

LOGISTICS

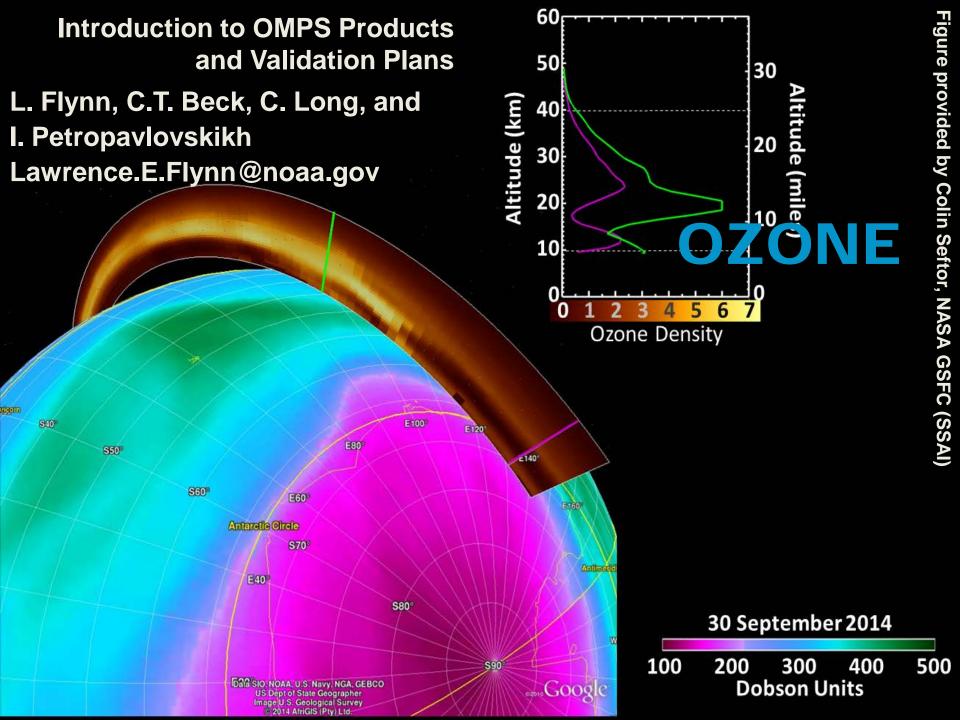


Agenda

| 1300 - Logistics, agenda, tour of the table | Larry Flynn |
|--|----------------------------------|
| 1305 - Introduction to OMPS Products and Validation Plans | Larry Flynn |
| 1315 - OMPS Limb Profiler aerosol extinction profile measurements in | the stratosphere G. Taha |
| 1330 - Ozone profile products from the Suomi NPP OMPS Limb Profile quality of version 2.0 and a path for the updated version 2.5 | er: overview of the N. Kramarova |
| 1345 - Limb ozone data assimilation in GEOS-5: MLS and OMPS-LP | K. Wargan |
| 1400 - TOAST total ozone maps using CrIS and OMPS LP ozone profi | les J. Niu |
| 1415 - Validation of OMPS ozone products with ground-based Dobson | network |
| | I. Petropavlovskikh |
| 1430 - NASA OMPS Nadir Science Team products, validation and appl | lications C. Seftor |
| 1445 - Version 8 algorithm products and ICVS monitoring | Z. Zhang |
| 1500 - Break | |
| 1515 - Ozone Applications and CDRs | C. Long |
| 1530 - Small Field of View Products from OMPS | T. Beck |
| 1545 - Validation of V8Pro and V8TOz products | L. Flynn |
| 1600 - Discussion | L. Flynn |



- Introductions
- Remote attendance
- Copies of the presentations
 - Please provide final copies of presentations for general release by Monday
- Breaks
 - We will have one break at 3:00





Outline

- Cal/Val Team Members
- Sensor/Algorithm Overviews
 - Sensor overview
 - Algorithm overview
- S-NPP Products Overview
- JPSS-1 Readiness
- Summary and Path Forward



Ozone Cal/Val/Alg Team Membership

| EDR | Name | Organization | Tasks and Responsibilities |
|-----------|---------------------------|------------------|--|
| Lead | Lawrence Flynn | NOAA/NESDIS/STAR | Ozone EDR Team |
| Sub-Lead | Irina Petropavlovskikh | NOAA/ESRL/CIRES | Ground-based Validation |
| Sub-Lead | Craig Long | NOAA/NWS/NCEP | Product Applications |
| Sub-Lead | Trevor Beck | NOAA/NESDIS/STAR | Algorithm development and reprocessing |
| Member | Jianguo Niu | STAR/IMSG/SRG | Algorithm development, trouble shooting, Limb Profiler science |
| Member | Eric Beach | STAR/IMSG | Validation, ICVS/Monitoring, Data management |
| Member | Zhihua Zhang | STAR/IMSG | V8 Algorithms implementation and modification |
| Member | Eve-Marie Devaliere | STAR/ERT | Limb Profiler algorithms |
| JAM | Laura Dunlap | JPSS/Aerospace | Coordination |
| Adjunct | Bigyani Das | STAR/AIT | Deliveries |
| Ozone PAL | Vaishali Kapoor | OSDPD | Ozone Product Area Lead |

Measurement Overview

Nadir Mapper (NM)

Grating spectrometer, 2-D CCD 110 deg. cross track, 300 nm to 380 nm spectral, 1.1nm FWHM bandpass

Nadir Profiler (NP)

Grating spectrometer, 2-D CCD Nadir view, 250 km cross track, 250 nm to 310 nm spectral, 1.1 nm FWHM bandpass

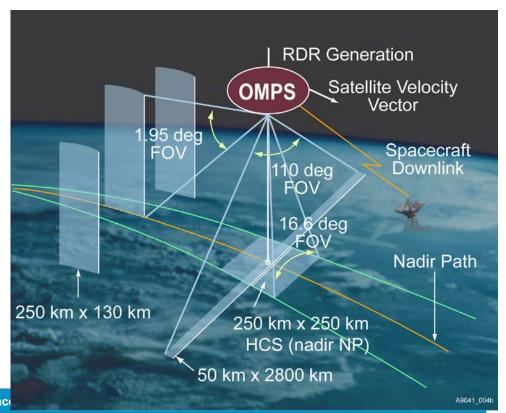
Limb Profiler (LP)

Prism spectrometer, 2-D CCD Three vertical slits, -20 to 80 km, 290 nm to 1000 nm

The calibration systems use pairs of working and reference solar diffusers.

Ozone Mapping & Profiler Suite Global daily monitoring of the three dimensional distribution of ozone and other atmospheric constituents.

Continues the NOAA SBUV/2, EOS-AURA OMI and SOLSE/LORE records.





OMPS Version 8 Total Ozone EDR Requirements

 JPSS Level 1 Requirements Document (L1RD) Supplement for the OMPS Ozone Total Column Environmental Data Records (EDRs)

| Table 5.2.11 - Ozone Total Column (C | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| EDR Attribute | Threshold | | |
| Ozone TC App lic able Conditions: 1. Threshold sequirements only apply under daytime conditions with Solar Zenith Angles (SZA) up to 80 degrees. 2. The EDR shall be delivered for all SZA. | | | |
| a. Horizontal Cell Size | 50 x 50 km² @ nadir | | |
| b. Vertical Cell Size | 0 - 60 km | | |
| c. Mapping Uncertainty, 1 Sigma | 5 km at Nadir | | |
| d. Me as urement Range | 50 - 650 milli-atm-cm | | |
| e. Measurement Precision | | | |
| X < 0.25 a tm-cm | 6.0 milli-atm-cm | | |
| 2. 0.25 < X < 0.45 atm-cm | 7.7 milli-atm-cm | | |
| 3. X > 0.45 atm-cm | 2.8 milli-atm-cm + 1.1% | | |
| f. Measurement Accuracy | ~2% | | |
| 1. X < 0.25 a tm-cm | 9.5 milli-atm-cm | | |
| 2. 0.25 < X < 0.45 atm-cm | 13.0 milli-atm-cm | | |
| 3. X > 0.45 atm-cm | 16.0 milli-atm-em | | |
| g. Refæsh | At least 90% coverage of the global every 24 hours (monthly average) | | |
| | | | |

Verification of Performance:

- a. 20-Pixel Aggregation and 7-S along track integration.
- b. 318 nm channel BUV comes from the surface to top of atmosphere.
 Standard profiles in tables account for full range.
- c. Confirmed by coastlines and comparison to 750x750 m² VIIRS.
- d. Confirmed by standard profiles and four years of processing and ground-based matchup scatter.
- e. Precision estimates from Nearest Neighbor analysis. Use of 1512 Latitude/Month/TOz profiles.
- f. Accuracy is adjusted by soft calibration and checked by zonal mean and overpass statistics.
- g. 105° cross-track swath provides full daily coverage.

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OMPS Version 8 Ozone Profile EDR Requirements

| Ozone Nadir Profile (OMPS-NP) (3) | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Attribute | Threshold | |
| a. Horizontal Cell Size | 250 x 250 km^2 (1) | |
| b. Vertical Cell Size | 3 km reporting | |
| 1. Below 30 hPa (~ < 25 km) | 10 -20 km | |
| 2. 30 -1 hPa (~ 25 -50 km) | 7 -10 km | |
| 3. Above 1 hPa (~ > 50 km) | 10 -20 km | |
| c. Mapping Uncertainty, 1 Sigma | < 25 km | |
| d. Measurement Range 0-60 km | 0.1-15.0 ppmv | |
| e. Measurement Precision (2) | | |
| 1. Below 30 hPa (~ < 25 km) | Greater of 20 % or 0.1 ppmv | |
| 2. 30 -1 hPa (~ 25 -50 km) | 5% -10% | |
| 3. Above 1 hPa (~ > 50 km) | Greater of 10% or 0.1 ppmv | |
| f. Measurement Accuracy (2) | | |
| 1. Below 30 hPa (~ < 25 km) | Greater of 10 % or 0.1 ppmv | |
| 2. 30 -1 hPa (~ 25 -50 km) | 5% -10% | |
| 3. Above 1 hPa (~ > 50 km) | Greater of 10 % or 0.1 ppmv | |
| g. Refresh | At least 60% coverage of the globe every 7 days (monthly average) (2,3) | |

Notes: 1. SDRs will go to 50x50 km² for J-01. 2. The OMPS Nadir Profiler performance is expected to degrade in the area of the South Atlantic Anomaly (SAA) due to the impact of periodic charged particle effects in this region. 3. All OMPS measurements require sunlight, so there is no coverage in polar night areas.

Verification of Performance:

- a. 93-Pixel Aggregation and 37.5-S along track integration.
- b. Version 8 Algorithms Averaging Kernels
- Confirmed by to Nadir Mapper and Pixel size.
- d. Confirmed by four years of processing and ground-based matchup scatter.
- e. Precision estimates from SNR and Version 8 performance.
- f. Accuracy is adjusted by soft calibration and checked by zonal mean statistics and Version 8 measurement functions and a priori profiles
- g. Suborbital track and precession of orbits.



OMPS Total Ozone Products Algorithm Status and Approach

- Current status of algorithms being considered in your project
 - The Version 8 total ozone algorithm (V8TOz) and Linear Fit SO₂ (LFSO2) algorithm were developed by NASA OMI Science Team.
 - Versions of the total ozone algorithm have been in use at NOAA for operational processing of SBUV/2 and GOME-2 measurements and for offline processing of the OMPS NM measurements.
- Overview of technical approach of the algorithm and its implementation
 - The V8TOz will be implemented on a granule processing to create an EDR. The
 algorithm combines radiance/irradiance ratios at 12 channels with climatological
 information and radiative transfer tables for standard ozone profiles to compute
 estimates of total column ozone, effective reflectivity and aerosols.
 - The algorithm will process up to 105 cross-track by 15 along-track FOVs/granule.
 - The LFSO2 algorithm uses the measurement residuals from the V8TOz retrievals to estimate the SO₂ using three sensitive channels and adjusts the final ozone estimate for the SO₂ absorption effects.
 - The algorithm uses the OMPS NM SDR and GEO products, climatological ancillary data, and radiative transfer look-up tables. We expect to refine the ancillary data in the future, e.g., to use daily snow/ice tiles in place of climatology.
 - Need to change output from EOS HDF5 to NetCDF4
 - Concept of operations
 - Obtain operational NRT OMPS NM SDR and GEO from IDPS at NDE
 - Process SDRs to EDRs granule by granule
 - Process 15 EDR granules at a time to produce the final SO₂/O₃ estimates.
 - The algorithm uses a set of soft calibration adjustments that will be updated infrequently.
 - Will be implemented in NDE 2.1



OMPS Total Ozone Products Algorithm Status and Approach (Cont.)

- Briefly describe the validation concept
 - Validation is concentrating on comparisons to total ozone retrievals from other total ozone mapping satellite instruments (e.g., SBUV/2, OMI, and GOME-2) and to ground-based records from Dobson and Brewer station.
 - The NOAA JPSS Ozone Team and NASA S-NPP Science Team validated V8TOz products for the first four years of S-NPP data. OMPS LFSO2 products are in use at the European VAAC from the FMI Fast Delivery direct broadcast system.



OMPS Nadir Ozone Profile Products Algorithm Status and Approach

- Current status of algorithms being considered in your project
 - NASA developed the Version 8 nadir ozone profile algorithm (V8Pro) ten years ago, which has been in use for the NOAA SBUV/2 program.
- Overview of technical approach of the algorithm and its implementation
 - The V8Pro will be implemented as granule processing to create an EDR.
 The algorithm combines radiance/irradiance ratios at 12 channels with
 climatological information and radiative transfer tables for standard ozone
 profiles to compute maximum likelihood estimates of ozone vertical profiles,
 effective reflectivity and aerosols.
 - The algorithm is designed for producing retrievals for Nadir centered FOVs.
 - The algorithm uses the OMPS NM and NP SDR and GEO products, climatological ancillary data, and radiative transfer look-up tables. We expect to refine the ancillary data in the future, e.g., use daily snow/ice tiles in place of climatology.
 - Changing output from EOS HDF5 to NetCDF4
 - Concept of operations
 - Obtain OMPS NM and NP SDR and GEO from IDPS
 - Process SDRs to EDRs granule by granule.
 - The algorithm uses a set of soft calibration adjustments that will be updated infrequently.
 - Will be integrated in NDE 2.1



OMPS Nadir Ozone Profile Products Algorithm Status and Approach (Cont.)

- Briefly describe the validation concept
 - Validation is concentrating on comparisons to ozone retrievals from other ozone profile instruments (e.g., SBUV/2) and to ground-based records from Umkehr and Ozonesonde stations.
 - The NOAA JPSS Ozone Team and NASA S-NPP Science Team validated V8Pro products for the first four years of S-NPP data.

S-NPP Product Overview (1/2)

- List of Products
 - Total Column Ozone (O₃, SO₂, reflectivity, Absorbing aerosol index)
 - V7MTTOz (IDPS)
 - V8TOZ (NDE) (Enterprise/Heritage Algorithm)
 - LFSO2 (NDE) (No SO₂ exclusion for J-01)
 - Nadir Ozone Profile
 - V8Pro (IDPS Mx8.11, NDE) (Enterprise/Heritage Algorithm)
 - Limb Ozone Profile (high vertical resolution)
 - Limb V2.0 (NDE)
 - TOAST (CrIS Ozone with OMPS Ozone)
 - BUFR products in development with user input.

S-NPP Product Overview (2/2)

- Reprocessing as better SDRs are provided
 - Total Column Ozone (O₃, SO₂, reflectivity, Absorbing aerosol index)
 - V8TOZ/LFSO2
 - Nadir Ozone Profile
 - V8Pro
 - Limb Ozone Profile will be reprocessed by NASA
 - Limb V2.5 (NASA PEATE in research)
- S-NPP Cal/Val Status
 - Finalizing V8 soft calibration adjustments
- ICVS pages are in transition from Demonstration to Permanent

www.star.nesdis.noaa.gov/smcd/spb/OMPSDemo/index.php www.star.nesdis.noaa.gov/jpss/EDRs/products_ozone.php

JPSS-1 Readiness – Algorithms

- Major Accomplishments and Highlights Moving Towards J-01
 - V8Pro was implemented in IDPS Mx8.11
 - Delivered V8TOz single granule package with medium FOV capability to NDE
 - Delivered 15-granule moving-window version of the LFSO2 Code to NDE
 - Ready to deliver V8Pro single granule package with medium FOV capability to NDE
 - Working with NASA on early operations and Cal/Val Plan test timelines
- J1 Algorithm Summary
 - LFSO2/V8TOz for 17x17 km² FOV
 - The V8TOZ has been implemented on LINUX systems with NetCDF output. The LFSO2/V8TOz has been adapted to run on 15-granule sequences on the STAR LINUX system using the first-run V8TOz EDR as input. Both algorithms have been delivered with the capability to handle large and medium FOV SDR products, and they will be integrated into NDE following the October 2016 NDE Block 2.0 ORR.
 - V8Pro for medium FOV
 - The V8Pro has been implemented in IDPS. We have developed a new glue-ware aggregator to create 50x250 km² FOV EDR product from the full range of large and medium FOV SDR products. The algorithm will be delivered after completion of the code reviews, and it will be integrated into NDE following the October 2016 ORR.

JPSS-1 Readiness - Cal/Val

- J1 Cal/Val Overview
 - Pre-Launch Calibration/Validation Plans
 - Ozone Cal/Val Plan Completed January 2016
 - Demonstrating V8Pro and V8TOz soft calibration capabilities with S-NPP
 - Working to develop and test all analysis programs as described in the plan with new medium FOV data sets.
 - Post-Launch Calibration/Validation Plans
 - "Beta" ten days after activation and doors open (launch plus 60 days).
 - Geolocation, product range and reporting
 - "Provisional" L+120 days.
 - Precision and first iteration of soft calibration
 - "Validated 1" after ICV (L+210 days)
 - Accuracy and stability from six months of data
 - "Validated 3" After 1 year of measurements (L+410 days)
 - Accuracy and stability over one annual cycle

JPSS-1 Readiness – Issues & Applications

- Issues / Mitigation
 - Program guidance on platform for OMPS products NDE Transition
 - Products in NetCDF4 (+ changes for downstream)
 - Details for product deliveries to Users (BUFR), STAR and CLASS
 - New system for maintenance and table deliveries
 - Small FOV preparations / Using diagnostic test data sets, CCR Requesting upgrade for S-NPP OMPS to Flight Software 6.0
 - Uneven records (moving targets) / Develop better initial tables and reprocessing capabilities
 - Product validation analysis has to be repeated or adjusted as new algorithms and SDR resolution improvements and calibration corrections enter the system.
 - NP Degradation, wavelength scale, solar activity and bandpass / Working with SDR team to implement and demonstrate improvements for S-NPP OMPS.
- Users' Readiness
 - We are upgrading the BUFR products to be created from the OMPS V8 algorithm products and parameters. V8 algorithm BUFR products are already in use.
 - We are working on soft calibration to homogenize the suite of ozone products from OMPS, SBUV/2, OMI and GOME.
 - O We are working with users of aerosol, SO₂ and O₃ products to prepare them for the higher spatial resolution products.



Summary

- Heritage/Enterprise Version 8 algorithms are ready for implementation at NDE and provide the capability to process medium FOV J-01 data.
- The products will meet the program requirements.
- OMPS Limb Profiler products will also be made operationally at NDE.

FY17 OMPS EDR Milestones/Deliverables

| Task Category | Task/Description | Start | Finish | Deliverable |
|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Development (D) | Deferred algorithm improvements (EOFs, Solar, Wavelengths, Bandpasses] | Present | Q3 | Code modification |
| Integration & Testing (I) | Final V8Pro, LFSO2, and V2LP algorithm deliveries to NDE | Present | Q1, Q2 | Code logic and output changes |
| Calibration & Validation (C) | Final RT Tables for J-01 Evaluation/validation of S-NPP V8 products including SO2 Prepare, demonstrate and exercise tools for J-01 Soft Calibration for J-01 | Present | Q2 Q1,Q2 Q2, Q3 Q4 | New Tables Report and statistics on C/V C/V Plan RR and execution Adjustment LUT |
| Maintenance | Monitor performance and resolve anomalies | Ongoing | Ongoing | New DRs and CCRs as needed |
| LTM & Anomaly Resolution (L) | Continue and expand ICVS Monitoring Trending of ground-based comparisons | Ongoing Ongoing | Ongoing Q4 | New ICVS content Report for S- NPP and J-01 |

Path Forward (FY-18 thru FY-21) High Priority Ozone Tasks/Milestones

| | S-NPP | JPSS-1 | JPSS-2 |
|------|---|---|--|
| FY18 | Sustainment, monitoring, maintenance Develop Cloud Optical Centroid and DOAS NO ₂ and SO ₂ Retrievals | Provide feedback to SDR Team Complete Validation of Ozone Profile, Total Column Ozone, Aerosol Index, and Total Column SO ₂ per Cal/Val Plan | Review FM3 performance and evaluate impact of any waivers etc. |
| FY19 | Sustainment, monitoring, maintenance, reprocessing | Complete coordination with users for applications Sustainment, monitoring, maintenance | J-02 product algorithm review including Limb Profiler |
| FY20 | | Sustainment, monitoring, maintenance | Deliveries for J-02 tables and code specifics |
| FY21 | | Sustainment, monitoring, maintenance, reprocessing | Prepare resources and analysis tools to execute Cal/Val Plan |



OMPS NP EDR Performance Characteristics

| Table 4.2.4 - Ozone Nadir Profile (OMPS-NP) | | |
|---|---|--|
| Attribute | Threshold | Objective |
| Ozone NP Applicable Conditions: 1. | | |
| daytime only (3) | | |
| a. Horizontal Cell Size | 250 X 50 km ² (1) | 50 x 50 km^2 |
| b. Vertical Cell Size | 3 km reporting | |
| 1. Below 30 hPa (~ < 25 km) | 10 -20 km | 3 km (0 -Th) |
| 2. 30 -1 hPa (~ 25 -50 km) | 7 -10 km | 1 km (TH -25 km) |
| 3. Above 1 hPa (~ > 50 km) | 10 -20 km | 3 km (25 -60 km) |
| c. Mapping Uncertainty, 1 Sigma | < 25 km | 5 km |
| d. Measurement Range | | |
| Nadir Profile, 0 - 60 km | 0.1-15 ppmv | 0.01 -3 ppmv (0-TH) 0.1-15 ppmv (TH-60 km) |
| e. Measurement Precision (2) | | |
| 1. Below 30 hPa (~ < 25 km) | Greater of 20 % or 0.1 ppmv | 10% (0 -TH) |
| 2. At 30 hPa (~ 25 km) | Greater of 10 % or 0.1 ppmv | 3% |
| 3. 30 -1 hPa (~ 25 -50 km) | 5% -10% | 1% |
| 4. Above 1 hPa (~ > 50 km) | Greater of 10% or 0.1 ppmv | 3% |
| f. Measurement Accuracy (2) | | |
| 1. Below 30 hPa (~ < 25 km) | Greater of 10 % or 0.1 ppmv | 10% (0 -15 km) |
| 2. 30 -1 hPa (~ 25 -50 km) | 5% -10% | 5% (15 -60 km) |
| 3. At 1 hPa (~ 50 km) | Greater of 10 % or 0.1 ppmv | 5% (15 -60 km) |
| 4. Above 1 hPa (~ > 50 km) | Greater of 10 % or 0.1 ppmv | 5% (15 -60 km) |
| g. Refresh | At least 60% coverage of the globe every 7 days (monthly average) (2,3) | 24 hrs. (2,3) |

Notes: 1. The SBUV/2 has a 180 km X 180 km cross-track by along -track FOV. It makes its 12 measurements over 24 Samples (160 km of along-track motion). The OMPS Nadir Profiler is designed to be operated in a mode that is able to subsample the required HCS. 2. The OMPS Nadir Profiler performance is expected to degrade in the area of the South Atlantic Anomaly (SAA) due to the impact of periodic charged particle effects in this region. 3. All OMPS measurements require sunlight, so there is no coverage in **203** r night areas.

OMPS TC EDR Performance Characteristics

| | Threshold | Objective |
|--|---|---------------------|
| Ozone TC Applicable Conditions 1, 2. | | |
| a. Horizontal Cell Size | 50 x 50 km2 @ nadir | 10 x 10 km2 |
| b. Vertical Cell Size | 0 - 60 km | 0 - 60 km |
| c. Mapping Uncertainty, 1 Sigma | 5 km at Nadir | 5 km |
| d. Measurement Range | 50 - 650 milli-atm-cm | 50-650 milli-atm-cm |
| e. Measurement Precision | | |
| 1. X < 0.25 atm-cm | 6.0 milli-atm-cm | 1.0 milli-atm-cm |
| 2. 0.25 < X < 0.45 atm-cm | 7.7 milli-atm-cm | 1.0 milli-atm-cm |
| 3. X > 0.45 atm-cm | 2.8 milli-atm-cm + 1.1% | 1.0 milli-atm-cm |
| f. Measurement Accuracy | | |
| 1. X < 0.25 atm-cm | 9.5 milli-atm-cm | 5.0 milli-atm-cm |
| 2. 0.25 < X < 0.45 atm-cm | 13.0 milli-atm-cm | 5.0 milli-atm-cm |
| 3. X > 0.45 atm-cm | 16.0 milli-atm-cm | 5.0 milli-atm-cm |
| g. Latency | 90 min. | 15 min. |
| h. Refresh | At least 90% coverage of the globe Every 24 hours (monthly average) | 24 hrs. |
| i. Long-term Stability | 1% over 7 years | 0.5 % over 7 years |
| Threshold requirements only apply under daytime conditions with Solar Zenith Angles (SZA) up to 80 degrees. The EDR shall be delivered for all SZA. | | |
| 3. SO2 exclusion removed. STAR JPSS Annual Science Team Meeting, 8-12 | August 2016 | |

OMPS LP EDR Performance Characteristics

| Attribute | Threshold | Objective |
|---------------------------------|---|------------------|
| Ozone LP Applicable Conditions | SZA < 80 degrees | SZA < 88 degrees |
| a. Horizontal Attributes | | <u> </u> |
| Horizontal Cell Size | 250 km | 125 km |
| 2. Horizontal Reporting | 125 km | 50 km |
| b. Vertical Attributes | | |
| Vertical Coverage | TH to 60 km | 0 km to 60 km |
| Vertical Reporting | 1 km | 1 km |
| 3. Vertical Resolution | | |
| i. 0 to TH (1) | N/A | 3 km |
| ii. TH to 25 | 5 km | 1 km |
| iii. 25 km to 60 km | 5 km | 3 km |
| c. Mapping Uncertainty, 1 Sigma | < 25 km | < 5 km |
| d. Measurement Range | | |
| 1. 0 to TH (1) | N/A | 0.01 to 3 ppmv |
| 2. Th - 60 km | 0.1 to 15 ppmv | 0.1 to 15 ppmv |
| e. Measurement Precision | | |
| 1. 0 to TH (1) | N/A | 10% |
| 2. TH to 15 km | Greater of 10 % or 0.1 ppmv | 3% |
| 3. 15 to 50 km | Greater of 3 % or 0.05 ppmv | 1% |
| 4. 50 to 60 km | Greater of 10% or 0.1 ppmv | 3% |
| f. Measurement Accuracy | | |
| 1. 0 to TH (1) | N/A | 10% |
| 2. TH to 15 km | Greater of 20 % or 0.1 ppmv | 10% |
| 3. 15 to 60 km | Greater of 10 % or 0.1 ppmv | 5% |
| g. Latency | 90 minutes | 15 minutes |
| | At least 75% coverage of the globe every 4 days | |
| g. Refresh | (monthly average) (2) | 24 hrs (2) |
| h. Long-term Stability lotes: | 2% over 7 years | 1% over 7 years |

^{1.} TH is Tropopause Height or 8 km, whichever is greater as determined by ancillary data.

^{2.} All OMPS measurements require sunlight, so there is no coverage in polar night areas. With three limb curtains (each with a Vertical FOV of ~ 1.85°) positioned at Nadir and 250 km (+/- 4.3 degrees) on each side, the measurements are taken to give a good representation of the ozone profile in the central 750 Km of the orbital track. With a 4-day repeat cycle in the orbital tracks, this will yield a 4-day revisit time (approximately) for 30,000 km out of 40,000 km equator.

STAR JPSS Annual Science Team Meeting, 8-12 August 2016