# Tax Increment Financing Update Presentation will begin at 12:15 PM

Betsy Knotts, Office of General Counsel Kelsie Jones, State Board of Equalization

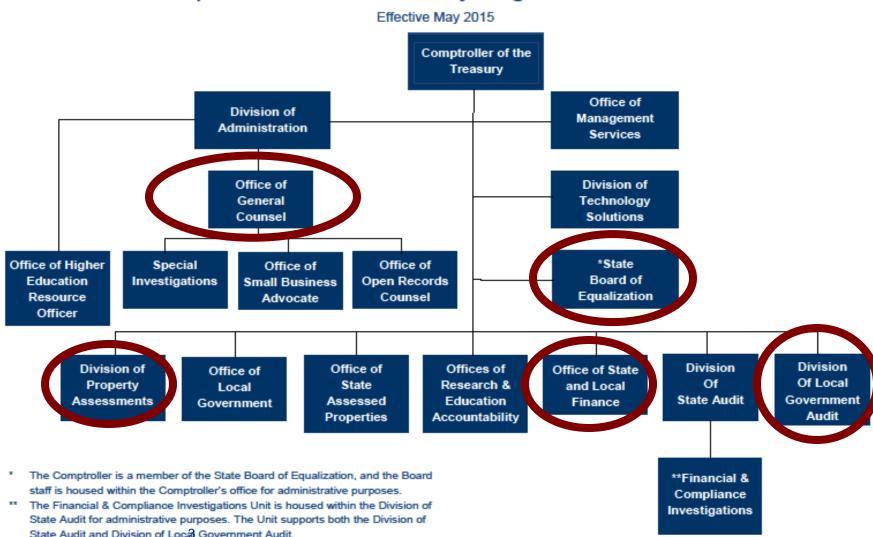


## **Today's Agenda:**

- Introduction to Tax Increment Financing (TIF)
- Comptroller's Statutory Duties Related to TIF
- Q & A—Partnering with Local Governments



### Comptroller of the Treasury Organizational Chart



## **Basics of Tax Increment Financing**

# TIF is the act of borrowing against a future value

In other words, upfront cash to construct a project



## **Basics of Tax Increment Financing**

### **Authorized Issuers:**

- Housing Authority— 1978 Pub. Acts, c. 854
- Industrial Development Corporation ("IDB")— 2004 Pub. Acts, c. 662
- Community Redevelopment Agency—1998 Pub. Acts, c. 987

\*Please note only IDBs are authorized to use tax increment revenues to pay project costs directly.

# Tax Increment Financing in the Tennessee Code Annotated (T.C.A.)

◆ 1978
 T.C.A. § 13-20-202, Housing Authority

2004
 T.C.A. § § 7-53-312 and -314, Industrial Dev. Board

◆ 2012
T.C.A. § 9-23-101 et seq., TIF Uniformity Act

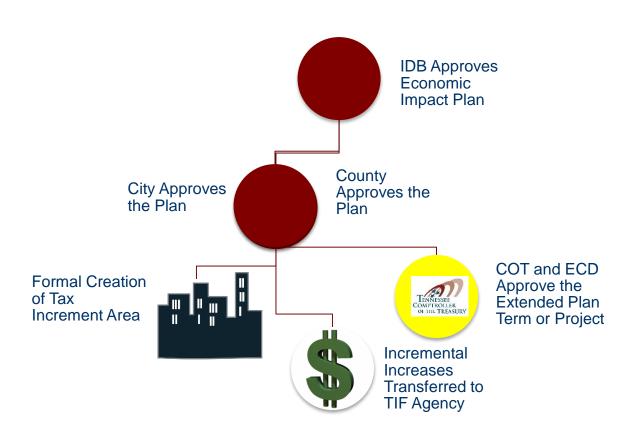


## Typical documents in a TIF transaction:

- Authorizing Documents
- Financing Documents



## **TIF Approval Process**





## **Examples of Financing Documents:**

- Tax Increment Plan
  - Economic Impact Plan
  - Redevelopment Plan
- ◆ Tax Increment Revenue Note
- Development Agreement
- Guaranty Agreement



## **Authorized TIF Projects**

- Housing Authority
  - Redevelopment and Urban Renewal
    - Remove or reduce blight
    - Rehabilitation or conservation work
- Industrial Development Board
  - Project defined at T.C.A. § 7-53-101(13)
    - 24 Subparts defining economic development
    - BROAD



# The Uniformity in Tax Increment Financing Act of 2012 (TCA Section 9-23-101 et seq.)

- ◆ The 2012 Act addressed the following issues:
  - No state oversight
  - TIF revenues accumulated off budget
  - Inconsistent reporting requirements
- The 2012 Act applies to newly created or amended tax increment plans for which public hearings are held on or after March 21, 2012.



# The Uniformity in Tax Increment Financing Act of 2012 (TCA Section 9-23-101 et seq.)

## Best Interest Determination Required

- Plan Term Extends beyond 20 or 30 years
- IDB uses TIF to finance a privately-owned project other than parking and storm water improvements and for general economic development purposes
- TCA § 9-23-103(a)(2)(B)

Excess taxes beyond amounts necessary to fund or reserve for eligible expenditures under the applicable tax increment statute, may be applied to principal and interest of debt incurred to finance such eligible expenditures, or **shall revert** to the taxing agency general fund.

## **Best Interest Letters**

- Graceland Project—Economic Impact Plan
- Oak Ridge Mall—Economic Impact Plan
- Pulaski-Giles IDB Hotel Project
- Sulphur Dell Site—Redevelopment Plan
- Tullahoma Northgate Mall—Economic Impact Plan



# The Uniformity in Tax Increment Financing Act of 2012 (TCA Section 9-23-101 et seq.)

- T.C.A. § 9-23-106
  - Upon creation, file the property information, base tax amount, and authorizing resolutions with the Comptroller's office, the assessor of property, and the chief financial officer of each taxing agency
  - By October 1 each year, tax increment agencies to file annual statements of tax increment revenues with Comptroller's office





## Tennessee Comptroller of the Treasury

Justin P. Wilson

Search

Q

HOME

OFFICE FUNCTIONS

BOARDS

- INVESTOR INFO

PUBLICATIONS

PUBLIC NOTICES

CONTACT US

You are here: Home » Tax Increment Financing

#### **Useful Information**

- » Current News Releases
- » News Releases Archive
- » Follow Us on Twitter
- » Sign up to receive Comptroller news releases via Email

### Tax Increment Financing

Tax Increment Financing (TIF) is a tool used by local governments to encourage development in targeted areas. Tax increment revenues are future tax revenues derived from the newly developed area. State law requires the Comptroller and the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development to review certain TIF plans to determine whether the financings are in the best interest of the State of Tennessee.

The Uniformity in Tax Increment Financing Act of 2012 can be found in Tennessee Code Annotated 9-23-101 et seq.

### TIF Documents

July 17, 2015

TIF Reporting Memo (IDB) 🔁

July 17, 2015

TIF Reporting Memo (Housing Authority)

October 11, 2012

Guide Letter to Tax Increment Financing

Contact Us

Quick Links

Report Fraud, Waste & Abuse

Search Audits & Reports

15

# TIF Plan Filing and Annual Increment Reporting Status

- As stated earlier, the TIF development plan and annual increment received are to be filed with the Comptroller's office
- Compliance level is lower than desired but currently improving
- Annual correspondence reminders from the Comptroller's office

OF THE TREASURY

 Working with every county to assemble a complete statewide database

## **Graceland Economic Impact Plan, 2015**

#### ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT GROWTH ENGINE INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BOARD OF THE CITY OF MEMPHIS AND COUNTY OF SHELBY, TENNESSEE

#### ECONOMIC IMPACT PLAN

FOR

GRACELAND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AREA

#### I. Authority for Economic Impact Plan

Industrial development corporations ("IDBs") are authorized under Tenn. Code Ann. § 7-53-312 to prepare and submit to crites and counties an economic impact plan with respect to an area that includes a project within the meaning of Tenn. Code Ann. § 7-53-101 and such other properties that the IDB determines will be directly improved or benefited due to the undertaking of such project. Tennessee Code Annotated § 7-53-312 also unhorizes cities and counties to apply and pledge new incremental lax revenues, which arise from the area subject to the economic impact plan, to the IDB to promote economic development, to pay the cost of projects or to pay debt service on bonds or other obligations issued by the IDB to pay the costs of projects.

#### 11. The Project

Elvis Presley Enterprises, Inc. ("EPE") owns and/or operates certain real property located on Elvis Presley Boulevard, in the Whitehaven neighborhood in Memphis, Shelby County, Tennessee that is popularly known as Graceland. The property currently contains Graceland Mansion, the historic home of Elvis Presley, a major national tourist attraction, as well as a hotel and anciliary retail and museum exhibition facilities. EPE has proposed to redevelop Graceland to improve the user experience and ensure the long term success of this important driver of the Memphis tourism industry by constructing an approximately 450 room hotel with associated convention and concert facilities, redeveloping and apprading museum and retail facilities, and constructing an archive studio. The construction of the hotel, the redeveloped museum and retail facilities, and the archive studio are collectively referred to herein as the "Project." In order to make the construction of the Project financially feasible, EPE has requested that the City of Memphis (the "City") and Shelby County. Tennessee (the "County") approve, as part of this Economic Impact Plan, a plan for tax increment financing through the Economic Development Growth Engine Industrial Development Board of the City of Memphis and County of Shelby, Tennessee (the "Board") pursuant to Title 7, Chapter 53 of Tennessee Code Annotated to provide funds to pay a portion of the costs relating to the implementation of the Project. The Project is an eligible project within the meaning of Tenn. Code Ann. § 7-53-101(13) and is under consideration for designation as a Qualified Public Use Facility by the Tennessee Department of Finance and Administration and State Building Commission as described in Fenn. Code Ann. §§ 7-88-101 et seq. (the "TDZ Act").

#### III. Boundaries of Plan Area

The Project is generally located on Elvis Presley Boulevard in the Whitehaven neighborhood, a focus of a number of federal, state and local development activities. The area that would be subject to this Economic Impact Plan, and to the tax increment financing provisions described below, includes only



### **Essential TIF Terms**

- Length
- Amount
- Parcel-by-parcel or total area calculation
- Boundaries



## **Graceland Economic Impact Plan**

- Privately-owned archive studio, hotel and conference center, museum attractions and retail
- Passed "but for" test
- Boundaries limited to 120 acre Graceland Campus
- Only 50% of the tax increment revenues generated in the plan area will be utilized for project purposes; the remaining 50% will be distributed to the local governments
- Pooled incremental sales and property tax revenues, borrower payments, and tourism surcharges.

## **Measuring TIF Effectiveness**

- Get updates from the finance director on amounts outstanding and receive a list of active plan areas with estimated end dates
- Do your own "but for" or necessity test
- Ask questions about the projected values
- Remember only IDBs may use incremental revenues to pay project costs directly



## **TIF at a Turning Point**

- GASB Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, approved August 2015
  - New financial statement disclosures required for state and local governments for fiscal year beginning July 1, 2016 and ending June 30, 2017
  - New disclosure requirements supplement existing state reporting requirements
- Economic Development Policies



## Your Questions...Accountability

- Should policies be required?
- How should the established criteria be communicated to the authorizing entity prior to receiving any formal approval?
- Should TIF projects be targeted and temporary? How do we know when they end?

## Your Questions...Transparency

- What are TIF best practices in Tennessee?
- Are TIF discussions conducted in the "sunshine"?



## **Your Questions...Duration**

What are the pros and cons of reauthorizing a tax increment allocation when the original plan has run its course?

If the decision is made to amend the plan to keep developing the area, what questions should the authorizing entity ask?



## **Partnering with Local Governments**

What oversight authority does the Comptroller have, when is it exercised, and what prompts it to be used?

What other resources are available to help facilitate the proper creation of tax increment areas?



## **TIF Brochure**

## ROA TO TAX INC.

#### ROADMAP TO TAX II ROADMAP TO TAX IN

#### Public Chapter 605 – The New Roa for Tax Increment Financing

Tax Increment Financing — or TIF — is a method utilize governments to pay for community improvements we tax revenues. A TIF plan is approved by a local gove redevelop an area by paying for the cost of public improvements out of future growth in taxes attread the new development. The redevelopment typically of clearing blight, promoting housing, or other development Public Chapter 60's addresses TIF plan future property tax revenue. Historically, TIF in Tenbeen used for housing and redevelopment. TIF use for development is growing.

By enacting the Uniformity in Tax Increment Finance 2012, the Tennessee General Assembly strengthened a tool for job creation and economic development in Prior to this legislation, the multiple laws governing inconsistent. Public Chapter 605 does not authorize of TIFs. It establishes overriding parameters for exist

The basic provisions for developing and submitting a for local approval remain unchanged. Public Chaincludes new standards for state approval of TIF proceeding to the property of the process of the process and extended TIF terms. The new law consistency by requiring central filing of TIF plans state, providing uniform calculation of the property and creating the opportunity to cover administrat Additionally, the new law will revert unused TIF reveity or country as appropriate.

#### Summary of Public Chapter 605 Legal Authority for Tax Increment Financing

TIFs are authorized in four Tennessee statutes:

(1) T.C.A. § 7-53-312: Industrial Development Bo 'Economic impact plans' (non-Metro government)

(2) T.C.A. § 7-53-314: Industrial Development Bo 'Economic impact plans' (Metro government)

(3) T.C.A. § 13-20-205: Housing & redevelopment

(4) The uncodified Community Redevelopment 1998 (Pub. Ch. 987 of 1998), which authorizes redevelopment TIFs in counties larger than 800,000 only Shelby County). revenue payable concerning TIF area property and ider allocation term in years. Each year's adopted city or budget will continue to allocate the base tax. The baland due from taxable real property or tangible personal p TIF area parcels, is the tax increment revenue payable to agency for purposes permitted under the law or in the TI

#### What's New in Public Chapter 605

State Approval in General - TIF increments, or expens can be used for a variety of improvements. These acquiring, clearing, and preparing land; the cost of conspublic infrastructure (broadly defined), professional costs, and financing costs. Certain uses of TIF increments by the state Commissioner of Econor Community Development and the state Competitive is in the interest of the spread signifies the expenditure is in the interest of the state. If a TIF plan contains an expendit would require preapproval, the plan should be submiviting to both officials detailing the use of the incrementhe relevant economic development goals. These TIF p deemed approved if not explicitly approved or denied 30 days.

State Approval – Using TIF increment for privately own improvements, or equipment. Use of incremental reve land, improvements, or equipment that is to be own private person or entity requires state preapproval. A pr owned parking lot, facility or garage available for pu would not require state approval.

State Approval — Using TIF increment for general ed development. Use of incremental revenue for the in development board that generally furthers or promotes ed development in the municipality requires state preappro

State Approval — Exceeding Standard Term. IDB TI allocating revenue for economic development for exceeding 20 years requires state preapproval. Redevel TIF plans with a term exceeding 30 years require preapproval. In both instances, the TIF plan should reasons why the longer term is necessary for completio plan.

Central Reporting. The new law imposes uniform rerequirements for all TIFs. The TIF agency must file a resolutions, TIF area descriptions, and estimates of b amounts with the state Comptroller of the Treasury, as

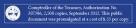


For questions or additional information contact:

Justin Wilson, Comptroller Justin.Wilson@cot.tn.gov

Jason Mumpower, Chief of Staff Jason.Mumpower@cot.tn.gov

Kelsie Jones, State Board of Equalization Kelsie.Jones@cot.tn.gov Comptroller of the Treasury State Capitol Nashville, TN 37243 (615) 741-2501 www.tn.gov/comptroller



### **Contact Information**

### **Betsy Knotts**

Assistant General Counsel Comptroller of the Treasury Suite 1700, James K. Polk Bldg. 505 Deaderick St. Nashville, TN 37243 Phone: (615) 401-7954

Betsy.Knotts@cot.tn.gov

### **Kelsie Jones**

Executive Secretary
State Board of Equalization
9th Floor, Snodgrass TN Tower
312 Rosa L. Parks Avenue
Nashville, TN 37243-1102
Phone: (615) 401-7883

