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# Packers and Stockyards Statistical Report

2006 Reporting Year

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#### ABSTRACT

The 2006 Packers and Stockyards Statistical Report on livestock marketing and meat packing contains data on industry concentration, plant size, volume of packer feeding, packer financial performance, number of animals purchased by source of supply (public market versus direct purchase), and method of procurement (live versus carcass basis). Most of the data are reported by type of animal, State, or geographic region.

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#### PACKERS AND STOCKYARDS STATISTICAL REPORT 2006 REPORTING YEAR

#### **Prepared by:**

Industry Analysis Division Staff Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration U.S. Department of Agriculture

#### **INTRODUCTION**

#### **Reporting Firms**

This report contains data on (1) slaughtering packers; (2) market agencies buying or selling livestock on commission, including auction markets and all other selling agencies; and (3) livestock dealers buying and selling livestock for their own accounts. It includes data for firms' 2006 reporting year. Part III of the report includes data on all entities registered with the Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration.

All slaughtering packers operating in commerce in the United States have been subject to the Packers and Stockyards Act since its passage in 1921. Section 201.97 of Chapter 9 of the Code of Federal Regulations requires every packer, live poultry dealer, stockyard owner, market agency, and dealer, unless exempt, to file a report annually with the U.S. Department of Agriculture's (USDA) Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration (GIPSA). Prior to reporting year 1977, packers slaughtering less than 1,000 head of cattle or less than 2,000 head of all classes of livestock annually were exempted from the reporting requirements. Beginning with reporting year 1977, packers that operate

in interstate commerce and purchase \$500,000 or more of livestock on an annual basis are required to file an annual report with GIPSA. Since both slaughter volume and the value of purchases vary from year to year, certain small slaughtering packers are required to file an annual report in some years but not in others. Packers beginning operation late in their fiscal years are not required to file annual reports for a partial year. Also, packers that have gone out of business are not required to file annual reports.

A number of firms that primarily slaughter livestock for others (custom slaughterers) are not required to file annual reports with GIPSA and their data are not included in this report. In 2006, 223 firms operating 313 plants reported to GIPSA (see table 1). In comparison, on January 1, 2006, there were 806 federally inspected plants and 2,136 non-federally inspected plants (see table 2). Many of these plants operated solely or primarily as custom slaughterers and were not required to file reports with GIPSA because the firms did not purchase more than \$500,000 worth of livestock annually.

The following table compares the number of plants operated by firms reporting to GIPSA in 2006 with all federally inspected (F.I.) plants slaughtering livestock by type of livestock and number of head. The size of plants of firms reporting to GIPSA is based on livestock procured for slaughter by the firm and does not count livestock the plants custom-slaughter for others. The size of F.I. plants includes all livestock slaughtered regardless of who owned the livestock.

Number of plants operated by firms reporting	g to GIPSA
and number of federally inspected (F.I.) pla	nts, 2006

Type of	GIP	<u>SA</u>	Federally inspected			
livestock	Less than <u>1,000 head</u> <u>All plants</u>		Less than <u>1,000 head</u>	<u>All plants</u>		
Cattle	35	168	468	636		
Calves	27	52	210	238		
Hogs	15	159	380	614		
Sheep/lambs	24	55	401	484		

Packers reporting to GIPSA accounted for the following percentages of U.S. commercial slaughter<sup>1</sup> in 2006:

<u>Type</u>	<b>Percent</b>
Steers and heifers	96
Cows and bulls	94
Cattle	95
Calves	84
Hogs	100
Sheep and lambs	75

#### Calendar Year/Reporting Year

A majority of meat packers use the calendar year as their fiscal, or operating, year for accounting and reporting purposes. Many packers, however, use fiscal years that end in months other than December. GIPSA includes the data supplied by these packers in the year in which each packer's fiscal year ends. Thus, for example, data from a packer whose fiscal year ends May 31, 2006 is included in this statistical report and includes information from June 1, 2005 until May 31, 2006.

#### Type of Outlet

Prior to 1988, GIPSA reported statistics separately for terminal markets, where several firms sell livestock on commission, and for auctions, where a single firm sells livestock on commission. Beginning in 1988, GIPSA combined livestock volumes sold through terminals and auctions, and reported those sales as "public markets" sales due to few terminal markets and the small numbers of livestock traded at terminal markets.

#### Consolidated Reports of Firms

Packing firms may elect to file consolidated reports for all of their slaughter operations or may file separate reports for each of their operating units. Since 1980, annual reports filed by separately filing operating units of a firm have been combined by GIPSA when reporting firm-level data, such as concentration ratios.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Commercial slaughter includes slaughter conducted at both federally inspected and State-inspected facilities.

#### **HIGHLIGHTS OF THIS REPORT**

#### Concentration of Meatpacking Firms

This report contains two series of concentration ratios<sup>2</sup> for steers and heifers, cows and bulls, cattle, hogs, and sheep and lambs. The first is based on procurement data reported to GIPSA by packers, and includes all livestock procured for slaughter by each firm, including livestock custom-slaughtered for reporting packers by other firms and livestock slaughtered in State-inspected plants. The data are reported by firms for their fiscal years. The second concentration series is based on slaughter data collected by USDA's Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS) from federally inspected plants. These data are for the calendar year. FSIS reports the number of animals slaughtered at each plant regardless of who owns the animals. GIPSA adjusts these data to reflect ownership of the animals at the time of slaughter based on information provided by reporting packers. Both series use total commercial slaughter for the calendar year as the denominator for calculating concentration ratios. Unless otherwise indicated, the discussion that follows is based on concentration ratios calculated using the adjusted FSIS data.

The four-firm concentration ratio for steer and heifer slaughter has been relatively stable since the mid–1990s. The ratio based on FSIS slaughter data rose 1 percentage point to 81 percent in 2006. The four-firm concentration ratio based on annual reports filed with GIPSA was unchanged in 2006 at 79 percent. Steer and heifer slaughter has the highest four-firm concentration ratio in the red meatpacking industry. A broader measure of concentration, the Herfindahl–Hirschman Index<sup>3</sup> (HHI), increased slightly to 1,826 in 2006, but remained below its high value, set in the early 1990s (see table 27).

Four-firm concentration in cow and bull slaughter increased from 48 percent in 2005 to 51 percent in 2006, a historical high (see table 28). The HHI also reached its highest level, 938, in 2006.

Four-firm concentration in cattle slaughter declined slightly to 70 percent in 2006 (see table 29). The HHI also fell, to 1,405, in 2006.

Four-firm concentration in hog slaughter fell from the levels it reached in the early 2000s, reaching 61 percent in 2006 (see table 31). The HHI also fell, from 1,340 in 2005 to 1,225 in 2006.

Four-firm concentration in sheep and lamb slaughter has ranged between 65 percent and 73 percent from 1992 until present. In 2006, the ratio was 68 percent (see table 32). Based on the information reported to GIPSA, which removes custom slaughter from firm totals, four-firm slaughter in 2006 was lower at 57 percent. The HHI was 1,052 in 2006.

Overall concentration in the red meatpacking industry was relatively stable, between 61 and 63 percent, from 1993 to 1998, and then increased to 66 percent in 2000 and reached an all-time

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  A concentration ratio is defined as the percentage of total activity (e.g., slaughter, livestock purchases) accounted for by the largest firms, usually the four largest firms.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The HHI is defined as the sum over all firms of each firm's squared percentage of market share. The Department of Justice and the Federal Trade Commission consider markets to be unconcentrated when the value of the HHI is below 1,000, moderately concentrated when HHI is between 1,000 and 1,800, and highly concentrated when HHI is above 1,800. (U.S. Department of Justice and the Federal Trade Commission, <u>Horizontal Merger Guidelines</u>, issued April 2, 1992, revised April 8, 1997).

high value of 69 percent in 2003 (see table 34). The ratio was 66 percent in 2006 and the HHI was 1,269.

#### Number and Size of Plants

The total number of packing plants operated by firms reporting to GIPSA rose in 2004 for the first time in several years, from 308 in 2003 to 322 in 2004 (see table 1). In 2006, the total number of plants had fallen again to 311.

While the overall number of packing plants operated by reporting packers has fallen over the years, the number of slaughter plants in the largest size categories has remained relatively steady (see tables 18 through 24).

#### Specialization of Packers

The total number of reporting meatpacking firms dropped from 810 in 1980 to 224 in 2003, but rose to 234 in 2004; the number fell in 2006 to 223. Table 25 shows that most of the decline occurred among firms that slaughter two or more types of livestock. Since the mid–1990s, the majority of packers purchasing more than \$5 million worth of slaughter livestock has specialized in only one type of livestock. Table 26 shows the trend in percentage terms. The proportion of packers slaughtering only one type of livestock has risen steadily from about 18 percent in 1980 to 53 percent in 2002. Since then it has remained steady.

#### Use of Public and Nonpublic Marketing Channels

Packer purchases at public markets include purchases at auction and terminal markets at public stockyards, and video auctions. Purchases through nonpublic marketing channels include direct purchases by packers at their plants, packer-owned buying stations, feedyards, and from dealers.

The proportion of all types of livestock bought by packers in public markets rose in 2006 (see table 5). This is the first year-over-year increase in hog purchases in public markets since 2000. Even with the increase, hog packers' use of public markets amounted to slightly less than 2 percent of their total hog purchases.

The proportion of slaughter cattle purchased in public markets has been relatively stable at 13 percent to 14 percent since the mid–1990s. In 2006, more than 70 percent of slaughter cattle purchased at public markets were cows and bulls. Packers purchased about 56 percent of their slaughter cows and bulls through public marketing channels, but only about 4 percent of slaughter steers and heifers were purchased through public markets (see tables 8 and 9).

Packers used public markets much more frequently to purchase steers and heifers in the South Atlantic and South Central regions, where far fewer fed cattle are traded (see table 8). Packers used public markets to purchase the majority of their slaughter cows and bulls in every region except the Southern Plains, South Central, and East North Central regions (see table 9).

Hog slaughterers showed much less regional variation in their use of public markets (see table 12). In 2006, packers in most regions purchased less than 2 percent of their hogs in public markets, and in all regions the total was below 10 percent. Packers in the North Atlantic region procured about 8 percent of their hogs through public markets. In the South Atlantic region, packers bought 7 percent of slaughter hogs in public markets, and in the South Central, about 4 percent of hogs were purchased in public markets.

Smaller packers continued to rely more on public markets for their slaughter needs than larger packers (see table 6). The 20 largest packers, based on total amount spent for all livestock slaughtered, procured the smallest proportion of their cattle and hog slaughter needs in public markets compared with other packers. In 2006, the 20 largest packers procured 10 percent of their cattle and less than one half of 1 percent of their hogs through public markets. In contrast, packers smaller than the top 20 procured 44 percent of their slaughter cattle and 9 percent of their hogs through public markets.

#### Carcass-Basis Procurement

The proportion of slaughter livestock purchased on a carcass basis (such as grade, weight, yield, guaranteed yield, or percentage lean) in 2006 ranged from 33 percent for cows and bulls to 77 percent for hogs (see table 14). The percentage of cattle purchased on a carcass basis fell 3 percentage points from 2005, to 53 percent (see table 15). About 34 percent of all slaughter calves bought in 2006 were procured on a carcass basis. This is the lowest proportion bought on a carcass basis since the mid-1980s. The proportion of hogs purchased on a carcass basis was 77 percent in 2006, slightly below 2005's record high level, and was the highest among all types of slaughter livestock. The percentage of sheep and lambs purchased on a carcass basis was 48 percent in 2006, far below the 70 percent level seen in 2001.

The 20 largest packers purchased a larger percentage of cattle and hogs on a carcass basis than did other packers (see table 15). In

2006 the 20 largest packers purchased 89 percent of their hogs and 55 percent of their cattle on a carcass basis, compared to other packers who purchased 22 percent of their hogs and 40 percent of their cattle on a carcass basis.

#### Packer Feeding, Forward Contracts, and Marketing Agreements

GIPSA defines committed procurement<sup>4</sup> as livestock that are owned or fed by a packer more than 14 days prior to slaughter, livestock that are procured by a packer through a forward contract or marketing agreement that has been in place for more than 14 days, or livestock that are otherwise committed to a packer more than 14 days prior to slaughter. This definition includes animals procured through forward contracts, marketing agreements, and packer feeding arrangements.

Overall, in 2006, the use of all forms of committed procurement by the top four steer and heifer packers rose nearly 5 percentage points to 40 percent of their total steer and heifer procurement.<sup>5</sup> The top four steer and heifer packers' use of marketing agreements rose from 21 percent in 1999 to about 32 percent of their total steer and heifer procurement in 2002, but then declined and was 27 percent in 2006 (see table 16). The top four steer and heifer packers' use of forward contracts rose to 7 percent in 2006. Packer feeding of steers and heifers by the top four firms rose slightly in 2006 to 7 percent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Committed procurement was previously referred to as captive supply.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> GIPSA has audited the top four firms' committed procurement filings for steers and heifers from 1999 to 2006. Table 16 contains statistics calculated from audited data for the top four firms from 1999 to 2006 along with statistics from unaudited data reported by the top 15 packers for 1988–98. Table 17 shows monthly variation in use of committed procurement by the four leading steer and heifer packers.

#### Packer Financial Performance

Tables 35 through 39 present financial ratios for several groupings of the 40 largest meatpacking firms. Firms are ranked by total amount spent for all livestock slaughtered. All firms included in these tables slaughter livestock. Some of the firms also further process carcasses, and some have large non-red meat operations. A few firms file consolidated financial statements in which their meatpacking and processing operations are combined with their other operations. Thus, the financial statistics calculated from packers' reports may include the financial performance of non-meat operations of some firms.

Profitability (measured by operating income as a percentage of sales) of the 40 largest meat packers was 1.2 percent in 2006, its lowest level since GIPSA has reported profitability. Profitability has fluctuated widely since 1992 (see table 39). In 1992 and 1993, profitability of the top 40 firms was 1.2 percent of sales. Profitability rose to 2.9 percent of sales in 1994 and 3.7 percent in 1995, and has ranged between 1.5 percent and 2.8 percent since then until 2006. The four largest packers overall reported losses in 2006.

Throughout the 1992–2000 period, the 20 largest packers reported higher operating income as a percentage of sales than packers ranked 21 through 40. Since then, there has been no clear trend. Firms ranked 21 through 40 exhibited much greater variability in profitability; for example, they were the most profitable group in 2002, with average operating income of 5.6 percent of sales, while they were the least profitable in 2003, with average operating income of 0.4 percent of sales. During the same period, firms ranked 9 through 20 reported larger operating profit margins than the top 4 or top 8 packers.

The top four firms generally reported operating on smaller gross margins (calculated as gross income divided by sales) than smaller firms (see tables 35 and 37). Between 1993 and 2006, the top four firms reported gross margins that were 10 to 20 percentage points below firms ranked 5 through 8 (see table 37), with the exception of 2002 and 2003. Since 2004, middle-sized firms (those ranked 5 through 20) reported higher gross margins than larger or smaller firms.

The top four packers' operating expenses as a percentage of sales were also lower than other firms in 2006, with the exception of firms ranked smaller than 20 (see tables 35 and 38). The top four firms reported higher net sales per dollar of assets than any other groups in 2006 (see table 36).

#### Auction and Terminal Market Sales

Firms selling on commission market feeder livestock as well as livestock sold for slaughter. The number of cattle and calves marketed through firms selling on commission was 36 million in 2006, down 1.5 million head from 2005 (see table 42). The volume of hogs marketed through firms selling on commission rose to 7.8 million head in 2006, the fourth consecutive annual increase and the highest number since 1999. The number of sheep and lambs marketed through firms selling on commission was unchanged at 3.1 million head in 2006.

#### Livestock Purchases by Dealers and Firms Buying on Commission

Purchases by dealers<sup>6</sup> and firms buying on commission include both feeder livestock and livestock destined for slaughter. Purchases of cattle and calves by dealers and firms buying on commission rose to 35.9 million head in 2006, the largest number since 2000 (see table 42). Purchases of hogs by dealers and order buyers in contrast fell in 2006 to 17 million head, the smallest recorded total. The number of sheep and lambs purchased by dealers and order buyers in 2006 rose slightly to 2.4 million head.

#### MERGERS AND ACQUISITIONS IN MEAT PACKING

Numerous mergers and acquisitions have occurred in meat packing during the past several years, but the rate slowed beginning in 2004. The following list includes all mergers and acquisitions in 2006 and 2007 involving at least one firm that is required to file an annual report with GIPSA.

#### Meat Packer Mergers and Acquisitions, 2006 and 2007

(Listed by alphabetical order by acquiring company)

#### 2006

Acquiring Company: National Beef Packing Co.; Kansas City, MO Company Acquired: Vintage Foods L.P.; Los Angeles, CA.

#### 2006, continued

Acquiring Company: National Beef Packing Co.; Kansas City, MO. Company Acquired: Brawley Beef LLC.; Brawley, CA. Acquiring Company: XL Foods, Inc.; Alberta, Canada. Company Acquired: The non-fed cattle business of Swift & Co.; Greeley, CO. 2007

1 0 1 1	J&F Participações S.A. Sao Paulo, Brazil Swift & Co.; Greeley, CO.
Acquiring Company:	Meyer Natural Angus Beef; Loveland, CO.
Company Acquired:	Laura's Lean Beef; Lexington, KY.
	Smithfield Foods, Inc.; Smithfield, VA. Premium Standard Farms; Kansas City, MO.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Dealers purchase livestock for resale for their own accounts.

### PART I. MEAT PACKING

		Number of re	porting packe	ers	рг	Number our Number our Number of Numb	of packers stock through	L
Class of livestock	Single plant	Multi- plant	Total	Total	Nonpublic markets <sup>3</sup>		Public markets <sup>4</sup>	
and year	firms	firms	firms	plants <sup>2</sup>	Firms	Plants	Firms	Plants
Steers and heifers								
1980	507	54	561	626	447	510	376	412
1985	337	52	389	436	316	362	267	283
1990	255	20	275	310	225	259	180	194
1995	159	23	182	216	154	186	118	131
2000	103	16	119	143	101	125	76	85
2003	84	13	97	121	81	105	59	70
2004	92	14	106	137	88	119	63	75
2005	83	14	97	130	80	110	54	67
2006	76	16	92	127	81	116	54	66
Cows and bulls								
1980	538	41	579	622	418	450	449	475
1985	378	48	426	458	335	358	339	363
1990	289	18	307	324	254	268	238	250
1995	173	25	198	219	166	185	150	161
2000	114	13	127	138	104	114	98	108
2003	92	13	105	119	85	97	78	87
2004	92	14	106	122	83	98	79	88
2005	89	12	101	116	76	91	68	80
2006	86	11	97	110	80	91	63	75
Cattle <sup>5</sup>								
1980	610	57	667	743	527	595	515	563
1985	420	57	477	538	396	452	382	411
1990	321	23	344	387	293	335	270	290
1995	199	31	230	279	194	241	171	191
2000	135	20	155	189	130	164	116	136
2003	110	18	128	164	106	142	95	114
2004	112	20	132	173	111	152	95	114
2005	110	19	129	172	105	145	83	105
2006	107	18	125	168	108	152	82	103

Table 1.—Number of slaughter packers and plants<sup>1</sup> by livestock class and market type for selected years 1980–2006

See footnotes at end of table.

Continued—

		Number of reporting packers			Number of packers purchasing livestock through—			
Class of	Single	Multi-	r8 r		Nonpublic		Public	
livestock	plant	plant	Total	Total	mar	kets <sup>3</sup>	mar	kets <sup>4</sup>
and year	firms	firms	firms	plants <sup>2</sup>	Firms	Plants	Firms	Plants
Calves								
1980	257	16	273	295	174	191	179	183
1985	194	25	219	270	157	200	146	155
1990	156	13	169	194	126	151	112	113
1995	85	15	100	133	74	101	58	62
2000	60	4	64	69	45	50	42	42
2003	51	6	57	63	38	44	35	35
2004	50	5	55	59	36	40	29	29
2005	48	6	53	60	36	42	28	29
2006	45	3	48	52	33	35	26	28
Hogs								
1980	408	38	446	509	327	381	318	369
1985	297	41	338	403	249	306	249	298
1990	264	26	290	335	224	260	209	242
1995	182	27	209	245	165	193	135	158
2000	132	20	152	186	117	149	90	102
2003	111	14	125	154	102	131	70	77
2004	120	16	136	166	111	140	68	73
2005	112	19	131	163	112	143	60	62
2006	114	14	128	159	105	136	61	63
Sheep and lambs								
1980	179	11	190	195	113	117	115	117
1985	137	17	154	157	96	99	107	108
1990	122	8	130	138	83	90	94	98
1995	84	10	94	98	59	61	62	65
2000	53	6	59	62	37	38	48	51
2003	47	6	53	55	35	37	37	38
2004	48	6	54	56	34	36	38	39
2005	47	6	53	58	38	43	32	33
2006	47	5	52	55	36	38	29	31

Table 1.—Number of slaughter packers and plants<sup>1</sup> by livestock class and market type for selected years 1980–2006—continued

See footnotes at end of table.

Continued—

Table 1.—Number of slaughter packers and plants<sup>1</sup> by livestock class and market type for selected years 1980–2006—continued

		Number of rej	porting packe	ers	քւ	gh—		
Class of livestock	Single plant	Multi- plant	Total	Total		bublic kets <sup>3</sup>	Public markets <sup>4</sup>	
and year	firms	firms	firms	plants <sup>2</sup>	Firms	Plants	Firms	Plants
All livestock								
1980	736	74	810	970	655	799	635	737
1985	533	82	615	804	515	683	495	591
1990	448	49	497	623	429	546	381	445
1995	308	52	360	487	309	422	252	307
2000	228	34	262	344	222	300	174	215
2003	193	31	224	308	196	277	143	177
2004	202	32	234	322	204	289	139	171
2005	191	34	225	320	198	289	118	148
2006	186	37	223	313	194	280	118	150

<sup>1</sup> Includes plants custom slaughtering for reporting slaughtering packers.
 <sup>2</sup> Does not include custom-slaughter plants that are used by reporting packers.
 <sup>3</sup> Includes purchases of livestock from all sources except terminal and auction markets.

<sup>4</sup> Includes purchases from terminal and auction markets. Terminal markets use more than one market agency to sell livestock on commission; auctions markets use only one. A market agency is defined as any person engaged in the business of (a) buying or selling in commerce livestock on a commission basis or (b) furnishing stockyard services.

<sup>5</sup> Cattle includes steers, heifers, cows, and bulls.

	Plai	nts reporting to GIPSA	1			
Year	Federal inspection	Non-Federal inspection	Total	Federal inspection <sup>2</sup>	Non-Federal inspection <sup>2</sup>	Total Federal and non-Federal inspection
				Number of plants		
1978	785	213	998	1,701	4,434	6,135
1980	761	209	970	1,627	4,399	6,026
1985	687	117	804	1,608	3,835	5,443
1988	606	99	705	1,387	3,453	4,840
1989	552	87	639	1,364	3,325	4,689
1990	532	91	623	1,268	3,281	4,549
1991	497	90	587	1,186	3,140	4,326
1992	487	79	566	1,125	2,926	4,051
1993	451	77	528	1,090	2,797	3,887
1994	433	66	499	1,030	2,733	3,763
1995	428	59	487	968	2,627	3,595
1996	418	60	478	988	2,560	3,548
1997	390	50	440	954	2,465	3,419
1998	333	34	367	966	2,639	3,605
1999	320	33	353	931	2,462	3,393
2000	308	36	344	908	2,357	3,265
2001	306	34	340	910	2,341	3,251
2002	294	29	323	881	2,326	3,207
2003	284	24	308	879	2,354	3,233
2004	290	32	322	855	2,239	3,094
2005	286	34	320	826	2,116	2,942
2006	286	27	313	806	2,136	2,893

<sup>1</sup> Plants reporting to GIPSA include both federally and non-federally inspected plants. Firms purchasing less than \$500,000 of livestock are not required to report to GIPSA. <sup>2</sup> Number of plants as of January 1 of each year.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Livestock Slaughter, Annual Summary, National Agricultural Statistics Service, MTAN1-2-1, various issues; and packer annual reports filed with GIPSA.

	Cat	ttle <sup>1</sup>	Cal	ves	Но	ogs	Sheep	/lambs
Year	Plants	Federally	Plants	Federally	Plants	Federally	Plants	Federally
	reporting	inspected	reporting	inspected	reporting	inspected	reporting	inspected
	to GIPSA <sup>2</sup>	plants	to GIPSA <sup>2</sup>	plants	to GIPSA <sup>2</sup>	plants	to GIPSA <sup>2</sup>	plants
				Number	of plants			
1978	808	1,531	323	854	467	1,229	182	880
1980	743	1,411	295	742	509	1,235	195	849
1985	538	1,451	270	831	403	1,310	157	1,008
1988	461	1,252	224	603	349	1,150	132	877
1989	400	1,203	206	563	319	1,114	132	869
1990	387	1,105	194	469	335	1,028	138	815
1991	365	1,032	163	455	306	955	120	783
1992	339	971	168	427	300	921	120	748
1993	315	934	154	402	273	891	116	711
1994	289	882	137	348	254	830	110	652
1995	279	836	133	343	245	802	98	617
1996	274	812	133	380	232	770	95	593
1997	258	822	111	355	218	770	82	571
1998	216	795	82	339	182	757	69	556
1999	203	759	84	327	172	728	67	561
2000	189	738	69	314	186	721	62	541
2001	188	723	70	310	184	699	64	538
2002	171	706	64	268	175	683	55	525
2003	164	689	63	290	154	662	55	505
2004	173	689	59	234	166	664	56	500
2005	172	657	60	227	163	630	58	496
2006	168	636	52	238	159	614	55	484

<sup>1</sup> Includes steers, heifers, cows, and bulls.

<sup>2</sup> Plants reporting to GIPSA include both federally and non-federally inspected establishments. Firms purchasing less than \$500,000 of livestock are not required to report to GIPSA.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, <u>Livestock Slaughter, Annual Summary</u>, National Agricultural Statistics Service, MTAN 1-2-1, various issues; and annual reports filed with GIPSA.

Table 4.—Volume of livestock slaughter and number of plants by livestock class for 2006

	Slaughter by—			reporting	r by plants to GIPSA as tage of—	Number of plants <sup>1</sup>		
Classe	Plants	Federally	All	Federally		Reporting	Federaller	Non-
Class of livestock	reporting to GIPSA <sup>2</sup>	inspected plants	Commercial plants	inspected slaughter	Commercial slaughter	to GIPSA	Federally inspected	Federally inspected
	- · -		<b>F</b>	6	6		L	1 <b>T</b>
	<u>Thousand head</u>			<u>Pe</u>	- <u>Percent</u> <u>Number</u> -			
Steers/heifers <sup>3</sup>	26,529	27,298	27,753	97.2	95.6	127	614	NA
Cows/bulls <sup>3</sup>	5,576	5,847	5,945	95.4	93.8	110	547	NA
Cattle <sup>4</sup>	32,106	33,145	33,698	96.9	95.3	168	636	NA
Calves	598	699	711	85.6	84.1	52	238	NA
Hogs	104,549	103,689	104,737	100.8 <sup>5</sup>	99.8	159	614	NA
Sheep/lambs	2,033	2,547	2,699	79.8	75.3	55	484	NA
Total						313	806	2,136

NA denotes data not available.

<sup>1</sup> Number of plants reporting to GIPSA for the 2006 reporting year, and number of federally inspected and non-federally inspected plants on January 1, 2006.

<sup>2</sup> Based on fiscal year totals of firms purchasing more than \$500,000 of livestock. Firms going out of business during reporting year and firms operating only a few months during reporting year often do not purchase more than \$500,000 of livestock and are not required to report.

<sup>3</sup> Commercial slaughter of steers, heifers, cows, and bulls was estimated by assuming the same proportion of total cattle as for federally inspected slaughter.

<sup>4</sup> Cattle includes steers, heifers, cows, and bulls.

<sup>5</sup> Slaughter totals of some firms that report to GIPSA on a fiscal-year basis other than the calendar year reported higher slaughter totals for their 2006 fiscal year than they reported for calendar year 2006, which is included in the total slaughter by federally inspected plants.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, <u>Livestock Slaughter, 2006 Summary</u>, National Agricultural Statistics Service, MTAN1-2-1; and annual reports filed with GIPSA for reporting year 2005 by packers purchasing more than \$500,000 of livestock annually.

Marketing	Ca	ttle <sup>1</sup>	Ca	lves	He	ogs	Sheep	o/lambs
outlet and year	Head	Share of total	Head	Share of total	Head	Share of total	Head	Share of total
	Thous.	Pct.	Thous.	Pct.	Thous.	Pct.	Thous.	Pct.
Public								
markets <sup>2</sup>								
1977	11,663	30.2	3,106	65.6	20,600	27.5	1,417	23.4
1980	7,039	22.9	1,247	56.2	21,655	23.3	1,064	19.5
1985	6,805	19.9	1,277	45.5	12,725	15.8	1,159	19.6
1987	6,807	19.8	991	39.0	8,677	11.2	901	18.6
1988	6,212	18.4	907	38.2	8,767	10.5	872	18.1
1989	5,649	17.5	653	31.5	8,709	10.5	861	16.8
1990	5,249	16.5	408	24.3	8,011	10.0	858	18.5
1991	5,228	16.6	188	18.3	8,132	9.8	957	17.8
1992	4,861	15.6	193	17.3	7,395	8.1	886	16.9
1993	4,545	14.4	205	19.6	6,012	6.7	809	16.8
1994	4,448	13.7	176	18.1	5,668	6.4	746	16.4
1995	4,686	13.8	319	24.8	5,593	6.1	726	16.7
1996	5,217	14.6	357	25.7	3,572	4.3	669	17.9
1997	5,068	14.5	357	28.9	3,327	3.8	630	20.0
1998	4,774	14.0	286	24.6	2,979	3.2	554	16.9
1999	4,534	13.0	296	27.9	2,879	2.9	372	11.7
2000	4,565	12.9	274	28.4	2,844	3.0	348	11.6
2001	4,446	13.1	195	22.2	2,297	2.4	305	10.9
2002	4,345	12.9	203	23.6	2,164	2.2	263	9.8
2003	4,512	12.8	189	20.4	1,919	2.0	214	9.8
2004	3,909	12.0	83	11.7	1,640	1.7	206	8.3
2005	4,121	13.2	94	14.4	1,182	1.2	168	8.5
2006	4,272	13.3	87	14.5	1,920	1.8	273	13.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Continued—

Table 5.—Purchases of livestock by market type and livestock class for selected years 1977–2006—c	continued

Marketing	Ca	ttle <sup>1</sup>	Ca	lves	Но	ogs	Sheep	/lambs
outlet and year	Head	Share of total	Head	Share of total	Head	Share of total	Head	Share of total
Nonpublic	Thous.	Pct.	Thous.	Pct.	Thous.	Pct.	Thous.	Pct.
markets <sup>3</sup>								
1977	26,904	69.8	1,632	34.4	54,284	72.5	4,652	76.7
1980	23,729	77.1	971	43.8	71,268	76.7	4,388	80.5
1985	27,462	80.1	1,546	54.8	67,691	84.2	4,794	80.4
1987	27,531	80.2	1,551	61.0	68,875	88.8	3,939	81.4
1988	27,579	81.6	1,470	61.8	74,723	89.5	3,958	81.9
1989	26,550	82.5	1,422	68.5	74,478	89.5	4,251	83.2
1990	26,644	83.5	1,271	75.7	72,167	90.0	3,766	81.5
1991	26,228	83.4	844	81.7	74,961	90.2	4,428	82.2
1992	26,339	84.4	922	82.7	84,155	91.9	4,345	83.1
1993	27,120	85.6	839	80.4	83,132	93.3	4,008	83.2
1994	27,965	86.3	798	81.9	83,540	93.6	3,811	83.6
1995	29,153	86.2	967	75.2	86,018	93.9	3,634	83.3
1996	30,528	85.4	1,029	74.3	79,957	95.7	3,071	82.1
1997	29,973	85.5	878	71.1	84,472	96.2	2,521	80.0
1998	29,291	86.0	875	75.4	88,819	96.8	2,725	83.1
1999	30,229	87.0	764	72.1	95,097	97.1	2,804	88.3
2000	30,744	87.1	691	71.6	91,013	97.0	2,649	88.4
2001	29,475	86.9	682	77.8	93,715	97.6	2,486	89.1
2002	29,368	87.1	657	76.4	94,916	97.8	2,407	90.2
2003	30,612	87.2	741	79.6	95,242	98.0	1,965	90.2
2004	28,551	88.0	625	88.3	96,949	98.3	2,258	91.7
2005	27,133	86.8	557	85.6	100,001	98.8	1,819	91.5
2006	27,833	86.7	511	85.5	102,629	98.2	1,759	86.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Continued—

Table 5.—Purchases of livestock by	market type and livestock class for selected	vears 1977–2006—continued

Marketing	Cat	ttle <sup>1</sup>	Ca	lves	He	ogs	Sheep	/lambs
outlet		Share of		Share of		Share of		Share of
and year	Head	total	Head	total	Head	total	Head	total
Total purchases <sup>4</sup>	Thous.	Pct.	<u>Thous.</u>	<u>Pct.</u>	Thous.	Pct.	<u>Thous.</u>	<u>Pct.</u>
1977	38,567	100.0	4,739	100.0	74,884	100.0	6,069	100.0
1980	30,768	100.0	2,218	100.0	92,923	100.0	5,452	100.0
1985	34,267	100.0	2,824	100.0	80,416	100.0	5,953	100.0
1987	34,338	100.0	2,541	100.0	77,552	100.0	4,840	100.0
1988	33,792	100.0	2,377	100.0	83,490	100.0	4,830	100.0
1989	32,199	100.0	2,075	100.0	83,188	100.0	5,112	100.0
1990	31,892	100.0	1,678	100.0	80,178	100.0	4,623	100.0
1991	31,457	100.0	1,032	100.0	83,093	100.0	5,386	100.0
1992	31,200	100.0	1,115	100.0	91,550	100.0	5,231	100.0
1993	31,665	100.0	1,044	100.0	89,144	100.0	4,818	100.0
1994	32,413	100.0	974	100.0	89,208	100.0	4,557	100.0
1995	33,837	100.0	1,286	100.0	91,611	100.0	4,360	100.0
1996	35,744	100.0	1,386	100.0	83,529	100.0	3,739	100.0
1997	35,041	100.0	1,234	100.0	87,799	100.0	3,151	100.0
1998	34,065	100.0	1,160	100.0	91,798	100.0	3,279	100.0
1999	34,763	100.0	1,060	100.0	97,976	100.0	3,176	100.0
2000	35,309	100.0	964	100.0	93,856	100.0	2,997	100.0
2001	33,921	100.0	877	100.0	95,971	100.0	2,791	100.0
2001	33,713	100.0	860	100.0	97,080	100.0	2,669	100.0
2002	35,124	100.0	930	100.0	97,161	100.0	2,179	100.0
2003	32,460	100.0	708	100.0	98,588	100.0	2,464	100.0
2005	31,254	100.0	651	100.0	101,183	100.0	1,988	100.0
2006	32,106	100.0	598	100.0	104,549	100.0	2,033	100.0

<sup>1</sup> Includes steers, heifers, cows, and bulls. <sup>2</sup> Includes terminal and auction markets. Terminal markets use more than one market agency to sell livestock on commission; auctions use only one. A market agency is defined as any person engaged in the business of (a) buying or selling in commerce livestock on a commission <sup>3</sup> Includes purchases of livestock from all sources except from terminal and auction markets.
 <sup>4</sup> Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding.

Size of modern <sup>1</sup>	Ca	ttle <sup>3</sup>	Cal	ves <sup>4</sup>	He	ogs	Sheep	/lambs
Size of packer <sup>1</sup> and outlet <sup>2</sup>	Head	Share of total	Head	Share of total	Head	Share of total	Head	Share of total
	Thous.	<u>Pct.</u>	Thous.	Pct.	Thous.	Pct.	Thous.	Pct.
4 largest packers								
Nonpublic markets	19,697	91.0	0	0.0	65,620	99.7	(D)	(D)
Public markets	1,957	9.0	0	0.0	191	0.3	(D)	(D)
Total <sup>5</sup>	21,654	100.0	0	0.0	65,811	100.0	(D)	(D)
8 largest packers								
Nonpublic markets	24,194	89.4	0	0.0	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Public markets	2,861	10.6	0	0.0	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Total <sup>5</sup>	27,055	100.0	0	0.0	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
20 largest packers								
Nonpublic markets	26,188	89.9	0	0.0	84,707	99.8	(D)	(D)
Public markets	2,956	10.1	0	0.0	191	0.2	(D)	(D)
Total <sup>5</sup>	29,144	100.0	0	0.0	84,898	100.0	(D)	(D)
Other packers								
Nonpublic markets	1,645	55.6	511	85.5	17,922	91.2	(D)	(D)
Public markets	1,316	44.4	87	14.5	1,729	8.8	(D)	(D)
Total <sup>5</sup>	2,961	100.0	598	100.0	19,651	100.0	(D)	(D)
Total packers								
Nonpublic markets	27,833	86.7	511	85.5	102,629	98.2	1,759	86.6
Public markets	4,272	13.3	87	14.5	1,920	1.8	273	13.4
Total <sup>5</sup>	32,106	100.0	598	100.0	104,549	100.0	2,033	100.0
	, ,				,		,	

(D) Entry was withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
<sup>1</sup> Based on total spent for all livestock slaughtered.
<sup>2</sup> Public markets include terminal and auction markets; nonpublic markets include all other sources of livestock.
<sup>3</sup> Includes steers, heifers, cows, and bulls.
<sup>4</sup> None of the 20 largest packers slaughtered calves.
<sup>5</sup> Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding.

State and region	Steers and heifers	Cows and bulls	Cattle <sup>1</sup>	Calves	Hogs	Sheep and lambs
			Thousa	and head		
New England <sup>2</sup>	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
New Jersey	<b>9</b>	10	18	85	94	147
New York	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Pennsylvania	409	399	808	147	2,851	28
North Atlantic	419	426	845	340	2,957	181
Illinois	(D)	0	(D)	43	9,378	170
Indiana	(D)	0	(D)	(D)	7,351	(D)
Michigan	271	145	415	33	71	(D)
Ohio	10	39	49	0	1,049	3
Wisconsin	585	878	1,463	(D)	454	0
East North Central	1,744	1,062	2,806	206	18,304	318
Iowa	603	0	603	0	29,920	(D)
Kansas	(D)	(D)	7,428	0	143	(D)
Minnesota	(D)	(D)	(D)	0	(D)	Ó
Missouri	3	39	42	(D)	4,321	(D)
Nebraska	6,313	819	7,132	Ó	7,374	Ó
North Dakota	0	0	0	0	(D)	0
South Dakota	0	(D)	(D)	0	(D)	(D)
West North Central	14,495	1,486	15,981	<b>(D</b> )	56,070	<b>(D</b> )
Delaware and Maryland	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
Florida	Ó	(D)	(D)	Ó	41	(D)
Georgia	(D)	(D)	264	0	81	Ó
North Carolina	Ó	174	174	0	11,025	0
South Carolina	(D)	(D)	(D)	0	768	0
Virginia	Ó	Ó	Ó	0	(D)	0
West Virginia	0	0	0	0	Ó	0
South Atlantic	29	694	723	<b>(D</b> )	14,786	<b>(D)</b>

See footnotes at end of table.

Continued—

State and Region	Steers and heifers	Cows and bulls	Cattle <sup>1</sup>	Calves	Hogs	Sheep and lambs			
	Thousand head								
Alabama	0	0	0	0	82	0			
Arkansas	0	(D)	(D)	0	(D)	0			
Kentucky	0	(D)	(D)	0	(D)	0			
Louisiana	(D)	(D)	5	1	5	(D)			
Mississippi	Ó	Ó	0	0	1,472	Ó			
Tennessee	0	(D)	(D)	0	624	(D)			
South Central	( <b>D</b> )	( <b>D</b> )	( <b>D</b> )	1	4,674	( <b>D</b> )			
Oklahoma	0	0	0	0	(D)	0			
Texas	5,403	1,012	6,415	(D)	(D)	(D)			
Southern Plains	5,403	1,012	6,415	( <b>D</b> )	( <b>D</b> )	(D)			
Arizona	(D)	(D)	(D)	0	0	0			
Colorado	(D)	(D)	2,091	0	0	814			
Idaho	(D)	(D)	320	0	(D)	(D)			
Montana	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	0			
Nevada	0	0	0	0	0	0			
New Mexico	0	(D)	(D)	0	0	0			
Utah	(D)	(D)	(D)	0	0	(D)			
Wyoming	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Mountain	( <b>D</b> )	<b>(D</b> )	<b>(D</b> )	<b>(D</b> )	<b>(D</b> )	839			
Alaska and Hawaii	(D)	(D)	(D)	0	15	(D)			
California	368	532	900	37	2,424	255			
Oregon	(D)	(D)	(D)	0	(D)	(D)			
Washington	805	98	902	0	(D)	(D)			
Pacific	1,178	646	1,825	37	2,610	255			
Canada	4	0	4	0	9	0			
Total <sup>3</sup>	26,529	5,576	32,106	598	104,549	2,033			

Table 7.—Purchases of slaughter animals by livestock class and State for 2006—continued

(D) Entry was withheld to avoid disclosing data of individual companies.
 <sup>1</sup> Includes steers, heifers, cows, and bulls.
 <sup>2</sup> Includes Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont.
 <sup>3</sup> Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding.

Region <sup>1</sup>	Purchases by type of market outlet <sup>2</sup>			Share of total purchases by type of outlet		
	Nonpublic markets	Public markets	Total <sup>3</sup>	Nonpublic markets	Public markets	
		Thousand head -	<u>Percent</u>			
North Atlantic	328	90	419	78.5	21.5	
East North Central	1,056	688	1,744	60.6	39.4	
West North Central	14,149	345	14,495	97.6	2.4	
South Atlantic	9	20	29	31.2	68.8	
South Central	(D)	(D)	(D)	17.9	82.1	
Southern Plains	5,403	0	5,403	100.0	0.0	
Mountain	(D)	(D)	(D)	99.8	0.2	
Pacific	1,159	19	1,178	98.4	1.6	
Canada	4	0	4	100.0	0.0	
Total <sup>3</sup>	25,285	1,171	26,529	95.6	4.4	

(D) Entry was withheld to avoid disclosing data of individual companies.

<sup>1</sup> North Atlantic includes CT, ME, MA, NH, RI, VT, NJ, NY, PA; East North Central includes IL, IN, MI, OH, WI; West North Central includes IA, KS, MN, MO, ND, NE, SD; South Atlantic includes DE, MD, FL, GA, NC, SC, VA, WV; South Central includes AL, AR, KY, LA, MS, TN; South Plains includes OK, TX; Mountain includes AZ, CO, ID, MT, NM, NV, UT, WY; Pacific includes CA, OR, WA, HI, AK.

<sup>2</sup> Public markets include terminal and auction markets; nonpublic markets include all other sources of livestock.

<sup>3</sup> Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding.

Region <sup>1</sup>	Purchases by type of market outlet <sup>2</sup>			Share of total purchases by type of outlet	
	Nonpublic markets	Public markets	Total <sup>3</sup>	Nonpublic markets	Public Markets
		<u>Perc</u>	rent		
North Atlantic	181	<u>Thousand head</u> - 245	426	42.5	57.5
East North Central	596	465	1,062	56.2	43.8
West North Central	527	959	1,486	35.4	64.6
South Atlantic	193	501	694	27.8	72.2
South Central	(D)	(D)	(D)	85.0	15.0
Southern Plains	671	341	1,012	66.3	33.7
Mountain	(D)	(D)	(D)	26.6	73.4
Pacific	234	412	647	36.2	63.8
Total <sup>3</sup>	2,475	3,101	5,576	44.4	55.6

<sup>1</sup> North Atlantic includes CT, ME, MA, NH, RI, VT, NJ, NY, PA; East North Central includes IL, IN, MI, OH, WI; West North Central includes IA, KS, MN, MO, ND, NE, SD; South Atlantic includes DE, MD, FL, GA, NC, SC, VA, WV; South Central includes AL, AR, KY, LA, MS, TN; South Plains includes OK, TX; Mountain includes AZ, CO, ID, MT, NM, NV, UT, WY; Pacific includes CA, OR, WA, HI, AK.

<sup>2</sup> Public markets include terminal and auction markets; nonpublic markets include all other sources of livestock.

<sup>3</sup> Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding.

		Purchases by type of market outlet <sup>2</sup>			al purchases of outlet
Region <sup>1</sup>	Nonpublic markets	Public markets	Total <sup>3</sup>	Nonpublic markets	Public markets
		<u>Thousand head</u> -		<u>Per</u>	<u>cent</u>
North Atlantic	509	335	845	60.3	39.7
East North Central	1,653	1,153	2,806	58.9	41.1
West North Central	14,676	1,305	15,981	91.8	8.2
South Atlantic	202	521	723	27.9	72.1
South Central	(D)	(D)	(D)	73.8	26.2
Southern Plains	6,074	342	6,415	94.7	5.3
Mountain	(D)	(D)	(D)	94.8	5.2
Pacific	1,393	432	1,824	76.3	23.7
Canada	4	0	4	100.0	0.0
Total <sup>4</sup>	27,833	4,272	32,106	86.7	13.3

<sup>1</sup> Cattle includes steers, heifers, cows, and bulls.

<sup>2</sup> North Atlantic includes CT, ME, MA, NH, RI, VT, NJ, NY, PA; East North Central includes IL, IN, MI, OH, WI; West North Central includes IA, KS, MN, MO, ND, NE, SD; South Atlantic includes DE, MD, FL, GA, NC, SC, VA, WV; South Central includes AL, AR, KY, LA, MS, TN; South Plains includes OK, TX; Mountain includes AZ, CO, ID, MT, NM, NV, UT, WY; Pacific includes CA, OR, WA, HI, AK.

<sup>3</sup> Public markets include terminal and auction markets; nonpublic markets include all other sources of livestock.

<sup>4</sup> Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding.

		Purchases by type of market outlet <sup>2</sup>			al purchases of outlet
Region <sup>1</sup>	Nonpublic Markets	Public markets	Total <sup>3</sup>	Nonpublic markets	Public markets
		Thousand head		<u>Per</u>	<u>cent</u>
North Atlantic	261	78	340	77.0	23.0
East North Central	202	3	206	98.3	1.7
West North Central	(D)	(D)	(D)	89.8	10.2
South Atlantic	0	(D)	(D)	0.0	100.0
South Central	(D)	(D)	(D)	67.0	33.0
Southern Plains	(D)	(D)	(D)	98.8	1.2
Mountain	0	(D)	(D)	0.0	100.0
Pacific	32	4	37	88.5	11.5
Total <sup>3</sup>	511	87	598	85.5	14.5

<sup>1</sup> North Atlantic includes CT, ME, MA, NH, RI, VT, NJ, NY, PA; East North Central includes IL, IN, MI, OH, WI; West North Central includes IA, KS, MN, MO, ND, NE, SD; South Atlantic includes DE, MD, FL, GA, NC, SC, VA, WV; South Central includes AL, AR, KY, LA, MS, TN; South Plains includes OK, TX; Mountain includes AZ, CO, ID, MT, NM, NV, UT, WY; Pacific includes CA, OR, WA, HI, AK.

<sup>2</sup> Public markets include terminal and auction markets; nonpublic markets include all other sources of livestock.

<sup>3</sup> Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding.

Design		Purchases by type of market outlet <sup>2</sup>		Share of tota by type	al purchases of outlet
Region <sup>1</sup>	Nonpublic	Public	<b>T</b> 13	Nonpublic	Public
	markets	markets	Total <sup>3</sup>	markets	markets
		<u>Thousand head</u> -		<u>Perc</u>	<u>cent</u>
North Atlantic	2,721	237	2,957	92.0	8.0
East North Central	18,164	140	18,304	99.2	0.8
West North Central	55,783	288	56,070	99.5	0.5
South Atlantic	13,804	982	14,786	93.4	6.6
South Central	4,513	161	4,674	96.5	3.5
Southern Plains	(D)	(D)	(D)	98.9	1.1
Mountain	(D)	(D)	(D)	100.0	0.0
Pacific	2,553	57	2,610	97.8	2.2
Canada <sup>3</sup>	9	0	9	100.0	0.0
Total <sup>4</sup>	102,629	1,920	104,549	98.2	1.8

<sup>1</sup> North Atlantic includes CT, ME, MA, NH, RI, VT, NJ, NY, PA; East North Central includes IL, IN, MI, OH, WI; West North Central includes IA, KS, MN, MO, ND, NE, SD; South Atlantic includes DE, MD, FL, GA, NC, SC, VA, WV; South Central includes AL, AR, KY, LA, MS, TN; South Plains includes OK, TX; Mountain includes AZ, CO, ID, MT, NM, NV, UT, WY; Pacific includes CA, OR, WA, HI, AK.

<sup>2</sup> Public markets include terminal and auction markets; nonpublic markets include all other sources of livestock.

<sup>3</sup> Includes Canadian packers that purchase livestock in the U.S.

<sup>4</sup> Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding.

		Purchases by type of market outlet <sup>2</sup>			al purchases of outlet
Region <sup>1</sup>	Nonpublic markets	Public markets	Total <sup>3</sup>	Nonpublic markets	Public markets
		Thousand head			<u>cent</u>
North Atlantic	18	163	181	10.1	89.9
East North Central	252	66	318	79.3	20.7
West North Central	(D)	(D)	(D)	98.1	1.9
South Atlantic	(D)	(D)	(D)	2.1	97.9
South Central	(D)	(D)	(D)	97.7	2.3
Southern Plains	(D)	0	(D)	100.0	0.0
Mountain	830	8	839	99.0	1.0
Pacific	243	12	255	95.1	4.9
Total <sup>3</sup>	1,759	273	2,033	86.6	13.4

<sup>1</sup> North Atlantic includes CT, ME, MA, NH, RI, VT, NJ, NY, PA; East North Central includes IL, IN, MI, OH, WI; West North Central includes IA, KS, MN, MO, ND, NE, SD; South Atlantic includes DE, MD, FL, GA, NC, SC, VA, WV; South Central includes AL, AR, KY, LA, MS, TN; South Plains includes OK, TX; Mountain includes AZ, CO, ID, MT, NM, NV, UT, WY; Pacific includes CA, OR, WA, HI, AK.

<sup>2</sup> Public markets include terminal and auction markets; nonpublic markets include all other sources of livestock.

<sup>3</sup> Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding.

Region of	Steers	/heifers	Cows	s/bulls	Ca	ttle <sup>3</sup>	Ca	lves	He	ogs	Sheep	/lambs
slaughter <sup>2</sup>	Head	Share of total	Head	Share of total	Head	Share of total	Head	Share of total	Head	Share of total	Head	Share of total
	<u>Thous.</u>	Pct.	<u>Thous.</u>	Pct.	<u>Thous.</u>	Pct.	<u>Thous.</u>	Pct.	<u>Thous.</u>	Pct.	<u>Thous.</u>	Pct.
North Atlantic	49	11.8	129	30.2	178	21.1	85	24.9	2,458	83.1	(D)	(D)
East North Central	667	38.3	369	34.8	1,037	36.9	102	49.4	14,516	79.3	4	1.4
West North Central	8,302	57.3	493	33.2	8,795	55.0	0	0.0	47,670	85.0	416	99.2
South Atlantic	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	0	0.0	10,417	70.5	(D)	(D)
South Central	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	3,603	77.1	(D)	(D)
Southern Plains	2,874	53.2	481	47.6	3,355	52.3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	<1	81.7
Mountain	2,367	72.7	21	8.7	2,388	68.3	0	0.0	0	0	457	54.5
Pacific	989	84.0	183	28.3	1,173	64.3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	94	36.9
Canada	4	100.0	0	0.0	4	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Total	15,254	57.5	1,847	33.1	17,102	53.3	201	33.7	80,075	76.6	977	48.1

<sup>1</sup> Carcass-basis purchases refer to livestock purchased on the basis of carcass grade, weight, yield, guaranteed yield, lean percent, or combinations thereof. <sup>2</sup> North Atlantic includes CT, ME, MA, NH, RI, VT, NJ, NY, PA; East North Central includes IL, IN, MI, OH, WI; West North Central includes IA, KS, MN, MO, ND, NE, SD; South Atlantic includes DE, MD, FL, GA, NC, SC, VA, WV; South Central includes AL, AR, KY, LA, MS, TN; South Plains includes OK, TX; Mountain includes AZ, CO, ID, MT, NM, NV, UT, WY; Pacific includes CA, OR, WA, HI, AK.

<sup>3</sup> Includes steers, heifers, cows, and bulls.

		Cattle <sup>2</sup>			Calves			Hogs			Sheep/lamb	s
Firm size	Carcas	s-basis	Total	Carcass	s-basis	Total	Carcas	s-basis	Total	Carcass	s-basis	Total
and	purch	nases	purchases	purch	ases	purchases	purcl	nases	purchases	purch	ases	purchases
year		Share of			Share of			Share of			Share of	
	Head	total	Head	Head	total	Head	Head	total	Head	Head	total	Head
	Thous.	Pct.	<u>Tho</u>	o <u>us.</u>	Pct.	<u>Th</u> e	<u>ous.</u>	Pct.	<u>The</u>	<u>ous.</u>	Pct.	Thous.
4 largest meat packers <sup>3</sup>												
1980	2,798	31.5	8,870	0	0.0	0	3,124	15.7	19,958	(D)	(D)	(D)
1985	3,885	29.8	13,046	0	0.0	0	(D)	(D)	20,085	(D)	(D)	(D)
1990	8,875	47.1	18,849	0	0.0	0	(D)	(D)	34,300	(D)	(D)	(D)
1995	(D)	(D)	23,967	(D)	82.3	(D)	18,335	45.4	40,369	(D)	(D)	(D)
1999	13,228	52.8	25,053	0	0.0	0	37,965	81.1	46,797	(D)	(D)	(D)
2000	13,801	54.7	25,213	0	0.0	0	36,574	80.4	45,482	(D)	(D)	(D)
2001	14,157	58.2	24,315	0	0.0	0	35,949	81.8	43,964	(D)	(D)	(D)
2002	15,524	67.2	23,103	0	0.0	0	48,246	86.0	56,102	(D)	(D)	(D)
2003	15,860	65.5	24,215	0	0.0	0	58,368	91.5	63,766	(D)	(D)	(D)
2004	13,008	59.0	22,048	0	0.0	0	59,085	93.1	63,448	(D)	(D)	(D)
2005	13,063	61.5	21,248	0	0.0	0	61,288	93.2	65,735	(D)	(D)	(D)
2006	13,177	60.9	21,654	0	0.0	0	61,439	93.4	65,811	(D)	(D)	(D)
8 largest meat packers <sup>3</sup>												
1980	4,577	34.5	13,273	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	34,440	(D)	(D)	(D)
1985	5,684	32.6	17,446	0	0.0	0	(D)	(D)	23,009	740	31.1	2,380
1990	9,326	41.7	22,386	Ő	0.0	ů 0	(D)	(D)	37,535	(D)	(D)	(D)
1995	11,850	48.1	24,632	(D)	(D)	(D)	33,205	52.4	63,421	(D)	(D)	(D)
1999	(D)	(D)	(D)	0	0.0	0	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
2000	(D)	(D)	(D)	0	0.0	0	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
2001	(D)	(D)	(D)	0	0.0	0	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
2002	17,609	65.7	26,799	0	0.0	0	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
2003	18,022	62.1	29,025	0	0.0	0	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
2004	14,768	56.3	26,249	0	0.0	0	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
2005	15,098	57.4	26,300	0	0.0	0	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
2006	14,781	54.6	27,055	0	0.0	0	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
0 0 0	1 6 11						1					

See footnotes at end of table.

Continued—

## Table 15.—Carcass-basis purchases<sup>1</sup> by firm size and livestock class for selected years 1980–2006—continued

		Cattle <sup>2</sup>			Calves			Hogs			Sheep/lamb	S
Firm size	Carcass		Total	Carcass		Total		ss-basis	Total	Carcas		Total
and	purch	ases	purchases	purch	ases	purchases	pur	chases	purchases	purch	nases	purchases
year		Share of			Share of			Share of			Share of	
	Head	total	Head	Head	total	Head	Head	total	Head	Head	total	Head
	Thous.	Pct.	<u>Th</u>	<u>ous.</u>	Pct.	<u>Tł</u>	<u>ious.</u>	Pct.	<u>The</u>	<u>ous.</u>	Pct.	Thous.
20 largest meat												
packers <sup>3</sup>												
1980	5,711	34.4	16,581	(D)	(D)	(D)	8,524	15.3	55,583	(D)	(D)	(D)
1985	6,545	30.5	21,434	(D)	(D)	(D)	10,812	19.5	55,418	(D)	(D)	(D)
1990	10,062	41.1	24,487	(D)	(D)	(D)	7,595	12.6	60,115	(D)	(D)	(D)
1995	13,216	47.2	28,011	(D)	(D)	(D)	34,844	46.9	74,270	(D)	(D)	(D)
1999	15,598	51.5	30,262	0	0.0	0	69,584	82.1	84,778	(D)	(D)	(D)
2000	16,565	53.6	30,882	0	0.0	0	65,295	79.1	82,518	(D)	(D)	(D)
2001	17,321	57.0	30,379	0	0.0	0	64,704	84.4	76,620	(D)	(D)	(D)
2002	19,600	64.3	30,461	0	0.0	0	69,204	82.5	83,848	(D)	(D)	(D)
2003	19,400	61.0	31,783	0	0.0	0	71,852	85.6	83,945	(D)	(D)	(D)
2004	15,771	54.0	29,193	0	0.0	0	71,172	84.5	84,180	(D)	(D)	(D)
2005	16,514	58.4	28,297	0	0.0	0	74,978	86.3	86,885	(D)	(D)	(D)
2006	15,925	54.6	29,144	0	0.0	0	75,829	89.3	84,898	(D)	(D)	(D)
Other packers												
1980	2,733	19.3	14,188	(D)	(D)	(D)	1,682	4.5	37,341	(D)	(D)	(D)
1985	3,744	29.2	12,833	(D)	(D)	(D)	2,271	9.1	24,998	(D)	(D)	(D)
1990	2,112	28.5	7,405	(D)	(D)	(D)	1,735	8.6	20,063	(D)	(D)	(D)
1995	2,535	43.5	5,827	(D)	(D)	(D)	4,448	25.7	17,341	(D)	(D)	(D)
1999	1,619	36.0	4,501	556	52.4	1,060	3,570	27.0	13,199	(D)	(D)	(D)
2000	1,642	37.1	4,427	470	48.7	964	3,850	34.0	11,339	(D)	(D)	(D)
2001	1,556	43.9	3,541	397	45.3	877	4,366	22.6	19,351	(D)	(D)	(D)
2002	1,558	47.9	3,252	367	42.6	860	2,798	21.1	13,232	(D)	(D)	(D)
2003	1,609	48.2	3,341	377	40.6	930	2,896	21.9	13,216	(D)	(D)	(D)
2003	1,577	48.3	3,267	357	50.4	708	4,325	30.0	14,408	(D)	(D)	(D)
2005	1,077	36.4	2,956	236	36.3	651	4,751	33.2	14,298	(D)	(D)	(D)
2006	1,176	39.7	2,961	201	33.7	598	4,246	21.6	19,651	(D)	(D)	(D)

See footnotes at end of table.

Continued—

## Table 15.—Carcass-basis purchases<sup>1</sup> by firm size and livestock class for selected years 1980–2006—continued

		Cattle <sup>2</sup>			Calves			Hogs			Sheep/lamb	S
Firm size	Carcass	s-basis	Total	Carcass	s-basis	Total	Carcass	s-basis	Total	Carcass	s-basis	Total
and	purch	ases	purchases	purch	ases	purchases	purch	ases	purchases	purch	ases	purchases
year		Share of	-		Share of			Share of	-		Share of	
	Head	total	Head	Head	total	Head	Head	total	Head	Head	total	Head
	Thous.	Pct.	<u>Tho</u>	<u>us.</u>	Pct.	<u>The</u>	<u>ous.</u>	Pct.	<u>The</u>	<u>ous.</u>	Pct.	Thous.
All packers												
1980	8,444	27.4	30,768	468	21.1	2,218	10,206	11.0	92,923	1,542	28.3	5,452
1985	10,289	30.0	34,267	967	34.2	2,824	13,083	16.3	80,416	2,192	36.8	5,953
1990	12,175	38.2	31,892	1,000	59.6	1,678	9,330	11.6	80,178	1,372	29.7	4,623
1995	15,751	46.5	33,837	653	50.8	1,286	39,293	42.9	91,611	2,006	46.0	4,360
1999	17,217	49.5	34,763	556	52.4	1,060	73,153	74.7	97,976	1,663	52.4	3,176
2000	18,207	51.6	35,309	470	48.7	964	69,145	73.7	93,856	1,674	55.9	2,997
2001	18,877	55.7	33,921	397	45.3	877	69,070	72.0	95,971	1,951	69.9	2,791
2002	21,158	62.8	33,713	367	42.6	860	72,003	74.2	97,080	1,615	60.2	2,683
2003	21,008	59.8	35,124	377	40.6	930	74,748	76.9	97,161	1,156	53.0	2,179
2004	17,348	53.4	32,460	357	50.4	708	75,496	76.6	98,588	1,135	46.1	2,464
2005	17,591	56.3	31,254	236	36.3	651	79,730	78.8	101,183	1,040	52.3	1,988
2006	17,102	53.3	32,106	201	33.7	598	80,075	76.6	104,549	977	48.1	2,033

(D) Entry was withheld to avoid disclosing data of individual companies. <sup>1</sup> Carcass-basis purchases refer to livestock purchased on the basis of carcass grade, weight, yield, guaranteed yield, lean percent, or combinations thereof. <sup>2</sup> Includes steers, heifers, cows, and bulls.

<sup>3</sup> Based on total amount spent for all types of livestock slaughtered. Not all packers in each grouping slaughtered all types of livestock; some processed only a single type of livestock, and others only two or three (see tables 25 and 26).

Year	Packer fed and other <sup>1</sup>	Forward contracts <sup>2</sup>	Marketing agreements <sup>2</sup>	Total
		Perc		
4 largest beef packers <sup>3</sup>		<u></u>	<u>••••</u>	
1988	4.7	1:	5.8	20.5
1990	5.1	1:	5.1	20.1
1993	3.8	13	3.7	17.5
1994	3.9		7.0	20.9
1995	3.2	18	8.1	21.3
1996	3.4	19	9.2	22.5
1997	3.8		5.2	20.1
1998	3.5		8.9	22.4
1999 <sup>4</sup>	8.5	3.3	20.7	32.4
$2000^{4}$	9.1	2.0	27.1	38.2
$2001^4$	10.9	2.5	29.5	43.0
$2002^{4}$	9.6	2.4	32.4	44.4
$2003^4$	10.4	4.3	23.7	38.5
$2004^4$	8.3	4.2	22.6	35.1
$2005^4$	6.4	5.0	24.2	35.6
$2006^4$	6.9	6.7	26.8	40.4
15 largest beef packers <sup>3</sup>				
1988	5.0	14	4.3	19.3
1990	5.0	13	3.9	18.9
1993	4.1		3.3	17.4
1994	4.0		5.5	20.5
1995	3.3		7.8	21.1
1996	3.3		3.8	22.2
1997	3.7		4.9	18.6
1998	3.7		7.7	21.4

Table 16.—Packer feeding, forward contracts, and marketing agreements as a percentage of steer and heifer slaughter by firm size for selected years 1988-2006

<sup>1</sup> "Other" includes steers and heifers purchased more than 14 days in advance of slaughter and not listed as packer fed, forward contracts, or marketing agreements.
 <sup>2</sup> Data for forward contracts and marketing agreements are combined in 1988–98.
 <sup>3</sup> Percentages for years before 1999 were based on unaudited data reported by packers to GIPSA.
 <sup>4</sup> Data for 1999 to 2006 were audited by GIPSA, and are not comparable to prior years. (GIPSA-SR-08-

Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year
							Percent						
Packer fed and other <sup>2</sup>													
2000	11.7	8.8	6.8	5.7	6.3	9.7	13.3	11.7	9.7	8.0	7.7	10.0	9.1
2001	12.2	12.2	9.4	8.8	7.4	10.0	13.5	13.2	11.9	11.3	11.2	10.5	10.9
2002	10.8	9.3	8.3	8.0	8.3	8.8	11.9	11.7	10.3	8.5	8.4	10.3	9.6
2003	10.8	10.9	9.9	7.8	8.1	9.9	9.5	11.2	12.7	10.8	11.9	12.8	10.4
2004	10.8	11.4	8.2	8.4	7.5	8.5	9.3	10.0	10.5	5.6	5.2	5.0	8.3
2005	6.0	6.6	6.1	5.8	5.1	5.8	7.0	7.7	7.1	6.6	5.8	6.7	6.4
2006	6.8	6.9	6.3	6.0	5.0	6.6	8.8	8.4	7.3	6.6	6.8	8.0	6.9
Forward contracts													
2000	2.1	1.9	1.5	4.4	2.9	2.1	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.7	3.0	2.0
2001	2.8	3.2	2.4	8.3	1.2	2.2	1.1	1.7	1.4	1.5	3.1	2.4	2.5
2002	2.4	1.4	2.2	5.1	1.9	3.0	1.9	1.2	1.6	2.0	3.0	3.7	2.4
2003	4.2	5.2	4.8	10.4	4.9	5.7	0.8	1.2	1.1	3.4	5.1	6.5	4.3
2004	5.1	5.7	2.6	5.5	2.9	4.2	5.0	4.3	2.9	2.9	5.3	3.8	4.2
2005	6.2	9.3	4.3	9.6	6.6	5.4	2.6	2.5	2.5	3.4	4.5	4.3	5.0
2006	7.3	10.5	4.6	13.1	7.1	6.6	3.8	3.6	6.9	6.9	5.3	5.6	6.7
Marketing agreements													
2000	24.3	24.7	22.2	22.2	26.0	27.2	32.6	32.4	29.7	27.8	27.6	28.0	27.1
2001	29.1	27.6	26.3	26.3	27.7	30.0	32.9	32.6	31.9	29.8	28.1	31.2	29.5
2002	30.0	32.0	30.8	31.9	35.1	36.6	39.1	34.6	31.9	29.9	27.1	27.9	32.4
2003	26.0	26.4	25.5	23.8	26.1	27.1	25.6	23.8	20.1	17.5	18.4	22.1	23.7
2004	20.6	22.0	20.5	23.7	22.5	23.5	26.8	23.2	21.8	23.9	22.5	19.9	22.6
2005	23.9	24.4	23.1	22.3	25.8	26.9	25.8	24.6	22.2	23.2	23.9	24.2	24.2
2006	24.8	26.8	25.5	25.0	27.5	31.4	30.6	26.4	24.8	24.3	25.0	27.9	26.8
Total													
2000	38.1	35.3	30.5	32.3	35.3	39.0	47.2	45.2	40.6	37.3	37.0	41.0	38.2
2001	44.1	43.1	38.1	43.3	36.3	42.2	47.5	47.4	45.1	42.5	42.4	44.1	43.0
2002	43.3	42.8	41.3	45.0	45.3	48.3	52.9	47.5	43.7	40.3	38.5	41.9	44.4
2003	41.0	42.5	40.2	42.0	39.0	42.7	35.8	36.2	33.8	31.8	35.4	41.4	38.5
2004	36.5	39.1	31.4	37.6	32.9	36.2	41.1	37.5	35.1	32.3	33.1	28.8	35.1
2005	36.1	10.3	33.5	37.7	37.5	38.1	35.4	34.8	31.9	33.2	34.2	35.2	35.6
2006	39.0	44.1	36.4	44.1	39.6	44.6	43.2	38.4	39.1	37.8	37.1	41.5	40.4

Table 17.—Packer feeding, forward contracts, and marketing agreements as a percentage of steer and heifer slaughter for four largest beef packers by month for 1999–2006<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Data include only the four largest beef packers and were audited by GIPSA. <sup>2</sup> "Other" includes cattle purchased more than 14 days in advance of slaughter and not listed as packer fed, forward contracts, or marketing agreement purchases.

							Plant si	ze (annual	head slau	ghtered)						
	Less			00–		000-	· · · ·	-000		000-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	000-		,000–	· · ·	0,000
	,	000	,	999	,	999	,	999		,999		,999		,999		nore
Year	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head
	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.
1976	147	71	300	1,134	144	3,301	71	4,857	52	8,187	17	6,074	5	3,334	(C)	(C)
1980	201	87	212	715	107	2,644	43	3,063	37	5,813	18	6,280	8	5,877	(C)	(C)
1984	178	71	155	511	64	1,559	24	1,686	27	4,515	16	5,665	15	12,232	(C)	(C)
1985	157	63	146	445	56	1,439	19	1,366	27	4,276	14	4,999	17	14,434	(C)	(C)
1986	137	54	133	460	45	1,109	19	1,328	20	3,204	12	4,295	13	9,955	5	6,232
1987	152	53	128	435	34	776	20	1,383	23	4,056	10	3,444	12	8,561	7	8,438
1988	151	50	121	388	37	819	16	1,167	17	2,759	13	4,338	12	8,661	7	8,993
1989	138	49	92	304	32	803	12	891	13	2,141	13	4,426	12	8,677	7	8,595
1990	142	49	86	248	29	690	7	477	13	2,058	15	5,223	10	7,245	8	9,770
1991	130	48	81	235	26	577	6	410	15	2,614	14	5,563	10	8,470	6	7,462
1992	124	51	78	240	17	420	4	281	13	2,006	9	3,133	13	10,499	7	8,661
1993	125	43	66	175	21	465	3	216	12	1,926	8	3,164	9	6,810	11	12,751
1994	97	31	72	207	21	479	4	318	7	1,100	6	2,351	11	8,079	11	13,562
1995	96	36	58	170	19	421	5	369	9	1,533	7	2,692	10	7,194	12	14,934
1996	89	34	53	153	23	500	6	422	8	1,165	9	3,415	9	5,583	14	17,064
1997	85	27	48	150	19	434	3	171	10	1,541	8	3,108	8	4,946	14	17,436
1998	64	23	39	112	23	563	4	264	7	1,171	8	3,332	6	4,265	14	17,842
1999	64	23	37	103	16	371	4	237	7	1,202	8	3,214	7	4,936	14	18,727
2000	58	23	34	121	12	289	4	229	7	1,152	7	2,802	6	3,733	16	21,047
2001	60	19	34	106	14 <sup>1</sup>	$478^{1}$	(D)	(D)	7	1,234	5	1,883	8	4,856	15	19,672
2002	49	16	30	89	15 <sup>1</sup>	516 <sup>1</sup>	(D)	(D)	6	1,005	8	3,144	6	3,637	15	19,676
2003	48	16	25	74	13 <sup>1</sup>	$478^{1}$	(D)	(D)	6	927	8	3,025	6	3,775	15	20,314
2004	56	19	29	85	11	297	4	299	7	958	9	2,999	8	5,383	13	16,856
2005	54	19	28	91	8	166	4	315	7	1,141	11	3,792	5	3,858	13	16,667
2006	45	15	33	113	13 <sup>1</sup>	422 <sup>1</sup>	(D)	(D)	8	1,360	9	3,139	5	3,244	14	18,237

(C) Prior to 1986, the category was combined with plants slaughtering 500,000 head or more.
(D) Entry was withheld to avoid disclosing data of individual companies. Data are included in the next smaller class.
<sup>1</sup> Includes plants slaughtering 10,000 to 99,999 head.

						Plant s	size (annual	l head slaug	htered)					
		s than		-000		,000–		-000		-000		,000–	150	,000
	1,0	000	- ,	999	24	,999	49	,999	)	999	149	9,999	_	nore
Year	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head
	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.
1976	202	85	298	1,149	74	1,183	74	2558	41	2,740	17	2,104	5	917
1980	250	93	240	832	56	926	46	1609	21	1,539	4	482	5	807
1984	192	73	171	648	48	800	48	1745	27	1,874	12	1,400	8	1,661
1985	188	71	145	572	48	764	40	1411	17	1,333	12	1,427	8	1,665
1986	149	55	133	478	43	680	41	1430	16	1,124	20	2,320	8	1,770
1987	154	51	121	441	48	775	32	1104	24	1,778	13	1,572	7	1,470
1988	146	48	127	483	36	588	29	934	21	1,541	13	1,618	7	1,402
1989	136	46	110	408	33	579	25	857	17	1,300	8	964	11	2,159
1990	140	45	99	330	28	500	17	597	19	1,311	11	1,349	10	2,001
1991	127	42	89	311	24	400	21	766	18	1,344	10	1,274	10	1,942
1992	120	42	77	300	25	435	15	526	15	1,104	10	1,263	12	2,238
1993	112	40	67	246	20	350	12	456	14	1,031	10	1,214	14	2,777
1994	104	38	53	212	19	313	13	474	18	1,372	10	1,282	12	2,596
1995	93	27	58	224	18	314	12	445	12	885	9	1,083	17	3,510
1996	88	27	54	210	18	312	12	447	9	602	10	1,220	21	4,591
1997	76	23	50	199	15	247	13	525	15	1,093	8	1,041	18	4,100
1998	54	14	50	196	12	194	13	522	8	566	9	1,123	17	3,878
1999	54	15	47	192	9	173	9	354	12	881	6	760	15	3,574
2000	49	11	38	152	11	185	8	291	10	709	7	851	16	3,795
2001	49	12	39	136	12	209	6	237	9	668	5	652	14	3,635
2002	43	10	38	145	11	199	6	210	6	430	6	699	15	3,938
2003	37	9	36	155	7	119	9	334	7	502	6	725	17	4,670
2004	42	9	38	152	5	70	8	287	8	603	6	751	15	3,692
2005	46	14	30	139	3	33	10	358	6	485	7	888	14	3,289
2006	38	11	28	123	10	136	6	232	7	492	6	792	15	3,790

							Plant si	ze (annual	head slau	ghtered)						
		than		-00	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-000	· · · ·	-000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,000–	· · · ·	-000	,	-000	1,00	0,000
	1,0	000	-	999	49,		,	999		,999	499	,999		,999		nore
Year	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head
	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.
1976	62	35	357	1,380	228	5,626	108	7,841	75	11,544	23	7,930	5	3,338	(C)	(C)
1980	105	59	326	1,154	165	4,082	69	5,005	50	7,701	20	6,889	8	5,878	(C)	(C)
1984	98	48	239	859	121	3,035	53	3,745	45	6,780	21	7,198	16	12,776	(C)	(C)
1985	93	47	214	755	111	2,691	41	2,997	44	6,830	17	5,999	18	14,947	(C)	(C)
1986	78	40	186	701	101	2,610	31	2,213	46	6,774	15	5,391	14	10,533	5	6,232
1987	92	46	176	635	95	2,305	39	2,864	38	6,119	14	4,812	13	9,120	7	8,438
1988	96	47	177	639	86	2,007	32	2,370	34	5,264	17	5,805	12	8,666	7	8,993
1989	85	46	150	520	75	1,882	24	1,732	30	4,869	16	5,373	13	9,184	7	8,595
1990	91	42	150	486	58	1,460	23	1,613	27	4,312	20	6,946	10	7,263	8	9,770
1991	89	46	136	480	55	1,420	22	1,602	27	4,398	20	7,578	10	8,470	6	7,462
1992	80	42	132	458	48	1,234	17	1,220	30	4,791	12	4,295	13	10,499	7	8,661
1993	83	44	114	383	40	1,003	16	1,131	29	4,690	13	4,852	9	6,810	11	12,751
1994	72	36 31	100	333	40	1,045	20	1,501	25	4,085	10	3,770	11	8,080	11	13,562
1995	65	31	98	319	38	955	16	1,134	28	4,700	11	4,049	11	7,716	12	14,934
1996	68	33	85	306	39	950	14	946	26	3,922	18	6,390	10	6,132	14	17,065
1997	61	24	81	297	38	996	16	1,133	23	3,785	16	5,861	9	5,508	14	17,437
1998	42	20	68	255	35	934	12	830	24	3,970	14	5,390	7	4,824	14	17,843
1999	39	16	71	274	25	623	14	1,010	18	3,241	14	5,372	8	5,499	14	18,727
2000	39	17	61	243	23	532	11	768	18	2,932	13	4,962	8	4,810	16	21,047
2001	46	19	59	226	22	503	9	652	15	2,551	14	5,318	8	4,856	15	19,672
2002	33	13	54	212	23	505	7	448	16	2,404	15	5,673	8	4,782	15	19,676
2003	30	13	49	200	22	572	10	709	15	2,497	13	4,810	10	6,009	15	20,314
2004	36	15	53	202	20	513	9	663	17	2,552	15	5,237	10	6,423	13	16,856
2005	44	20	47	197	21	574	6	452	19	3,235	17	6,251	5	3,858	13	16,667
2006	35	14	49	195	23	528	8	582	17	2,902	16	5,837	6	3,811	14	18,237

<sup>1</sup> Cattle includes steers, heifers, cows, and bulls.
(C) Prior to 1986, the category was combined with plants slaughtering 500,000 head or more.

			•					l head slaug					-	
		s than 000	· · · ·	)00– 999	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	)00– 999	,	000– ,999	,	000– ,999		0,000		,000
Year	Plants	Head	4, Plants	Head	9, Plants	Head	Plants	Head	49 Plants	Head	Plants	more Head	Plants	nore Head
	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.
1976 1980	189 182	47 31	69 43	190 106	29 22	219 153	35 28	566 420	15 10	540 346	16 5	1,036 305	11 5	2,279 858
1984 1985	156 146	26 29	55 53	123 132	14 16	101 120	29 27	489 457	12 11	383 372	10 12	639 744	5 5	974 971
1986 1987 1988 1989 1990	140 129 122 114 109	29 25 19 22 16	49 38 39 27 34	118 93 78 67 88	14 14 16 18 11	107 98 122 127 79	29 29 20 26 19	496 487 339 429 297	14 13 12 10 12	508 455 378 357 431	9 7 10 7 9	634 473 672 488 797	5 6 5 4	898 910 769 585
1991 1992 1993 1994 1995	95 100 87 76 63	15 17 16 14 15	27 25 24 28 28	63 63 62 73 65	12 18 14 12 13	83 133 98 89 91	13 9 18 9 12	210 144 304 161 212	$     \begin{array}{r}       13 \\       10 \\       11^{1} \\       7 \\       10     \end{array} $	467 328 494 <sup>1</sup> 281 387	3 6 (D) 5 7	193 430 (D) 357 516	(C) (C) (C) (C) (C)	(C) (C) (C) (C) (C)
1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	61 56 37 40 29	12 14 7 8 7	28 18 14 15 15	61 42 30 44 31	12 11 8 7 6	96 81 54 46 41	12 8 6 6 6	194 137 98 87 110	10 11 7 10 6	335 421 255 358 207	10 7 10 6 7	687 539 716 516 568	(C) (C) (C) (C) (C)	(C) (C) (C) (C) (C)
2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	36 30 28 31 28	8 6 6 5	11 11 11 7 15	25 30 22 19 37	4 3 4 7 3	23 22 26 47 20	5 9 8 4 4	79 153 136 65 78	8 5 4 5 6	291 188 160 212 234	6 6 8 5 4	452 462 580 359 276	(C) (C) (C) (C) (C)	(C) (C) (C) (C) (C)
2006	27	8	6	17	4	26	5	81	6	182	4	284	(C)	(C)

(C) After 1991, the category was combined with plants slaughtering 50,000 head or more.

(D) Entry was withheld to avoid disclosing data of individual companies. Data are included in the next smaller class.

<sup>1</sup> Includes plants slaughtering 25,000 head or more.

							Plant si	ze (annual	head slau	ghtered)						
		than		-00	· · · · ·	-000		-000		-000		-000		,000–	1,00	0,000
	1,0	000	,	999	24,	999	49,	999	99,	999	299	,999	999	9,999	or	more
Year	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head
	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	<u>Thous.</u>	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.
1976 1980	97 116	32 34	165 154	706 623	60 63	948 1,022	34 32	1,151 1,078	26 29	1,766 2,065	45 32	9,216 5,601	56 42	36,169 23,998	14 41	18,828 58,504
1984 1985	78 76	25 22	148 137	626 551	60 54	945 842	28 25	972 913	27 25	1,733 1,650	31 23	5,859 4,540	37 29	23,522 17,920	30 34	48,937 53,979
1986 1987 1988 1989 1990	68 71 70 52 57	18 17 22 18 16	111 106 105 101 121	517 478 470 450 505	49 47 43 39 37	766 737 667 611 567	27 35 37 32 30	980 1,233 1,282 1,167 1,055	23 19 22 25 25	1,560 1,249 1,551 1,717 1,594	20 16 15 19 16	3,930 2,992 2,720 3,250 2,861	31 25 24 19 16	17,589 14,946 13,826 12,287 9,798	31 32 33 32 31	54,398 55,900 62,952 63,687 63,651
1991 1992 1993 1994 1995	52 54 40 40 33	18 15 11 15 11	100 89 85 72 68	428 401 367 303 282	43 41 39 39 35	690 665 644 629 586	32 29 25 20 25	1,137 1,051 965 740 912	22 27 27 29 26	1,516 1,783 1,768 1,998 1,717	14 16 10 11 17	2,423 2,715 1,591 1,796 2,719	10 10 13 10 10	5,249 6,661 7,744 6,065 6,162	33 34 34 33 31	71,632 78,258 76,053 77,663 79,222
1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	31 27 25 22 24	10 10 8 9 9	69 57 40 38 42	276 224 162 144 176	33 29 20 17 24	575 497 314 270 382	24 29 29 21 23	926 1,028 1,054 747 878	18 20 18 22 21	1,306 1,366 1,226 1,548 1,432	17 16 13 14 15	2,605 2,550 2,277 2,388 2,519	8 9 7 7 8	4,750 4,444 4,288 4,286 5,102	32 31 30 31 29	73,081 77,681 82,469 88,584 83,359
2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	24 19 17 18 19	8 5 7 7 8	43 36 28 36 37	167 146 107 128 160	24 26 17 19 20	403 427 283 291 326	21 19 22 17 12	802 708 845 636 488	19 22 19 21 20	1,278 1,437 1,274 1,352 1,335	14 17 16 15 18	2,267 3,142 3,010 2,328 3,061	9 6 7 12 9	5,389 3,473 4,374 5,948 4,898	30 30 28 28 28 28	85,642 87,742 87,262 87,899 90,907
2006	15	6	34	135	17	258	16	609	22	1,542	15	2,489	12	6,382	28	93,127

				Pla	nt size (annu	al head slaughte	ered)			
		s than .000		)00– ,999		,000– 9,999		,000– 9,999		0,000 more
Year	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head
	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.
1976 1980	131 146	22 20	32 25	123 75	16 9	377 232	16 8	2,637 1,302	8 7	3,637 3,824
1984 1985	116 110	19 17	25 24	87 73	11 8	272 181	7 6	1,130 901	9 9	4,975 4,781
1986 1987 1988 1989 1990	97 92 89 84 95	17 17 14 12 17	16 16 23 25 23	46 52 63 69 67	7 7 8 7 8	169 156 209 143 191	6 5 4 8 6	1,025 562 655 1,057 881	8 9 8 8 6	3,886 4,052 3,889 3,831 3,467
1991 1992 1993 1994 1995	75 75 71 66 61	13 10 11 8 9	22 24 24 25 19	64 80 80 111 92	10 9 10 9 8	258 219 212 217 170	6 6 5 5 5 5	878 1,055 733 722 793	7 6 5 5	4,172 3,868 3,782 3,499 3,295
1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	59 44 36 32 28	9 5 5 5 5	17 20 17 20 19	72 76 69 79 68	$     \begin{array}{c}       10 \\       11 \\       8 \\       10^1 \\       10^1     \end{array} $	257 249 188 532 <sup>1</sup> 509 <sup>1</sup>	5 4 (D) (D)	583 590 676 (D) (D)	4 3 4 5 5	2,817 2,231 2,341 2,560 2,415
2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	33 23 26 24 24	5 4 4 3	17 18 15 17 21	61 71 47 58 81	$     \begin{array}{c}       10^{1} \\       7 \\       6 \\       7 \\       5     \end{array} $	509 <sup>1</sup> 152 137 147 89	(D) 3 $8^2$ $8^2$ $8^2$ $8^2$	(D) 566 $1,991^2$ $2,255^2$ $1,814^2$	5 4 (D) (D) (D)	2,217 1,877 (D) (D) (D)
2006	24	4	16	60	8	181	4	652	3	1,136

(D) Entry was withheld to avoid disclosing data of individual companies. Data are included in the next smaller class. <sup>1</sup> Includes plants slaughtering 10,000 to 299,999 head. <sup>2</sup> Includes plants slaughtering 300,000 or more head.

					Plar	nt size (annua	l head proce	essed)				
		s than		000-		000-		,000–		0,000- $0.999^{1}$	<i>,</i>	0,000
		),000		,999		,999		9,999		· · · ·		more
Year	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head	Plants	Head
	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.	<u>No.</u>	Thous.
1979	47	152	15	283	15	970	18	4,442	6	5,285	(C)	(C)
1980	44	149	12	188	16	795	15	3,173	10	7,670	(C)	(C)
1983	32	84	12	190	13	615	16	4,265	13	11,717	(C)	(C)
1984	35	130	12	182	15	662	18	5,015	14	12,508	(C)	(C)
1985	36	111	10	159	11	617	18	5,115	15	14,077	(C)	(C)
1986	34	98	10	162	8	378	14	4,480	16	15,974	(C)	(C)
1987	41	87	13	194	11	534	13	3,488	19	17,634	(C)	(C)
1988	38	66	19	298	9	504	14	3,666	18	17,984	(C)	(C)
1989	37	90	12	185	11	557	13	3,284	18	17,919	(C)	(C)
1990	29	74	12	179	8	510	14	3,462	18	18,179	(C)	(C)
1991	35	75	14	220	6	354	15	3,298	12	8,973	8	9,916
1992	24	55	5	80	7	348	13	2,839	13	10,613	7	9,243
1993	22	34	5	86	6	306	9	2,279	11	9,006	9	11,431
1994	18	41	4	71	6	269	10	2,748	8	6,819	11	14,252
1995	18 <sup>1</sup>	58 <sup>1</sup>	(D)	(D)	7	287	10	2,828	7	5,560	13	16,656
1996	17	34	6	95	7	332	11	2,870	9	6,796	13	16,674
1997	26	50	4	61	10	406	13	3,810	6	4,898	13	17,131
1998	21	41	5	96	7	290	11	2,890	6	4,645	14	18,203
1999	24 <sup>1</sup>	78 <sup>1</sup>	(D)	(D)	6	276	11	3,049	6	4,734	14	18,851
2000	22	54	4	70	5	234	11	2,764	6	4,572	15	20,120
2001	23	63	(D)	(D)	8	339	11	2,862	6	4,111	15	19,685
2002	25 <sup>1</sup>	78 <sup>1</sup>	(D)	(D)	7	360	11	2,816	7	4,925	14	18,722
2003	$20^{1}$	$49^{1}$	(D)	(D)	8	529	9	2,628	6	4,038	15	20,447
2004	24 <sup>1</sup>	$72^{1}$	(D)	(D)	8	489	11	2,850	7	4,569	14	18,070
2005	21	35	4	77	5	342	14	3,799	6	4,439	13	16,867
2006	29	68	8	$280^{2}$	(D)	(D)	14	3,072	6	4,053	14	18,569

(C) Prior to 1991, the category was combined with plants slaughtering 500,000 head or more.
(D) Entry was withheld to avoid disclosing data of individual companies. Data are included in the next smaller class.
<sup>1</sup> Includes plants slaughtering less than 25,000 head.
<sup>2</sup> Includes plants slaughtering 25,000 to 99,999 head.

				Firn	n size (anr	ual purchas	ses of slau	ghter livesto	ock)			
Year		s than nillion		illion– nillion		illion– nillion		nillion– million		nillion nore	All	firms
	1 class only	2 or more classes	1 class only	2 or more classes	1 class only	2 or more classes						
						Number	<u>of firms</u>					
1980	13	117	22	128	34	129	49	219	24	75	142	668
1983 1984 1985	12 15 17	107 99 96	26 26 32	111 106 95	38 37 39	98 96 75	68 73 73	164 140 112	25 25 24	60 57 52	169 176 185	540 498 430
1986 1987 1988 1989 1990	22 15 18 19 22	72 75 76 71 77	34 29 29 30 34	73 70 75 67 64	35 38 41 39 36	72 75 69 61 59	68 73 64 68 64	104 96 90 83 73	26 28 33 30 32	49 45 42 40 36	185 183 185 186 188	370 361 352 322 309
1991 1992 1993 1994 1995	20 15 20 17 13	74 64 60 49 51	27 34 27 28 24	56 59 56 53 47	37 36 36 30 36	54 44 41 37 40	70 62 54 55 52	65 63 56 52 46	32 32 31 27 30	33 28 24 24 21	186 179 168 157 155	282 258 237 215 205
1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	15 16 11 12 12	57 44 37 38 30	23 22 25 19 19	34 39 32 30 30	32 30 24 20 23	42 33 29 28 29	52 58 46 47 45	43 39 35 31 28	32 28 21 24 25	18 22 19 18 21	154 154 127 122 124	194 177 152 145 138
2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	10 10 7 11 7	33 26 27 28 23	18 20 19 8 15	21 20 14 17 20	24 27 24 23 16	31 27 23 25 23	45 42 39 46 44	28 27 27 28 28	27 30 29 34 37	19 13 15 14 12	124 129 118 122 119	132 113 106 112 106
2006	9	22	16	19	18	23	41	28	36	11	120	103

<sup>1</sup> Classes of livestock are steers and heifers, cows and bulls, calves, hogs, and sheep and lambs.

				Firm	n size (anr	nual purchas	ses of slau	ghter livesto	ock)			
		s than nillion		illion– nillion		illion– nillion		illion– million		nillion	A 11	firms
Year	\$1 II		\$Z 11		\$3 II		\$301		011	more	All	
	1 class only	2 or more classes	1 class only	2 or more classes	1 class only	2 or more classes	1 class only	2 or more classes	1 class only	2 or more classes	1 class only	2 or more classes
						Percent of	total firms	<u>s</u>				
1980	1.6	14.4	2.7	15.8	4.2	15.9	6.0	27.0	3.0	9.3	17.5	82.5
1983	1.7	15.1	3.7	15.7	5.4	13.8	9.6	23.1	3.5	8.5	23.8	76.2
1984	2.2	14.7	3.9	15.7	5.5	14.2	10.8	20.8	3.7	8.5	26.1	73.9
1985	2.8	15.6	5.2	15.4	6.3	12.2	11.9	18.2	3.9	8.5	30.1	69.9
1986	4.0	13.0	6.1	13.2	6.3	13.0	12.3	18.7	4.7	8.8	33.3	66.7
1987	2.8	13.8	5.3	12.9	7.0	13.8	13.4	17.6	5.1	8.3	33.6	66.4
1988	3.4	14.2	5.4	14.0	7.6	12.8	11.9	16.8	6.1	7.8	34.5	65.5
1989	3.7	14.0	5.9	13.2	7.7	12.0	13.4	16.3	5.9	7.9	36.6	63.4
1990	4.4	15.5	6.8	12.9	7.2	11.9	12.9	14.7	6.4	7.2	37.8	62.2
1991	4.3	15.8	5.8	12.0	7.9	11.5	15.0	13.9	6.8	7.1	39.7	60.3
1992	3.4	14.6	7.8	13.5	8.2	10.1	14.2	14.4	7.3	6.4	41.0	59.0
1993	4.9	14.8	6.7	13.8	8.9	10.1	13.3	13.8	7.7	5.9	41.5	58.5
1994	4.6	13.2	7.5	14.2	8.1	9.9	14.8	14.0	7.3	6.5	42.2	57.8
1995	3.6	14.2	6.7	13.1	10.0	11.1	14.4	12.8	8.3	5.8	43.1	56.9
1996	4.3	16.4	6.6	9.8	9.2	12.1	14.9	12.4	9.2	5.2	44.3	55.7
1997	4.8	13.3	6.6	11.8	9.1	10.0	17.5	11.8	8.5	6.6	46.5	53.5
1998	3.9	13.3	9.0	11.5	8.6	10.4	16.5	12.5	7.5	6.8	45.5	54.5
1999	4.5	14.2	7.1	11.2	7.5	10.5	17.6	11.6	9.0	6.7	45.7	54.3
2000	4.6	11.5	7.3	11.5	8.8	11.1	17.2	10.7	9.5	8.0	47.3	52.7
2001	3.9	12.9	7.0	8.2	9.4	12.1	17.6	10.9	10.5	7.4	48.4	51.6
2002	4.1	10.7	8.3	8.3	11.2	11.2	17.4	11.2	12.4	5.4	53.3	46.7
2003	3.1	12.1	8.5	6.3	10.7	10.3	17.4	12.1	12.9	6.7	52.7	47.3
2004	4.7	12.0	3.4	7.3	9.8	10.7	19.7	12.0	14.5	6.0	52.1	47.9
2005	3.1	10.3	6.7	8.9	7.1	10.3	19.2	12.5	16.5	5.4	52.7	47.3
2006	4.0	9.9	7.2	8.5	8.1	10.3	18.4	12.6	16.1	4.9	53.8	46.2

<sup>1</sup> Classes of livestock are steers and heifers, cows and bulls, calves, hogs, and sheep and lambs.

	]	Гор 4 fir	ms	]	Гор 8 fir	ms	Т	op 20 fi	rms	Т	op 50 fi	rms		Al	l reportin	g firms		Comm.
Year	Plants	Head	Conc. <sup>1</sup>	Plants	Firms	Head	Share <sup>2</sup>	$HHI^{3}$	sltr. <sup>4</sup>									
	<u>No.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.	<u>N</u>	<u>lo.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.	Index	<u>Mil.</u>									
													5					
1000		~ <b>-</b>		1 17	12.0							ed to GIPS			24.5	04.5		
1980	23	9.5	35.7	47	13.8	51.4	66 50	17.1	64.1 78.4	103	20.3	75.9	626	561	24.5	91.5	561 999	26.7
1985 1990	20 26	14.1 19.1	50.2 71.6	29 36	18.0 21.9	63.9 82.1	50 52	22.1 24.4	78.4 91.5	91 84	25.3 25.5	89.9 95.4	436 310	389 275	27.0 25.8	96.0 96.6	999 1,661	28.1 26.7
1990	20	22.8	79.3	30	21.9	86.1	44	24.4 26.6	91.3 92.9	84 81	23.3 27.2	95.4 95.0	216	182	23.8	90.0 95.4	1,982	28.7
2000	27	22.8 24.6	81.7	29	24.7	90.3	41	20.0	92.9 96.2	74	29.3	95.0 97.5	143	119	27.3	97.6	1,962	30.1
2000	23	24.0	01.7	29	21.2	90.5	41	29.0	90.2	/+	29.5	91.5	145	119	29.4	97.0	1,900	50.1
2001	22	23.8	82.1	28	26.2	90.6	42	27.9	96.4	73	28.2	97.4	142	117	28.2	97.5	1,962	29.0
2002	23	23.2	78.9	29	26.0	88.4	43	27.8	94.6	74	28.1	95.5	130	105	28.1	95.6	1,811	29.4
2003	23	23.9	83.2	30	27.0	93.9	45	28.4	98.9	75	28.6	99.5	121	96	28.6	99.6	2,044	28.7
2004	23	21.9	81.1	31	24.7	91.6	48	26.6	98.5	81	26.9	99.5	138	106	26.9	99.6	1,880	27.0
2005	23	21.3	78.8	30	24.0	89.0	47	25.9	95.7	79	26.0	96.3	126	97	26.0	96.4	1,775	27.0
2006	25	<b>22</b> 0	70.0		247	00.0	1 50	264	05.0	0.5	165	055	107	0.2	065	05.6	1 770	
2006	25	22.0	79.2	32	24.7	89.0	52	26.4	95.0	85	16.5	95.5	127	92	26.5	95.6	1,779	27.8
						Co	ncentrati	on based	l on federa	ally inspe	cted slav	ughter data	a <sup>6</sup>					
1992	27	20.5	77.8	35	22.8	86.7	48	24.8	94.0	76	25.4	96.3	937	919	25.7	97.6	2,016	26.4
1995	28	23.2	80.8	33	25.2	87.7	45	27.1	94.7	71	27.8	97.0	801	783	28.1	97.9	2,036	28.7
2000	23	24.5	81.4	30	27.2	90.3	42	29.0	96.4	70	29.4	97.6	711	695	29.6	98.3	1,939	30.1
2001	22	23.3	90.4	1 20	26.4	01.0	41	27.9	06.4	(7	20.2	97.6	702	(9)	20 5	09.2	1 000	
2001 2002	22 23	23.3 23.3	80.4 79.2	29 30	26.4 26.5	91.0 90.1	41 42	27.9	96.4 96.6	67 69	28.3 28.7	97.6 97.6	686	686 668	28.5 28.9	98.3 98.3	1,909 1,842	29.0 29.4
2002	23	23.5	80.2	30	26.3 26.0	90.1 90.6	42	28.4	90.0 96.7	70	28.7	97.0 97.7	666	648	28.9	98.3 98.3	1,842	29.4 28.7
2003	23 24	23.1	80.2 79.3	30	20.0 24.2	90.0 89.6	43	27.8	90.7 96.3	70	26.1	97.7 97.5	669	654	28.3 26.5	98.3 98.3	1,900	28.7
2004 2005	24 25	21.4 21.6	79.3 79.8	32 33	24.2 24.3	89.6 90.0	42 45	26.0 26.1	96.3 96.6	70	26.3 26.4	97.5 97.6	637	634 621	26.5 26.6	98.3 98.3	1,791	27.0 27.0
2003	23	21.0	19.0	33	24.3	90.0	43	20.1	90.0	/1	20.4	97.0	037	021	20.0	90.3	1,010	27.0
2006	25	22.4	80.9	32	25.2	91.0	44	26.9	97.0	69	27.1	97.7	614	599	27.3	98.4	1,826	27.8

Table 27.—Steer and heifer slaughter concentration by 4, 8, 20, and 50 largest firms for selected years 1980–2006

<sup>1</sup> Conc. equals concentration, which is the percentage of total commercial slaughter accounted for by the firms included in the stated size group.

<sup>2</sup> Share equals percentage of total commercial slaughter.

<sup>3</sup> HHI (Herfindahl-Hirschman Index) equals the sum of each firm's squared percentage share of total commercial slaughter.

<sup>4</sup> Comm. sltr. equals total commercial slaughter of fed and non-fed steers and heifers during the calendar year.

<sup>5</sup> Numerator values are number of head procured for slaughter during each firm's reporting (fiscal) year.

<sup>6</sup> Numerator values are number of head slaughtered in calendar year. Number of plants may differ from data reported to GIPSA due to timing of plant openings and closings.

Source: Packer annual reports filed with GIPSA; Livestock Slaughter, Annual Summary, National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA, MTAN 1-2-1, various issues; and federally inspected slaughter data from National Agricultural Statistics Service.

Table 28.—Cow and bull slaughter concentration by 4, 8, 20, and 50 largest firms for selected years 1980–2006

	7	Гор 4 fir	ms	]	Гор 8 fir	ms	Т	op 20 fi	rms	Т	op 50 fi	rms		Al	l reportin	g firms		Comm.
Year	Plants	Head	Conc. <sup>1</sup>	Plants	Firms	Head	Share <sup>2</sup>	$HHI^{3}$	sltr. <sup>4</sup>									
	<u>No.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.		<u>[0.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	<u>Pct.</u>	Index	<u>Mil.</u>									
						Conc	centration	n based o	on procure	ment dat	a reporte	ed to GIPS	$A^5$					Ш
1980	5	0.7	9.7	14	1.3	18.3	31	2.5	35.2	67	3.9	55.5	622	579	6.3	89.0	89	7.1
1985	12	1.4	17.2	18	2.2	27.0	32	3.7	45.4	68	5.4	65.7	458	426	7.2	88.9	160	8.1
1990	9	1.3	20.4	17	2.2	33.2	29	3.8	57.6	64	5.3	81.4	324	307	6.1	93.4	223	6.6
1995	11	1.6	23.4	18	2.7	38.5	32	4.7	67.6	64	6.1	88.2	219	198	6.5	93.1	293	7.0
2000	12	2.0	32.0	16	3.2	51.7	29	5.0	81.4	61	5.8	94.7	138	127	5.9	96.4	454	6.1
2001	8	2.1	33.2	15	3.4	52.4	27	5.0	77.5	62	5.6	87.4	134	122	5.7	88.6	474	6.4
2002	12	2.8	43.7	16	3.9	61.1	28	5.1	80.4	60	5.6	87.5	125	113	5.6	88.5	636	6.4
2003	13	3.0	43.8	19	4.3	63.5	31	5.9	86.7	65	6.5	95.6	119	104	6.5	96.3	680	6.8
2004	13	2.7	48.0	18	3.8	66.0	30	5.1	89.0	65	5.5	96.7	122	106	5.6	97.3	739	5.7
2005	14	2.6	49.1	18	3.6	66.4	30	4.8	89.4	64	5.2	96.6	116	101	5.2	97.1	826	5.4
2006	15	3.0	50.6	19	4.0	66.6	31	5.2	86.7	63	5.5	93.3	110	97	5.6	93.8	896	5.9
						Co	ncentrati	on based	l on federa	ally inspe	cted slau	ughter data	1 <sup>6</sup>					
1992	12	1.5	23.6	16	2.4	37.3	32	4.1	62.8	62	5.6	86.2	877	866	6.3	97.6	271	6.5
1995	14	1.9	27.6	19	2.9	42.0	34	4.9	70.0	64	6.3	91.1	752	743	6.8	97.9	346	7.0
2000	14	2.0	32.0	18	3.2	52.0	32	4.9	79.6	60	5.8	94.5	630	620	6.0	98.3	456	6.1
2001	15	2.2	34.5	21	3.5	55.4	33	5.4	83.8	61	6.1	95.5	628	617	6.3	98.3	520	6.4
2002	16	2.5	39.4	22	3.8	60.0	33	5.4	85.4	60	6.1	95.5	605	593	6.3	98.3	598	6.4
2003	13	3.0	43.6	17	4.2	61.8	28	5.7	84.8	54	6.4	95.3	597	591	6.7	98.4	651	6.8
2004	13	2.4	42.7	17	3.5	60.6	28	4.9	85.3	54	5.5	95.8	589	583	5.6	98.3	632	5.7
2005	18	2.6	48.0	23	3.5	65.7	34	4.8	88.6	62	5.2	96.6	561	551	5.3	98.3	785	5.4
2006	13	3.0	51.3	17	4.0	67.7	29	5.3	89.7	57	5.8	96.9	547	544	5.8	98.4	938	5.9

<sup>1</sup> Conc. equals concentration, which is the percentage of total commercial slaughter accounted for by the firms included in the stated size group. <sup>2</sup> Share equals percentage of total commercial slaughter.

<sup>3</sup> HHI (Herfindahl-Hirschman Index) equals the sum of each firm's squared percentage share of total commercial slaughter.

<sup>4</sup> Comm. sltr. equals total commercial slaughter of cows and bulls during the calendar year.

<sup>5</sup> Numerator values are number of head procured for slaughter during each firm's reporting (fiscal) year.

<sup>6</sup> Numerator values are number of head slaughtered in calendar year. Number of plants may differ from data reported to GIPSA due to timing of plant openings and closings.

Source: Packer annual reports filed with GIPSA; Livestock Slaughter, Annual Summary, National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA, MTAN 1-2-1, various issues; and federally inspected slaughter data from National Agricultural Statistics Service.

	[	Гор 4 fir	ms	[	Гор 8 fir	ms	Т	op 20 fii	rms	Т	op 50 fi	rms		Al	l reportin	g firms		Comm.
Year	Plants	Head	Conc. <sup>1</sup>	Plants	Head	Conc. <sup>1</sup>	Plants	Head	Conc. <sup>1</sup>	Plants	Head	Conc. <sup>1</sup>	Plants	Firms	Head	Share <sup>2</sup>	$HHI^{3}$	sltr. <sup>4</sup>
	<u>No.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.	<u>No.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.	<u>No.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.	<u>No.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.	<u>N</u>	<u>[o.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	<u>Pct.</u>	Index	<u>Mil.</u>
						Cone	centratio	n based o	on procure	ement dat	a reporte	ed to GIPS	$\mathrm{SA}^5$					
1980	23	9.6	28.4	47	14.0	41.3	65	17.6	52.2	108	21.9	64.7	743	667	30.8	91.0	361	33.8
1985	20	14.2	39.0	29	18.0	49.6	55	23.6	65.0	95	28.3	77.9	538	477	34.3	94.4	617	36.3
1990	26	19.5	58.6	37	22.5	67.8	54	26.3	79.0	90	29.7	89.5	387	344	31.9	95.9	1,118	33.2
1995	30	24.0	67.3	36	26.2	73.6	51	29.7	83.4	84	32.7	91.9	279	230	33.8	94.9	1,437	35.6
2000	25	25.2	69.6	35	28.4	78.4	48	32.4	89.5	82	34.9	96.3	189	155	35.3	97.4	1,437	36.2
2001	24	24.3	68.7	34	27.6	78.0	46	31.5	89.0	83	33.6	95.0	188	152	33.9	95.9	1,384	35.4
2002	25	24.5	68.6	35	28.3	79.3	47	31.7	88.7	83	33.4	93.6	171	136	33.7	94.3	1,374	35.7
2003	25	25.3	71.2	37	29.7	83.6	50	33.0	92.8	87	34.9	98.3	164	127	35.1	99.0	1,507	35.5
2004	25	23.2	70.9	37	27.1	82.9	50	30.2	92.5	91	32.2	98.5	174	132	32.5	99.2	1,453	32.7
2005	25	22.3	69.0	37	26.4	81.6	49	29.3	90.5	86	31.1	95.9	168	129	31.3	96.5	1,378	32.4
2006	27	23.2	68.9	39	27.6	81.9	52	30.3	89.9	90	31.9	94.7	168	125	32.1	95.3	1,382	33.7
						Co	ncentrati	on based	on federa	l ally inspe	cted sla	ughter data	1 1 <sup>6</sup>					Ш
1992	27	21.1	64.3	35	23.7	72.1	51	27.1	82.4	84	30.2	91.8	971	950	32.1	97.6	1,369	32.9
1995	31	24.6	69.0	37	26.9	75.4	52	30.4	85.4	84	33.4	93.7	836	812	34.9	97.9	1,505	35.6
2000	25	25.1	69.4	36	28.5	78.5	49	32.4	89.3	77	34.8	96.1	738	716	35.6	98.3	1,420	36.2
2001	25	24.4	69.0	36	28.4	80.3	48	31.8	89.9	76	34.1	96.3	723	699	34.8	98.3	1,422	35.4
2002	26	24.5	68.5	37	28.7	80.3	48	32.2	90.2	75	34.4	96.3	706	683	35.1	98.3	1,399	35.7
2003	25	24.4	68.8	36	28.7	80.7	47	32.0	90.1	76	34.2	96.4	689	666	34.9	98.3	1,404	35.5
2004	25	22.5	68.9	36	26.3	80.4	47	29.4	89.8	74	31.6	96.5	689	668	32.2	98.3	1,366	32.7
2005	26	22.9	70.6	38	26.6	82.2	53	29.5	91.1	81	31.4	96.8	662	637	31.8	98.3	1,447	32.4
2006	26	23.6	70.0	37	28.1	83.3	49	30.9	91.6	77	32.7	97.0	637	617	33.1	98.4	1,405	33.7

Table 29.—Cattle slaughter concentration by 4, 8, 20, and 50 largest firms for selected years 1980–2006

<sup>1</sup> Conc. equals concentration, which is the percentage of total commercial slaughter accounted for by the firms included in the stated size group.
 <sup>2</sup> Share equals percentage of total commercial slaughter.
 <sup>3</sup> HHI (Herfindahl-Hirschman Index) equals the sum of each firm's squared percentage share of total commercial slaughter.

<sup>4</sup> Comm. sltr. equals total commercial slaughter of cattle during the calendar year.

<sup>5</sup> Numerator values are number of head procured for slaughter during each firm's reporting (fiscal) year.

<sup>6</sup> Numerator values are number of head slaughtered in calendar year. Number of plants may differ from data reported to GIPSA due to timing of plant openings and closings.

Source: Packer annual reports filed with GIPSA; Livestock Slaughter, Annual Summary, National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA, MTAN 1-2-1, various issues; and federally inspected slaughter data from National Agricultural Statistics Service.

	1	Гор 4 fir	ms	]	Гор 8 fir	ms	Т	op 20 fi	rms	Т	op 50 fii	rms		Al	l reportin	g firms		Comm.
Year	Plants	Head	Conc. <sup>1</sup>	Plants	Head	Conc. <sup>1</sup>	Plants	Head	Conc. <sup>1</sup>	Plants	Head	Conc. <sup>1</sup>	Plants	Firms	Head	Share <sup>2</sup>	$HHI^{3}$	sltr. <sup>4</sup>
	<u>No.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.	<u>No.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.	<u>No.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.	<u>No.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.	<u>N</u>	<u>0.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.	Index	<u>Mil.</u>
1980 1985 1990 1995	16 22 7 8	0.8 1.1 0.6 0.4	31.0 31.1 31.1 27.9	20 32 12 16	$1.1 \\ 1.4 \\ 0.8 \\ 0.6$	44.9 42.6 47.2 43.4	36 49 41 40	1.6 2.1 1.3 1.1	62.5 62.0 71.5 75.2	68 101 73 82	2.0 2.7 1.6 1.3	78.3 78.7 90.6 89.0	295 270 194 133	273 219 169 100	2.2 2.8 1.7 1.3	86.7 83.4 93.8 89.9	339 349 416 383	2.6 3.4 1.8 1.4
1999 2000	5 5	0.4 0.4	29.6 33.4	11 9	0.6 0.6	48.4 54.6	29 25	1.0 0.9	75.5 80.1	60 55	$\begin{array}{c} 1.1 \\ 1.0 \end{array}$	82.6 85.1	84 69	74 64	1.1 1.0	82.7 85.2	386 467	1.3 1.1
2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	5 4 5 6 9	0.3 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.3	33.0 32.8 38.1 40.6 47.1	9 8 9 10 13	0.6 0.5 0.6 0.5 0.5	55.2 52.3 61.6 63.6 70.0	24 23 23 24 27	0.8 0.8 0.9 0.7 0.6	83.0 77.7 88.9 81.8 86.5	54 53 56 54 57	0.9 0.9 0.9 0.7 0.7	87.0 82.3 92.9 84.1 88.6	70 64 63 59 60	66 61 57 55 53	0.9 0.9 0.7 0.7	87.1 82.3 92.9 84.1 88.6	482 443 599 610 733	1.0 1.0 1.0 0.8 0.7
2006	6	0.3	43.4	10	0.5	63.3	24	0.6	82.4	NA	NA	NA	52	48	0.6	84.1	625	0.7

Table 30.—Calf slaughter concentration by 4, 8, 20, and 50 largest firms for selected years 1980–2006

<sup>1</sup> Conc. equals concentration, which is the percentage of total commercial slaughter accounted for by the firms included in the stated size group. <sup>2</sup> Share equals percentage of total commercial slaughter. Numerator values are for firms' reporting years.

<sup>3</sup> HHI (Herfindahl-Hirschman Index) equals the sum of each firm's squared percentage share of total commercial slaughter.

<sup>4</sup> Comm. sltr. equals total commercial slaughter of calves during the calendar year.

Source: Packer annual reports filed with GIPSA and Livestock Slaughter, Annual Summary, National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA, MTAN 1-2-1, various issues.

	Г	Top 4 fir	ms	]	Гор 8 fir	ms	Т	op 20 fi	rms	]	Гор 50 fi	irms		All	reporting	firms		Comm.
Year	Plants	Head	Conc. <sup>1</sup>	Plants	Head	Conc. <sup>1</sup>	Plants	Head	Conc. <sup>1</sup>	Plants	Head	Conc. <sup>1</sup>	Plants	Firms	Head	Share <sup>2</sup>	$HHI^{3}$	sltr. <sup>4</sup>
	<u>No.</u>	Mil.	Pct.	<u>No.</u>	Mil.	Pct.	<u>No.</u>	Mil.	Pct.	<u>No.</u>	Mil.	Pct.	<u>N</u>	<u>0.</u>	Mil.	Pct.	Index	Mil.
						Conc	entration	based o	on procure	ment dat	a reporte	ed to GIPSA	5					II
1980	27	32.3	33.6	39	48.9	50.9	60	68.4	71.2	102	85.7	89.2	509	446	92.9	96.7	436	96.1
1985	23	27.2	32.2	32	42.9	50.8	64	68.0	80.5	105	77.4	91.6	403	338	80.4	95.2	456	84.5
1990	16	34.3	40.3	24	49.5	58.1	48	70.5	82.8	88	77.5	91.0	335	290	80.2	94.2	593	85.1
1995	17	43.8	45.5	27	66.8	69.4	42	84.1	87.3	81	89.5	92.9	245	209	91.6	95.1	754	96.3
2000	19	55.9	57.1	28	78.6	80.3	48	89.6	91.4	80	92.7	94.6	186	152	93.9	95.8	1,047	98.0
				1			1			1			1					
2001	19	55.7	56.9	28	78.1	79.7	44	91.6	93.5	82	94.9	96.9	184	151	96.0	98.0	1,042	98.0
2002	19	56.1	56.0	28	78.9	78.7	43	92.3	92.0	79	95.9	95.6	175	142	97.1	96.8	1,028	100.3
2003	19	63.8	63.2	26	82.4	81.7	41	92.9	92.0	78	96.2	95.3	154	125	97.2	96.3	1,290	100.9
2004	19	63.4	61.3	25	82.5	79.8	40	93.5	90.4	79	97.4	94.1	166	136	98.6	95.3	1,178	103.5
2005	19	65.7	63.5	26	87.3	84.3	42	96.6	93.3	81	100.2	96.8	163	131	101.2	97.7	1,334	103.6
2006	19	65.8	62.8	26	88.0	84.0	41	99.4	94.9	80	103.5	98.8	159	128	104.5	99.8	1,304	104.7
2000	19	05.8	02.0	20	00.0	04.0	41	99.4	94.9	80	105.5	90.0	139	120	104.3	99.0	1,304	104.7
						Con	centratio	n based	on federal	lly inspec	ted slau	ghter data <sup>6</sup>						
1992	17	42.2	44.4	24	59.7	62.9	41	82.1	86.5	75	89.6	94.4	921	908	92.6	97.6	702	94.9
1995	16	44.0	45.7	28	67.5	70.1	43	85.1	88.4	76	91.8	95.3	802	784	94.2	97.8	769	94.2
2000	19	55.2	56.4	27	78.3	79.9	44	91.5	93.4	77	94.8	96.7	721	696	96.4	98.4	1,033	98.0
2001	10			1					0 <b>0</b> 6		<b>.</b>			<0.0		00 <b>-</b>	1.025	
2001	19	55.5	56.7	25	77.1	78.7	41	90.8	92.6	73	94.7	96.7	699	680	96.5	98.5	1,035	98.0
2002	16	55.5	55.4	22	77.4	77.2	38	92.4	92.2	71	96.9	96.7	683	670	98.9	98.7	1,005	100.3
2003	19	64.8	64.2	24	83.5	82.8	39	93.8	92.9	70	97.7	96.8	662	646	99.7	98.8	1,334	100.9
2004	19	66.4	64.1	24	85.5	82.7	39	96.4	93.2	69	100.4	97.1	664	643	102.4	98.9	1,320	103.5
2005	19	66.0	63.7	25	87.7	84.6	39	96.9	93.6	70	100.7	97.3	629	615	102.5	99.0	1,340	103.6
2006	19	64.3	61.4	25	86.1	82.2	39	97.6	93.2	72	101.9	97.3	612	597	103.7	99.0	1,225	104.7
2000	19	04.3	01.4	23	00.1	02.2	37	97.0	93.2	12	101.9	91.3	012	J71	103.7	99.0	1,223	104.7

Table 31.—Hog slaughter concentration by 4, 8, 20, and 50 largest firms for selected years 1980–2006

<sup>1</sup> Conc. equals concentration, which is the percentage of total commercial slaughter accounted for by the firms included in the stated size group.

<sup>2</sup> Share equals percentage of total commercial slaughter.

<sup>3</sup> HHI (Herfindahl-Hirschman Index) equals the sum of each firm's squared percentage share of total commercial slaughter.

<sup>4</sup> Comm. sltr. equals total commercial slaughter of hogs during the calendar year.

<sup>5</sup> Numerator values are number of head procured for slaughter during each firm's reporting (fiscal) year.

<sup>6</sup> Numerator values are number of head slaughtered in calendar year. Number of plants may differ from data reported to GIPSA due to timing of plant openings and closings.

Source: Packer annual reports filed with GIPSA; Livestock Slaughter, Annual Summary, National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA, MTAN 1-2-1, various issues; and federally inspected slaughter data from National Agricultural Statistics Service.

Table 32.—Sheep and lamb slaughter concentration by 4, 8, 20, and 50 largest firms for selected years 1980–2006

	1	Гор 4 fir	ms	]	Гор 8 fir	ms	Т	op 20 fi	rms	Т	op 50 fi	rms		Al	l reportin	g firms		Comm.
Year	Plants	Head	Conc. <sup>1</sup>	Plants	Firms	Head	Share <sup>2</sup>	$HHI^{3}$	sltr. <sup>4</sup>									
	<u>No.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.	<u>No.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	<u>Pct.</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.	<u>No.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.	<u>N</u>	<u>lo.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.	Index	<u>Mil.</u>
						Conc	centration	n based o	on procure	ment dat	a reporte	ed to GIPS	$A^5$					
1980	8	3.1	55.9	12	4.6	82.8	24	5.3	95.7	54	5.4	97.4	195	190	5.5	97.7	1,050	5.6
1985	6	3.2	51.2	11	4.9	80.2	23	5.9	94.9	53	5.9	96.4	157	154	6.0	96.6	983	6.2
1990	10	4.0	70.2	14	4.4	77.5	26	4.6	80.8	58	4.6	81.6	138	130	4.6	81.8	1,580	5.7
1995	6	3.6	77.9	10	4.1	89.7	22	4.3	94.0	53	4.4	95.6	98	94	4.4	95.6	1,917	4.6
2000	5	2.4	69.8	9	2.8	81.5	22	3.0	85.7	53	3.0	86.6	62	59	3.0	86.6	1,416	3.5
2001	5	2.2	68.8	9	2.6	81.2	21	2.8	85.8	51	2.8	86.6	64	63	2.8	86.6	1,380	3.2
2002	5	2.1	64.2	9	2.5	75.9	21	2.6	80.4	51	2.7	81.2	55	54	2.7	81.2	1,223	3.3
2003	5	1.6	53.5	10	2.0	67.8	22	2.2	72.6	52	2.2	73.2	55	53	2.2	73.2	841	3.0
2004	5	1.9	66.9	10	2.3	81.4	22	2.4	85.9	52	2.5	86.8	56	54	2.5	86.8	1,341	2.8
2005	5	1.5	55.7	11	1.9	68.8	25	2.0	72.9	55	2.0	73.7	58	53	2.0	73.7	1,019	2.7
2006	5	15	57.0	10	1.0	(0,7)		2.0	746	52	2.0	75.2		50	2.0	75.2	1.052	
2006	5	1.5	57.0	10	1.9	69.7	22	2.0	74.6	53	2.0	75.3	55	52	2.0	75.3	1,052	2.7
	•					Co	ncentrati	on based	l on federa	ally inspe	cted slau	ughter data	a <sup>6</sup>					ш
1992	8	3.9	71.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	748	NA	5.3	96.2	NA	5.5
1995	6	3.3	71.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	617	NA	4.4	96.2	NA	4.6
2000	5	2.3	67.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	541	NA	3.3	95.6	NA	3.5
2001	5	2.1	66.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	538	NA	3.1	95.1	NA	3.2
2002	5	2.1	65.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	525	NA	3.1	94.1	NA	3.3
2002	4	1.9	65.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	505	NA	2.8	94.2	NA	3.0
2004	4	1.6	64.7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	500	NA	2.7	94.3	NA	2.8
2005	5	1.9	69.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	496	NA	2.6	94.7	NA	2.7
																		ш
2006	5	1.9	67.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	484	NA	2.5	94.4	NA	2.7

NA denotes data not available. Mil. denotes millions.

<sup>1</sup> Conc. equals concentration, which is the percentage of total commercial slaughter accounted for by the firms included in the stated size group.

<sup>2</sup> Share equals percentage of total commercial slaughter.

<sup>3</sup> HHI (Herfindahl-Hirschman Index) equals the sum of each firm's squared percentage share of total commercial slaughter.

<sup>4</sup> Comm. sltr. equals total commercial slaughter of sheep and lambs during the calendar year.

<sup>5</sup> Numerator values are number of head procured for slaughter during each firm's reporting (fiscal) year.

<sup>6</sup> Numerator values are number of head slaughtered in calendar year. Number of plants may differ from data reported to GIPSA due to timing of plant openings and closings.

Source: Packer annual reports filed with GIPSA; Livestock Slaughter, Annual Summary, National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA, MTAN 1-2-1, various issues; and federally inspected slaughter data from National Agricultural Statistics Service.

Table 33.—Boxed fed beef production concentration by 4, 8, 20, and 50 largest firms for selected years 1980–2006

Year	T Plants <sup>1</sup>	Top 4 fir Head	ms Conc. <sup>2</sup>	T Plants <sup>1</sup>	Cop 8 fir Head	$\frac{\text{ms}}{\text{Conc.}^2}$	T Plants <sup>1</sup>	op 20 fii Head	$\frac{\text{rms}}{\text{Conc.}^2}$	T Plants <sup>1</sup>	op 50 fir Head	$\frac{\text{rms}}{\text{Conc.}^2}$	Plants <sup>1</sup>	All 1 Firms	eporting Head	firms Share <sup>3</sup>	$\mathrm{HHI}^4$	Total boxed beef <sup>5</sup>
	<u>No.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.	<u>No.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.	<u>No.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.	<u>No.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.	<u>N</u>	<u>0.</u>	<u>Mil.</u>	Pct.	<u>Index</u>	<u>Mil.</u>
1980 1985	11 15	7.2 12.8	52.9 61.5	22 24	9.3 16.4	67.9 78.7	39 39	11.5 19.4	84.1 93.2	72 72	11.9 20.1	87.4 96.2	97 90	75 68	12.0 20.1	87.7 96.3	1,220 1,527	13.7 20.9
1986 1987 1988 1989 1990	16 23 21 20 24	14.7 18.0 18.5 18.1 18.3	67.4 79.5 79.3 79.2 79.3	22 28 28 27 28	18.5 20.0 20.6 20.2 20.5	85.2 88.6 88.7 88.2 88.7	35 41 41 41 41 41	20.7 21.5 22.1 21.7 22.1	95.0 95.4 95.1 94.7 96.0	67 72 71 71 71 71	21.1 21.9 22.5 22.0 22.4	96.8 97.0 96.6 96.1 97.1	82 97 98 91 81	65 74 77 70 60	21.1 21.9 22.5 22.0 22.4	96.8 97.1 96.7 96.2 97.1	1,691 1,981 2,030 1,979 1,988	21.8 22.6 23.3 22.9 23.1
1991 1992 1993 1994 1995	22 22 20 21 21	18.5 19.4 19.8 21.3 22.1	78.7 81.4 82.7 85.7 84.3	26 26 25 26 25	20.4 21.5 21.8 23.0 23.8	87.1 90.0 90.7 92.5 90.9	38 38 37 38 37	22.4 23.0 23.0 24.1 25.3	95.3 96.4 96.0 97.1 96.7	69 69 NA NA NA	22.8 23.2 NA NA NA	97.2 97.2 NA NA NA	90 69 62 57 55	70 50 45 39 38	22.8 23.2 23.1 24.2 25.4	97.3 97.2 96.4 97.5 97.0	1,958 2,163 2,236 2,340 2,208	23.5 23.8 24.0 24.8 26.2
1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	21 21 21 20 21	22.4 22.0 22.4 23.0 23.7	82.3 82.6 84.2 84.3 84.7	26 26 27 26 27	24.6 24.2 24.5 25.3 26.1	90.4 90.8 92.4 92.6 93.3	41 38 39 39 40	26.6 26.1 26.0 26.9 27.7	97.9 97.9 98.0 98.5 99.1	NA 70 NA NA NA	NA 26.4 NA NA NA	NA 98.8 NA NA NA	63 72 64 61 62	42 52 44 42 41	26.8 26.4 26.2 27.0 27.8	98.4 98.8 98.5 98.8 99.4	2,061 2,088 2,108 2,076 2,082	27.2 26.7 26.6 27.3 28.0
2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 <sup>5</sup> 2006	21 21 21 21 21 21 24	23.1 22.6 23.5 21.6 21.2 21.9	84.0 82.9 83.6 82.2 82.9 84.1	27 27 28 28 28 28 31	25.4 25.2 26.4 24.4 23.8 24.5	92.4 92.3 94.0 92.7 93.3 94.2	40 40 42 44 44 50	27.0 26.8 27.7 26.0 25.5 26.0	98.2 98.3 98.7 98.8 99.9 99.9	NA NA NA NA NA	NA NA NA NA NA	NA NA NA NA NA	63 64 58 64 63 71	42 43 36 40 38 40	27.1 26.9 27.7 26.0 25.6 26.0	98.5 98.6 98.7 99.0 100.0 100.0	2,025 1,963 2,040 1,916 1,951 1,997	27.5 27.3 28.0 26.3 25.6 26.0

NA denotes data not applicable because there were fewer than 50 firms. Mil. denotes millions.

<sup>1</sup> May include processing plants that do not slaughter.

 $^{2}$  Conc. equals concentration, which is the percentage of total boxed beef production accounted for by the firms included in the stated size group. Numerator values are GIPSA data for firms' reporting years.

<sup>3</sup> Share equals percentage of total U.S. boxed beef production. Numerator values are for firms' reporting years.

<sup>4</sup> HHI (Herfindahl-Hirschman Index) equals the sum of each firm's squared percentage share of total U.S. boxed beef production.

<sup>5</sup> Until 2005, includes all U.S. production during the calendar year by slaughtering and nonslaughtering fabricators, but not retail stores. Beginning in 2005, includes only production by packers reporting to GIPSA.

	Г	Top 4 firi	ns	Г	Fop 8 firi	ms	Г	op 20 fii	ms	Т	op 50 fir	ms		All	reporting	firms		Total
Year	Plants <sup>2</sup>	Purc. <sup>3</sup>	Conc. <sup>4</sup>	Plants <sup>2</sup>	Purc. <sup>3</sup>	Conc. <sup>4</sup>	Plants <sup>2</sup>		Conc. <sup>4</sup>	Plants <sup>2</sup>	Purc. <sup>3</sup>	Conc. <sup>4</sup>	Plants <sup>2</sup>	Firms	Purc. <sup>3</sup>	Share <sup>5</sup>	$HHI^{6}$	U.S. Purc. <sup>7</sup>
	<u>No.</u>	Bil. <u>dol.</u>	Pct.	<u>No.</u>	Bil. <u>dol.</u>	Pct.	<u>No.</u>	Bil. <u>dol.</u>	Pct.	<u>No.</u>	Bil. <u>dol.</u>	Pct.	<u>N</u>	<u>0.</u>	Bil. <u>dol.</u>	Pct.	Index	Bil. <u>dol.</u>
1980	47	8.3	25.5	74	13.0	40.0	110	17.2	53.0	163	21.2	65.3	983	810	30.1	92.6	285	32.5
1985	37	11.0	34.0	51	14.3	44.1	103	20.4	63.0	176	25.2	77.9	817	615	30.8	95.0	464	32.4
1987	50	16.4	47.3	71	19.4	56.0	102	24.2	69.8	156	28.2	81.4	737	544	33.2	95.8	759	34.7
1988	47	17.7	49.1	71	21.0	58.1	98	25.5	70.6	150	29.6	82.0	720	537	34.7	96.0	825	36.1
1989	45	18.7	51.2	66	21.9	60.0	92	26.0	71.1	138	30.1	82.3	650	508	34.7	94.8	869	36.6
1990	46	20.5	53.1	65	24.0	62.0	92	28.4	73.5	131	32.8	84.7	629	497	36.8	95.2	942	38.7
1991	43	21.3	54.9	60	24.6	63.5	83	29.2	75.5	119	33.3	85.9	594	468	36.9	95.2	1,006	38.7
1992	46	22.7	59.4	58	25.6	67.0	83	29.7	77.6	121	33.5	87.5	573	437	36.6	95.6	1,176	38.3
1993	48	24.9	62.9	60	27.9	70.3	83	31.6	79.8	120	35.1	88.6	535	407	37.8	95.4	1,239	39.6
1994	51	25.1	62.7	62	28.2	70.3	85	32.5	81.1	121	35.5	88.6	507	373	37.9	94.5	1,219	40.1
1995	49	23.0	62.1	58	25.9	69.9	78	29.7	80.2	115	32.9	88.8	492	360	35.2	94.9	1,209	37.1
1996	49	22.9	62.2	62	26.3	71.4	77	30.0	81.3	122	33.1	89.8	481	348	35.2	95.5	1,214	36.8
1997	49	23.7	61.0	62	28.4	72.9	76	32.0	82.3	119	35.1	90.3	444	331	37.2	95.6	1,170	38.9
1998	48	22.4	63.1	62	26.6	74.9	81	29.7	83.7	124	32.1	90.3	373	279	33.6	94.5	1,208	35.5
1999	44	22.5	65.8	57	26.2	76.4	75	29.2	85.1	112	31.5	91.9	357	267	32.9	96.0	1,316	34.3
2000	43	25.6	66.0	57	30.0	77.1	77	33.5	86.1	116	36.2	93.0	349	263	37.6	96.7	1,312	38.9
2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	40 47 49 49 49 50	26.2 24.4 27.0 29.9 31.4 31.3	64.8 63.9 68.6 67.3 66.9 66.0	54 60 59 56 61 63	30.8 29.6 32.0 35.4 37.3 38.0	76.2 77.6 81.3 79.8 79.5 80.3	72 74 74 73 77 77	34.7 32.9 35.2 39.1 41.1 41.6	86.0 86.3 89.5 88.1 87.4 87.9	117 122 124 128 130	37.6 35.1 37.4 42.0 43.9 44.1	93.1 91.9 95.1 94.5 93.4 93.3	343 326 311 325 322 326	256 243 223 234 225 223	39.0 36.3 38.6 43.5 45.2 45.4	96.7 95.1 98.1 97.8 96.3 96.0	1,278 1,217 1,397 1,341 1,281 1,269	40.4 38.2 39.4 44.4 47.0 47.3

Table 34.—Livestock purchase concentration by 4, 8, 20, and 50 largest<sup>1</sup> firms for selected years 1980–2006

<sup>1</sup> Based on total amount spent for all livestock slaughtered.

<sup>2</sup> May include processing plants that do not slaughter.

<sup>3</sup> Purc. equals livestock purchases.

<sup>4</sup> Conc. equals concentration, which is the percentage of total commercial slaughter livestock value accounted for by the firms included in the stated size group.

<sup>5</sup> Share equals percentage of total U.S. livestock purchases. Numerator values are for firms' reporting years.

<sup>6</sup> HHI (Herfindahl-Hirschman Index) equals the sum of each firm's squared percentage share of total livestock purchases.

<sup>7</sup> Total value of all livestock purchased for slaughter by reporting packers during their reporting years, plus the value of livestock slaughtered by nonreporting packers during the calendar year, based on reported average prices and weights.

Source: Livestock Slaughter, Annual Summary, National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA, MTAN 1-2-1, various issues; U.S. Department of Agricultural <u>Agricultural</u> <u>Prices</u>, National Agricultural Statistics Service, various issues; and packer annual reports filed with GIPSA. (GIPSA-SR-08-1)

Item	1st–4th	5th-8th	9th-20th	21st-40th	Top 8	Top 20	Top 40
				Percent of sales			
Net sales	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Cost of sales							
Livestock purchases	70.84	60.16	17.56	31.44	68.69	54.88	53.06
Total cost of sales	79.80	66.02	66.83	79.88	77.02	74.27	74.71
Gross income	20.20	33.98	33.17	20.12	22.98	25.73	25.29
Operating expenses: <sup>2</sup>							
Manufacturing	12.87	21.57	2.59	5.60	14.62	11.38	10.93
Advertising & selling expenses	0.72	2.51	0.26	1.19	1.08	0.86	0.88
General & administrative	1.97	1.84	24.38	4.62	1.95	8.00	7.74
Depreciation & amortization	0.93	1.03	0.17	0.40	0.95	0.74	0.71
<b>T</b> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0.20	0.62	1 70	0.04	0.40	0 77	0.70

1.70

1.85

30.95

2.22

0.94

1.55

14.71

5.42

0.43

3.64

22.68

0.30

0.77

3.16

0.82

24.91

Table 35.—Sales, expenses, and operating income of 4, 8, 20, and 40 largest<sup>1</sup> meatpacking firms for 2006

Note: Reported financial figures may include information on operations other than meat packing.

0.38

3.53

(0.20)

20.41

<sup>1</sup> Ranking determined by total amount spent for all livestock slaughtered.

Interest

Total operating expenses

Operating income  $(loss)^3$ 

Other

<sup>2</sup> Total may not equal sum of the expense components because some firms did not report individual expense components.

0.63

4.11

31.67

2.30

<sup>3</sup> Operating income (loss) equals gross income per dollar of sales minus total operating expenses per dollar of sales.

(GIPSA-SR-08-1)

0.79

3.03

24.12

1.18

Item	1st–4th	5th-8th	9th-20th	21st-40th	Top 8	Top 20	Top 40
Net sales per \$ of assets	4.734	2.829	1.286	1.925	4.168	2.597	2.528
Net sales per \$ of equity	9.429	5.681	7.194	3.352	8.322	7.984	7.209
Gross income per \$ of sales	0.202	0.340	0.332	0.201	0.230	0.257	0.253
Gross income per \$ of assets	0.956	0.961	0.427	0.387	0.958	0.668	0.639
Gross income per \$ of equity	1.905	1.930	2.386	0.674	1.912	2.054	1.823
Total operating expenses per \$ of sales	0.204	0.317	0.309	0.147	0.227	0.249	0.241
Total operating expenses per \$ of assets	0.966	0.896	0.398	0.283	0.945	0.647	0.610
Total operating expenses per \$ of equity	1.924	1.799	2.226	0.493	1.887	1.989	1.739
Operating income per \$ of sales	(0.002)	0.023	0.022	0.054	0.003	0.008	0.012
Operating income per \$ of assets	(0.010)	0.065	0.029	0.104	0.013	0.021	0.030
Operating income per \$ of equity	(0.019)	0.131	0.160	0.182	0.025	0.065	0.085
Equity to asset ratio	0.502	0.498	0.179	0.574	0.501	0.325	0.351

Table 36.—Selected financial ratios of 4, 8, 20, and 40 largest<sup>1</sup> meatpacking firms for 2006

Note: Reported financial figures may include information on operations other than meat packing. <sup>1</sup> Ranking determined by total amount spent for all livestock slaughtered.

Year	1st–4th	5th-8th	9th-20th	21st-40th	Top 8	Top 20	Top 40
		•		Percent of sales			•
1992	14.3	10.6	29.2	18.7	13.8	17.2	17.4
1993	12.5	26.7	22.1	16.1	14.8	16.2	16.2
1994	14.6	26.4	23.9	14.6	17.5	18.5	18.3
1995	17.5	32.2	24.0	19.0	19.8	20.9	20.7
1996	13.9	27.6	24.0	17.2	16.1	17.4	17.4
1997	14.8	25.7	22.9	14.1	17.3	18.2	18.0
1998	16.2	31.6	26.3	16.5	19.1	20.3	21.0
1999	18.3	36.5	25.5	19.9	21.7	22.3	22.2
2000	18.5	32.8	24.1	22.9	21.2	21.6	21.7
2001	20.1	32.5	25.8	19.1	22.4	22.8	22.5
2002	21.1	24.9	19.9	36.0	21.8	21.6	22.6
2003	21.9	25.6	32.3	20.0	22.6	24.2	23.9
2004	20.1	30.4	35.4	18.8	21.9	24.2	23.9
2005	19.4	36.0	30.5	23.6	22.6	23.8	23.6
2006	20.2	34.0	33.2	20.1	23.0	25.7	25.3

Table 37.—Gross income of 4, 8, 20, and 40 largest<sup>1</sup> meatpacking firms for 1992–2006

Note: Reported financial figures may include information on operations other than meat packing. <sup>1</sup> Ranking determined by total amount spent for all livestock slaughtered.

Year	1st–4th	5th-8th	9th-20th	21st-40th	Top 8	Top 20	Top 40
				Percent of sales			
1992	13.7	10.3	25.3	17.8	13.3	16.0	16.2
1993	11.9	24.4	19.3	15.7	13.9	14.9	15.0
1994	12.5	21.2	20.2	13.5	14.6	15.5	15.4
1995	14.2	28.3	19.0	17.3	16.4	17.0	17.1
1996	12.0	24.9	20.8	16.5	14.1	15.2	15.3
1997	13.8	23.1	19.1	13.2	15.7	16.3	16.1
1998	14.8	28.1	21.3	16.1	17.3	18.0	18.6
1999	16.0	32.6	21.5	18.9	19.1	19.5	19.4
2000	17.0	31.4	20.6	21.7	19.7	19.8	20.0
2001	19.1	31.8	22.0	16.5	21.3	21.4	21.0
2002	19.3	23.6	16.7	30.5	20.1	19.7	20.4
2003	19.7	23.4	28.1	19.6	20.4	21.7	21.5
2004	19.0	29.5	30.4	18.3	20.8	22.5	22.2
2005	18.4	34.3	26.1	16.9	21.5	22.2	21.9
2006	20.4	31.7	30.9	14.7	22.7	24.9	24.1

Table 38.—Total operating expenses of 4, 8, 20, and 40 largest<sup>1</sup> meatpacking firms for 1992–2006

Note: Reported financial figures may include information on operations other than meat packing. <sup>1</sup> Ranking determined by total amount spent for all livestock slaughtered.

Year	1st–4th	5th-8th	9th-20th	21st-40th	Top 8	Top 20	Top 40
				Percent of sales			1
1992	0.56	0.35	3.86	0.93	0.53	1.27	1.23
1993	0.68	2.30	2.80	0.38	0.94	1.29	1.21
1994	2.11	5.21	3.73	1.15	2.87	3.01	2.89
1995	3.33	3.91	5.05	1.67	3.43	3.83	3.69
1996	1.90	2.70	3.21	0.71	2.02	2.22	2.11
1997	1.22	2.63	3.72	0.85	1.53	1.90	1.83
1998	1.43	3.57	5.02	0.42	1.83	2.38	2.37
1999	2.35	3.86	3.98	1.09	2.63	2.86	2.75
2000	1.47	1.48	3.44	1.16	1.47	1.78	1.74
2001	1.07	0.78	3.87	2.58	1.02	1.42	1.51
2002	1.82	1.27	3.17	5.58	1.71	1.89	2.15
2003	2.16	2.14	4.26	0.40	2.15	2.49	2.37
2004	1.06	0.88	5.06	0.61	1.03	1.73	1.66
2005	0.92	1.69	4.47	3.51	1.07	1.61	1.73
2006	(0.20)	2.30	2.22	5.42	0.30	0.82	1.18

Table 39.—Operating income of 4, 8, 20, and 40 largest<sup>1</sup> meatpacking firms for 1992–2006

Note: Reported financial figures may include information on operations other than meat packing. <sup>1</sup> Ranking determined by total amount spent for all livestock slaughtered.

## PART II. LIVESTOCK MARKETING

State and	Cattle <sup>3</sup> and		Sheep and	Value of
region <sup>2</sup>	calves	Hogs	lambs	livestock
		<u>Thous. head</u>		Thous. dol.
New England <sup>4</sup>	82	4	13	30,070
New Jersey	14	4	8	9,197
New York	484	12	16	170,792
Pennsylvania	531	134	129	321,248
North Atlantic	1,111	154	166	531,307
Illinois	282	360	30	264,146
ndiana	182	35	33	126,801
Michigan	160	25	7	128,574
Dhio	702	1,162	175	650,310
Wisconsin	948	36	48	601,314
East North Central	2,274	1,618	293	1,771,145
lowa	1,491	628	141	1,329,967
Kansas	2,053	52	55	1,538,778
Minnesota	885	2,370	86	1,030,352
Missouri	2,479	232	81	1,682,511
Nebraska	2,368	1,202	30	2,107,681
North Dakota	605	2	51	444,678
South Dakota	2,426	706	320	2,269,263
West North Central	12,307	5,192	764	10,403,230
Delaware and Maryland	46	14	9	23,332
Florida	435	19	10	213,104
Georgia	628	42	20	322,766
North Carolina	339	326	23	184,616
South Carolina	173	39	10	104,257
Virginia	533	6	22	304,311
West Virginia	75	4	9	45,892
South Atlantic	2,229	450	103	1,198,278

Table 40.—Volume and value of marketed slaughter and nonslaughter livestock for firms selling on commission<sup>1</sup> by livestock class, State, and region for 2006

See footnotes at end of table.

Continued—

## Table 40.—Volume and value of marketed slaughter and nonslaughter livestock for firms selling on commission<sup>1</sup> by livestock class, State, and region for 2006–continued

Oregon Washington <b>Pacific</b>	207 234 <b>1,748</b>	3 4 <b>44</b>	21 10 <b>108</b>	148,611 135,568 <b>1,179,211</b>
California	1,307	37	77	895,032
Mountain	4,126	272	245	2,845,117
Wyoming	245	1	9	197,537
Utah	144	4	22	89,084
New Mexico	333	0	9	216,271
Nevada	36	0	6	21,685
Montana	713	235	77	533,224
Idaho	458	8	29	228,705
Colorado	2,057	22	87	1,486,615
Arizona	140	2	6	71,996
Southern Plains	7,636	57	1,328	4,704,219
Texas	4,688	50	1,273	2,632,728
Oklahoma	2,948	7	55	2,071,491
South Central	4,263	59	139	2,364,892
Tennessee	997	14	46	534,509
Mississippi	485	9	14	241,847
Louisiana	315	17	17	202,094
Kentucky	1,053	11	44	667,127
Arkansas	802	5	5	366,533
Alabama	611	3	13	352,782
		<u>Thous. head</u>		Thous. dol.
region <sup>2</sup>	calves	11055	lambs	livestock
State and	Cattle <sup>3</sup> and	Hogs	Sheep and	Value of

<sup>1</sup> Includes all auctions, terminal markets, video auctions, and country commission firms. A country commission firm is a market agency selling on commission that does not operate an auction or terminal market.

<sup>2</sup> Location of public markets. Livestock sold through a market in one State or region may move to other States or regions for further feeding, breeding, or slaughter.

<sup>3</sup> Cattle includes steers, heifers, cows, and bulls.
 <sup>4</sup> Includes Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont.

		Value of livestock <sup>3</sup>			Volume of purchas	ses
State and region <sup>2</sup>	Bought on commission	Bought for own account	Total	Cattle <sup>4</sup> and calves	Hogs	Sheep and lambs
		<u>Thousand dollars</u> -			Thousand head	
New England <sup>5</sup>	8,863	53,347	62,210	158	6	4
New Jersey	16,715	822	17,537	0	0	2
New York	7,634	163,884	171,518	1,036	5	15
Pennsylvania	7,571	289,326	296,897	775	279	245
North Atlantic	40,783	507,379	548,162	1,969	290	266
Illinois	147,556	887,873	1,035,429	441	1,667	38
Indiana	19,644	1,050,934	1,070,578	1,560	483	62
Michigan	8,727	169,408	178,135	444	554	20
Ohio	304,366	402,367	706,733	472	753	102
Wisconsin	78,349	417,219	495,568	1,005	182	125
East North Central	558,642	2,927,801	3,486,443	3,922	3,639	347
Iowa	246,250	2,171,530	2,417,780	1,892	4,597	321
Kansas	264,291	984,592	1,248,883	1,426	579	32
Minnesota	466,610	1,585,884	2,052,494	1,863	2,314	158
Missouri	164,642	949,071	1,113,713	1,524	169	11
Nebraska	399,019	1,387,288	1,786,307	2,281	2,587	28
North Dakota	129,851	468,599	598,450	734	1	18
South Dakota	168,234	1,296,501	1,464,735	1,586	1,851	59
West North Central	1,838,897	8,843,465	10,682,362	11,306	12,098	627
Delaware and Maryland	1,612	30,780	32,392	23	27	6
Florida	15,565	205,037	220,602	439	0	3
Georgia	87,409	219,026	306,435	372	124	4
North Carolina	14,460	75,368	89,828	112	48	9
South Carolina	2,267	123,367	125,634	206	4	1
Virginia	60,384	165,906	226,290	350	5	1
West Virginia	6,388	79,715	86,103	177	2	12
South Atlantic	188,085	899,199	1,087,284	1,679	210	36

Table 41.—Value and volume of purchased slaughter and nonslaughter livestock for dealers<sup>1</sup> and firms buying on commission by State and region for 2006

See footnotes at end of table.

Continued—

Table 41.—Value and volume of purchased slaughter and nonslaughter livestock for dealers<sup>1</sup> and firms buying on commission by State and region for 2006—continued

		Value of livestock <sup>3</sup>			Volume of purchase	es
State and region <sup>2</sup>	Bought on commission	Bought for own account	Total	Cattle <sup>4</sup> and calves	Hogs	Sheep and lambs
		<u>Thousand dollars</u> -			<u>Thousand head</u> -	
Alabama	59,752	277,229	336,981	537	5	6
Arkansas	159,998	141,741	301,739	294	0	5
Kentucky	159,914	799,514	959,428	1,318	8	15
Louisiana	10,699	80,185	90,884	137	0	0
Mississippi	70,978	431,249	502,227	926	0	0
Tennessee	179,466	399,659	579,125	2,976	267	129
South Central	640,807	2,129,577	2,770,384	6,188	280	155
Oklahoma	504,010	1,003,916	1,507,926	1,698	90	13
Гехаs	252,841	3,118,060	3,370,901	5,545	234	304
Southern Plains	756,851	4,121,976	4,878,827	7,243	324	317
Arizona	14,681	104,773	119,454	158	0	35
Colorado	140,851	243,162	384,013	361	2	249
daho	23,517	501,033	524,550	653	0	123
Montana	47,969	674,667	722,636	787	7	88
Nevada	0	15,731	15,731	23	0	1
New Mexico	45,071	38,730	83,801	80	0	9
Utah	27,587	158,462	186,049	270	1	19
Wyoming	4,793	151,033	155,826	204	84	13
Mountain	304,469	1,887,591	2,192,060	2,536	94	537
California	109,227	362,835	472,062	715	42	56
Dregon	6,941	131,928	138,869	198	2	19
Washington	58,907	68,289	127,196	112	1	19
Pacific	175,075	563,052	738,127	1,025	45	94
8 State Total	4,503,609	21,880,040	26,383,649	35,868	16,980	2,379

<sup>1</sup> Dealers purchase livestock for resale on their own accounts. <sup>2</sup> Location of business addresses of dealers and firms buying on commission. Total volume is allocated to business location of firm even though firms can operate in more than one State.

<sup>3</sup> May include other species.
 <sup>4</sup> Cattle includes steers, heifers, cows, and bulls.
 <sup>5</sup> Includes Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont.

Item	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Livestock marketed through firms selling on commission				<u>Thousa</u>	nd head			
Cattle <sup>3</sup> and calves	41,112	39,539	39,181	37,704	38,319	37,746	37,284	35,694
Hogs	8,369	7,735	7,820	6,514	7,274	7,317	7,573	7,846
Sheep and lambs	4,397	3,941	4,074	4,172	3,444	3,560	3,145	3,146
				Thousan	d Dollars			
Value of livestock	18,394,231	20,054,704	20,783,377	18,826,441	20,564,664	23,926,239	25,407,069	24,997,399
Livestock purchases by dealers and firms buying on commission				Thousa	nd head			
Cattle <sup>3</sup> and calves	34,586	36,307	33,072	31,860	33,601	32,135	32,295	35,868
Hogs	21,164	18,618	18,917	19,487	18,205	20,399	20,593	16,980
Sheep and lambs	3,369	3,292	3,331	2,925	2,510	2,316	2,235	2,379
Value of Livestock:				Thousan	d dollars			
Bought on commission	3,958,366	4,814,121	4,592,317	4,696,345	5,157,080	5,594,719	6,010,231	4,503,609
Bought for own account	12,501,792	14,025,328	13,779,144	11,768,333	13,800,181	15,644,045	18,239,678	21,880,040
Total	16,460,157	18,839,450	18,371,461	16,464,678	18,957,261	21,238,764	24,249,910	26,383,649

Table 42.—Volume and value of marketed livestock for firms selling on commission<sup>1</sup> and for dealers<sup>2</sup> and firms buying on commission by livestock class for 1999–2006

<sup>1</sup> Includes all auctions, terminal markets, video auctions, and country commission firms. A country commission firm is a market agency selling on commission that does not operate an auction or terminal market.
 <sup>2</sup> Dealers purchase livestock for resale for their own accounts.
 <sup>3</sup> Cattle includes steers, heifers, cows, and bulls.

(GIPSA-SR-08-1)

## PART III. ENTITIES REGISTERED WITH THE GRAIN INSPECTION, PACKERS AND STOCKYARDS ADMINISTRATION

				Entitie	s registered with G	JIPSA	_
			Bonded of	dealers and market	agencies <sup>3</sup>		
State and	Bonded	Posted	SOC	SOC and BOC	BOC and/or	Packer	Total
region	packers <sup>1</sup>	stockyards <sup>2</sup>	only	or dealer	dealer <sup>4</sup>	buyers <sup>5</sup>	registrants
				Number_			
Connecticut	0	2	0	1	4	5	10
Maine	0 1	2 3	0 1	$\begin{array}{c} 1\\ 0\end{array}$	4 10	5 4	10
Massachusetts	2	4	4	0	10	3	19
New Hampshire	$\overset{2}{0}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 4\\ 0 \end{array} $	4 0	0	6	0	6
New Jersey	13	5	2	3	3	18	26
New York	10	24	12	15	110	18	156
Pennsylvania	24	41	24	13	110	87	234
Rhode Island	1	$ \begin{array}{c} 41 \\ 0 \end{array} $	0	0	1	0	234
Vermont	1	0 6	1	3	26	6	36
North Atlantic	52	85	<b>44</b>	35	282 282	142	<b>503</b>
North Atlantic	52	05		35	202	142	505
Illinois	17	37	14	19	118	123	274
Indiana	4	29	19	14	71	73	177
Michigan	6	9	5	8	29	29	71
Ohio	27	19	29	23	104	55	211
Wisconsin	9	33	15	27	225	44	311
East North Central	63	127	82	91	547	324	1,044
Iowa	13	49	29	36	280	372	717
Kansas	6	63	26	26	155	55	262
Minnesota	5	44	23	19	115	76	233
Missouri	8	113	53	30	156	51	290
Nebraska	6	62	14	39	198	116	367
North Dakota	1	20	11	5	74	10	100
South Dakota	3	49	21	23	182	55	281
West North Central	42	400	177	178	1,160	735	2,250
Delaware	0	2	4	0	1	0	5
Florida	5	36	15	3	46	12	76
Georgia	10	56	29	15	62	32	138
Maryland	3	8	2	3	12	11	28
North Carolina	17	32	23	5	43	39	110
South Carolina	5	30	20	4	19	17	60
Virginia	4	28	15	13	63	22	113
West Virginia	0	11	8	5	27	2	42
South Atlantic	44	203	116	48	273	135	572

See footnotes at end of table.

Continued—

				Entitie	s registered with C	SIPSA	-
				dealers and market			
State and	Bonded	Posted	SOC	SOC and BOC	BOC and/or	Packer	Total
region	packers <sup>1</sup>	stockyards <sup>2</sup>	only	or dealer	dealer <sup>4</sup>	buyers <sup>5</sup>	registrants
				Number			
Alabama	3	32	24	15	61	7	107
Arkansas	2	34	22	19	42	22	105
Kentucky	2	42	24	18	94	42	178
Louisiana	2	22	16	5	23	17	61
Mississippi	2	35	14	15	50	22	101
Tennessee	6	47	27	18	98	27	170
South Central	17	212	127	90	368	137	722
Oklahoma	1	73	51	26	140	13	230
Texas	19	136	102	40	306	43	491
Southern Plains	20	209	153	66	446	56	721
Arizona	0	6	3	5	11	5	24
Colorado	6	22	13	16	83	25	137
Idaho	4	14	4	9	138	20	171
Montana	4	14	16	16	206	7	245
Nevada	0	2	5	1	11	1	18
New Mexico	1	16	6	7	28	5	46
Utah	4	19	6	7	62	1	76
Wyoming	1	9	13	3	51	3	70
Mountain	20	102	66	64	590	67	787
California	23	46	23	26	95	30	174
Oregon	3	14	4	8	56	2	70
Washington	6	15	5	5	58	6	74
Pacific	32	75	32	39	209	38	318
Alaska	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hawaii	5	0	1	0	1	3	5
United States	295	1,413	798	611	3,876	1,637	6,922
Canada & Puerto Rico	1	0	1	0	7	1	9

Table 43.—Number of bonde	ed packers, posted stock	cyards, and entities register	red with GIPSA by State and	l region on September 30	), 2007–continued

<sup>1</sup> Packers, dealers, market agencies, and packer buyers are required to be bonded based on the value of their livestock purchases. The number of bonded packers includes some subsidiaries or other separate operating units of packers and packers buying less than \$500 thousand of livestock, so the number of bonded packers in this table is larger than the number of firms reported elsewhere in this report.

<sup>2</sup> Includes terminal and auction markets located at stockyards. Excludes video and electronic auctions that are not operated at stockyards.

<sup>3</sup> SOC are market agencies selling on commission; BOC are market agencies buying on commission. A market agency is any person engaged in the business of (1) buying or selling livestock in commerce on a commission basis or (2) furnishing stockyard services.

<sup>4</sup> Includes firms that provide clearing services, which provide bond coverage for dealers and market agencies buying on commission.

<sup>5</sup> Individual buyers employed by bonded packers; they are required to be registered with GIPSA.

					Septeml	per 30 —					
Item	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Entities registered with GIPSA: <sup>1</sup> Bonded dealers and						<u>Number</u>					
market agencies <sup>2</sup> SOC only SOC and BOC or dealer BOC and/or dealer <sup>3</sup>	890 823 5,190	884 791 5,015	913 787 4,877	876 732 4,772	859 716 4,675	860 684 4,480	859 716 4,675	810 647 4,152	809 638 4,100	808 625 3,984	799 611 3,883
Packer buyers <sup>4</sup>	2,113	2,054	2,044	2,039	2,051	2,064	2,051	1,854	1,856	1,732	1,638
Total registrants	9,016	8,744	8,621	8,419	8,301	8,088	8,301	7,463	7,403	7,150	6,931
Bonded packers <sup>5</sup>	427	399	386	359	338	335	338	314	312	304	296
Posted stockyards <sup>6</sup>	1,574	1,582	1,548	1,519	1,525	1,510	1,429	1,443	1,426	1,400	1,413
					<u>1</u>	Million dolla	<u>rs</u>				
Clause one bonds <sup>7</sup> Clause two bonds <sup>8</sup> Clause two/three bonds <sup>9</sup> Clause four bonds <sup>10</sup>	101.1 130.4 12.4 387.2	102.8 132.5 13.4 304.5	105.5 131.4 13.1 301.3	99.5 128.6 13.9 300.4	100.2 127.6 14.2 318.2	100.3 125.1 15.4 332.6	100.1 127.4 14.2 318.0	101.0 121.4 15.8 351.1	102.0 124.2 16.4 345.4	104.2 125.1 17.6 359.9	126.3 134.1 20.9 579.7

<sup>1</sup> Beginning in 1998, includes registrants operating in Canada and Puerto Rico.

 $^{2}$  SOC are market agencies selling on commission; BOC are market agencies buying on commission. A market agency is defined as any person engaged in the business of (1) buying or selling in commerce livestock on a commission basis or (2) furnishing stockyard services.

<sup>3</sup> Includes firms that provide clearing services, which provide bond coverage for some dealers and market agencies buying on commission.

<sup>4</sup> Individual buyers employed by bonded packers; they are required to be registered with GIPSA.

<sup>5</sup> Packers, dealers, market agencies, and packer buyers are required to be bonded based on the volume of their livestock purchases. The number of bonded packers includes some subsidiaries or other separate operating units of packers and packers buying less than \$500 thousand of livestock, so the number of bonded packers in this table is larger than the number of firms reported elsewhere in this report.

<sup>6</sup> Includes terminal and auction markets located at stockyards. Excludes video/electronic auctions that are not operated at a stockyard.

<sup>7</sup> Cover selling-on-commission transactions.

<sup>8</sup> Cover buying-on-commission and dealer transactions.

<sup>9</sup> Cover buying-on-commission and dealer transactions and clearing-services (bond coverage for another's livestock purchases).

<sup>10</sup> Cover packer livestock purchase transactions.

(GIPSA-SR-08-1)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE GRAIN INSPECTION, PACKERS AND STOCKYARDS ADMINISTRATION PACKERS AND STOCKYARDS PROGRAM

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Table Number:	1	2	3	4	5
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