



Background

 Governor Mary Fallin announced plans for Produced Water Working Group (PWWG) at Oklahoma Governor's Water Conference in December, 2015



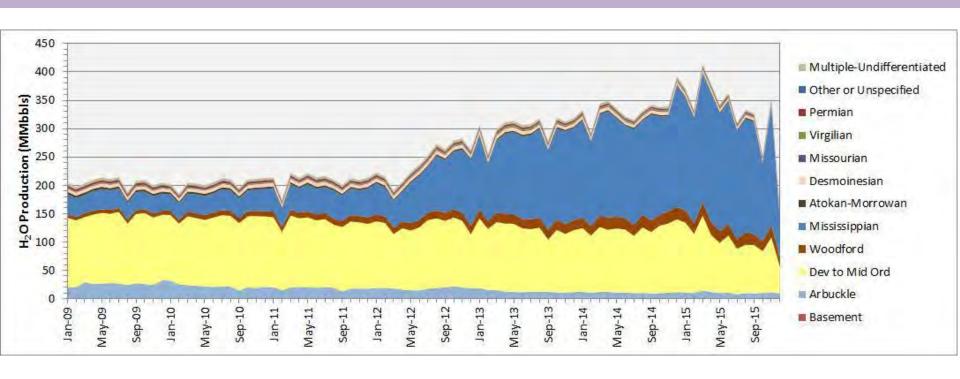
- A. 17 members with a broad spectrum of expertise
- B. JD Strong as chairman
- C. Three meetings to date
- 3. DOE funding for study related to re-use and recycling (started in late August)







Defining the Challenge

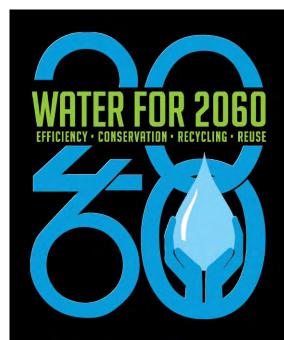


- Too much produced water
- Long term need to conserve fresh water sources
- What are the economically viable alternatives?

PWWG Committee

Members

- · J.D. Strong (Chairman)
- Secretary of Agriculture Jim Reese(Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food & Forestry)
- Tim Rhodes (Oklahoma Corporation Commission)
- Scott Thompson (Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality)
- Michael Dunkel (CH2M)
- Jesse Sandlin(Oklahoma Oil & Gas Association)
- Mike Mathis (Oklahoma Independent Petroleum Association)
- Brent Kisling (Enid Regional Development Alliance)
- Alan Riffel (Oklahoma Municipal League)
- Mark Matheson (Oklahoma Rural Water Association)
- Dr. Garey Fox (Oklahoma State University)
- Terry Stowers (Coalition of Oklahoma Surface & Mineral Owners)
- Bud Ground (Environmental Federation of Oklahoma)
- Usha Turner (Oklahoma Gas & Electric)
- · Mike Ming (GE Global Research)
- Mike Paque (Groundwater Protection Council)
- Fred Fischer (Oklahoma Panhandle Agriculture & Irrigation Association)



PWWG Subcommittees

1. Agriculture

- A. Spread across state
- B. Seasonality for irrigation Desalination required

2. Water Users and Water Discharge

- A. Power, chemical plants, other or discharge to stream
- B. Desalination required

3. Oil and Gas

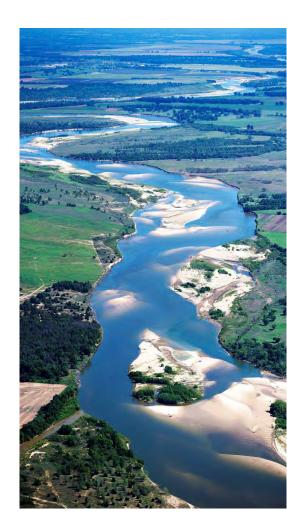
A. Re-use requires minimal treatment

4. Regulatory and Challenges

A. How can legislators or regulators help?

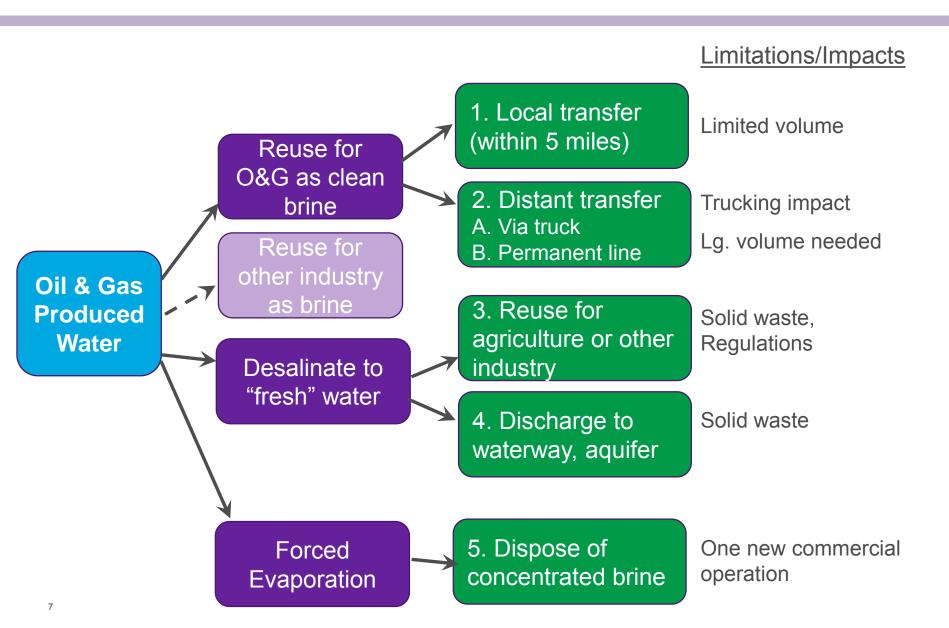
Scope of Work

- 1. Gather data about <u>produced water</u> and <u>users of water</u>
 - A. Volumes and use by county
 - B. Produced water volumes
 - C. Potential users of treated produced water
 - D. Quality of produced water and quality needed by users
 - E. Spatial relationship of supply and demand
- 2. Evaluate appropriate water treatment technologies
 - A. Solicit cost estimates from vendors
- 3. Evaluate economic options and costs
- 4. Assess challenges and impacts
- 5. Prepare Final Study Report
 - A. Document methods, data and findings
 - B. Recommendations to support planning and policymaking



Red River

Options Overview



Economic Proposition for Recycling

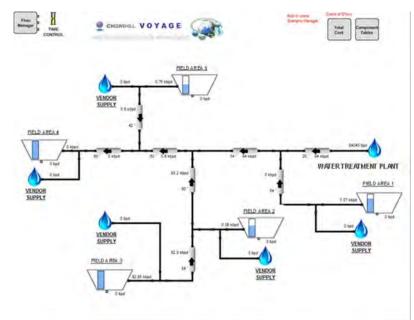
Disposal cost savings + Value of useable water

Versus

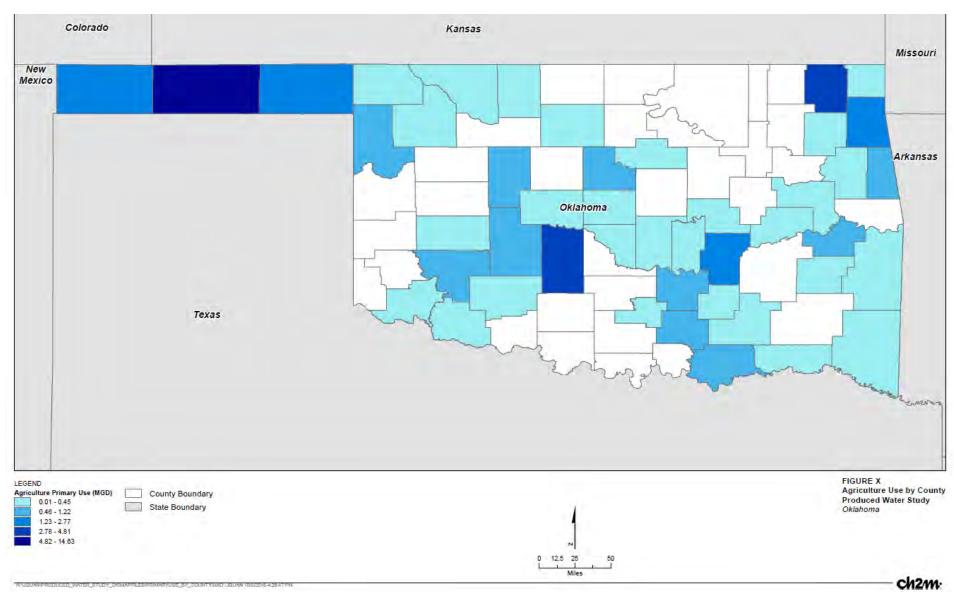
Produced Water transport +

Treatment costs

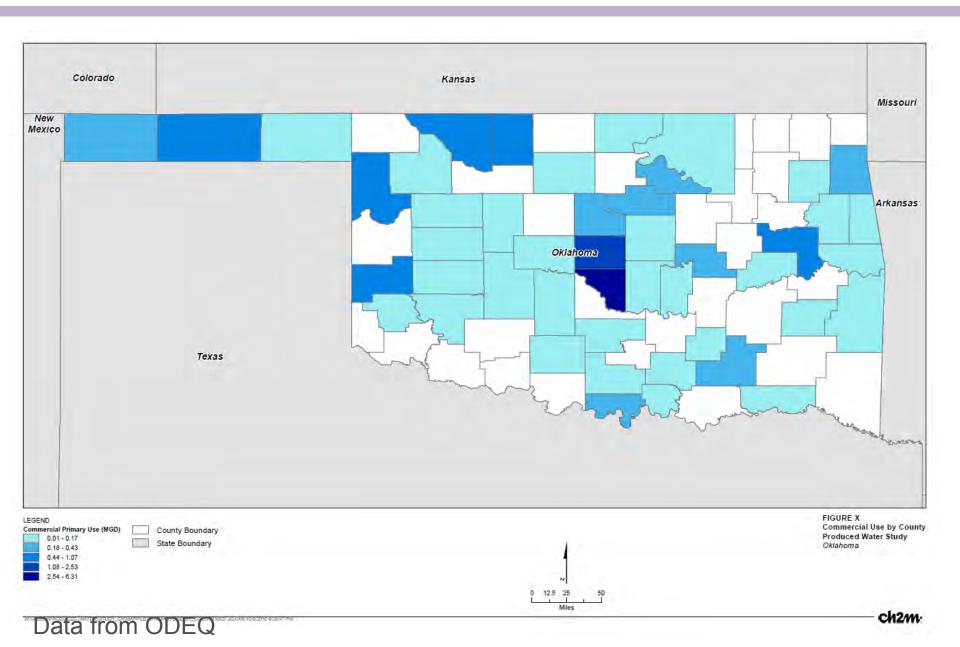




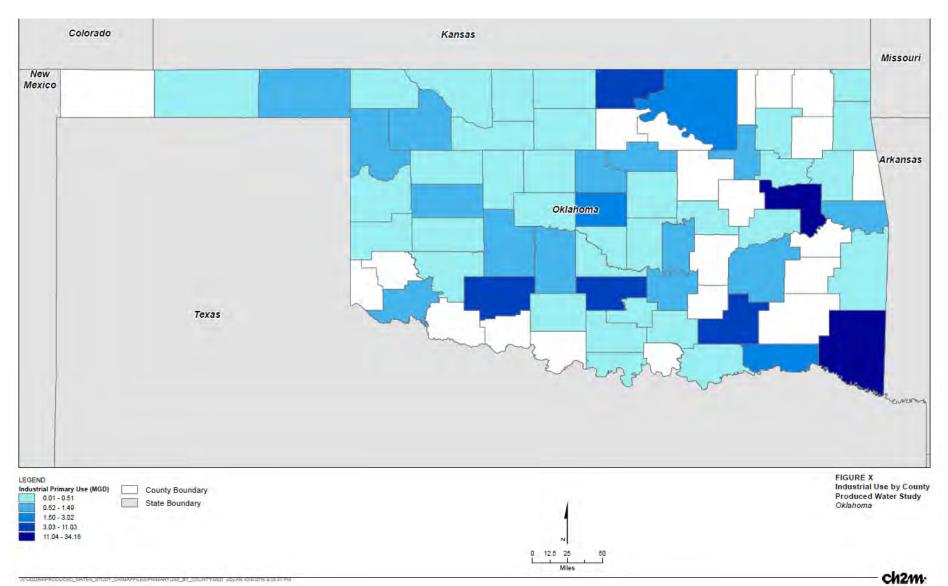
Agricultural Water use by County



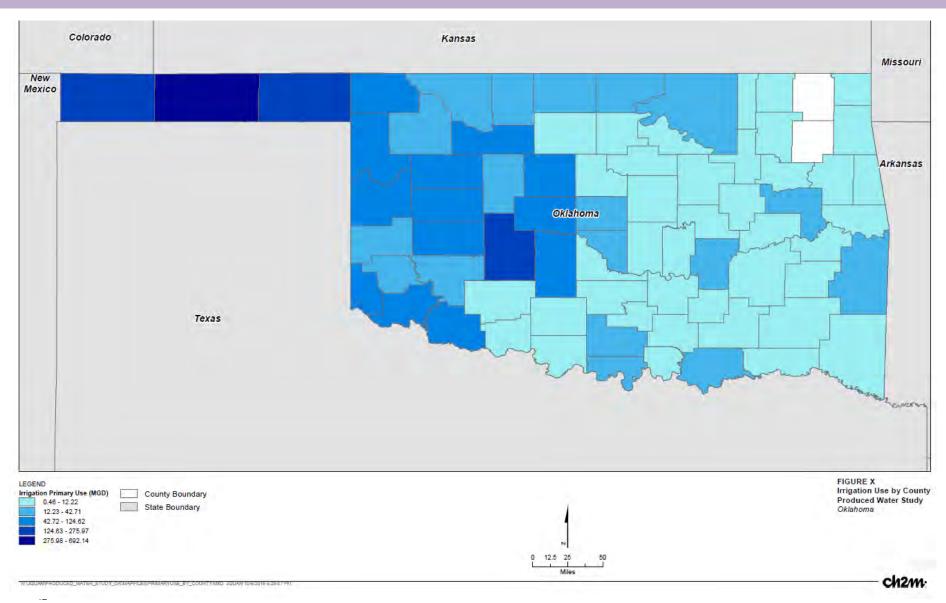
Commercial Water use by County



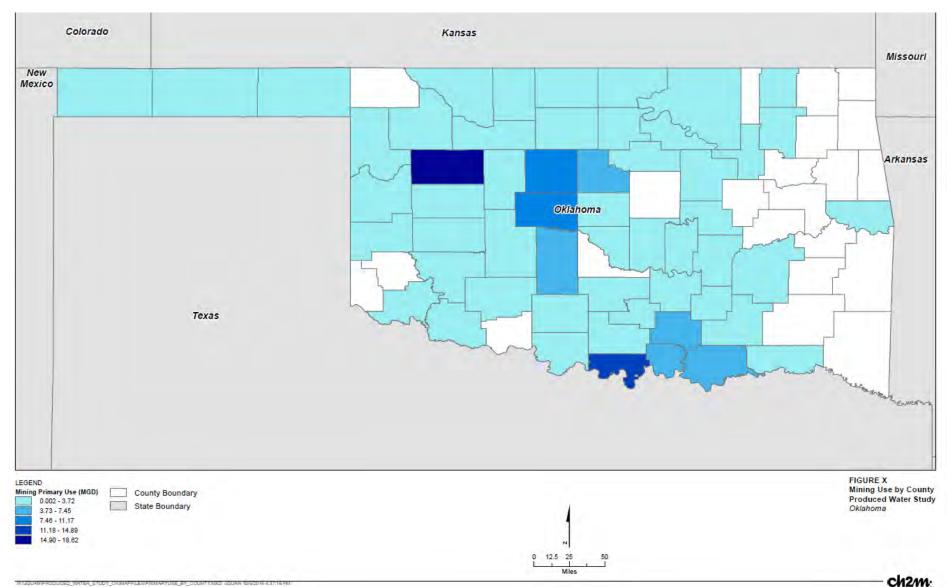
Industrial Water use by County



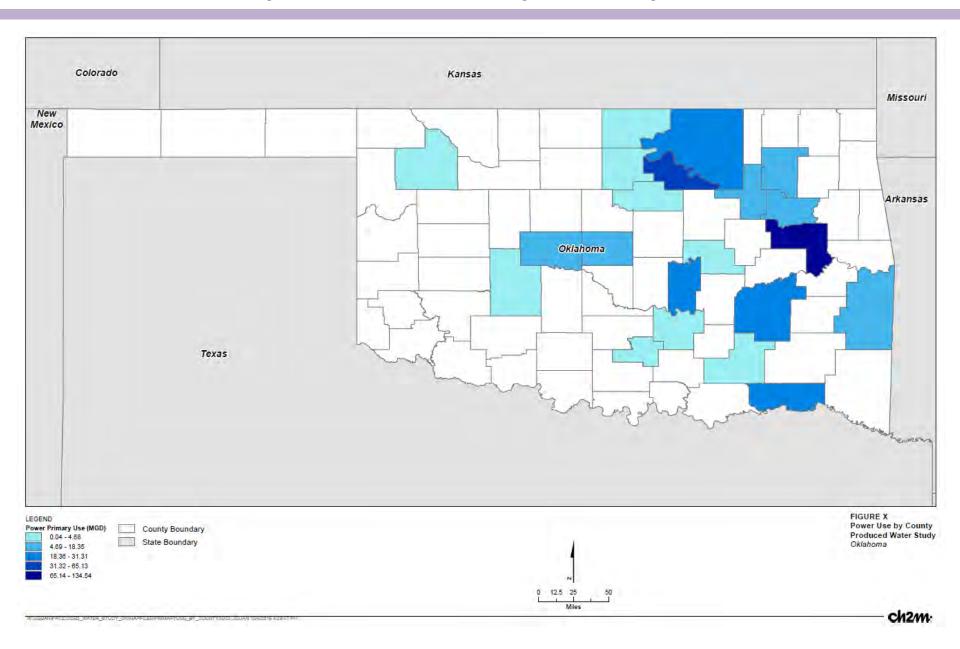
Irrigation Water use by County



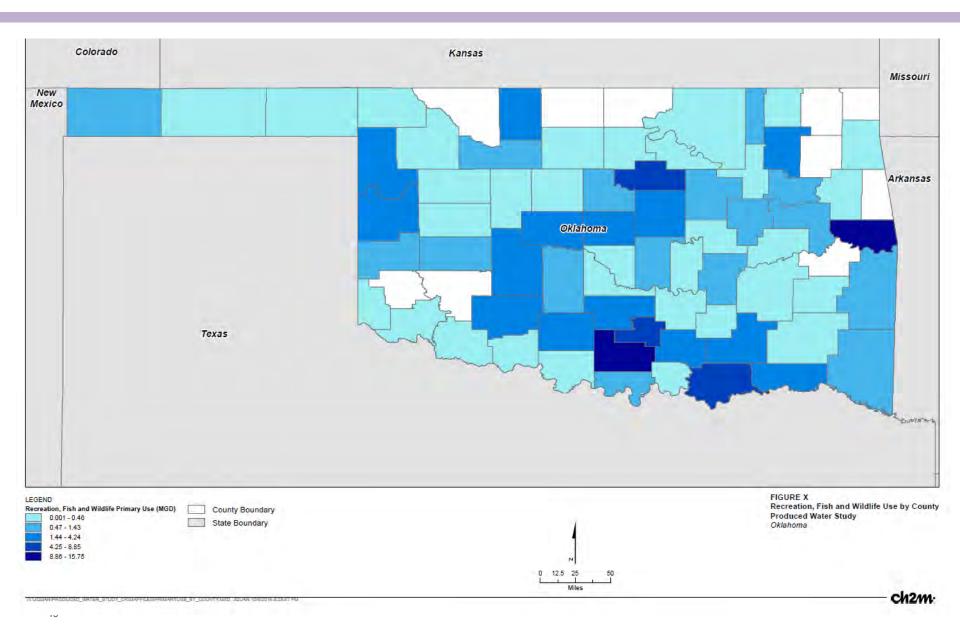
Mining Water use by County



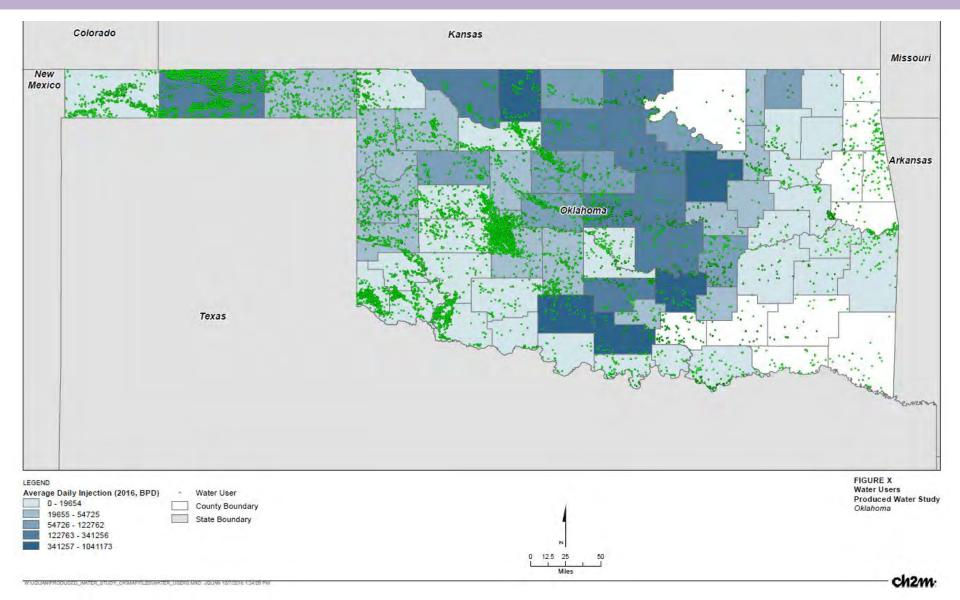
Power Industry's Water use by County



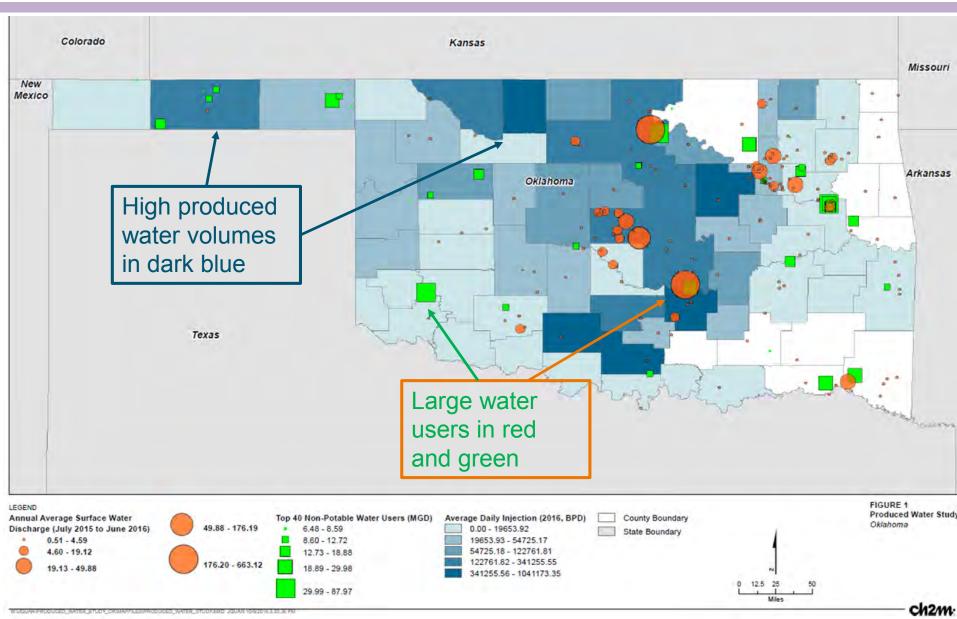
Recreation, Fish & Wildlife - Water use by County



Produced Water Disposal & Water Users



Preliminary Matches of PW & Water Users



Data from ODEQ and OCC.

Study Summary Points

- 1. Started work in late August
- 2. PWWG is resource to study effort
- 3. Hope to draft report by December 2016
- 4. Emphasis on scoping evaluation of possibilities





Thank You

