10-13-10	Updated due to document convergence	All
C3	29-06-11	Updated due to Drop ISTN_CRIS_SDR_NGST_SC7.1_NG1 (ECR A-0017) and TM 2011.510.0006	All
C4	8-10-11	Updated due to PCR027378; Min/Max Radiance Range update (Table 9)	Page 16

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C5	11-05-211	Updated due to PCR028276 (2.1.2.20-new section), PCR027467 (ADL 3.0), PCR028340 (DR4373 – Laser monitoring issue), PCR028501 (474-CCR-11-0204 Mounting coefficients update), and PCR026561 (BOOST throwing exception)	All

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#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Objective

The purpose of the Operational Algorithm Description (OAD) document is to express, in computer-science terms, the remote sensing algorithms that produce the National Polar-Orbiting Operational Environmental Satellite System (NPOESS) end-user data products. These products are individually known as Raw Data Records (RDRs), Temperature Data Records (TDRs), Sensor Data Records (SDRs) and Environmental Data Records (EDRs). In addition, any Intermediate Products (IPs) produced in the process are also described in the OAD.

The science basis of an algorithm is described in a corresponding Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document (ATBD). The OAD provides a software description of that science as implemented in the operational ground system -- the Data Processing Element (DPE).

The purpose of an OAD is two-fold:

- 1. Provide initial implementation design guidance to the operational software developer.
- 2. Capture the "as-built" operational implementation of the algorithm reflecting any changes needed to meet operational performance/design requirements.

An individual OAD document describes one or more algorithms used in the production of one or more data products. There is a general, but not strict, one-to-one correspondence between OAD and ATBD documents. This particular document describes operational software implementation for the Cross-track Infrared Sounder (CrIS) Sensor Data Record (SDR).

#### 1.2 Scope

The scope of this document is limited to the description of the core operational algorithm required to create the CrIS SDR. The theoretical basis for this algorithm is described in the Cross Track Infrared Sounder (CrIS) Sensor Data Records (SDR) Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document ATBD, Volume I, 474-00032.

#### 1.3 References

#### 1.3.1 Document References

The science and system engineering documents relevant to the algorithms described in this OAD are listed in Table 1.

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**Table 1. Document References** 

JPSS Environmental Data Record (EDR)   474-00007   Latest	Document Title	Document Number/Revision	Revision Date
Interdependency Report (IR) for NPP  Crit S Sensor Calibration and Validation Master Plan (ITT Document)  NPP Mission Data Format Control Book and App A (MDFCB)  SDR Generator Validation Test Procedure  VTP8189758 Rev. D  12 Sep 2005  SDR Generator Software User Manual  UM8189758  Latest Revision Date  SDR Generator Rose Model  Crit S_cience_Data_Packet_Format_Oct2003_v3.xis  Crit S_ceince_Data_Packet_Format_Oct2003_v3.xis  Crit S_command and Data Packet Dictionary  B196185 Rev. H  14 Nov 2008  JPSS CGS Data Processor Inter-subsystem Interface  Control Document (DPIS ICD) Vol I – IV  Joint Polar Satellite System (JPSS) Program Lexicon  470-0001-01-80122 CDFCB-X Vol III  474-00001-02-80122 CDFCB-X Vol IIII  474-00001-02-80122 CDFCB-X Vol IIII  474-00001-04-01-80122 CDFCB-X Vol IIII  474-00001-04-04-80122 CDFCB-X Vol IIII  474-00001-04-04-80122 CDFCB-X Vol IIII  474-00001-05-80122 CDFCB-X Vol IIIIIII  474-00001-05-80122 CDFCB-X Vol IIII  474-00001-05-80122 CDFC	JPSS Environmental Data Record (EDR) Production Report (PR) for NPP	474-00012	Latest
(ITT Document)  NPP Mission Data Format Control Book and App A (MDPCB)  SDR Generator Validation Test Procedure  VTP8189758 Rev. D  12 Sep 2005  SDR Generator Software User Manual  UM8189758 Latest Revision Date  RM8189758 Rev. V3  23 Oct 2003  RRV -0001-0-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol I RATE  RATE -0001-0-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol I RATE  RATE -0001-0-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol I RATE  RM918 -0001-0-B0123 C		474-00007	Latest
MDFCB    SDR Generator Validation Test Procedure   VTP8189758 Rev. D   12 Sep 2005		8180003 Rev. D	23 Feb 2005
SDR Generator Software User Manual   UM8189758   Latest Revision Date	NPP Mission Data Format Control Book and App A (MDFCB)	429-05-02-42_MDFCB	Latest
SDR Generator Rose Model   RM8189758   Latest Revision Date   CrlS_Science_Data_Packet_Format_Oct2003_v3.xls   Rev. V3   23 Oct 2003   Rev. V3   23 Oct 2003   Rev. V3   23 Oct 2003   Rev. V3   Rev. V3   23 Oct 2003   Rev. V3   Rev. V4   Rev. V5   Rev. V5   Rev. V6   V6   V6   V6   V6   V6   V6   V6	SDR Generator Validation Test Procedure	VTP8189758 Rev. D	12 Sep 2005
Cris_Science_Data_Packet_Format_Oct2003_v3.xls	SDR Generator Software User Manual	UM8189758	Latest Revision Date
Cris Command and Data Packet Dictionary  ### 14 Nov 2008  ### 15 Rev. H  ### 14 Nov 2008  ### 14 Nov 2008  ### 15 Rev. H  ### 14 Nov 2008  ### 14 Rev. Decompton  ### 14 Rev. Decompton  ### 14 Nov 2008  ### 14 Rev. Decompton  ### 15 Rev. Bect.	SDR Generator Rose Model	RM8189758	Latest Revision Date
JPSS CGS Data Processor Inter-subsystem Interface Control Document (DPIS ICD) Vol I – IV   Joint Polar Satellite System (JPSS) Program Lexicon	CrIS_Science_Data_Packet_Format_Oct2003_v3.xls	Rev. V3	23 Oct 2003
Art-00001-01-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   Art-00001-02-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   Art-00001-02-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   Art-00001-03-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   Art-00001-04-03-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   Art-00001-05-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   Art-00001-05-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   Art-00001-03-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   Art-00001-03-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   Art-00001-03-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   Art-00001-03-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol   Art-00001-03-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol   Art-00001-04-03-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol   Art-00001-04-03-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol   Art-00001-04-03-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol   Art-00001-04-03-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol   Art-00001-04-04-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol   Art-00001-05-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol   Art-00001-05-B01	CrIS Command and Data Packet Dictionary	8196185 Rev. H	14 Nov 2008
474-00001-01-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   474-00001-02-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   474-00001-03-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   474-00001-03-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   474-00001-04-01-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   474-00001-04-01-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   Vart 1 474-00001-04-03-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   Vart 2 474-00001-04-03-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   Vart 2 474-00001-04-03-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   Vart 4 474-00001-04-08-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   Vart 4 474-00001-04-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   Vart 4 474-00001-08-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   Vart 4 474-00001-08-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol   Vart 4 474-00001-03-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol   Vart 4 474-00001-04-03-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol   Vart 4 474-00001-06-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol   V		IC60917-IDP-002	Latest
474-00001-02-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol II 474-00001-03-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol III 474-00001-04-01-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol III 474-00001-04-01-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 1 474-00001-04-02-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 2 474-00001-04-03-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 3 474-00001-04-04-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 3 474-00001-04-08-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 4 474-00001-06-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 5 474-00001-08-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 9 474-00001-08-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 9 474-00001-08-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 9 474-00001-08-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 9 474-00001-08-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 9 474-00001-04-08-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 9 474-00001-04-03-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 9 474-00001-04-08-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 9 474-00001-04-08-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 9 474-00001-04-08-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 9 474-00001-06-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 9 474-00001-06-B	Joint Polar Satellite System (JPSS) Program Lexicon	470-00041	Latest
474-00001-04-02-B0122 CDFCB-X		474-00001-02-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol II 474-00001-03-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol III 474-00001-04-01-B0122 CDFCB-X	
474-00001-02-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol II 474-00001-03-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol III 474-00001-04-01-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol III 474-00001-04-01-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol III 474-00001-04-02-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 1 474-00001-04-02-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 2 474-00001-04-03-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 3 474-00001-04-04-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 4 474-00001-05-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol Vol IV Part 4 474-00001-05-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol Vol IV Part 4 474-00001-06-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol Vol IV Part 4 474-00001-06-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol Vol IV Part 4 474-00001-08-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol Vol IV Part 4 474-00001-08-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol Vol IV Part 4 474-00001-05-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol Vol IV Part 5 474-00001-05-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol Vol IV Part 6 474-00001-05-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol Vol IV Part 7 474-00001-05-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol Vol IV Part 8 474-00001-05-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol Vol IV Part 9 474-00001-05-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol Vol Vol IV Part 9 474-00001-05-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol		474-00001-04-02-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 2 474-00001-04-03-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 3 474-00001-04-04-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 4 474-00001-05-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol V 474-00001-06-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol VI 474-00001-08-B0122 CDFCB-X Vol	Latest
12 11 2 1 121 121 24 24 111 11 11 11 11 11 11	JPSS Common Data Format Control Book - External - Block 1.2.3 (All Volumes)	474-00001-02-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol II 474-00001-03-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol III 474-00001-04-01-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 1 474-00001-04-02-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 2 474-00001-04-03-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 3 474-00001-04-04-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol IV Part 4 474-00001-05-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol V 474-00001-06-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol VI 474-00001-08-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol VI 474-00001-08-B0123 CDFCB-X Vol VI	Latest
12 11 2 1 121 121 24 24 111 11 11 11 11 11 11	MS Tech Memo CrlS SDR QF Updates RevB		10 Oct 2007
	MS Tech Memo CrlS SDR QF Updates_0027_Rev_A	NP-EMD-2007.510.0027 Rev. A	07 Oct 2007

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Document Title	Document Number/Revision	Revision Date
Memo_CrIS_SDR_OAD_Update-v2	NP-EMD.2005.510.0118	09 Sep 2005
Memo_CrIS_SDR_OAD_Revision	NP-EMD.2005.510.0130	19 Oct 2005
Operational Algorithm Description Document for Common Geolocation	474-00091	Latest
Cross Track Infrared Sounder (CrIS) Sensor Data Records (SDR) Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document ATBD	474-00032	Latest
A&DP Tech memo CrlS SDR OAD Update for CrlS_SDR_UNIX_1.1	NP-EMD.2007.510.0061	10 Oct 2007
A&DP Tech memo CrlS SDR OAD Updates for CrlS_SDR_UNIX_2.1	NP-EMD.2008.510.0055_RevA	20 Jan 2009
A&DP Tech memo CrIS SDR OAD Updates for CrIS- RevA_SDR_UNIX_2.2.doc	NP-EMD.2009.510.0045.Rev.A	22 Sep 2009
A&DP Tech memo CrIS_Scan Baffle Temperature Correction	NP-EMD.2009.510.0046	16 Sep 2009
A&DP Tech memo CrlS_SDR_Code_Updates	NP-EMD.2010.510.0006.RevA	26 Apr 2010
A&DP Tech memo CrlS_inst2sc_techMemo	NP-EMD.2011.510.0006	21 Feb 2011

## 1.3.2 Source Code References

The science and operational code and associated documentation relevant to the algorithms described in this OAD are listed in Table 2.

**Table 2. Source Code References** 

Reference Title	Reference Tag/Revision	Reference Date
SASS_CRIS_SDR_v 3.0.0 QL		
ISTN_CRIS_SDR_2.1	(OAD Rev)	16 Aug 2004
CrIS SDR operational software	B1.3	28 Apr 2004
ISTN_CRIS_SDR_NGST_2.1.1	ECR-A40 (OAD Rev 6)	04 Nov 2004
ISTN_CRIS_SDR_NGST_2.1.2	ECR-A065 (OAD Rev A)	06 Oct 2005
Memo_CrIS_SDR_OAD_Update-v2	NP-EMD.2005.510.0118	09 Sep 2005
Memo_CrIS_SDR_OAD_Revision	NP-EMD.2005.510.0130	19 Oct 2005
CrIS SDR science-grade software	ISTN_CRIS_SDR_NGST_UNIX_1.1 ECR-A135	18 Dec 2007
MS_Tech_ Memo_CrIS_SDR_QF_Updates_RevB	NP-EMD-2007.510.0027 Rev. B	10 Oct 2007
OAD Update	NP-EMD-2007.510.0061	
CrIS SDR operational software	B1.5 (OAD Rev B4)	17 Dec 2007
CrIS SDR science-grade software	ISTN_CRIS_SDR_NGST_UNIX_2.1 ECR-A175A	17 Dec 2008
CrIS SDR operational software	B1.5.x.1 (OAD Rev B6)	01 Apl 2008
CrIS SDR operational software (PCR019301)	IDPS Post-X, Build A (OAD Rev B9)	19 Feb 2009
CrIS SDR science-grade software	ISTN_CRIS_SDR_NGST_UNIX_2.2 ECR-A255	09 Nov 2009
	(OAD Rev B11)	
Tech Memo: CrIS SDR OAD Updates for CrIS-RevA_SDR_UNIX_2.2	NP-EMD.2009.510.0045.Rev.A	22 Sep 2009

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Reference Title	Reference Tag/Revision	Reference Date
CrIS SDR operational software	IDPS Sensor Characterization Build SC-7 (OAD Rev B12)	15 Feb 2010
OAD SDRL (no code changes)	(OAD Rev B13)	23 Feb 2010
CrIS SDR Algorithms Unix 2.2.1 Delta Delivery	ISTN_CRIS_SDR_UNIX_NGST_2.2.1 (ECR-A275)	22 Mar 2010
CrIS SDR operational software(PCR21464) NP-EMD.20909.510.0049	IDPS Sensor Characterization Build SC-9 (OAD Rev B14)	24 Mar 2010
A&DP Tech memo TM_CrIS_SDR_Code_Updates NP-EMD.2010.510.0006.RevA	ISTN_CRIS_SDR_UNIX_NGST_2.2.2	29 Apr 2010
CrIS SDR operational software	IDPS Sensor Characterization Build SC-10 (OAD Rev B15)	25 May 2010
ACCB	OAD Rev B	07 Jul 2010
PCR018349	IDPS Sensor Characterization Build SC-14 (OAD Rev C1)	14 Sep 2010
Convergence Update (No code updates)	(OAD Rev C2)	13 Oct 2010
CrIS SDR science-grade software Includes TM 2011.510.0006 (PCRs 026134 & 026135)	ISTN_CRIS_SDR_NGST_SC7.1_NG1 (ECR-A0017) Maintenance Build 1.5.5.00 (OAD Rev C3)	10 Mar 2011 & 29 Jun 2011 (OAD)
PCR027378	Build Maintenance 1.5.06_F (OAD Rev C4)	10 Aug 2011
PCR027467 (ADL)	Build Maintenance 1.5.05 E	05 Nov 2011
PCR026561	Build Maintenance 1.5.06 F	05 Nov 2011
PCR021927	Build Maintenance 1.5.06_J	05 Nov 2011
PCR028340	Build Maintenance 1.5.06_J	05 Nov 2011
PCR028500 (474-CCR-11-0204) (DQM)	Build Maintenance 1.5.06 J	05 Nov 2011
PCR028276 & PCR028578 (OAD update for PCR027467, PCR026561, PCR021927, PCR028340, PCR028500)	(OAD Rev C5)	05 Nov 2011
OAD transitioned to JPSS Program – this table is no lor	nger updated.	

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#### 2.0 ALGORITHM OVERVIEW

This document presents the theoretical basis of the CrIS SDR Algorithms. The functional flow of algorithms required to transform a Raw Data Record (RDR) coming from the satellite into a Sensor Data Record (SDR) is described. These SDRs are then transformed into Environmental Data Records (EDRs). Physical retrievals of atmospheric parameters from infrared spectra are computed by accurate radiative transfer models, known as forward models, relating the atmospheric parameters to the observed channel radiances. The CrIS forward model is described in Section 4.2.2 Overview of the OSS Method and Section 4.2.3 Implementation of the OSS method, CrIS SDR ATBD (474-00032), is not presented here.

This document describes the CrIS SDR Algorithms specific to processing required at the ground segment. It covers the processing needs for all data being sent to the ground when the instrument is operational, including observational and calibration data, for all measurements performed by the instrument. The algorithms for decoding and calibrating the calibration data (e.g. generation of Internal Calibration Target (ICT) radiance) are also covered here.

However, the present document does not cover the data manipulation related to all instruments of the NPOESS platform. In other words, it is assumed that the data entering the SDR algorithm processing chain is identical to the Consultative Committee on Space Data Systems (CCSDS) formatted data leaving the instrument on board. The processing of the data produced when the instrument is under test or characterization, e.g. during the Commissioning Phase, is excluded. The operational and processing steps required during the Commissioning Phase are addressed in the CrIS Calibration/Validation Master Plan (International Telephone & Telegraph (ITT) document 8180003). This identifies how CrIS is to be calibrated, what the baseline operational scenario is, how this scenario can be verified, etc. Figure 1 identifies the top level processing flow of the CrIS SDR Algorithm.

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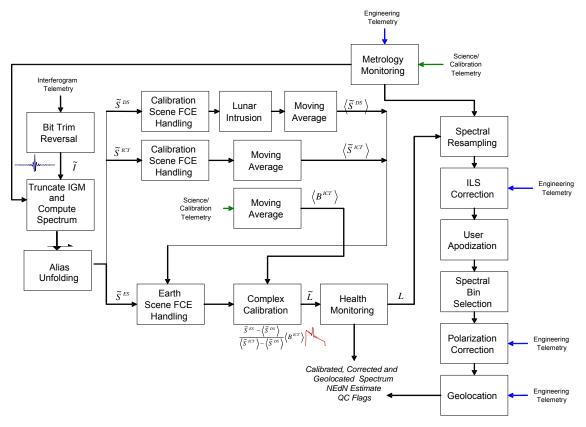


Figure 1. Processing Chain

#### 2.1 **CrIS SDR Description**

#### 2.1.1 Interfaces

To begin data processing, the Infrastructure (INF) Subsystem Software Item (SI) initiates the CrIS SDR algorithm. The INF SI provides tasking information to the algorithm indicating which granule to process. The Data Management Subsystem (DMS) SI provides data storage and retrieval capability. CrIS SDR processing is retaskable, so instead of shutting down after processing it requests additional tasking information from INF and continues processing with this information. A library of C++ classes implements the SI interfaces, as depicted in Figure 2. OAD-CrIS-SDR Effective Date: January 07, 2015

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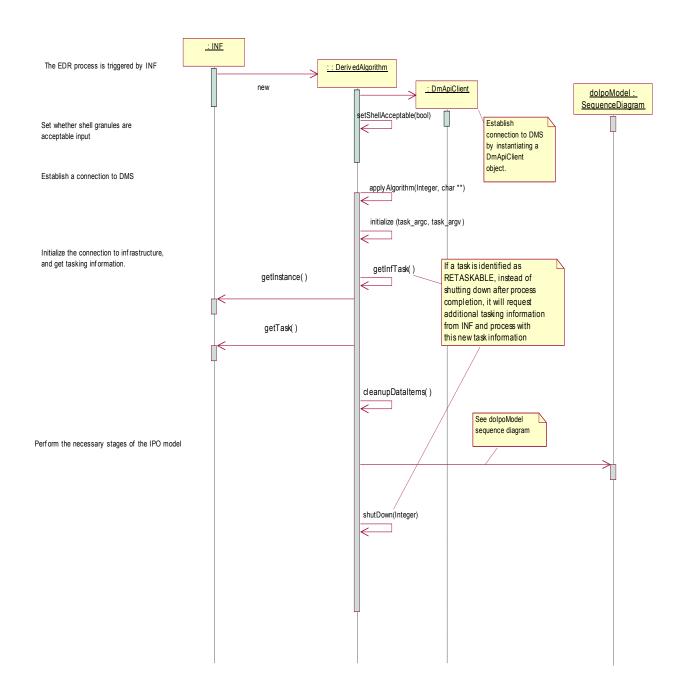


Figure 2. IPO Model Interface to INF and DMS

### 2.1.1.1 Inputs

Implementation of CrIS SDR requires CrIS RDRs, Space Craft Diary RDR, Two Line Element (TLE) parameters, engineering calibration record, the correction matrix, the fill packet look-up table, and the tunable parameters. General description of the inputs used for CrIS SDR can be found in Table 3. Refer to the CDFCB-X, 474-00001, for a detailed description of the inputs.

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**Table 3. CrIS SDR Algorithm Inputs** 

Input	Description
CrIS RDR Data	Data Ingest stores in the DMS
Spacecraft Diary RDR	Ephemeris and Attitude Data
Correction matrix data / Engineering calibration record	Correction matrix last calculated to speed up processing and also the last received engineering calibration record
CrIS Configurable Parameters	Tunable parameters for the CrIS SDR algorithm
CrIS DQTT	Data quality threshold table
Two Line Element (TLE)	14 parameters calculated and provided by C3S to IDPS describing the orbit of the spacecraft as described on the NORAD website <a href="http://www.celestrak.com/NORAD/documentation/tle-fmt.asp">http://www.celestrak.com/NORAD/documentation/tle-fmt.asp</a>
CrIS SDR Fill Packet LUT	Lookup table which contains templates of each of the CrIS Earth Scene (ES), Deep Space (DS), and Internal Calibration Target (ICT) interferogram packets that are used as "fill" packets to replace packets missing from the CrIS RDR inputs.

The inputs to the CrIS SDR Algorithm via the CrIS RDR input consist of three types of CCSDS packets produced by the CrIS sensor. These include:

- 1. Interferogram RDR
  - a. Internal Calibration Target (ICT) Interferogram RDR
  - b. Deep Space (DS) Interferogram RDR
  - c. Earth Scene (ES) Interferogram RDR
- 2. Four Minute Engineering Telemetry RDR
- 3. Eight Second Science/Calibration Telemetry RDR

The contents and formats of these packets are defined in the CrIS Command and Data Dictionary.

Tables 4, 5, and 6 identify the parameters within the Eight Second Science/Calibration and Four Minute Engineering Telemetry RDRs that are monitored throughout processing. Additional details of each of these packets and their associated content are provided in the MDFCB, 472-REF-00057.

Table 4. Parameters Monitored via the Eight Second Science/Calibration Telemetry RDR

Parameter	Comments	Units
IE CCA Calibration Resistor Temperature (epoch 140) - (refers to	40 Readings	°C
200 msec epoch)		
Low Range Calibration Resistor (epoch 140)	40 Readings	°C
High Range Calibration Resistor (epoch 140)	40 Readings	°C
ICT Temperature #1 (epoch 140)	40 Readings	°C
ICT Temperature #2 (epoch 140)	40 Readings	°C
Cross Track Servo Error (sample 21, epoch 433)	30 Readings	N/A
In Track Servo Error (sample 21, epoch 433)	30 Readings	N/A
Laser Diode Current (epoch 39)	Single Reading	mAmps
Laser Diode Temperature (epoch 39)	Single Reading	°C
Beamsplitter Temperature #1 (epoch 39)	Single Reading	°C
OMA Structure Input Temperature #1 (epoch 39)	Single Reading	N/A
OMA Structure Input Temperature #2 (epoch 39)	Single Reading	°C
SSM Scan Mirror Temperature (epoch 39)	Single Reading	N/A
SSM Scan Mirror Baffle Temperature (epoch 39)	Single Reading	°K
Stage 2 Cooler Temperature (epoch 39)	Single Reading	°K
Stage 4 Cooler Temperature (epoch 39)	Single Reading	°K

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Parameter	Comments	Units
Stage 1 Cooler Temperature (epoch 39)	Single Reading	°K
Stage 3 Cooler Temperature (epoch 39)	Single Reading	°K
Telescope Temperature #1 (epoch 39)	Single Reading	°C

Table 5. Parameters Monitored via the Four Minute Engineering Telemetry RDR

Parameter	Comments	Units
CRC of Four Minute Engineering Telemetry	Used to trigger check of tunable parameters	NA
RDR		
Spectral Calibration Parameters	Used to calculate metrology laser frequency	NA
Laser Pulses Counted Per Sweep	Used to calculate metrology laser frequency	unitless
Number Of Neon Calibration	Used to calculate metrology laser frequency	unitless
Sweeps		
Effective Neon Wavelength	Used to calculate metrology laser frequency	nm
Neon Calibration Time Stamp	Used to calculate metrology laser frequency	ms
Repeat Neon Calibration Interval	Used to calculate metrology laser frequency	ppm
Neon Calibration Data	One sample per Number Of Neon Calibration Sweeps	NA
Starting Count (Sample	One sample per Number Of Neon Calibration Sweeps	unitless
1128)		
Starting Partial Count	One sample per Number Of Neon Calibration Sweeps	unitless
(Sample 1128)		
Fringe Count (Sample	One sample per Number Of Neon Calibration Sweeps	unitless
1128)		
Ending Partial Count	One sample per Number Of Neon Calibration Sweeps	unitless
(Sample 1128)		
Ending Count (Sample	One sample per Number Of Neon Calibration Sweeps	unitless
1128)		

Table 6. Tunable Parameters Provided via the Four Minute Engineering Telemetry RDR

Parameter	Comments	Units
Effective Neon Bulb Wavelength	Used in the computation of the laser frequency using Neon calibration data.	nm
Metrology laser wavelength offset	MW and SW offset from the LW metrology laser wavelength	ppm
ILS curve fit parameters	Used to correct for modulation efficiency variation with OPD	unitless
ILS FOV offset and size parameters	Use to correct off-axis pixel self apodization effects	micro radians
ICT Emissivity	Geometric factor to convert surface emissivity to effective emissivity	unitless
LW ICT Emissivity table	Wavenumber specific effective emissivities	unitless
MW ICT Emissivity table	Wavenumber specific effective emissivities	unitless
SW ICT Emissivity table	Wavenumber specific effective emissivities	unitless
Polarization Calibration	% Polarization difference relative to ICT at a specific wavenumber	unitless
Polarization Wave Numbers	Wavenumbers at which polarization calibration information is provided	cm-1
ICT environment model	Emissivities and view angles of instrument component included in the ICT radiance calculation	Temperature: K; Emissivity: unitless; View angle: degree; Planck function: mw / (m2.sr. cm- 1)
ScanBaffleTemperatureBias	Scan baffle temperature correction applied at different spacecraft orbital positions (21 values)	K
Science TLM conversion coefficients	Engineering unit conversion coefficients associated with parameters monitored in eight second science/calibration telemetry RDR	unitless
Science TLM Limits	Limits associated with parameters monitored in eight	unitless

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	second science/calibration telemetry RDR	
Mapping Parameters	Second colonicar calibration telementy (CET)	
SSM crosstrack positions	Angles relative to SSM mounting feet	degree
SSM mirror misalignment	Mirror mount pitch and yaw errors	degree
SSM in-track position	Intrack commanded Nadir offset	degree
SSMR, SSMF, IAR , IFM boresight &	Alignment angles	degree
SBF alignments Time stamp bias	Bias added to interferogram time stamp to account for intrack motion compensation	ms
CrIS Bit Trim Mask LW	Used to reverse the bit trimming of interferogram packets	digital counts
CrIS Bit Trim Mask MW	Used to reverse the bit trimming of interferogram packets	digital counts
CrIS Bit Trim Mask SW	Used to reverse the bit trimming of interferogram packets	digital counts
LW Data Extraction Information	J = 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	<u> </u>
Number of A/D samples	Used to reverse the bit trimming of interferogram packets	unitless
Decimation & number of filter taps	Used to reverse the bit trimming of interferogram packets	unitless
MW Data Extraction Information	5 ,	
Number of A/D samples	Used to reverse the bit trimming of interferogram packets	unitless
Decimation & number of filter taps	Used to reverse the bit trimming of interferogram packets	unitless
SW Data Extraction Information	<u> </u>	
Number of A/D samples	Used to reverse the bit trimming of interferogram packets	unitless
Decimation & number of filter taps	Used to reverse the bit trimming of interferogram packets	Unitless
Nonlinearity Correction Parameters		
linearityCorrectionA2Parameters	2nd order IR channel nonlinearity characterization parameter. There are nine linearity correction parameters for each FOV for LWIR, MWIR, and SWIR	1/Volts
linearityCorrectionVinstParameters	Detector preamp output voltage due only from instrument background radiance & detector dark current. There are nine linearity correction vinst parameters for LWIR, MWIR, and SWIR	Volts
linearityCorrectionModEffParameters	Interferometer modulation efficiency. There are nine linearity correction modeff parameters for LWIR, MWIR, and SWIR	Volts
FIR Tailoring	LWIR FIR filter coefficient gain relative to baseline FM1_3 FIR filter coefficients. Excludes gain changes due to bit trim mask changes (LW, MW and SW).	Unitless
PGA Gain Table Map	LWIR, MWIR and SWIR channel electrical gain in Volt/Volt corresponding to PGA (16x3 numbers)	Volt/Volt Config

In addition to the parameters provided through the instrument telemetry RDRs, there are many configuration options that modify the processing performed by the operational code. These values are modified via the configuration files provided by DMS. The tunable parameters provided via the configuration files are shown in Table 7.

**Table 7. Tunable Parameters Provided via Configuration Files** 

Setting Category & Setting	Description	Units
Calibration Control Parameters		
allowCalibrationTargetDataMissing	Allows for missing ICT/DS reference measurements	boolean
allowEngineeringDataPacketsMissing	Allows for missing reference measurements	boolean
allowScienceTImDataMissing	Allows for missing reference measurements	boolean
allowSpaceTargetTemperatureDataMissing	Allows for missing reference measurements	boolean
calibrationTargetDataValidityDuration	Absolute temporal displacement to ES under calibration	sec
calibrationTargetDataValidityDurationTolerance	Max temporal displacement of FOR under calibration	sec
disableTimeStampBasedMovingWindow	Adds additional constraints to packet timing	boolean
DsTemperatureOrigin	Specifies origin for file	CCS = 0, CONFIG = 1 CTC = 2,

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elapsedTimeForValidScienceTlmData	Absolute temporal displacement to ES under calibration	sec
elapsedTimeForValidSpaceTargetTemperature	Max temporal displacement of FOR under calibration	sec
IctEmissivityOrigin	Specifies emissivities are used from config file	CONFIG = 0 TLM = 1
InstrumentTemperatureOrigin	Specifies source of value	CONFIG = 0 TLM = 1
maximumNumberOfFceTriesDuringlctDsSynchr onization	Max fringe counts to try in both directions	Count
maximumNumberOflctDsSynchronizationTries	Max ES window depth to seek valid measurement	integer
MovingAverageWindowSize	Specifies the reference window size (ES are half that)	integer
PerformRadiometricCalibration	Allows for radiometric calibration	boolean
scienceTlmTimeDifferenceTolerance	Absolute temporal displacement	sec
SkipIctDsPhaseSynchronization	Phase aligns initial ICT/DS reference windows	boolean
spaceTargetTemperatureTimeDifferenceTolera	Max temporal displacement for temperature correlation	sec
useDeepSpaceRadiance	Specifies calibration equation to consider cold target	boolean
useIctEnvironmentalCorrectionModel	Sets ICT temp to include component contributions	boolean
useWavenumberDependentDsEmissivity	Specifies emissivities are used from config file	boolean
useWavenumberDependentIctEmissivity	Specifies emissivities are used from config file	boolean
monitorLunarIntrusion	Discards DS measurements about a threshold	boolean
maxLunarRadianceRatio	Discards DS measurements above this threshold	float
Correction Control Parameters		
applyllsFovEffectsCorrection	Specifies the application of ILS corrections	boolean
applyllsResidualEffectCorrection	Specifies the application of ILS residual corrections	boolean
applyPolarizationCorrections	Specifies the application of scene specific corrections	Boolean
applyPostCalibrationFilterMatrixCorrection	Specifies the application of matrix correction	boolean
ApplyResamplingMatrix	Specifies the application of resampling corrections	boolean
disableLaserMonitoring	Specifies the monitoring for laser drift	boolean
edrLwDeltaSigma	Specifies wavenumber spacing for Resampling cm <sup>-1</sup> for LW See Note	
edrLwMaximumWavenumber	Specifies the high clipping range for LW See Note	cm <sup>-1</sup>
edrLwMinimumWavenumber	Specifies the low clipping range for LW See Note	cm <sup>-1</sup>
edrLwNumberOfPoints	Specifies the number of points in range for LW See Note	integer
edrMwDeltaSigma	Specifies wavenumber spacing for Resampling for MW See Note	
edrMwMaximumWavenumber	Specifies the high clipping range for MW See Cm <sup>-1</sup> Note	
edrMwMinimumWavenumber	Specifies the low clipping range for MW See cm <sup>-1</sup> Note	
edrMwNumberOfPoints	Specifies the number of points in range for MW See Note integer	
edrSwDeltaSigma	Specifies wavenumber spacing for Resampling for SW See Note	
edrSwMaximumWavenumber	Specifies the high clipping range for SW See cm <sup>-1</sup> Note	
edrSwMinimumWavenumber	Specifies the low clipping range for SW See Cm <sup>-1</sup> Note	

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a duCooklouwek a wOfD a insta	Consider the number of points in source for CW	] :nto-no-
edrSwNumberOfPoints	Specifies the number of points in range for SW See Note	integer
impulseNoiseCountThreshold	Specifies limit to flag	Digital counts
laserDiodeWavelengthOrigin	Identifies the source for measurement	CONFIG = 0
	(telemetry or config)	TLM = 1
performFringeCountErrorHandling	Enables FCE Handling	boolean
performPolarizationCorrection	Allows for polarization correction	boolean
performSpectralAndSpatialCorrection	Allows spectral and spatial corrections	boolean
useSavedMatrices	Allows for use of saved matrices	boolean
clipGuardBands	Set to clip guard bands	boolean
	dimensions of the CMO; the User Grid (i.e. EDR o	
	MO at all times or the corrections will not be appr	opriate.
Instrument Characteristics Parameters	0 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
forIdentifierDs	Specifies the DS of the ICT reference measurement	integer
forIdentifierIct	Specifies the FOR of the ICT reference measurement	integer
forwardSweepDirectionLabel	"F" for Forward	char
forwardSweepDirectionIdentifier	"0" by convention	integer
laserDiodeWavelength	Laser frequency used in absence of	nm
· ·	measurement	
lwBandLabel	"LW"	char
IwBenchMeanIctEmissivity	LW ICT Emissivity (Instrument Location = Bench)	double
lwChamberMeanIctEmissivity	LW ICT Emissivity (Instrument Location = Chamber)	double
lwDataPointsDecimatedInterferogram	LW data points decimated	integer
IwDataPointsUndecimatedInterferogram	LW data points undecimated	integer
IwDecimationFactor	LW decimation factor	integer
meanIctEmissivity_Location	Instrument Location = Bench or Chamber	CONFIG = 0
· -		TLM = 1
mwBandLabel	"MW"	char
mwBenchMeanIctEmissivity	MW ICT Emissivity (Instrument Location = Bench)	double
mwChamberMeanIctEmissivity	MW ICT Emissivity (Instrument Location = Chamber)	double
mwDataPointsDecimatedInterferogram	MW data points decimated	integer
mwDataPointsUndecimatedInterferogram	MW data points undecimated	integer
mwDecimationFactor	MW decimation factor	integer
numberFOR	Number of FOR	integer
numberFOV	Number of FOV	integer
numberSamplesPerLaserWavelength	Number of samples per wavelength	integer
numberSpectralBands	Number of spectral bands	integer
reverseSweepDirectionIdentifier	"1" by convention	integer
reverseSweepDirectionLabel	"R" for reverse	char
spaceTargetTemperatureDriftLimit	Specifies limit to flag	K
swBandLabel	"SW"	char
swBenchMeanIctEmissivity	SW ICT Emissivity (Instrument Location = Bench)	double
swChamberMeanIctEmissivity	SW ICT Emissivity (Instrument Location = Chamber)	double
swDataPointsDecimatedInterferogram	SW data points decimated	integer
swDataPointsUndecimatedInterferogram	SW data points undecimated	integer
swDecimationFactor	SW decimation factor	integer
engineeringCalibrationFrameType	The frame type of the CCSDS Engineering packet	unitless
scienceCalibrationFrameType	The frame type of the CCSDS Science packet	unitless
Algorithm Control Parameters	The manner type of the december defined publicit	, 2
	Threehold wood to reject leaser way along the	ppm
computedWavelengthRejectionThreshold	Threshold used to reject laser wavelengths	ppiii
	during Neon Calibration  FCE default detector band	integer

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		1
fceParamLwAmpThreshRejectLimit	Fringe Count validation parameter	double
fceParamLwDimensionThresholdLimit	Fringe Count validation parameter	double
fceParamLwFractionalFceThresholdLimit	Fringe Count validation parameter	double
fceParamLwGoodLinearFittingThreshLimit	Fringe Count validation parameter	rad <sup>2</sup>
fceParamLwMaxFceThreshLimit	Fringe Count validation parameter	double
fceParamLwMaxIndex	Max index used in FCE detection	integer
fceParamLwMinIndex	Min index used in FCE detection	integer
fceParamMwAmpThreshRejectLimit	Fringe Count validation parameter	double
fceParamMwDimensionThresholdLimit	Fringe Count validation parameter	double
fceParamMwFractionalFceThresholdLimit	Fringe Count validation parameter	double
fceParamMwGoodLinearFittingThreshLimit	Fringe Count validation parameter	rad <sup>2</sup>
fceParamMwMaxFceThreshLimit	Fringe Count validation parameter	double
fceParamMwMaxIndex	Max index used in FCE detection	integer
fceParamMwMinIndex	Min index used in FCE detection	integer
fceParamSwAmpThreshRejectLimit	Fringe Count validation parameter	double
fceParamSwDimensionThresholdLimit	Fringe Count validation parameter	double
fceParamSwFractionalFceThresholdLimit	Fringe Count validation parameter	double
fceParamSwGoodLinearFittingThreshLimit	Fringe Count validation parameter	rad <sup>2</sup>
fceParamSwMaxFceThreshLimit	Fringe Count validation parameter	double
fceParamSwMaxIndex	Max index used in FCE detection	integer
fceParamSwMinIndex	Min index used in FCE detection	integer
ictPrt1Bias	Parameters use to calculate ICT Temperature	K
ictPrt2Bias	Parameters use to calculate ICT Temperature	K
laserWavelengthDriftTolerance	Used to determine if calculated laser	
laser wavelength Drift rolerance		ppm
	wavelength should replace existing laser wavelength	
maximum Fraction Poinctions	Fringe Count validation parameter	double
maximumFractionRejections numberOpdOverscanSamples	Number of samples to trim from each end of	integer
numberOpdOverscanSamples	the interferogram	integer
nolorization Correction FitOrder	Order of Polynomial fit used to calculate	intogor
polarizationCorrectionFitOrder	Polarization Curve	integer
postCalibrationLwA1	LW Parameters used to calculate Post	integer
postCalibrationLwA2	Calibration correction matrix	
postCalibrationLwA3		
postCalibrationLwA4		
postCalibrationLwK0	LW Parameters used to calculate Post	integer
postCalibrationLwK1	Calibration correction matrix	
postCalibrationLwK2		
postCalibrationMwA1	MW Parameters used to calculate Post	integer
postCalibrationMwA2	Calibration correction matrix	
postCalibrationMwA3		
postCalibrationMwA4	1000	
postCalibrationMwK0	MW Parameters used to calculate Post	integer
postCalibrationMwK1	Calibration correction matrix	
postCalibrationMwK2	OW December 11 and 11 a	*
postCalibrationSwA1	SW Parameters used to calculate Post	integer
postCalibrationSwA2	Calibration correction matrix	
postCalibrationSwA3		
postCalibrationSwA4	CIM Development on the color late Day 1	into a
postCalibrationSwK0	SW Parameters used to calculate Post	integer
postCalibrationSwK1	Calibration correction matrix	
postCalibrationSwK2	Amount of time a seed the seed	
timingSequenceErrorThreshold	Amount of time scan start times are allowed to	sec
	vary from eight seconds with respect to	
Secret Allega Calling Car Decreases The Calling Car	adjacent scans' start times	al a cola l
invalidNeonCalibrationPercentageThreshold	Percentage of the number of scans by the	double
	number of EV FORs by the number of FOVs	
	by the number of bands neon calibration	
NUM OF VALID DRY TEMP TURESUS	values are allowed to change	:41
NUM_OF_VALID_PRT_TEMP_THRESHOLD	Threshold used to indicate upper bound of	unitless
	quality flag numberOfValidPRTTemps[][] (cf.	
	Table 41) Threshold used to indicate upper bound of	Digital counts
IMPULSE_NOISE_COUNT_THRESHOLD		

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	1	T
	quality flag ESRdrImpulseNoise[][][][] (cf.	
LOT TEMP OTABILITY TURESLISIS	Table 41)	14
ICT_TEMP_STABILITY_THRESHOLD	Threshold used to indicate lower bound of	K
	quality flag ICT_TemperatureStability[][] (cf. Table 41)	
ICT TEMP CONSISTENCY THRESHOLD	Threshold used to indicate upper bound of	K
ICI_IEWI _CONSISTENCI_ITINESHOLD	quality flag ICT_TemperatureConsistency[] (cf.	I K
	Table 41)	
ICT TEMP LOW THRESHOLD	Lower bound for ICT temperature epoch value	К
ICT TEMP HIGH THRESHOLD	Upper bound for ICT temperature epoch value	К
ShiftFactorArray	399 for FOVs 1,3,7.9	ppm
•	216 for FOVs 2,4,6,8	
	17 for FOV 5	
AppShiftFactorFlag	Perform ICT spectral grid shift control	boolean
	parameter	
performLWLinearityCorrectionControl	Perform LW linearity correction control	boolean
norformMMI in a crity Correction Control	parameter (True) Perform MW linearity correction control	boolean
performMWLinearityCorrectionControl	parameter (True)	boolean
nowforms CIA/Linconity Composition Control		haalaan
performSWLinearityCorrectionControl	Perform SW linearity correction control parameter (False)	boolean
lwLinearityCorrectionControlParam	LW Linearity correction control parameter	unitless
WEITIGATE CONTROLLED AT ALL THE	(TLM)	uniness
mwLinearityCorrectionControlParam	MW Linearity correction control parameter	unitless
inventourly correction control aram	(TLM)	dillicoo
swLinearityCorrectionControlParam	SW Linearity correction control parameter	unitless
,	(TLM)	
surfaceEmissivityCoeff	Surface Emissivity Coefficients	Unitless
suppressSsmBaffleProfile	Suppress the SSM Baffle Profile	boolean
earthTargetTempBench	Earth Target Temperature Bench	Unitless
earthTargetTempChamber	Earth Target Temperature Chamber	Unitless
ictBaffleViewFactor	ICT Baffle View Factor	Unitless
scanBaffleViewFactor	Scan Baffle View Factor Unitles	
omaFrameViewFactor	OMA Frame View Factor	Unitless
warmBeamsplitterViewFactor	Warm Beam Splitter View Factor	Unitless
coldBeamsplitterViewFactor	Cold Beam Splitter View Factor	Unitless Unitless
earthTargetViewFactor	<u> </u>	
overrideEarthTargetTemp durationOfOrbit	Overrides the SSM Target Emissivity  Duration of the satellite orbit	boolean
ictBaffleEmissivity	ICT Baffle Emissivity	Unitless
scanBaffleEmissivity	Scan Baffle Emissivity	Unitless
omaFrameEmissivity	OMA Frame Emissivity	Unitless
earthTargetEmissivity	Earth Target Emissivity	Unitless
scanBaffleTempOffset	Scan Baffle Temperature Offset	Kelvin
linearityCorrectionParameter a2	Linearity Correction A2 Parameters	
linearityCorrectionVinstParameters	Linearity Correction Voltage Parameters	
linearityCorrectionParameter_ModEff	Linearity Correction Mod Effectivity	
	Parameters	
firAccumulatorStartBit	FIR Accumulator start bits	Unitless
firFilterScaleFactor	FIR Filter Scale Factor	Unitless
firPassBandStartValues	FIR Pass Band Start Values	Unitless
firPassBandStopValues	FIR Pass Band Stop Values	Unitless
firFilterResponse_Real	FIR Filter Response Real Values	Unitless
firFilterResponse_Imag	FIR Filter Response Imaginary Values	Unitless
firEffectiveGainSetting	FIR Effective Gain Setting Unitless	
firGainMapping	FIR Gain Mapping Unitless	
laserDiodeWavelengthMW	Midwave Laser Diode Wavelength	
laserDiodeWavelengthSW	Shortwave Laser Diode Wavelength	<u> </u>

The CrIS SDR Fill Packet Lookup Table contains templates of each of the Earth Scene, Deep Space, and Internal Calibration Target Interferogram packets. These templates are used to

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create "fill" packets that are used to replace packets missing from the CrIS RDR inputs, in order to minimize the effect of missing packets to the CrIS sliding window processing. Additional details on the CrIS SDR Fill Packet LUT are found in the CDFCB-X Volume VIII – Look Up Table Formats.

#### 2.1.1.1.1 Requirements for Input

The primary instrument output (interferogram data) is generated as follows:

- The instrument can perform a new measurement (sweep) every 200 ms: 167 ms for data collection and 33 ms for repositioning.
- A new cycle (scan) is repeated every 8 seconds:
  - o 600 msec slew from ICT to Earth Scene (ES) 1
  - o 200 msec x 30 Earth Scenes
  - o 200 msec slew from ES 30 to Deep Space (DS)
  - o 200 msec x 2 samples at DS (forward and reverse sweeps)
  - o 400 msec slew from DS to ICT
  - o 200 msec x 2 samples at ICT (forward and reverse sweeps)
- Each scan is comprised of 918 interferograms: (2 DS + 2 ICT + 30 ES)  $\times$  3 bands  $\times$  9 detectors / band

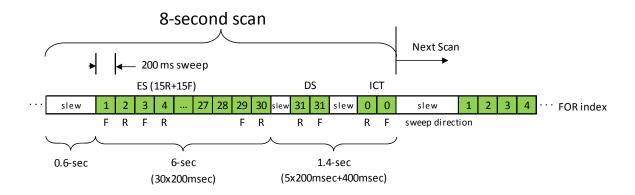


Figure 3. CrIS Measurement Sequence

#### 2.1.1.1.2 Requirements for Applicable Auxiliary/Ancillary and/or Optional Input Data

In addition to the interferogram data generated by the CrIS Sensor, there are two additional packets of interest to the SDR algorithm:

- Eight second Science/Calibration Telemetry This data packet contains instrument temperature information required during the calibration process collected during the previous eight seconds of instrument operation. These data packets are transmitted by the instrument at the end of every eight second scan period.
- 2. Four Minute Engineering Telemetry This data packet contains additional information used for interferogram processing, spectral calibration, spatial correction and geolocation. With the exception of the Neon calibration data contained within this packet, all information is virtually static; however it can be modified via table upload commands sent to the CrIS sensor. Neon calibration data is updated as programmed and is currently planned for once per orbit. These data packets are transmitted by the instrument at the end of every thirtieth eight second scan period.

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### 2.1.1.2 **Outputs**

The CrIS SDR algorithm creates two outputs and stores those in DMS. One output contains Geolocation information and the other output contains unapodized radiance information. Table 8 shows the CrIS SDR outputs. Refer to the CDFCB-X, 474-00001, for a detailed description of the outputs.

**Table 8. CrIS SDR Outputs** 

Output	Description
CrIS SDR Data	This contains the unapodized CrIS radiances (See Table 9)
CrIS Geolocation Data	Contains the geolocation information (See Table 10)
CrIS SDR DQN	Data quality notifications for SDR and RDR yields (percentage of good pixels)
CrlS Terrain-Correction Geolocation	This product is the same format as Table 10 except there are two fields for the roll and pitch angles at the beginning of the structure. Each of these has dimensions of 4*30*9 (corresponding to scans, earth scenes, and fields of view, respectively) and is a 4-byte floating point field.
Correction matrix data / Engineering calibration record	Correction matrix last calculated to speed up processing and also the last received engineering calibration record. This item will only be output if the input item is missing or if a new version is created by the algorithm. Therefore, this item is a possible input and/or output of the algorithm.

The current CrIMSS EDR Algorithm expects to read in the following input information from the CrIS SDRs:

CrIMSS EDR Algorithm Input from CrIS SDR Algorithm Output			
FOV Location	Longitude (degrees)		
	Latitude (degrees)		
Sensor Scan Angle	Sensor Scan Angle [degrees]		
Radiance	Radiance value (mW/m2/Sr/cm-1)		

The CrIS SDR algorithm shall produce unapodized radiances to be compliant with CrIS SDR product requirements. The CrIMSS EDR algorithm is responsible for applying the Blackman apodization. The only problem is that information is lost at the two ends of each of the three CrIS bands due to convolution. This can be avoided, however, by extending the spectral grid of the unapodized radiances.

- <edrLwDeltaSigma Default\_"0.625000"/>
- <edrLwMaximumWavenumber Default="1096.250000"/>
- <edrLwMinimumWavenumber Default="648.750000"/>
- <edrLwNumberOfPoints Default="717"/>
- <edrMwDeltaSigma Default="1.250000"/>
- <edrMwMaximumWavenumber Default="1752.500000"/>
- <edrMwMinimumWavenumber Default="1207.500000"/>
- <edrMwNumberOfPoints Default="437"/>
- <edrSwDeltaSigma Default="2.500000"/>
- <edrSwMaximumWavenumber Default="2555.000000"/>
- <edrSwminimumWavenumber Default="2150.000000"/>
- <edrSwNumberOfPoints Default="163"/>

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As a result of the change, the CrIS SDR algorithm outputs unapodized radiances for the following spectral grid:

LWIR Band: a total of 717 bins from 648.75 cm-1 to 1096.25 cm-1 with a spacing of 0.625 cm-1; MWIR Band: a total of 437 bins from 1207.5 cm-1 to 1752.5 cm-1 with a spacing of 1.25 cm-1; SWIR Band: a total of 163 bins from 2150 cm-1 to 2555 cm-1 with a spacing of 2.5 cm-1.

Comparing to the original CrIS SDR spectral grid, the new one added two more grid points to the ends of each of the three CrIS bands. With the 12 newly added bins, the total number of bins of the CrIS SDR output radiances has increased from 1305 to 1317. The apodized radiances for the three CrIS bands are concatenated into one spectrum with a total of 1305 bins in the CrIMSS EDR algorithm.

**Table 9. CrIS SDR Output Structure** 

Name	Type and Dimensions	Description	Units / Range / Fill
ESRealLW	Float32	CrIS LW Band	mW/(m <sup>2</sup> sr cm <sup>-1</sup> ) /
LOINGAILVV	[CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]	spectrally and	-300 to 300 / -999.4
	[EV FOR PER SCAN]	radiometrically	000 10 000 7 000.1
	[CRIS MAX FOV]	calibrated radiances	
	[LWNUMBEROFPOINTS]	(real part of spectra)	
ESRealMW	Float32	CrIS MW Band	mW/(m <sup>2</sup> sr cm <sup>-1</sup> ) /
	[CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]	spectrally and	-200 to 200 / -999.4
	[EV_FOR_PER_SCAN]	radiometrically	
	[CRIS_MAX_FOV]	calibrated data for	
	[MWNUMBEROFPOINTS]	mid-wave band (real	
		part of spectra)	
ESRealSW	Float32	CrIS SW Band	mW/(m <sup>2</sup> sr cm <sup>-1</sup> ) /
	[CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]	spectrally and	-20 to 20 / -999.4
	[EV_FOR_PER_SCAN]	radiometrically calibrated data for	
	[CRIS_MAX_FOV] [SWNUMBEROFPOINTS]	short-wave band	
	[SWNOWBEROFFORM13]	(real part of spectra)	
ESImaginaryLW	Float32	Imaginary part of	mW/(m <sup>2</sup> sr cm <sup>-1</sup> ) /
Lomaginary	[CRIS SCAN PER GRAN]	spectra for long-	1.17549e-38 to 3.40282e+38
	[EV_FOR_PER_SCAN]	wave band	/-999.4
	[CRIS MAX FOV]	wave same	, 555.1
	[LWNUMBEROFPOINTS]		
ESImaginaryMW	Float32	Imaginary part of	mW/(m <sup>2</sup> sr cm <sup>-1</sup> ) /
	[CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]	spectra for mid-wave	1.17549e-38 to 3.40282e+38
	[EV_FOR_PER_SCAN]	band	/ -999.4
	[CRIS_MAX_FOV]		
	[MWNUMBEROFPOINTS]		
ESImaginarySW	Float32	Imaginary part of	mW/(m <sup>2</sup> sr cm <sup>-1</sup> ) /
	[CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]	spectra for short- wave band	1.17549e-38 to 3.40282e+38
	[EV_FOR_PER_SCAN]		/ -999.4
	[CRIS_MAX_FOV]		
	[SWNUMBEROFPOINTS]		
ESNEdNLW	Float32	Spectral Noise	mW/(m <sup>2</sup> sr cm <sup>-1</sup> ) /
	[CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]	Estimate - long-wave	1.17549e-38 to 3.40282e+38
	[EV_FOR_PER_SCAN]		/ -999.4
	[CRIS_MAX_FOV]		
5015 IN IN IN I	[LWNUMBEROFPOINTS]		2 1)
ESNEdNMW	Float32	Spectral Noise	mW/(m <sup>2</sup> sr cm <sup>-1</sup> ) /
	[CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [EV FOR PER SCAN]	Estimate - mid-wave	1.17549e-38 to 3.40282e+38 /-999.4
	[EV_FOR_PER_SCAN] [CRIS MAX FOV]		/ -333. <del>4</del>
	[MWNUMBEROFPOINTS]		
<u> </u>	[MANAGONDEIGOLI GIIALO]		<u>l</u>

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Name ESNEdNSW	Type and Dimensions Float32	Description Spectral Noise	Units / Range / Fill mW/(m <sup>2</sup> sr cm <sup>-1</sup> ) /
ESINEUINSVV	[CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]	Estimate - short-	1.17549e-38 to 3.40282e+38
	[EV_FOR_PER_SCAN]	wave	/-999.4
	[CRIS MAX FOV]	Wave	7 333.4
	[SWNUMBEROFPOINTS]		
DS_WindowSize	UInt16	The number of Deep	Unitless / 0 to 65529 / 65530
_	[CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]	Space (DS) spectra	
	[BOTHDIRECTIONS]	used to calibrate the	
	[CRIS_MAX_FOV]	earth scene	
	[CRIS_TOTAL_BANDS]		
ICT_WindowSize	UInt16	The number of	Unitless / 0 to 65529 / 65530
	[CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]	Internal Calibration	
	[BOTHDIRECTIONS] [CRIS MAX FOV]	Target (ICT) spectra used to calibrate the	
	[CRIS_MAX_FOV] [CRIS_TOTAL_BANDS]	earth scene	
ESZPDAmplitude	Int16	Interferogram	Unitless / -8192 to 8192
Lozi DAmpiitude	[CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]	magnitude at zero	Offices 7 -0192 to 0192
	[EV_FOR_PER_SCAN]	path difference	
	[CRIS MAX FOV]	pour amoronos	
	[CRIS_TOTAL_BANDS]		
	_		
ESZPDFringeCount	UInt16	Interferogram fringe	Unitless / 0 to 65529 / 65530
	[CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]	count at zero path	
	[EV_FOR_PER_SCAN]	difference before	
	[CRIS_MAX_FOV]	decimation	
sdrFringeCount	[CRIS_TOTAL_BANDS] UInt16	The calculated	Unitless / 0 to 65529 / 65530
SurringeCount	[CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]	number of fringes	Officess / 0 to 05529 / 05550
	[EV_FOR_PER_SCAN]	that the	
	[CRIS MAX FOV]	interferogram was	
	[CRIS_TOTAL_BANDS]	advanced or delayed	
ESRdrImpulseNoise	UInt8	This flag represents	Unitless / 0 to 249 / 250
	[CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]	the number of	
	[EV_FOR_PER_SCAN]	samples in an	
	[CRIS_MAX_FOV]	interferogram that	
	[CRIS_TOTAL_BANDS]	exceeded the	
		impulse noise mask	
		and were set to zero; if > 1 the resultant	
		spectrum is flagged	
		as having excess	
		noise	
monitoredLaserWav	Float64	This flag represents	nm /
elength	[CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]	the monitored laser	2.22507e-308 to
		metrology	1.79769e+308 / -999.4
		wavelength,	
		calculated using data	
		from the 4-min	
		engineering packets and Neon calibrated	
		laser metrology	
		wavelength	
measuredLaserWav	Float64	This quality flag	nm /
elength	[CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]	represents the	2.22507e-308 to
-		measured metrology	1.79769e+308 / -999.4
		laser wavelength	
		with neon lamp	
	FI. 104	calibration	
resamplingLaserWa	Float64	This flag represents	nm /
velength	[CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]	the wavelength used	2.22507e-308 to
		for the spectral resampling, which is	1.79769e+308 / -999.4
		half of the current	
		metrology laser	
	I.	monology label	İ

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Name	Type and Dimensions	Description	Units / Range / Fill
Hamo	Type and Dimensions	wavelength	
DS_Symmetry	Float64 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [CRIS_MAX_FOV] [CRIS_TOTAL_BANDS]	This flag is intended to identify the asymmetry in the measured DS IGMs	Unitless / 2.22507e-308 to 1.79769e+308 / -999.4
DS_SpectralStability	Float64 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [DS_FOR_PER_SCAN] [CRIS_MAX_FOV] [CRIS_TOTAL_BANDS]	This flag monitors the spectral variability of the DS views within the moving window	Unitless / 2.22507e-308 to 1.79769e+308 / -999.4
ICT_SpectraStability	Float64 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [IC_FOR_PER_SCAN] [CRIS_MAX_FOV] [CRIS_TOTAL_BANDS]	This flag monitors the spectral variability of the ICT views within the moving window	Unitless / 2.22507e-308 to 1.79769e+308 / -999.4
ICT_TemperatureSt ability	Float32 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [IC_FOR_PER_SCAN]	This flag measures the stability of the two Platinum Resistance Temperature measurements of the Internal Calibration Target	Unitless / 1.17549e-38 to 3.40282e+38 /-999.4
ICT_TemperatureCo nsistency	Float32 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]	This flag measures the consistency between the two Platinum Resistance Temperature measurements of the Internal Calibration Target	Unitless / 1.17549e-38 to 3.40282e+38 / -999.4
numberOfValidPRTT emps	UInt8 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [BOTHDIRECTIONS]	Number of valid PRT Temperatures used	Unitless / 0 to 249 / 250
QF1	UInt8 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]	Scan-level Quality Flags	Unitless / See Table 28 / None
QF2	UInt8 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [CRIS_MAX_FOV] [CRIS_TOTAL_BANDS]	FOV-level Quality Flags	Unitless / See Table 27 / None
QF3	UInt8 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [EV_FOR_PER_SCAN] [CRIS_MAX_FOV] [CRIS_TOTAL_BANDS]	Band-level Quality Flags (Band 1)	Unitless / See Table 25 / None
QF4	UInt8 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [EV_FOR_PER_SCAN] [CRIS_MAX_FOV] [CRIS_TOTAL_BANDS]	Band-level Quality Flags (Band 2)	Unitless / See Table 26 / None

**Table 10. CrIS SDR Geolocation Output Structure** 

Name	Type and Dimensions	Description	Units / Range / Fill
FOR_IETusec	Int64 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [EV_FOR_PER_SCAN]	Individual IET times for each FOR	Microseconds / 0 to 5680281632999999 / -998
scanStartTime	Int64 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]	Starting Time of Scan in IET	Microseconds 0 to 5680281632999999 / -998
scanMidTime	Int64	Mid Time of Scan in IET	Microseconds

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Name	Type and Dimensions	Description	Units / Range / Fill
	[CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]		0 to 5680281632999999 / -998
lat	Float32 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [EV_FOR_PER_SCAN] [CRIS_MAX_FOV]	Latitude - positive north.	Degrees / -90 to 90 / -999.8
lon	Float32 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [EV_FOR_PER_SCAN] [CRIS_MAX_FOV]	Longitude - Positive east.	Degrees / -180 to 180 / -999.8
sunzen	Float32 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [EV_FOR_PER_SCAN] [CRIS_MAX_FOV]	Solar Zenith Angle at the geolocated FOV center.	Degrees / 0 to 180 / -999.8
sunazm	Float32 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [EV_FOR_PER_SCAN] [CRIS_MAX_FOV]	Solar Azimuth Angle at the geolocated FOV center.	Degrees / -180 to 180 / -999.8
satzen	Float32 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [EV_FOR_PER_SCAN] [CRIS_MAX_FOV]	Satellite Zenith Angle at the geolocated FOV center	Degrees / 0 to 180 / -999.8
satazm	Float32 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [EV_FOR_PER_SCAN] [CRIS_MAX_FOV]	SatelliteAzimuth Angle at the geolocated FOV center. Positive east of north.	Degrees / -180 to 180 / -999.8
height	Float32 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [EV_FOR_PER_SCAN] [CRIS_MAX_FOV]	Ellipsoid-Geoid separation	Meters / 800,000 to 2,000,000 / -999.8
range	Float32 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [EV_FOR_PER_SCAN] [CRIS_MAX_FOV]	Line of sight distance from the ellipsoid intersection to the satellite	Meters / 800,000 to 2,000,000 / -999.8
scPosition	Float32 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [VEC_SIZE]	Spacecraft position in ECR Coordinates (X, Y, Z) at the midtime of scan.	Meters / -7460000 to 7400000 / -999.8
scVelocity	Float32 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [VEC_SIZE]	Spacecraft velocity in ECR Coordinates (dx/dt, dy/dt, dz/dt) at the midtime of scan	Meters/Second / -7500 to 7500 / -999.8
scAttitude	Float32 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN] [VEC_RPY_SIZE]	The relative orientation of the Spacecraft with respect to the Geodetic Reference Frame at the midtime of scan	Arcseconds / -300 to 300 / -999.8
geoQualFlag	UInt8 [CRIS_SCAN_PER_GRAN]	Attitude and Ephemeris Availability Status	Unitless / See Table 11 / None

# Table 11. CrIS SDR Geolocation Output Structure geoQualFlag Details

Bits	Description	Legend Entries
0-1	Attitude and Ephemeris Availability Status	0 = Nominal – E&A data available
		1 = Missing Data <= Small Gap
		2 = Small Gap < Missing Data <=
		Granule Boundary
		3 = Missing Data > Granule Boundary
2-7	Spare	N/A

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### 2.1.2 Algorithm Processing

CrIS SDR processing gets the ingest Raw Data Records (RDRs) from DMS. CrIS RDR data in DMS is in CCSDS packet format. The CrIS SDR algorithm is tasked to process a granule of RDR data. In order to do that, it needs to retrieve 15 scans prior to the beginning of the granule and 15 scans after the end of the granule. The first step is to determine the beginning scan in the current granule and then determine the granule IDs for the RDR data on both sides of the granule. Once the RDR files have been retrieved and the time stamp for the beginning scan determined, a structure of packet pointers is populated with pointers to the actual packets in the RDR files based on scans and time. This structure of packet pointers is passed into the CrIS SDR algorithm which parses and processes the packets. The RDR data are created as heap items to allow the RDR data in heap memory to be modified if needed. When CrIS full resolution data is processed, a truncation module is executed before any processing is done to truncate the interferograms for processing by the algorithm. Engineering packet values are then updated to reflect the truncated trim table values. Common geolocation routines are used to get the location by providing the exit vector for that sample so that geolocation information can be updated. For information regarding common geolocation refer to 474-00091 (current revision) Operational Algorithm Description Document for Common Geolocation. The specific common geolocation routines used, here, are satPosAtt() to locate the ephemeris and attitude for the specific observation time, and ellipIntersect() to calculate the geodetic latitude and longitude and terrain height for the given sensor exit vector and ephemeris and attitude. The exit vectors are calculated with

$$E_x = -\sin(P_{LOS})$$

$$E_y = \cos(P_{LOS}) * \sin(R_{LOS})$$

$$E_z = \cos(P_{LOS}) * \cos(R_{LOS})$$

Where  $P_{LOS}$  and  $R_{LOS}$  are the line-of-sight roll and pitch and  $\bar{E}$  is the exit vector.

### 2.1.2.1 Main Module - SDR Generator Application

This paragraph outlines the major software contributors used to process CrIS data. Detailed design relationships of these classes can be obtained from the design model. Detailed implementation details are documented in the source with in-line comments. Table 12 lists some important classes used during processing.

Table 12. Some Important Classes Used During Processing

Name	Type	Initialization	Description
CalibratedSpectra	Class	Instantiation	Specialization of Spectra which implements the complex calibration interface
CCSDSFormat	Class	Singleton	Utility for packaging and extraction of CCSDS primary and secondary headers
CorrectionMatrix	Class	Instantiation	Container for the spatial corrections that comprise the CMO
EngineeringCalibrationRecord	Class	Specialization	Implements the abstract CalibrationRecord for Algorithm specific 4min values
Interferogram	Class	Instantiation	Container for organizing video data
ScienceCalibrationRecord	Class	Specialization	Implements the abstract CalibrationRecord for Algorithm specific 8sec values
ScienceDataProcessor	Class	Instantiation	Central engine for Algorithm behavior
Spectra	Class	Abstract	Interface container
SpectraManager	Class	Instantiation	Collection of Spectra used in window average

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Name	Type	Initialization	Description
TelemetryProcessor	Class	Singleton	Extracts binary instrument data defined by
			config file
TemperatureHistory	Class	Instantiation	Collection responsible for min, max, avg
			temperature
VideoData	Class	Aggregation	Implements TelemetryProcessor's bit-trim
			behavior

## 2.1.2.2 Class CalibratedSpectra

This class provides complex calibration and applies corrections to the instance spectra.

Table 13 shows the CalibratedSpectra attributes and Table 14 shows the CalibratedSpectra operations.

### 2.1.2.2.1 CalibratedSpectra Attributes

**Table 13. CalibratedSpectra Attributes** 

Name	Туре	Description
VERSION_NUMBER	primitive unsigned short int UInt16	Collection of version number.

### 2.1.2.2.2 CalibratedSpectra Operations

**Table 14. CalibratedSpectra Operations** 

Name	Return	Parameters		
		1 diameters		
	ation to the instance spectra.			
The cold contribution is a	dded only when coldTargetTemp is !=			
calibrate	primitive bool	Class Spectra*	hotReference	
		Class Spectra*	coldReference	
		Class Spectra*	hotTargetTemp	
		Class Spectra*	coldTargetTemp	
Applies a bin by bin corre	ection.			
correct	primitive bool	Class Spectra*	correctionSpectr	
			а	
Return linear phase shift	when fringe count errors exist.			
correctFringeCountErro	Class	Class	linearPhaseShift	
r	BOOST::vector <std::complex<floa< td=""><td>BOOST::vector<std::complex<f< td=""><td></td></std::complex<f<></td></std::complex<floa<>	BOOST::vector <std::complex<f< td=""><td></td></std::complex<f<>		
	t64> >&	loat64> >&		
		typedef double Float64	fringeCount	
Fringe count errors are co	omputed and returned.			
detectFringeCountError	typedef double Float64	Class Spectra*	hotReference	
		Class Spectra*	coldReference	
Shifts the imaginary component of phase to align the real component with the reference spectra.				
adjustPhase	primitive void	Class	linearPhase	
		BOOST::vector <std::complex<flo< td=""><td>at6 Shift</td></std::complex<flo<>	at6 Shift	
		4> >&		

### 2.1.2.3 CCSDSFormat

This class implements the CommonMessageFormat for CCSDS packetization. Table 15 shows the CCSDSFormat attributes and Table 16 shows the CCSDSFormat operations

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### 2.1.2.3.1 CCSDSFormat Attributes

**Table 15. CCSDSFormat Operations** 

Name	Туре	Description
thePrimaryHeader	Class CcsdsPrimaryHeader	Collection of routing a packet and its data.
theSecondaryHeader	Class CcsdsSecondaryHeader	Collection of routing the timestamp portion of a CCSDS header

### 2.1.2.3.2 CCSDSFormat Operations

**Table 16. CCSDSFormat Operations** 

Name	Return	F	arameters
Populates the primary and secondary headers based on the data at the offset of startingLocation.			
unpack	typedef int Int32	Class Octets	&theData
		typedef unsigned int UInt32	&startingLocation

### 2.1.2.4 Class CorrectionMatrix

This class is responsible for implementing a Correction Matrix that is applied to each spectra. Table 17 shows the CorrectionMatrix attributes and Table 18 shows the CorrectionMatrix operations.

## 2.1.2.4.1 CorrectionMatrix Attributes

**Table 17. CorrectionMatrix Attributes** 

Name	Туре	Description
Size	typedef unsigned int UInt32	Size of Correction Matrix
validCorrection	primitive bool	Valid correction flag
childTable[]	Class CorrectionTable*	Collection of child tables
calibrationMatrix	Class BOOST::matrix <float32></float32>	Collection of calibration matrix
lastUpdateTime	typedef struct SYSTEMTIME	Collection of last update time
AlgorithmParameter	Class SDR_AlgorithmnParameter	Collection of SDR algorithm parameters
CorrectionParameter	Class SDR_CorrectionParam	Collection of SDR correction parameters
InstrumentCharacteristic	Class CrlS_InstrumentCharacteristics	Collection of CrIS instrument parameters
maxPathDifferential[]	typedef double Float64	Collection of maximum path difference
instrumentDeltaSigma[]	typedef double Float64	Collection of instrument delta sigma
instrumentLowestWavenumber[]	typedef double Float64	Collection of instrument lowest wavenumber
userDeltaSigma[]	typedef double Float64	Collection of user delta sigma
userLowestWavenumber[]	typedef double Float64	Collection of user lowest wavenumber
boostCalMatrix	typedef boost::numeric::ublas::matrix <fi oat64,boost::numeric::ublas::col umn_major&gt; ColMatrix</fi 	Column matrix
boostChildTable	typedef boost::numeric::ublas::matrix <fl oat64&gt; RowMatrix</fl 	Row matrix

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## 2.1.2.4.2 CorrectionMatrix Operations

**Table 18. CorrectionMatrix Operations** 

Name	Return	_Para	meters
Rebuilds child tables for cali			the First Cal Dan
buildTable	typedef int Int32	Class Engineering Calibration Record 9	theEngCalRec
	111132	EngineeringCalibrationRecord& enum SceneElement	theFov
		enum Band::Wavelength	theBand
Builds self-apodization table		enum Bandvvavelengin	шевани
buildSelfApodizationTable	primitive	Class	tho EngColDoo
buildSellApodizationTable	bool	EngineeringCalibrationRecord&	theEngCalRec
	1 0001	enum SceneElement	theFov
		enum Band::Wavelength	theBand
Builds Residual ILS Table.		Chain Banavvavcichgin	triebarid
	primitive	Class	tho EngColPoo
buildResidual_ILS_Table	bool	EngineeringCalibrationRecord&	theEngCalRec
	DOOI	enum SceneElement	theFov
		enum Band::Wavelength	theBand
Calculates the post calibration	on table. This c	alculation is only band specific.	triebarid
buildPostCalibrationTable	primitive	enum Band::Wavelength	theBand
bulluPostCalibrationTable	bool	enum bandvvavelengin	ulebaliu
Calculates Resampling Tabl		tion is only hand specific	
buildResamplingTable	primitive	enum Band::Wavelength	theBand
builditesampling rable	bool	enum bandwavelengui	ureband
Calculates the user apodizar		calculation is only band specific.	
buildUserApodizationTable	primitive	enum Band::Wavelength	theBand
balla Gool, spoulzation i abio	bool	Chain Bahan varolongar	urobana
Resizes the correction and o		ew dimension.	
setSize	primitive	typedef unsigned int UInt32	newDimension
	void	3,,	
Mathematical inclusion in cu	rrent correction	values.	
addChildContribution	primitive	enum TableTypes	tableType
	void		
Serializes the Child Tables of	of the Correctio	nMatrix.	
serializeChildTables	primitive	Class	&ar
	void	boost::archive::binary_oarchive	
Serializes the Child Tables of		nMatrix.	
serializeChildTables	primitive	Class	&ar
	void	boost::archive::binary_iarchive	
		ing values from the calibrationMatrix	
toString	primitive	n/a	n/a
	string	11. 21	
Serializes the correction mat			
serializeCMO	primitive	Class	ar
	void	boost::archive::binary_oarchive&	the Donal
		enum Band::Wavelength	theBand
Serializes the correction man			
serializeCMO	primitive	Class	ar
	void	boost::archive::binary_iarchive&	theDond
	]	enum Band::Wavelength	theBand

# 2.1.2.5 Class EngineeringCalibrationRecord

This class is a parent class to each of the Engineering Calibration Record sub categories. Table 19 shows the EngineeringCalibrationRecord attributes and Table 20 shows the EngineeringCalibrationRecord operations.

# 2.1.2.5.1 EngineeringCalibrationRecord Attributes

Table 19. EngineeringCalibrationRecord Attributes

Name	Туре	Description
ietTime	typedef long long Int64	IET time
computedWavelengthRejectionT hreshold	typedef unsigned int UInt32	Computed wavelength rejection threshold
rejectedWavelengthsRatio	typedef double Float64	Rejected wavelength ratio
averageMetrologyWavelength	typedef double Float64	Averaged metrology wavelength
engLaserDiodeTemperature	typedef double Float64	Laser diode temperature
engLaserDiodeCurrent	typedef double Float64	Laser diode current
laserDiodeWavelengthOrigin	enum LaserWavelengthSource	Original laser diode wavelength
ilsParams	typeded struct ILS_Parameters	Collection of ILS parameters
ilsOrigin	enum IlsOriginSource	Collection of ILS original source
theEngCalRec_ICTEmissivityPar ameters	Class EngCalRec_ICTEmissivityPara meters	Collection of engineering ICT emissivity parameters
theEngCalRec_ILSCurveFitPara meters	Class EngCalRec_ILSCurveFitParam eters	Collection of ILS curve fit parameters
theEngCalRec_ILSFOVParamet ers	Class EngCalRec_ILSFOVParameter s	Collection of ILS fov parameters
theEngCalRec_ICTEnvironmenta IModel	Class EngCalRec_ICTEnvironmental Model	Collection of ICT environmental model
theEngCalRec_ScienceTelemetr yConversionCoefficients	Class EngCalRec_ScienceTelemetry ConversionCoefficients	Collection of science telemetry conversion coefficients
theEngCalRec_PolarizationCalib rationWavenumbers	Class EngCalRec_PolarizationCalibrat ionWavenumbers	Collection of polarization calibration wavenumbers
theEngCalRec_LaserMetrologyIn fo	Class EngCalRec_LaserMetrologyInfo	Collection of laser metrology information
theEngCalRec_NeonCalInfo;	Class EngCalRec_NeonCalInfo	Collection of neon calibration information
theEngCalRec_ScienceTelemetr yLimits	Class EngCalRec_ScienceTelemetryL imits	Collection of science telemetry limits
theEngCalRec_PitchRollYawInfo	Class EngCalRec_PitchRollYawInfo	Collection of pitch, roll and yaw information
theEngCalRec_LinearityErrorPar ameters	Class EngCalRec_LinearityErrorPara meters	Collection of linearity error parameters
theEngCalRec_ExtractionRecord	Class EngCalRec_ExtractionRecord	Trim table and extraction record values
losInSSMF[]	Class BOOST::vector <float64></float64>	Collection of pitch and yaw misalignments between interferometer and scan mechanism
normalRMF	Class BOOST::vector <float64></float64>	Collection of mirror normal to SSM mirror in RMF coordinate system
sbfToSSMFMatrix	Class BOOST::vector <float64></float64>	Collection of transformation from SBF to SSMF
lastCheckSumValue	typedef int Int32	Last check sum value
packetVersionNumber	typedef int Int32	Packet version number

## 2.1.2.5.2 EngineeringCalibrationRecord Operations

Table 20. EngineeringCalibrationRecord Operations

Name Return		Parameters	
Refreshes data.			

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Name	Return	Parameters	S	
refreshData	primitive bool	typedef unsigned short int UInt16	theApid	
		Class CCSDSFormat*	theTelemetryFormat	
Calculates metrology wavelength	th.			
calculateMetrologyWavelength	primitive void	n/a	n/a	
Loads the values from the engir	neering calibration record.			
serialize	primitive void	Class boost::archive::binary_oarchive	&ar	
		Class std::ostringstream stringstream	&oss	
Stores the values to the engineer	ering calibration record.			
serialize	primitive void	Class boost::archive::binary_iarchive	&ar	
		Class std::istringstream stringstream	&oss	
Initializes the scene selection m	odule frame (SSMF) to spac	ecraft body frame (SBF) transform	ation operator.	
initializeGeometricCalibration	primitive void	n/a	n/a	
Computes rotation matrix aroun	d Y axis.			
rotationMatrixY	Class BOOST::matrix <float64></float64>	typedef double Float64	thePitch	
Compute rotation matrix around X axis.				
rotationMatrixX	Class BOOST::matrix <float64></float64>	typedef double Float64	theRoll	
Computes rotation matrix around Z axis.				
rotationMatrixZ	Class BOOST::matrix <float64></float64>	typedef double Float64	theYaw	

### 2.1.2.6 Class Interferogram

This class is responsible for extracting interferogram data from the telemetry processor. Each interferogram consists of a vector of real parts and a vector of imaginary parts. Table 21 shows the Interferogram attributes and Table 22 shows the Interferogram operations

### 2.1.2.6.1 Interferogram Attributes

**Table 21. Interferogram Attributes** 

Name	Туре	Description
realSample	Class BOOST::vector <float64>*</float64>	Collection of real parts
imaginarySample	Class BOOST::vector <float64>*</float64>	Collection of imaginary parts
RDR_Status	typedef struct RawDataRecordStatusRegister	Collection of raw data status
status	typedef unsigned int UInt32	Status
channel	typedef unsigned int UInt32	Channel number
theScene	enum FieldOfRegard	Actual field of regard reported in interferogram
porchSwingDirection	enum SweepDirection	Actual porch swing direction reported in interferogram
spectralBand	enum Band::Wavelength	Actual band reported in interferogram
fieldOfView	enum SceneElement	Actual field of view reported in interferogram

### 2.1.2.6.2 Interferogram Operations

**Table 22. Interferogram Operations** 

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Name	Return	Pa	arameters		
Adds an interferogram to the cu	Adds an interferogram to the current interferogram.				
operator+	primitive void	Class Interferogram&	rightOperand		
subtracts an interferogram from	the current interferogram.				
operator-	primitive void	Class Interferogram&	rightOperand		
Divides each element of this inte	erferogram by a specified num	nber.			
operator/	primitive void	typedef double Float64	factor		
Copies all data from source inte	rferogram.				
operator=	Class Interferogram&	Class Interferogram&	source		
Outputs information of the curre	nt interferogram.				
operator<<	Class ostream&	Class ostream&	outStream		
		Class Interferogram&	i		
returns data of the specified typ	e from the interferogram.				
getSamples	Class BOOST::vector <float64>&amp;</float64>	enum Complex	Real or imaginary samples		
Computes deep space symmetry	Computes deep space symmetry.				
computeDeepSpaceSymmetry	typedef double Float64	Class Interferogram&	forwardDS		
		Class Interferogram&	reverseDS		
References to the root of the co	mplex squares.				
getMagnitude	Class BOOST::vector <float64>&amp;</float64>	n/a	n/a		

## 2.1.2.7 Class TemperatureHistory

This class is a container for temperatures gathered from the data. Table 23 shows the temperatureHistory attributes and Table 24 shows the temperatureHistory operations.

### 2.1.2.7.1 TemperatureHistory Attributes

Table 23. TemperatureHistory Attributes

Name	Туре	Description
windowSize_	typedef int Int32	Moving average window size
historicalWindow_	Class vector <calrecord*></calrecord*>	A vector that contains average temperatures
minTemperature_	typedef double Float64	Minimum temperature
maxTemperature	typedef double Float64	Maximum temperature

## 2.1.2.7.2 TemperatureHistory Operations

**Table 24. Temperature History Operations** 

Name	Return		Parameters
Removes all records in the temp	perature history v	vindow.	
clearHistory	primitive void	n/a	n/a
Sets the window size for a temp	erature window.		
setWindowSize	primitive void	typedef int Int32	newSize
Returns a temperature at any given position.			
getTemperature	typedef double Float64	typedef int Int32	position

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Name	Return		Parameters
Adds the current average temper	erature to the win	dow if a temperature is no	ot supplied.
addTemperature	typedef double Float64	n/a	n/a
Adds temperature to a tempera	ture window.		
addTemperature	typedef double Float64	typedef double Float64	newTemp
		typedef struct CrisSdrHeapDataType	*algDataPtr
		typedef unsigned int UInt32	scanldx
		typedef int Int32	ictTempType
Calculates an average of a tem	perature window.		
calculateAverageTemperature	typedef double Float64	n/a	n/a
returns the number of valid temperatures in temp history window			
getValidCount	typedef int Int32	n/a	n/a
Removes a temperature record from the temperature window.			
removeTemperature	primitive bool	n/a	n/a

#### 2.1.2.8 Class ScienceDataProcessor

This class is responsible for processing the CrIS SDR science data. Table 25 shows the ScienceDataProcessor attributes and Table 26 shows the ScienceDataprocessor operations.

#### 2.1.2.8.1 ScienceDataProcessor Attributes

Table 25 shows the science data processor attributes. This class instantiates the Planck radiation constants for the Planck Function specified in the Cross Track Infrared Sounder (CrIS) Sensor Data Records (SDR) Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document ATBD (474-00032). They are of type double, as opposed to the single precision format specified in the ATBD.  $C_1$ requires at least five extra points of precision, because the ATBD multiplies it by a factor of 10-5. This extra amount of precision also ensures better accuracy in Planck function calculations.

Table 25. ScienceDataProcessor Attributes

Name	Туре	Description
correctionTable[ ][ ]	Class CorrectionMatrix	Collection of correction matrix tables
engPacketCount	typedef int Int32	Engineering packet count
*DMS_Data_Inputs	typedef struct CrisSdrAlgDataType	Collection of DMS input parameters
windowSize	typedef int Int32	Window size
processingPeriod	Class SpectraManager	Collection of spectra currently used in the
		moving
		window average.
polarizationCorrectionCurve	Class Spectra*	Collection of polarization correction curves
updateTargetRadiance	primitive bool	Updates target radiance
CalibrationParameter	typedef struct CalibrationParam	Collection of calibration parameters
CorrectionParameter	typedef struct	Collection of SDR correction parameters
	SDR_CorrectionParam	
InstrumentCharacteristic	Class CrIS_InstrumentCharacteristics	Collection of CrIS instrument

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		characteristics
TestEnvironmentParameter	typedef struct	Collection of CrIS environment parameters
	CrIS_TestEnvironmentParameters	·
GeneralParameter	typedef struct	Collection of CrIS general parameters
	SDR_GeneralParameters	
AlgorithmParameter	struct SDR_AlgorithmnParameter	Collection of SDR algorithm parameters
maxPathDifferential[]	typedef double Float64	Max path differential
deltaSigma[]	typedef double Float64	Delta sigma
lowestWavenumber[]	typedef double Float64	Lowest wavenumber
validCalTargetDuration	Class TimeRange	Collection of valid calibration target time
validCalTargetTolerence	typedef struct SYSTEMTIME	Collection of valid calibration time tolerance
validColdTargetDuration	Class TimeRange	Collection of valid cold target time
validColdTargetTolerence	typedef struct SYSTEMTIME	Collection of valid cold target tolerance
validHotTargetDuration	Class TimeRange	Collection of valid hot target time
validHotTargetTolerence	typedef struct SYSTEMTIME	Collection of valid hot target tolerance
sequenceCount[ ][ ][ ][ ]	typedef int Int32	Collection of spectra sequence counts
scienceCount[ ][ ][ ][ ]	typedef int Int32	Collection of spectra science counts
targetCount[ ][ ][ ][ ]	typedef int Int32	Collection of spectra target counts
invalidInterferogramCount[	typedef int Int32	Collection of invalid interferogram counts
][]		-
invalidSpectraCount[ ][ ]	typedef int Int32	Collection of invalid spectra counts
currentExternalCalFileLine	primitive string	Current external cal file line
theEngineeringCalibrationR	Class EngineeringCalibrationRecord	Collection of engineering calibration record
ecord		
theTargetTempCalibrationR	Class TargetTempCalibrationRecord	Collection of target temperature calibration
ecord		record
theScienceCalibrationRecor	Class ScienceCalibrationRecord	Collection of science calibration record
d plankConstC1	typedef double Float64	Planck function constant value
plankConstC2	typeder double Float64	Planck function constant value
	1 -	
appDirectory calculateDesiredBandCente	primitive string primitive void	Directory name  Calculate desired band center
r	primitive void	Calculate desired band center
SCIENCE CALIBRATION	typedef unsigned int UInt32	Science calibration frame type
FRAME TYPE	typeder drieighed int Onite2	Colonide Galibration frame type
ENGINEERING CALIBRA	typedef unsigned int UInt32	Engineering calibration frame type
TION_FRAME_TYPE	,,	3 3
requiresPhaseSync[ ][ ][ ]	primitive bool	Collection of required phase
		synchronization
syncAttemptCount[ ][ ][ ]	typedef int Int32	Collection of attempt synchronization count
totalActiveThreads	typedef int Int32	Total active threads
threadFOVmap[]	typedef int Int32	Thread FOV
earthScenefceDetectionCo	primitive bool	Collection of earth scene FCE detection
mplete[]		completion
	andreith a bool	Orlination of reference accounts of
referenceSceneReceived[][	primitive bool	Collection of reference scene received
referenceSceneSync[][][]	primitive bool	Collection of reference scene
	primitive booi	synchronization
		3,1101112411011
initialCorrectionReady	primitive bool	Initial correction ready flag
FIR_GAIN[]	Class UncalibratedSpectra	Collection of FIR gain
scanldx	typedef unsigned int UInt32	Scan index
numCMOBuilds	typedef unsigned short UInt16	Number of CMO builds
taskedSequentially_	primitive bool	Task sequential flag
scanWhichCausedRebuild	typedef signed short Int16	Scan number that causes to rebuild CMO
currentDSfwd	Class Interferogram	Current DS forward interferogram
currentDSrev	Class Interferogram	Current DS reverse interferogram
currentDSfwd p	primitive bool	Current DS forward flag
currentDSrev_p	primitive bool	Current DS reverse flag
currentiporev_p	primitive boot	Current no reverse liag

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forDS_reals[ ][ ][ ]	Class BOOST::vector < Float64>	Collection of forward DS real parts
forDS_imags[ ][ ][ ]	Class BOOST::vector < Float64>	Collection of forward DS imaginary parts
revDS_reals[ ][ ][ ]	Class BOOST::vector < Float64>	Collection of reverse DS real parts
revDS_imags[ ][ ][ ]	Class BOOST::vector < Float64>	Collection of reverse DS imaginary parts

# 2.1.2.8.2 ScienceDataProcessor Operations

Table 26 shows the science data processor operations.

Table 26. ScienceDataProcessor Operations

		-	
Name	Return	Parameters	
Cleans up of ScienceDataProcessor data	for next disp	oatch.	
cleanup	primitive void	n/a	n/a
Populates high access frequency domain			
scalculateWavenumberBinSpacing	primitive void	enum Band::Wavelength	theBand
Holds the intelligence to route any RDR pa	acket to assi	istant class processing.	
processRawDataRecord	Class Spectra*	n/a	n/a
Reads external environment data from a fi			
processEnvironmentalData	primitive bool	typedef struct SYSTEMTIME&	theSpectraFrameTime
Builds polarization curve.			
buildPolarizationCurve	primitive void	Class Spectra*	newSpectra
		enum FieldOfRegard	theScene
		enum Band::Wavelength	theband
Creates and adds a new spectrnum to the			
AddSpectra	Class Spectra*	Class Spectra*	newSpectra
Builds each child table for every band and	fov.		
refreshCorrectionMatrix	primitive int	primitive bool	isLoading
Multiplies child correction tables to calcula	te the final c	calibration matrix.	
calculateCalibrationMatrix	primitive void	n/a	n/a
cCombines requested corrections.			
combineRequestedCorrections	typedef unsigned int UInt32	typedef unsigned int UInt32	requestedFOV
Updates correction matrix parameters from	n configurati	ion file.	
updateCorrectionMatrixParameters	primitive void	n/a	n/a
Calculates the hot radiance.			
calculateHotRadiance	Class Spectra*	enum SceneElement	theFOV
		enum Band::Wavelength	theBand
Calculates the cold radiance.			
calculateColdRadiance	Class Spectra*	enum SceneElement	theFOV
		enum Band::Wavelength	theBand
Sets the window size base on the spectral			
setSpectralCalibrationMethod	primitive void	enum SpectralCalibrationMethod	newMethod
Removes a spectrum from the sliding wind			
flushWindow	Class	enum SceneElement	fov

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Name	Return	Parameters	
	Spectra*		
	1 -1	enum Band::Wavelength	band
		enum FieldOfRegard	scene
		enum SweepDirection	psd
Processes Earth Scene spectra according evaluated.	g to configura	ation parameters. Calibration, correction	n and validity are
processSpectra	Class Spectra*	Class Spectra*	newSpectra
Monitors the laser diode to determine if th Laser Wavelength and SDR Spectral Resampling Laser Wavelei	ne CMO need	ds to be updated. This method also upd	date the SDR Monitored
monitorLaserDiode	primitive bool	Class Spectra*	theSpectra
Determines if the laser wavelength needs		ed and updates if needed.	
monitorLaserWavelength	primitive bool	n/a	n/a
Propagates temporal window size to assi	stant classe.		
setWindowSize	primitive void	primitive int	newSize
Propagates temporal window size to assi		S	
declareWindowSize	primitive void	typedef unsigned int UInt32	referenceSize
	,	typedef unsigned int UInt32	targetTempSize
		typedef unsigned int UInt32	calibrationSize
Loads each correction matrix from a DMS			_
LoadCMOs	primitive bool	n/a	n/a
Calculates desired band center and confi	-, -	a's desired band center.	
calculateDesiredBandCenter	primitive void	n/a	n/a
Applies the CMO to a spectrum.			_
applyCMOCorrection	primitive void	Class Spectra*	newSpectra
		enum SceneElement	theFov
0 : " 10110 T	•	enum Band::Wavelength	theBand
Saves serialized CMO. The values are from			
saveSerializedCorrectionMatrix	primitive void	n/a	n/a
Loads serialized CMO from DMS and poloadSerializedCorrectionMatrixFromDMS	_		n/o
	void	n/a	n/a
Computes field of views line-of-sight in sp calculateGeometricCalibration			nowCnootro
	Class Spectra*	Class Spectra*	newSpectra
Refreshes a spectrum time from telemetr		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	di-T-1-m ( 5
refreshTime	primitive void	Class CCSDSFormat*	theTelemetryFormat
Synchronizes all windows based on refer			nces counts.
syncWindows	primitive void	n/a	n/a
Calls the Spectra Manager's batchRefere	_	ch does fringe count detection and con	
	primitive	Class	spectraType
	void	SpectraManager::ReferenceSpectra	
launchBatchReferenceDetect	void	enum SweepDirection	thePSD
launchBatchReferenceDetect  Interpolates a subset such that individual	offset values primitive	enum SweepDirection	
launchBatchReferenceDetect  Interpolates a subset such that individual	void  offset values	enum SweepDirection s are available for each 8 seconds scar Class BOOST::vector <float32>&amp;</float32>	n period. source
launchBatchReferenceDetect  Interpolates a subset such that individual buildBaffleTemperatureOffset  Calculates the gain introduced by the FIR	offset values primitive void	enum SweepDirection s are available for each 8 seconds scar	n period.

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Name	Return	Parameters	
	void		
		typedef int Int32	foldIndex

## 2.1.2.9 Class SpectraManager

This class is responsible for each Spectra currently used in the moving window average. Table 27 shows the SpectraManager attributes and Table 28 shows the SpectraManager operations.

## 2.1.2.9.1 SpectraManager Attributes

**Table 27. SpectraManager Attributes** 

Table 27. Spectramanager Attributes				
Name	Туре	Description		
earthSceneTemp_Q[ ][ ][ ]	Class BOOST::vector <std::complex<f loat64&gt;&gt;</std::complex<f 	Collection of deep space spectra		
hotColdDiff[ ][ ][ ]	Class BOOST::vector <std::complex<f loat64&gt; &gt;</std::complex<f 	Collection of differences between hot and co spectra		
windowSize	typedef int Int32	Window size		
monitorWindowTime	primitive bool	Monitor window time		
measuredSpectra[ ][ ][ ][ ]	typedef list <spectra*> SpectraCollection</spectra*>	Collection of measured spectra		
streamReference	typedef list <spectra*> SpectraCollection</spectra*>	Stream reference		
referenceSpectra[ ][ ][ ][ ]	Class Spectra*	Collection of reference scenes		
windowSize	primitive int	Depth of reference average		
SpectraCollection	typedef SpectraCollection	Collection of measured scenes		
referenceSpectra[ ][ ][ ][ ]	Class Spectra*	Collection of calculated average scenes		
hotReferenceFieldOfRegard	enum FieldOfRegard	Hot reference field of regard		
coldReferenceFieldOfRegard	enum FieldOfRegard	Cold reference field of regard		
refWindowSize	typedef int Int32	Reference window size		
calWindowSize	typedef int Int32	Calibration window size		
valWindowSize	typedef int Int32	Valid window size		
maintainReferenceSceneVarianc e	primitive bool	Reference scene variance		
correctionFilename[ ][ ]	typedef list <string> CMOCollection</string>	Collection matrix file names		
polarizationSpectra[ ][ ]	typedef SpectraCollection	Collection of polarization spectra		
windowTimeSpan[ ][ ][ ][ ]	typedef struct SYSTEMTIME	Collection of window time		
radiance[][][]	Class Spectra*	Collection of radiance spectra		
rawSummationSpectra[ ][ ][ ][ ]	Class Spectra*	Collection of raw spectra summation		
lastSpectra[ ][ ][ ][ ]	Class Spectra*	Collection of last spectra		
currentCorrectionFilename[][]	primitive string	Collection of current file name		
currentPolarizationSpectra[][]	Class Spectra*	Collection of current polarization spectra		
geolocationSpectra[ ][ ]]	typedef list <spectra*> SpectraCollection</spectra*>	Collection of current geolocation spectra		
rawSummationSpectraNoCal[ ][ ][ ][ ]	Class Spectra*	Collection of no calibrated spectra summation		
squareSummationSpectraNoCal[ ][ ][ ][ ][	Class Spectra*	Collection of no calibrated spectra square summation		
trackLunarIntrusion	primitive bool	Lunar intrusion flag		
maxLunarIntrusionRatio	typedef float Float32	Maximum lunar intrusion ratio		
edrMinimumWavenumber[]	typedef double Float64	EDR minimum wavenumber		
edrMaximumWavenumber[]	typedef double Float64	EDR maximum wavenumber		
lunarIntrusionCount[ ][ ][ ]	typedef unsigned int UInt32	Collection of lunar intrusion counts		
		<del> </del>		
requiresPhaseSync[ ][ ][ ]	primitive bool	Collection of spectra phase sync		
requiresPhaseSync[ ][ ][ ] lastReferenceSpectra[ ][ ][ ][ ]	primitive bool Class Spectra*	Collection of spectra phase sync  Collection of last reference spectra		

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Name	Туре	Description
LinearityCorrectionParameter[]	typedef struct LinearityCorrectionParameters	Collection of linearity correction parameters
FIR_GAIN[]	Class Spectra*	Collection of FIR gain
performLinearityCorrectionContr ol[]	primitive bool	Collection of information for performing linearity correction
boxcarAverageWidth	typedef int Int32	smoothing width for NEdN Estimate

# 2.1.2.9.2 SpectraManager Operations

Table 28. SpectraManager Operations

	1 4 4 5 6 6 6	ctramanager Operations	
Name	Return	Parameters	
Cleans up all obsolete spectra.			
Cleanup	primitive void	n/a	n/a
Initializes data for re-tasking.			
Init	primitive void	n/a	n/a
Adds a correction spectrum to the			ration.
scheduleCorrection	primitive void	primitive string	newCMOFileName
		enum SceneElement	theFov
		enum Band::Wavelength	theBand
Adds the newSpectra to the mea			
addSpectra	Class Spectra*	Class Spectra*	newSpectra
Adds hot and cold target curves			
addTargetRadianceCurves	primitive void	Class Spectra*	hotTargetCurve
		Class Spectra*	coldTargetCurve
Synchronizes the windowed dat			
syncReferenceSpectra	primitive bool	Class Spectra&	targetSpectra
		primitive bool	performFringeCountErrorHandling
Reconciles/Synchronizes the re-			
reconcileReferenceSpectraPhas	se primitive bool	Class Spectra&	targetSpectra
		typedef int Int32	maxFCETries
Returns requested measured sp			
getMeasuredSpectra	Class Spectra*	typedef int Int32	temporalItem
		enum SceneElement	fov
		enum Band::Wavelength	band
		enum FieldOfRegard	scene
		enum SweepDirection	psd
Returns requested correction sp		·	1. "
getCorrectionFilename	primitive string	typedef int Int32	temporalItem
		enum SceneElement	theFov
		enum Band::Wavelength	theBand
Gets the valid count of spectra f			1.6
getValidCount	typedef int Int32	enum SceneElement	fov
		enum Band::Wavelength	band
		enum FieldOfRegard	scene
Cata the intermed window size I	f the content of the course	enum SweepDirection	psd
Sets the internal window size. I discarded.	i the content of the curre	ent window exceeds the new si	ze, the oldest contents are
setWindowSize	primitive void	typedef int Int32	numberOfSpectra
Forces a Spectra out of the wind	<u></u>		
purgeSpectra	Class Spectra*	enum SceneElement	theFov
	<u> </u>	enum Band::Wavelength	theBand
		enum FieldOfRegard	theFOR
		enum SweepDirection	thePSD
Maintains Slope and Intercept v	alues for rapid mathema		<u> </u>
buildNoisePrediction	buildNoisePrediction		theFov
	1	enum Band::Wavelength	theBand

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Name	Return F	Parameters	
		enum SweepDirection	thePSD
Propagates temporal window size	to assistant classes.	Chain Gweep Bricelien	1101 02
declareWindowSize	typedef unsigned int UInt32	typedef unsigned int UInt32	referenceSize
	•	typedef unsigned int UInt32	calibrationSiz
Marks the calibration window inva	lid for current contents.		
resetCalibrationWindow	primitive void	enum Band::Wavelength	band
		typedef unsigned int UInt32	newFoldIndex
Returns the total count of all buffe			
getBufferedSpectraCount	typedef unsigned int UInt32	primitive bool	includeReferenceCount
Adds a polarization correction spe			
schedulePolarizationCorrection	primitive void	Class Spectra*	newSpectra
		enum FieldOfRegard	patternScene
Determine the first state of the		enum Band::Wavelength	patternBand
Returns requested polarization co.		turn and of int IntOO	to you a vallto yo
getPolarizationSpectra	Class Spectra*	typedef int Int32	temporalItem theScene
		enum FieldOfRegard enum Band::Wavelength	theScene theBand
Adds a geolocation spectrum to th	a maying window for av	•	
scheduleGeolocation	primitive void	Class Spectra*	newSpectra
scrieduleGeolocation	primitive void	enum FieldOfRegard	theScene
		enum SceneElement	theFov
Returns requested geolocation sp	ectra	endin Sceneziement	ther ov
getGeolocationSpectra	Class Spectra*	typedef int Int32	temporalItem
getecolocationopectia	Oldos Opcolid	enum FieldOfRegard	theScene
		enum SceneElement	theFov
Calibrates the newMeasurement a	and performs a ratio thre		
monitorLunarIntrusion	primitive bool	Class Spectra&	newMeasurement
Adjusts window phase.	,	·	
adjustWindowPhase	typedef int Int32	enum FieldOfRegard	theFOR
		enum SceneElement	theFov
		enum Band::Wavelength	theBand
		enum SweepDirection	thePSD
		Class BOOST::vector<	linearPhaseShift
		std::complex <float64> &gt;&amp;</float64>	
Removes a given spectra from the			
removeInvalidSpectra	primitive void	Class Spectra*	oldSpectra
		enum SpectralCalibrationMethod	calType
Starts a batch processing job on h			
does not detect we move on to LV fov, band, and PDS of that FOR.	The ref scene is added t	to the window.	
batchReferenceFCE	primitive void	enum ReferenceSpectra	spectraType
Add now reference	Jelin ar Dafa yan a a Ou a a t	enum SweepDirection	psd
Adds new reference spectra to ho			nowCnoctro
addHoldingReferenceSpectra	primitive void	Class Spectra*	newSpectra
ICT and DS Synchronization batch batchICTDSSynchronization	primitive bool	ne first ES pops out of the wir Class Spectra*	oldSpectra
Dateme i Dooynemonization	humine noor	primitive int	maxFCETries
Starts a batch processing job of E	arth Scana Spectra. The	•	
window for a certain FOR and PSI count passes or all FOVs and Ban	D. Detection is started of		
batchEarthSceneFCE	primitive bool	Class Spectra*	oldSpectra
Calculates the estimated detector			-1
The second desired and desired	and are prodrift.		

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Name	Return	Parameters	
calculateVdc	primitive bool	Class Spectra*	sceneSpectra

## 2.1.2.10 Class Spectra

This class is the container for the processed video data. Table 29 shows the Spectra attributes and Table 30 shows the Spectra operations.

## 2.1.2.10.1 Spectra Attributes

**Table 29. Spectra Attributes** 

Name	Туре	Description	
response	typedef double Float64	Response flag	
realWavenumberBin	Class BOOST::vector <double></double>	Collection of real component of complex spectra	
imaginaryWavenumberBin	Class BOOST::vector <double></double>	Collection of imaginary component of complex spectra	
NEdN_Estimate	Class BOOST::vector <float64></float64>	Collection of NEdN estimation	
firstWavenumber	typedef double Float64	Frequency of amplitude in bin zero	
wavenumberBinSize	typedef double Float64	Frequency offset per bin (deltaSigma)	
getVersionNumber	typedef unsigned short int	Version number	
foldIndex	typedef unsigned int UInt32	Index	
fceParameters[ ]	typedef struct FCEParam	Collection of FCE parameters	
spectralBand	enum Band::Wavelength	Actual band reported in interferogram	
fieldOfView	enum SceneElement	Actual field of view reported in interferogram	
fieldOfRegard	enum FieldOfRegard	Actual field of regard reported in interferogram	
sweepDirection	enum SweepDirection	Actual porch swing direction reported in interferogram	
userLocks	typedef int Int32	User lock flag	
scalingEnabled	primitive bool	Scaling enabled flag	
Channel	typedef int Int32	Channel number	
RDR_Status	typedef struct RawDataRecordStatusRegister	Collection of interferogram status information	
saveVersion400	primitive void	Version number	

## 2.1.2.10.2 Spectra Operations

**Table 30. Spectra Operations** 

Name	Return Pa	rameters	
References to the root of th	ne complex squares.		
getMagnitude	Class BOOST::vector <float64 &gt;&amp;</float64 	n/a	n/a
Resizes the bin count.			
setSize	primitive void	typedef unsigned int UInt32	newSize
Clears internal data vectors	S		
clear	primitive void	n/a	n/a
Adds complex squares.			
addSquare	primitive void	Class Spectra&	source
		primitive bool	complex
Removes complex squares.			

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Name F	Return Para	ameters			
removeSquare	primitive void	Class Spectra&	source		
	p	primitive bool	complex		
Divides each element of the	e spectra by a specified nun	•	1		
operator/	primitive void	typedef double Float64	factor		
Multiplies each element of the spectra by a specified number.					
operator* primitive void typedef double Float64 factor					
•					
Multiplies each element of the spectra bin by bin with the factor.  operator* primitive void Class Spectra& factor					
Divide the spectra by a spec			10000		
operator/	primitive void	Class Spectra&	divisor		
Makes a copy of source spe					
operator=	Class Spectra&	Class Spectra&	source		
Adds a spectrum to the curr		Cidoo operada	000100		
operator+	primitive void	Class Spectra&	rightOperand		
Subtracts a spectrum from t		Class Opechak	пункорегана		
operator-	primitive void	Class Spectra&	rightOperand		
Returns packed content of t		Class Opecinax	пунсорегана		
save	primitive string	n/a	n/a		
Clips and re-samples it's se		11/4	TI/a		
		typodof double Float64	atartMayanymhar		
resample	primitive bool	typedef double Float64	startWavenumber		
		typedef double Float64	stopWavenumber binSize		
	16.	typedef double Float64	DINSIZE		
Clips and re-samples it's se		I to a late to the file (04			
clipGuardBands	primitive bool	typedef double Float64	startWavenumber		
		typedef double Float64	stopWavenumber		
Returns packed content of t			T		
saveVersion400	primitive void	primitive string&	binaryImage		
Generates NEdN estimation					
generateUSN	primitive void	Class Spectra*	rawSum		
		Class Spectra*	squaredSum		
		typedef int Int32	windowSize		
Smoothes the spectra.					
Smooth	primitive void	typedef int Int32	windowSize		
Applies linearity error correct					
applyLinearityErrorCorrect ion	primitive void	n/a	n/a		
Updates CrIS SDR geolocation.					
updateCrisSdrGeolocation	primitive void	typedef struct	algDataPtr		
		CrisSdrAlgDataType*			
		typedef int Int32	scanldx		
Updates CrIS SDR data.					
updateCrisSdrData	primitive void	typedef struct CrisSdrAlgDataType	*sdrPtr		
		typedef struct CrisSdrHdrDataType	*hdrPtr		
		typedef unsigned int UInt32	scanldx		
		std::auto_ptr <sciencedataprocess< td=""><td>ScienceDataProcessor</td></sciencedataprocess<>	ScienceDataProcessor		
		or>&	Ptr		

## 2.1.2.11 Class TelemetryProcessor

This class provides the interface to retrieve science data from raw instrument telemetry. It encapsulates the extraction of housekeeping, diagnostic and normal mode interferograms. Table 31 shows the TelemetryProcessor attributes and Table 32 shows the TelemetryProcessor operations.

## 2.1.2.11.1 TelemetryProcessor Attributes

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**Table 31. TelemetryProcessor Attributes** 

Name	Туре	Description
LRV	typedef TelemetryRecord	Last received value
apidInfoMap	typedef std::map <uint16, ApidInfoStruct*&gt; ApidInfoMap</uint16, 	Collection of apid information
apidCollection	typedef std::vector <uint16> ApidCollection</uint16>	Collection of apid information
ValueToChannelMap	typedef std::map <int32, uint32=""> ValueToChannelMap</int32,>	Collection of value to channel information
channelToDetector[ ][ ]	typedef unsigned int UInt32	Collection of channel to detector
detectorToChannel[][]	typedef unsigned int UInt32	Collection of detector to channel
lastFrameTime	typedef struct SYSTEMTIME	Last frame time
lastFrameMiliTime	typedef unsigned int UInt32	Last frame mili time
lastFrameMicroTime	typedef unsigned short int UInt16	Last frame micro time
lastFrameDayTime	typedef unsigned short int UInt16	Last frame day time
telemetryLookup	Class map <string, int32=""></string,>	Collection of telemetry lookup data
fourMinPktUpdateIndex	typedef int Int32	Four minutes package update index
theCurrentVideoSource	enum BurstModes	Collection of burst modes
theVideoMode	enum BurstModes	The video mode
theEndOfEightSecEpoch	primitive bool	The end of eight seconds epoch
purgeCount	typedef int Int32	The purge count
theTelemetryVersion	enum TelemetryVersions	Collection of telemetry versions
fullVideoMode	primitive bool	Full video mode flag

# 2.1.2.11.2 Telemetry Processor Operations

**Table 32. TelemetryProcessor Operations** 

Name	Return	Parameters			
Returns index of first telemetry point with the specified APID.					
findRecord	typedef int Int32	typedef unsigned short int UInt16 targetFrameType			
findRecord	typedef int Int32	primitive string	targetName		
makePoint	primitive void	primitive string&	pointName		
		primitive string&	pointDescription		
		primitive string&	subsystem		
		primitive string&	frameGroup		
		typedef unsigned short int UInt16	frameType		
		Class TelemetryPoint::TelemType	telemType		
		typedef unsigned int UInt32	bitLocation		
		typedef unsigned int UInt32	pointSize		
		primitive string&	pointUnits		
		typedef unsigned int UInt32	telemetryPointID		
		Class	coefficientContexts		
		TelemetryPoint::CoefContextCollection*			
		Class	limitContexts		
Detumes a senstant volume	to the telementary asi	TelemetryPoint::LimitContextCollection*			
Returns a constant reference					
getRecord	Class TelemetryPoint&	typedef int Int32	vectorIndex		
Clears and performs cleanup		Lemetry record			
purgeTelemetryRecord	primitive void	n/a	n/a		
Returns the name of the frame group to which the specified APID belongs.					
identifyFrameType	primitive string	typedef unsigned short int UInt16	keyAPID		
Parses a single telemetry fram		71 0			
parseDisplayData	primitive void	typedef unsigned short UInt16	theAPID		
	•	typedef struct SYSTEMTIME	&theTime		

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Name	Return	Parameters	
		typedef unsigned int UInt32	theMiliTime
		typedef unsigned short UInt16	theMicroTime
		typedef unsigned short UInt16	theDayTime
		typedef unsigned char UInt8	*newData
Extracts the video data from t	he supplied data.	7, 7, 5	
extractVideoData	primitive void	typedef unsigned int UInt32	detector
	'	typedef unsigned int UInt32	wavelength
		typedef unsigned char UInt8	*trimmedData
Extracts the diagnostic data fi	om the supplied da	, , .	
extractDiagnosticData	primitive void	typedef unsigned short UInt16	theAPID
9		typedef unsigned int UInt32	detector
		typedef unsigned int UInt32	wavelength
		typedef unsigned char UInt8	*detData
		typedef int Int32	dataOffset
Matches the specified APID w	vith a detector and a	wavelength.	
rdrLookup	primitive void	typedef unsigned short UInt16	theAPID
-		typedef unsigned int UInt32	*detector
		typedef unsigned int UInt32	*wavelength
		typedef unsigned int UInt32	*scene
Resets LastBurstApidDetection	on by forgetting that	any of the APIDs were in the last burst.	
resetLastBurstApidDetection	primitive void	n/a	n/a
Updates TelemetryPoint stale	value.		
updateStaleValues	primitive void	n/a	n/a
Checks whether the specified	APID is recent.		
isApidRecent	primitive bool	typedef unsigned short UInt16	theApid
Finds and returns the info ass	ociated with the spe	ecified apid.	
findApidInf	typedef struct	typedef unsigned short UInt16	apid
	ApidInfoStruct*		
Reads telemetry points data.			
readTelemetryPoints	primitive void	n/a	n/a
Checks if telemetry record de			
enableLimitChecking	primitive void	primitive bool	limitCheck

### 2.1.2.12 Class VideoData

This class is responsible for internal bit-trim reversal behavior of the TelemetryProcessor class. Table 33 shows the VideoData attributes and Table 34 shows the VideoData operations.

### 2.1.2.12.1 VideoData Attributes

Table 33. VideoData Attributes

Name	Туре	Description
theExtractionRecord[]	struct EXTRACTION_RECORD	Collection of band specific bit trim values
theTlmLookupTable[ ]	struct TELEMETRY_LOOKUP	Collection of complex samples
frStartBit[] frStopBit[]	UInt32[][]	Contain original trim table values from the engineering packet (before truncation if
frTrimTable[]		using full resolution data)

### 2.1.2.12.2 Video Data Operations

**Table 34. VideoData Operations** 

Name	Return	Parameters		
Populates the internal sy	mbol table used to	o unpack and extract the bit-t	trimmed data set.	
initSymbolTable	primitive void	primitive bool	useDefaultTable	
Coordinates the real and imaginary extraction of the complex samples into the real and imaginary portions.				

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Name	Return	Parameters	
Extract	primitive void	typedef unsigned int UInt32	detector
		typedef unsigned int UInt32	wavelength
		typedef unsigned char UInt8	*trimmedData
Retrieves the correct trim	value from the sy	mbol table for a given wavel	length sample.
getTrimSize	typedef unsigned short UInt16	typedef unsigned int UInt32	wavelength
		typedef int Int32	sample_index
Established the 4 minute	bit trim tables for	all three bands.	
buildExtractionTables	primitive void	primitive bool	useDefaultTable
Extracts the original sample symbol table.	ple from the pack	data stream by using the bit-	trimming information configured in the
restoreSamples	primitive void	typedef unsigned int UInt32	detector
		typedef unsigned int UInt32	wavelength
		typedef unsigned short int UInt16	dataElement
		primitive bool	realComponent
Updates data values in th	ne extradction reco	ord	
setExtractionRecord	EXTRACTION RECORD struct	EXTRACTION_RECORD	record
		UInt32	band

### 2.1.2.13 Class ScienceCalibrationRecord

This class is responsible for processing the eight second science calibration packet (Refer to the Equation (79e) in Section 5.5 Temperature Computation, BOM-CrIS-0067 Revision E. The constants 1, 1, 2 and 5 are the coefficients of the Taylor series expansion (Note: ITT modifies these coefficients in V2.14.0)). It maintains the sliding window average ICT temperature. Table 35 shows the ScienceCalibrationRecord attributes and Table 36 shows the ScienceCalibration operations.

### 2.1.2.13.1 Science Calibration Record Attributes

Table 35. ScienceCalibrationRecord Attributes

Name	Type	Description
CalibrationParameter	typedef struct CalibrationParam	Collection of calibration configuration values
TestEnvironmentParameter	typedef struct CrIS_TestEnvironmentParamet ers	Collection of instrument configuration values
GeneralParameter	typedef struc SDR_GeneralParameters	Collection of processing configuration values
AlgorithmParameter	typedef struct SDR_AlgorithmnParameter	Collection of algorithm configuration values
processinglctPeriod	Class TemperatureHistory	Collection of temperature measurements
processinglctSensor1	Class TemperatureHistory	Collection of temperature measurements
processinglctSensor2;	Class TemperatureHistory	Collection of temperature measurements
processingBeamsplitterPeriod	Class TemperatureHistory	Collection of temperature measurements
processingScanMirrorPeriod	Class TemperatureHistory	Collection of temperature measurements
processingOmaPeriod	Class TemperatureHistory	Collection of temperature measurements
processingScanBafflePeriod	Class TemperatureHistory	Collection of temperature measurements
processingTelescopePeriod	Class TemperatureHistory	Collection of temperature measurements

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processingCoolerStage1Period	Class TemperatureHistory	Collection of temperature measurements
processingCoolerStage2Period	Class TemperatureHistory	Collection of temperature measurements
processingCoolerStage3Period	Class TemperatureHistory	Collection of temperature measurements
processingCoolerStage4Period	Class TemperatureHistory	Collection of temperature measurements
processing Cooler Glage 41 Chod processing Laser Diode Current Pe	Class TemperatureHistory	Collection of temperature measurements
riod	Class Temperature notory	Concollon of temperature measurements
processingLaserDiodeTempPeri	Class TemperatureHistory	Collection of temperature measurements
od		
processingPeriod	Class TemperatureHistory	Collection of temperature measurements
ieCCACalibResistorTemp[]	typedef int Int32	Collection of resistor temperature
		measurements
lowRangeCalibResistor[]	typedef int Int32	Collection of low range resistor
		measurements
highRangeCalibResistor[]	typedef int Int32	Collection of high range resistor
		measurements
ictTemp[][]	typedef int Int32	Collection of ICT temperature
		measurements
crossTrackServoErr[]	typedef int Int32	Collection of cross track servo error
		measurements
inTrackServoErr[]	typedef int Int32	Collection of in track servo error
		measurements
laserDiodeCurrent	typedef int Int32	Laser diode current
laserDiodeTemp	typedef int Int32	Laser diode temperature
beamsplitterTemp	typedef int Int32	Beam splitter temperature
omaStructureTemp1	typedef int Int32	OMA structure temperature
omaStructureTemp2;	typedef int Int32	OMA structure temperature
ssmScanMirrorTemp;	typedef int Int32	Scan mirror temperature
ssmScanMirrorBaffleTemp	typedef int Int32	Scan mirror baffle temperature
coolerStage1Temp	typedef int Int32	Cooler stage1 temperature
coolerStage2Temp	typedef int Int32	Cooler stage2 temperature
coolerStage3Temp	typedef int Int32	Cooler stage3 temperature
coolerStage4Temp	typedef int Int32	Cooler stage4 temperature
telescopeTemp;	typedef int Int32	Telescope temperature
captureNextLaserInfo	primitive bool	Next laser information
capturedLaserDiodeCurrent	typedef double Float64	Laser diode current
capturedLaserDiodeTemperature	typedef double Float64	Laser diode temperature
previousAveragedLaserDiodeTe	typedef double Float64	Previous averaged diode temperature
mp		
previousAveragedLaserDiodeCur rent	typedef double Float64	Previous averaged diode current
servoValuesChanged	primitive bool	Servo value change flag
convertedCrossTrackServoErr[]	typedef double Float64	Converted cross track servo error
convertedInTrackServoErr[]	typedef double Float64	Converted in track servo error

# 2.1.2.13.2 Science Calibration Record Operations

## **Table 36. ScienceCalibration Operations**

Name	Return	Parameters	
Calls clearHistory to free memor	<i>y.</i>		
clearHistory	primitive void	n/a	n/a
Sets window size.			
setWindowSize	primitive void	typedef int Int32	newSize
Reads Values from Science Tele	emetry Packet in	to class variables.	
refreshData	primitive bool	typedef unsigned short UInt16	apid
		typedef struct CrisSdrAlgDataType*	algDataPtr
		typedef struct IngMsdCoefficients_CrisSdrStruct*	cfgParmsPtr
		typedef unsigned int UInt32	scanldx

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Name Ret	turn	Parameters			
Calculates ICT temperature and adds to sliding window average.					
calculatelctTemperature	primitive void	Class TemperatureHistory::AvgPRTTemp	*avglctTempPtr		
		typedef struct IngMsdCoefficients_CrisSdrStruct*	cfgParmsPtr		
Calculates Beamsplitter temperature	e and adds to	sliding window average.			
calculateBeamsplitterTemperature	typedef double Float64	n/a	n/a		
Calculates Scan Mirror temperature	and adds to	sliding window average.			
calculateScanBaffleTemperature	typedef double Float64	n/a	n/a		
Calculates OMA temperature and a	dds to sliding	window average.			
calculateOmaTemperature	typedef double Float64	n/a	n/a		
Adds a missing temperature record	to the tempe	rature history window.			
markMissingCal	primitive void	n/a	n/a		
Removes last temperature record fr	om the tempe	erature history window.			
removeLastCal	primitive void	n/a	n/a		
Finds the max and min temperature the Science Telemetry Drift Limits.	s in the temp	erature history window and determines	s if the difference exceeds		
hasExcessThermalDrift	primitive bool	n/a	n/a		

### 2.1.2.14 SDR Generator Application COTS Components

### 2.1.2.14.1 uBLAS (BOOST)

BOOST version 1.32.0, uBLAS provides templated C++ classes for elementary linear algebra, and access into vectors and matrices by way of matrix and vector adapters.

### 2.1.2.14.2 Serialization (BOOST)

CrIS SDR uses the BOOST version 1.32.0 Serialization library to read and write objects to and from memory allocated by DMS.

### 2.1.2.14.3 LAPACK

CrIS SDR uses the LAPACK version 3.0 dgetrf and dgetri functions when inverting matrices.

### 2.1.2.14.4 FFTW

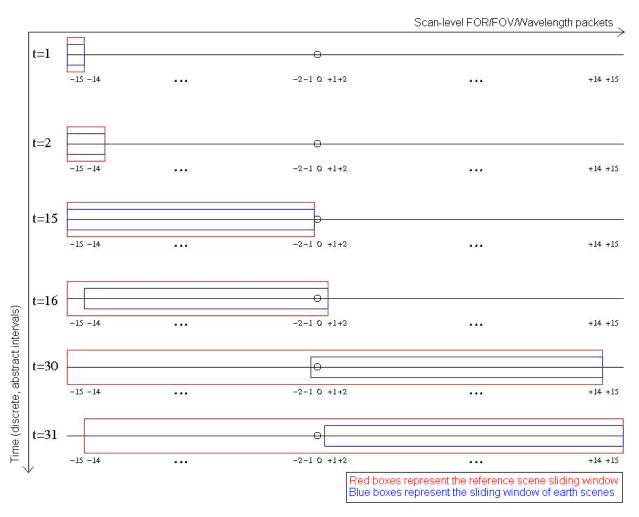
CrIS SDR uses three one-dimensional discrete Fourier transform routines from FFTW version 3.0.1; one which performs DFT on real data returning only the real part of the result, another which performs DFT on real data and returns a complex result, and finally, a function that performs DFT on complex data and returns a complex result.

### 2.1.2.15 The Sliding Window

The C++, CrIS SDR code, converted from MATLAB by ITT, was designed to work with a continuous stream of data. The processing model used by NPOESS sends data to the CrIS

SDR processes in discrete (not necessarily contiguous) chunks called granules. These granules are stored in data structures called RDRs.

CrIS granules contain one or more scans. As shown in Figure 3, each scan consists of four reference FORs and 30 earth view FORs. Each FOR is composed of nine FOVs which, in turn, are comprised of three wavelength bands (LW, MW, and SW). Each FOR/FOV/wavelength combination is processed independently and stored in separate sliding windows.



**Figure 4. Sliding Window Concept** 

Here, the red box is the reference scene sliding window and the blue box is the sliding window of earth scenes. The figure shows the process of building the sliding windows from nothing and then processing one scan.

Because only the earth-view FORs are calibrated, there are 30x9x3 separate sliding windows. The code also differentiates between forward and reverse scans (hence the need for both forward and reverse DS and ICT reference FORs); however, each Earth view FOR is always associated with either forward or backward scan so this does not double the number of sliding windows in the program.

Earth view spectra are also stored in a smaller sliding window. However, this sliding window has no scientific value and is used as a matter of convenience to assist tracking when an Earth scene spectrum should be processed. Because these spectra are not stored for processing

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other Earth view scans, only future Earth views need to be saved in this smaller window for future processing. Earth view spectra are processed upon being ejected from their sliding window. In the following sections, sliding window refers to the window of reference scenes.

The CrIS SDR implementation has hard-coded the sliding window size at 30, although this parameter is configurable via a global header file. (Consequently, however, this does imply that reconfiguration of the parameter requires a recompilation of the CrIS SDR library.) The earth view sliding window is one-half that size (current scan plus 14 future scans). The process of adding a single scan to a sliding window is shown in Figure 4.

### 2.1.2.15.1 One Additional Spectra is Needed to Move the Window

All Earth view spectra that are calibrated using a partial sliding window are marked as being of degraded quality. Earth view spectra are processed when ejected from the sliding window. Therefore, not only must enough scenes be retrieved to keep the sliding window full during processing, enough scans must be retrieved to eject the tasked spectra from the window. For example, when processing with granules consisting of a single scan, 31 scans must be retrieved (15 prior, plus 14 after, plus the scan contained within the granule that has been tasked to be processed to fill the window, plus one additional scan to eject the desired processed Earth views). If granules containing four scans were being processing, then 34 scans would be required.

### 2.1.2.15.2 Unaligned Scans Require Retrieval of Yet Another Scan

CrIS SDR scans are not guaranteed to align with granules boundaries. In other words, the time associated with the beginning of a scan is not equal to the time associated with the beginning of a granule. This implies that the RDR data structure need not begin with the first spectra of the first scan of the granule that has been tasked to process.

This CrIS SDR implementation ensures that the last scan is retrieved in its entirety by requesting enough granules to obtain yet another scan. This ensures success if at least a part of an extra scan has been retrieved; there must be complete scans for all scans before the extra scan. CrIS SDR uses the ceilings of the following formulae to liberally ensure that the entirety of each scan retrieved associated with the granule that has been tasked to process, where *W* represents the sliding window size and S represents the number of scans per granule:

Number of past granules to retrieve: 
$$\left[\frac{\frac{W}{2}}{S}\right]$$

Number of future granules to retrieve: 
$$\left\lceil \frac{\frac{W}{2} + S}{S} \right\rceil$$
.

#### 2.1.2.15.3 Granule Version Ids

The granules containing science data have a version id as a part of their meta-data. Occasionally, an RDR needs to be updated; and when this occurs, its granule version ID is modified as well.

Although not all scans are processed, all granules needed for processing are retrieved. Upon receipt of the granules needed for the latest tasking, CrIS SDR checks the version ID associated with the scans already in the sliding window from the last tasking. If one of those version ids has changed, then the entire sliding window is rebuilt from scratch.

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## 2.1.2.16 Sliding Window Optimization

This implementation has ameliorated the latency introduced when switching from a streambased input to a granule-based input paradigm by preserving as much of the sliding window as possible between taskings.

This is done by using granule IDs to determine how many granules have passed since the last tasking. CrIS SDR uses this value to determine how many future scans are added to the sliding window. If this difference implies that the number of passed scans is greater than the number of future scans already stored in the sliding window, the sliding window is cleared of all scans and refilled.

Figure 5 illustrates this concept in its idealized form. Four CrIS SDR processes are run concurrently, each of which processes a 4-scan granule. State A represents the current 4process tasking, while State B represents the next 4-process tasking. There are 5 sequential tasks across the 2 different states, so 4 are processed in State A, while the last is processed in State B. Assume that Process 1 in State A is the first granule tasked to the CrIS SDR algorithm. This process fills the sliding window with 30 scans worth of data (15 past cross-granules scans, 4 scans from the tasked granule, and 11 future cross-granule scans) before processing the 4 tasked scans in the middle of the window. Each time a scan is processed, one scan is purged from the beginning of the window and the next scan from the future cross-granules is added to the end of the window. Therefore, 16 scans are purged while 16 are added from State-to-State during ideal processing.

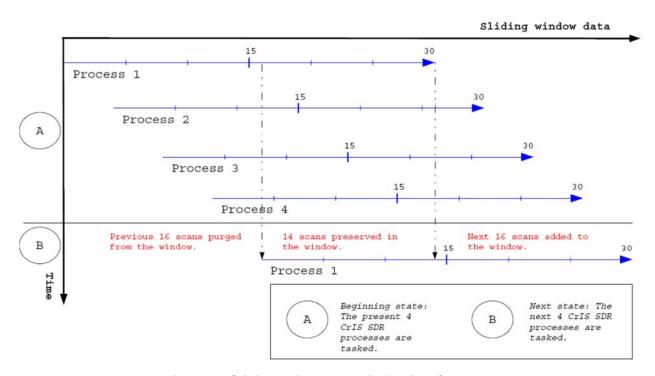


Figure 5. Sliding Window Optimization Concept

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### 2.1.2.17 Creation and Storage of Correction Matrices

Parameters provided by the four-minute engineering packets can prompt CrIS SDR to rebuild its correction matrix. When a correction matrix rebuild is performed, both the new matrix and its corresponding four-minute packet are saved to DMS.

Adding only the scans needed to refill the sliding window limits the scans actually examined during processing. When tasked sequentially, or nearly sequentially, the four-minute engineering and eight-second packets enclosed within which the granule CrIS SDR is tasked to process, are not examined. This requires CrIS SDR to perform some correction matrix updates before they are to be used for processing.

Figure 6 shows an example of how a correction matrix build is handled in the case of sequential tasking. This figure shows us that the four-minute packet is added to the *end* of the sliding window *only once*. Processing any other granule results in that scan being placed at the +14<sup>th</sup> position. Thus CrIS SDR, when tasked sequentially, builds a correction matrix when a rebuild is detected for the +14<sup>th</sup> scan.

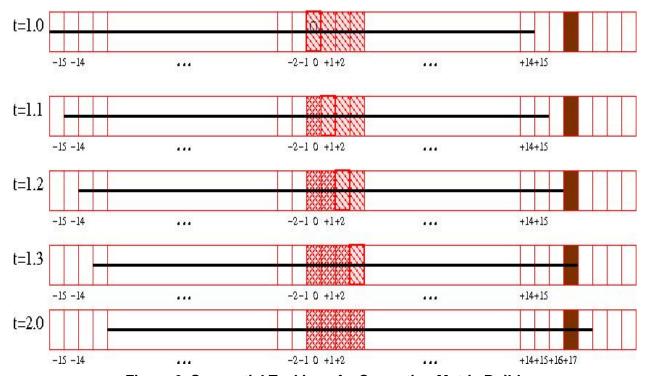


Figure 6. Sequential Tasking of a Correction Matrix Build

The boxes with single hashes all belong to the same, four-scan granule. The boxes with cross hashes are those scans after being processed. The scan currently being processed is surrounded by a bold border. The shaded box represents a scan which causes the correction matrix to be re-built. In this scenario, the correction matrix would be rebuilt at time 1.3. This scan is never again at the +14 location unless this granule is processed again.

The only other scenario where a correction matrix is rebuilt is when a rebuild is detected for the 0<sup>th</sup> (currently being processed) scan. This can only occur when the sliding window is being completely rebuilt. There is no concern about inadvertently building an already built matrix

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because the start time of the granule that caused the matrix rebuild is stored with the matrix as metadata. When tasked, this metadata is used to determine which correction matrix to load from DMS. When a scan that caused a rebuild during an earlier tasking (or even by another CrIS SDR process) is later than a part of the granule CrIS SDR is tasked to process, the previously built correction matrix and its accompanying four-minute engineering packet associated with this scan is the one that's returned by DMS. Therefore, parsing the four-minute engineering packet shows no change when compared to the engineering packet retrieved from DMS.

#### 2.1.2.18 Performance

The processing of data is organized around an eight-second scan period, where the hot reference scene immediately precedes the eight-second science telemetry packet. The values derived from these packets remain constant for all measured earth scenes for the next eightsecond period. The following items have been calculated at the beginning of this period.

- Hot and Cold variances for the moving window averages
- NEdN slope and intercept built from variance (optionally)
- Radiance for the current laser frequency

The sliding window average is maintained in a doubly-linked list where a sum and sum-ofsquares is adjusted for each valid spectra entering or exiting the calibration period.

In the event of earth scene fringe count detection, each of the windowed Cold reference spectra are phase adjusted and the state of the average restored.

The 128 point Legendre polynomials used in the calculation of the ILS Self Apodization Matrix have been "hard-coded".

When appropriate, the Correction matrix is loaded from DMS to address expensive recalculations that would occur at the receipt of the first four minute engineering packet.

### 2.1.2.19 ATBD - Operational Adaptation, Deviation or Limitations

The theoretical basis for the CrIS SDR Algorithm is documented in the following document: Cross Track Infrared Sounder (CrIS) Sensor Data Records (SDR) Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document ATBD, 474-00032.

The following deviations or adaptations to the referenced ATBD have been made in the C++ prototype code and are discussed in detail in this section.

#### Lunar Intrusion

#### Lunar Intrusion

Operationally the CrIS SDR Algorithm is required to support the detection and invalidation of space reference spectra that have experienced a lunar intrusion. The algorithm as described in the ATBD does not address this requirement, however, the final iteration of the algorithm's prototype code described in later sections of this document does include functionality to detect and handle lunar intrusions.

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The following steps are taken with a copy of each new Deep Space spectrum to detect a lunar intrusion:

1. Subtract the average DS spectrum from the new spectrum.

$$\widetilde{S} = \widetilde{S}^{DS} - \langle \widetilde{S}^{DS} \rangle$$

- 2. Perform FCE handling on the new DS spectrum
- 3. Calculate the ratio of the new DS spectrum to the difference between the radiance of the ICT and Deep Space; DS radiance is non-zero for system level testing.

$$\widetilde{L} = \frac{\widetilde{S}}{B^{ICT} - B^{DS}}$$

4. Compute the average radiance per bin of the real component.

$$\frac{\int_{\sigma_{\min}}^{\sigma_{\max}} L}{\frac{\left(\sigma_{\max} - \sigma_{\min}\right)}{\Delta \sigma} + 1}$$

 $\sigma_{\text{min}}$ ,  $\sigma_{\text{max}}$  and  $\Delta\sigma$  define the specified wavenumber bin scale for each band as expected by the EDR algorithm.

5. This value is roughly a ratio of the spectral radiance of the new scene as compared to the current Deep Space average. If the ratio is greater than 3%, Lunar Intrusion is assumed.

If Lunar Intrusion is detected, the new DS spectrum is marked as invalid and excluded from the Moving Window average. This action results in all Earth Scene spectra calibrated, while the invalid DS spectrum is in the Moving Window, to be marked as invalid with a flag identifying Lunar Intrusion. After the entire window is refreshed, i.e. the intruded spectrum falls out of the window after four minutes, Earth Scene spectra is considered valid.

### 2.1.2.20 Telemetry Data XML Files

The telemetry data is parsed at compile time from telemetry XML files. A source file is autogenerated (AutoGeneratedTelemetryData.cpp) and compiled into the library (libProSdrCris). Therefore, the XML are not necessary for successful run-time operation. This makes the packet parsing definitions flexible enough to be modified during development while still protecting copyright restrictions. These XML files are located in \${PRO HOME}/cfg/CRIS.

#### 2.1.3 Graceful Degradation

All CrIS SDR inputs are required. Therefore, there is no graceful degradation.

### 2.1.4 Exception Handling

Generally, exceptions are introduced by incompatible configuration setup for the data being processed. Handling of such events usually results in the offending spectra to be invalidated and processing continued according to the rules defined for missing data. The resultant log file contains details describing individual exceptions.

### 2.1.5 Data Quality Monitoring

The CrIS SDR algorithm provides for several assessments of the quality of given interferograms/spectra. There are several data quality flags that are set by the instrument at the

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interferogram data. Tables 37 through 41 describe the flags. For more information on quality flags, see the CDFCB-X.

Table 37. Band Level Quality Flags (Band 1)

Band Lavel Quality Flor B4	Di4	Volue	Description and Handling
Band Level Quality Flag B1 CrIS SDR Quality	<b>Bit</b> 0-1	Value 0-3	Description and Handling  Description and Handling: The CrIS SDR Quality is calculated per band/FOV/FOR/scan and is contained in QF3 bits 1 and 2. The flag is set as follows:
			3 (NA): Fake spectra of a short granule
			2 (Invalid): Bit Trim Failed (QF4 bit 4) = 1; OR FCE Detect (QF4 bit 3) = 1; OR Invalid RDR Data (QF4 bit 2) = 1; OR Invalid Radiometric Calibration (QF3 bits 4-5) = 2; OR Invalid Spectral Calibration (QF3 bits 6-7) = 2; OR Invalid Spectral Calibration (QF4 bit 5) = 1; OR Imaginary Radiance Flag (QF4 bit 5) = 1; OR Radiance Value is less than the minimum radiance threshold
			1 (Degraded): Invalid Geolocation (QF3 bit 3) = 1; OR Invalid Spectral Calibration (QF3 bits 6-7) = 1; OR Invalid Radiometric Calibration (QF3 bits 4-5) = 1
Invalid Geolocation	2	0-1	0 (Good): None of the above  If the flag was set, then the geolocation information included in the SDR is invalid. It is set for each band/FOV/FOR with a total of 810 bits per scan.
Invalid Radiometric Calibration++	3-4	0-2	This is a summary flag intended to indicate the SDR's radiometric quality. It is a pixel level 2-bit binary flag and is set for each band/FOV/FOR for a total of 1620 bits per scan.
Invalid Spectral Calibration++	5-6	0-2	This flag is intended to summarize the overall spectral calibration quality. This is a pixel level 2-bit binary flag and is set for each band/FOV/FOR for a total of 1620 bits per scan.
Fringe Count Error Corrected	7	0-1	It is a pixel level binary flag (0 – successful FCE correction; 1 –failed FCE correction) and shall be set for each band/FOV/FOR with a total of 810 bits per scan.

Table 38. Band Level Quality Flags (Band 2)

Band Level Quality Flag B2	Bit	Value	Description and Handling
Day/Night Indicator	0	0-1	This flag is intended to identify day and night observations. This flag shall be set to 0 (day) if the local zenith angle is less than 90 degree, and to 1 (night) otherwise. It is a pixel level binary flag and is set for each band/FOV/FOR for a total of 810 bits per scan.
Invalid RDR Data	1	0-1	The Invalid RDR Data QF is calculated per band/FOV/FOR/scan and is contained in QF4 bit 2. The flag can be set by either of the following mechanisms:  (1) When the CrIS instrument suffers from operational errors (e.g., instrument porch swing direction is not right), that cause the exclusion of the pertaining IGMs from SDR processing. In this case, The flag is set by the CrIS instrument on-board and contained in the CrIS RDR data packets:

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			INF_ <band><fov><scene>_ScanStatFlg(Invld Interferogram Dat Exceed ZPD Sat Limit) (Start bit 32, Bit Size = 1)  (2) When the pertaining ES packet for that band/FOV is missing.</scene></fov></band>
Fringe Count Error Detect	2	0-1	If this flag was set, then a significant number of fringes have been missed, shifting the interferogram ZPD outside of a window monitored by the instrument, and the interferogram is excluded from SDR processing. The flag was set by the CrlS instrument and contained in the CrlS RDR data packets. It shall be a pixel level binary flag (0 – No Significant FCE Detected; 1 – Significant FCE Detected) and shall be set for each band/FOV/FOR with a total of 810 bits per scan.
Bit Trim Failed	3	0-1	This flag is intended to identify CrIS RDR interferograms that were clipped during the bit trimming process and are excluded from SDR processing. It is a pixel level binary flag and is set for each band/FOV/FOR with at total of 810 bits per scan.
Imaginary Radiance Invalid	4	0-1	Set to 0 if imaginary radiance is within thresholds and set to 1 if it falls outside of thresholds
Spare	5-7		Spare bits

# **Table 39. FOV Level Quality Flags**

FOV Level Quality Flag	Bit	Value	Description and Handling
Lunar Intrusion Forward	0	0-1	This flag is intended to indicate that radiometric calibration could be of degraded quality due to moon in Deep Space view. This flag shall be set if DS counts are believed to be contaminated by moon disc radiance in any of the nine CrIS FOVs. It is a scan level binary flag and is set for each band/FOV/direction for a total of 27 bits per scan.
Lunar Intrusion Reverse	1	0-1	This flag is intended to indicate that radiometric calibration could be of degraded quality due to moon in Deep Space view. This flag shall be set if DS counts are believed to be contaminated by moon disc radiance in any of the nine CrIS FOVs. It is a scan level binary flag and is set for each band/FOV/direction for a total of 27 bits per scan.
Spare	2-7		Spare bits

## **Table 40. Scan Level Quality Flags**

Scan Level Quality Flag	Bit	Value	Description and Handling
Data Gap	0	0-1	This quality flag checks RDR data for data gaps. This flag is set if there is a data gap, i.e. missing scan(s), preceding the current scan. It is a scan level binary flag and is set 1 bit per scan.
Timing Sequence Error	1	0-1	This flag is set if the recorded time is not in sequence. This is a granule level binary flag and is set 1 bit per scan.
Lambda Monitored Quality	2	0-1	This flag is intended to identify an invalid laser wavelength calculation due to invalid diode current and/or temperature measurements. This is a scan level binary flag and is set 1 bit per scan.
Invalid Instrument Temperatures	3	0-1	This quality flag is intended to identify the situation when the measured temperature of any instrument components (e.g., beam-splitter, scan mirror, scan baffle, etc.) are out of allowable ranges. This flag is a scan level 1-bit binary flag and is set for each scan for a total of 1 bit per scan.
Excess Thermal Drift	4	0-1	This flag is set to indicate at least one of the monitored instrument temperatures has drifted more than a specified tolerance value. This flag is a scan level 1-bit binary flag and

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Scan Level Quality Flag	Bit	Value	Description and Handling
			is set for each scan for a total of 1 bit per scan.
SuspectNeonCalibration	5	0-1	This flag shall be set if 25% (tunable parameter) or more of the neon calibration dataset is rejected. It is a granule level binary flag (0 – accepted neon calibration; 1- rejected neon calibration) and has 1 bit per granule.
Spare	6-7		Spare bits

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**Table 41. Additional Quality Fields** 

	Die 41. Additional Quality Fields
Additional Quality Fields	Description and Handling
Impulse Noise Count	This flag represents the number of samples in an interferogram that
	exceeded the impulse noise mask and were set to zero; if > 1 the
	resultant spectrum is flagged as having excess noise. The flag is a
	pixel level 8-bits number flag and is set for each band/FOV/FOR
	with a total of 6480 bits per scan.
Deep Space Symmetry	This flag is intended to identify the asymmetry in the measured DS
	IGMs. This flag is a scan level 64-bit number flag and is set for each
	band/FOV/direction for a total of 1728 bits per scan. The value of
	this quality flag is computed using the following equation:
	and quanty mag to compared using the tenerming equations
	1 N
	$DSS = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left  S_{FWD}(i) - S_{REV}(i) \right $
	$DSS = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i}  S_{FWD}(i) - S_{REV}(i) $
	i=1
	Where S <sub>FWD</sub> and S <sub>REV</sub> are the forward and reverse direction complex
	deep space view IGMs, respectively, and N is the length of the
	IGMs.
SDR FCE Count	This flag represents the FCE counts detected in the SDR
	processing.
Deep Space Window Size	This flag represents the number of DS spectra used to calibrate the
Doop opace William Oize	earth scene. It is a scan-level, 16-bit number flag and is set for each
ICT Window Size	band/FOV/direction for a total of 864 bits per scan.
ICT Window Size	This flag represents the number of ICT spectra used to calibrate the
	earth scene. It is a scan-level, 16-bit number flag and is set for each
	band/FOV/direction for a total of 864 bits per scan.
Deep Space Spectral Stability	This flag monitors the spectral variability of the DS views within the
	moving window. It is a scan level 64-bits number flag and is set for
	each band/FOV/direction for a total of 3456 bits per scan. It is
	calculated using the following equation:
	1 N
	$DSSS = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sigma(i)$
	$DSSS = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i} O(i)$
	Where N is the number of spectral bins, $\sigma(i)$ is the standard
	deviation of the DS spectra in the ith bin.
ICT Spectral Stability	This flag monitors the spectral variability of the ICT views within the
101 Opecital Stability	moving window. It is a scan level 64-bits number flag and is set for
	each band/FOV/direction with a total of 3456 bits per scan. It is
	calculated using the following equation:
	$\frac{1}{N}$
	$ICTSS = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sigma(i)$
	N = N
	$\sigma(i)$
	Where N is the number of spectral bins, $\sigma(i)$ is the standard
	deviation of the ICT spectra in the ith bin.
ICT Temperature Stability	This flag measures the stability of the two Platinum Resistance
127 Composition of Colomby	Temperature measurements of the Internal Calibration Target. It is a
	scan level 32-bit number flag and is set for each of the two PRTs
	with a total of 64 bits per scan. This flag is calculated using the
	following equation:
	$ICTTS = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{ICTWS} [\overline{T}(i) - \frac{1}{ICTWS} \sum_{j=1}^{ICTWS} \overline{T}(j)]^2 / (ICTWS - 1)}$
	$ ICTTS  = \int  T(i) - \frac{TCTTTC}{ CTTTC } \sum  T(j) ^2 / (ICTWS - 1)$
	$\sqrt{i=1}$ $ICIWS = j=1$
	1 N
	Where ICTWS is the ICT Window Size, $\overline{T}(i) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} T(i,k)$ ,
	$N \stackrel{\frown}{\underset{i=1}{\sum}} I(i,i,i)$
	where T(i k) is the converted DDT temperature in the validated lith
	where T(i,k) is the converted PRT temperature in the validated kth epoch, represents the average ICT temperature measured from a

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Additional Quality Fields	Description and Handling
raditional quality riolac	PRT for the ith scan. This flag is set separately for the two PRTs.
ICT Temperature Consistency	This flag measures the consistency between the two Platinum Resistance Temperature measurements of the Internal Calibration Target. It is a scan level 32-bit number flag and has 32 bits per scan. This flag is calculated using the following equation: $ICTTC = \frac{1}{ICTWS} \sum_{i=1}^{ICTWS} \overline{T_1}(i) - \frac{1}{ICTWS} \sum_{i=1}^{ICTWS} \overline{T_2}(i)$
	The nomenclature is similar to the ICT Temperature Stability flag except that the subscripts 1 and 2 denote the two PRTs, respectively.
Number of Valid PRT Temperatures	This flag represents the number of PRT temperatures that have been validated using the procedure described below. The mean and standard deviation of the PRT temperatures is calculated to identify any outliers, which are defined as being different from the mean by an amount of more than 3-sigma (standard deviation). The outliers do not enter subsequent processing. This is a scan level 8-bit number flag and is set for each of the two primary PRTs for a total of16 bits per scan.
CrIS RDR Yield	This flag represents the percentage of good quality RDRs in a granule. This shall be a granule level flag and has eight bits per granule for a total of 810 records per scan.
Measured Laser Wavelength	This quality flag represents the measured metrology laser wavelength with neon lamp calibration. It shall be a scan level 64-bit number flag and 64 bits per scan.
Lambda Monitored	This flag represents the monitored laser metrology wavelength, calculated using data from the 4-min engineering packets and Neon calibrated laser metrology wavelength. It is a scan level 64-bit number flag and has 64 bits per scan.
CrIS SDR Yield	This flag represents the percentage of good quality SDRs in a granule. It is a granule level flag and has eight bits per granule for a total of 810 records per scan.

### 2.1.6 Computational Precision Requirements

In general, all computations should be performed using double precision floating point arithmetic to maintain less than the required 1 ppm error contribution due to computation precision. It should be noted that the final output spectrum is represented with single precision floating point values.

### 2.1.7 Algorithm Support Considerations

Reference the list of libraries under Section 2.1.2.14.

### 2.1.8 Assumptions and Limitations

### 2.1.8.1 Assumptions

Currently this algorithm has only been tested with one-scan and four-scan granules.

### 2.1.8.2 Limitations

When the option to reassign the Field of Regard for the DS and/or ICT scenes to obtain calibrated output at one of these scenes, only one sweep direction of the two samples is calibrated based on which Earth Scene is selected as the hot reference.

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## 3.0 GLOSSARY/ACRONYM LIST

# 3.1 Glossary

Table 42 contains terms most applicable for this OAD.

Table 42. Glossary

Term	Description
Algorithm	A formula or set of steps for solving a particular problem. Algorithms can be expressed in any language, from natural languages like English to mathematical expressions to programming languages like FORTRAN. On NPOESS, an algorithm consists of:  1. A theoretical description (i.e., science/mathematical basis)  2. A computer implementation description (i.e., method of solution)  3. A computer implementation (i.e., code)
Algorithm Configuration Control Board (ACCB)	Interdisciplinary team of scientific and engineering personnel responsible for the approval and disposition of algorithm acceptance, verification, development and testing transitions. Chaired by the Algorithm Implementation Process Lead, members include representatives from IWPTB, Systems Engineering & Integration IPT, System Test IPT, and IDPS IPT.
Algorithm Verification	Science-grade software delivered by an algorithm provider is verified for compliance with data quality and timeliness requirements by Algorithm Team science personnel. This activity is nominally performed at the IWPTB facility. Delivered code is executed on compatible IWPTB computing platforms. Minor hosting modifications may be made to allow code execution. Optionally, verification may be performed at the Algorithm Provider's facility if warranted due to technical, schedule or cost considerations.
Ancillary Data	Any data which is not produced by the NPOESS System, but which is acquired from external providers and used by the NPOESS system in the production of NPOESS data products.
Auxiliary Data	Auxiliary Data is defined as data, other than data included in the sensor application packets, which is produced internally by the NPOESS system, and used to produce the NPOESS deliverable data products.
EDR Algorithm	Scientific description and corresponding software and test data necessary to produce one or more environmental data records. The scientific computational basis for the production of each data record is described in an ATBD. At a minimum, implemented software is science-grade and includes test data demonstrating data quality compliance.
Environmental Data Record (EDR)	[IORD Definition] Data record produced when an algorithm is used to convert Raw Data Records (RDRs) to geophysical parameters (including ancillary parameters, e.g., cloud clear radiation, etc.). [Supplementary Definition] An Environmental Data Record (EDR) represents the state of the environment, and the related information needed to access and understand the record. Specifically, it is a set of related data items that describe one or more related estimated environmental parameters over a limited time-space range. The parameters are located by time and Earth coordinates. EDRs may have been resampled if they are created from multiple data sources with different sampling patterns. An EDR is created from one or more NPOESS SDRs or EDRs, plus ancillary environmental data provided by others. EDR metadata contains references to its processing history, spatial and temporal coverage, and quality.
Operational Code	Verified science-grade software, delivered by an algorithm provider and verified by IWPTB, is developed into operational-grade code by the IDPS IPT.
Operational-Grade Software	Code that produces data records compliant with the System Specification requirements for data quality and IDPS timeliness and operational infrastructure. The software is modular relative to the IDPS infrastructure and compliant with IDPS application programming interfaces (APIs) as specified for TDR/SDR or EDR code.

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Term	Description
Term Raw Data Record (RDR)	[IORD Definition] Full resolution digital sensor data, time referenced and earth located, with absolute radiometric and geometric calibration coefficients appended, but not applied, to the data. Aggregates (sums or weighted averages) of detector samples are considered to be full resolution data if the aggregation is normally performed to meet resolution and other requirements. Sensor data shall be unprocessed with the following exceptions: time delay and integration (TDI), detector array non-uniformity correction (i.e., offset and responsivity equalization), and data compression are allowed. Lossy data compression is allowed only if the total measurement error is dominated by error sources other than the data compression algorithm. All calibration data will be retained and communicated to the ground without lossy compression.  [Supplementary Definition]
	A Raw Data Record (RDR) is a logical grouping of raw data output by a sensor, and related information needed to process the record into an SDR or TDR. Specifically, it is a set of unmodified raw data (mission and housekeeping) produced by a sensor suite, one sensor, or a reasonable subset of a sensor (e.g., channel or channel group), over a specified, limited time range. Along with the sensor data, the RDR includes auxiliary data from other portions of NPOESS (space or ground) needed to recreate the sensor measurement, to correct the measurement for known distortions, and to locate the measurement in time and space, through subsequent processing. Metadata is associated with the sensor and auxiliary data to permit its effective use.
Retrieval Algorithm	A science-based algorithm used to 'retrieve' a set of environmental/geophysical parameters (EDR) from calibrated and geolocated sensor data (SDR). Synonym for EDR processing.
Science Algorithm	The theoretical description and a corresponding software implementation needed to produce an NPP/NPOESS data product (TDR, SDR or EDR). The former is described in an ATBD. The latter is typically developed for a research setting and characterized as "science-grade".
Science Algorithm Provider	Organization responsible for development and/or delivery of TDR/SDR or EDR algorithms associated with a given sensor.
Science-Grade Software	Code that produces data records in accordance with the science algorithm data quality requirements. This code, typically, has no software requirements for implementation language, targeted operating system, modularity, input and output data format or any other design discipline or assumed infrastructure.
SDR/TDR Algorithm	Scientific description and corresponding software and test data necessary to produce a Temperature Data Record and/or Sensor Data Record given a sensor's Raw Data Record. The scientific computational basis for the production of each data record is described in an Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document (ATBD). At a minimum, implemented software is science-grade and includes test data demonstrating data quality compliance.
Sensor Data Record (SDR)	[IORD Definition] Data record produced when an algorithm is used to convert Raw Data Records (RDRs) to calibrated brightness temperatures with associated ephemeris data. The existence of the SDRs provides reversible data tracking back from the EDRs to the Raw data.  [Supplementary Definition] A Sensor Data Record (SDR) is the recreated input to a sensor, and the related information needed to access and understand the record. Specifically, it is a set of incident flux estimates made by a sensor, over a limited time interval, with annotations that permit its effective use. The environmental flux estimates at the sensor aperture are corrected for sensor effects. The estimates are reported in physically meaningful units, usually in terms of an angular or spatial and temporal distribution at the sensor location, as a function of spectrum, polarization, or delay, and always at full resolution. When meaningful, the flux is also associated with the point on the Earth geoid from which it apparently originated. Also, when meaningful, the sensor flux is converted to an equivalent top-of-atmosphere (TOA) brightness. The associated metadata includes a record of the processing and sources from which the SDR was created, and other information needed to understand the data.

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Term	Description
Temperature Data	[IORD Definition]
Record (TDR)	Temperature Data Records (TDRs) are geolocated, antenna temperatures with all relevant calibration data counts and ephemeris data to revert from T-sub-a into counts.
	[Supplementary Definition]
	A Temperature Data Record (TDR) is the brightness temperature value measured by a microwave sensor, and the related information needed to access and understand the record. Specifically, it is a set of the corrected radiometric measurements made by an imaging microwave sensor, over a limited time range, with annotation that permits its effective use. A TDR is a partially-processed variant of an SDR. Instead of reporting the estimated microwave flux from a specified direction, it reports the observed antenna brightness temperature in that direction.
Model Validation	The process of determining the degree to which a model is an accurate representation of the real world from the perspective of the intended uses of the model. [Ref.: DoDD 5000.59-DoD Modeling and Simulation Management]
Model Verification	The process of determining that a model implementation accurately represents the developer's conceptual description and specifications. [Ref.: DoDD 5000.59-DoD Modeling and Simulation Management]

# 3.2 Acronyms

Table 43 contains acronyms most applicable for this OAD.

Table 43. Acronyms

Term	Description
None	

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### 4.0 OPEN ISSUES

### Table 44. TBXs

TBX ID	Title/Description	Resolution Date
None		